EVOS data project - Analysis

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Background

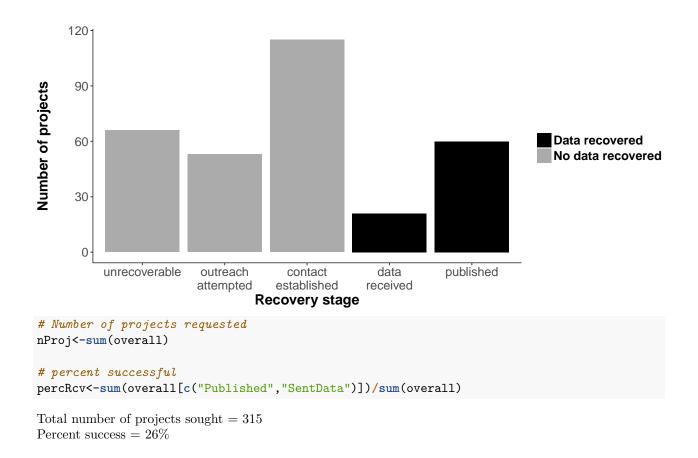
This analysis accompanies the manuscript "Funder imposed data publication requirements seldom inspire data sharing", assessing results of a two year data archiving effort by a group of researchers and students at the National Center for Ecological Analysis and Synthesis at UC Santa Barbara. The Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council (EVOSTC) was formed following the Exxon Valdez oil spill in Alaska in 1989. Since then, the EVOSTC has funded hundreds of projects and in 2012 an effort was initiated to recover and archive the data collected through these EVOSTC funded projects. The recovery effort spanned two years.

For this paper we use the results of that effort to ask 3 main questions about the data collected from the Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council funded projects:

- 1. Twenty-five years after the EVOS, for how many projects funded by EVOSTC can we collect data?
- 2. Are there differences in data reporting based on characteristics of the data?
- · Research field
- Sector of researching body
- Year data projects ended
- 3. Which of these characteristics are most *important* in determining if a dataset will be successfully recovered and how do the important characteristics influence the output (success)?

1. Project Status Reporting

Twenty-five years after the EVOS, for how many projects funded by EVOSTC can we collect data?



2. Are there differences in data reporting based on data characteristics?

Chi-sq tests from Regression

Chi-sq for data type = 0.0465513

```
blrDat<-rslt2 %>%
    select(end,dataType,statSucc,agSubGrp)

mod<-glm(statSucc~.,family = binomial(link="logit"),data=blrDat)

#rm factors that are not significant

dtMod<-glm(statSucc~dataType,family = binomial(link="logit"),data=blrDat)

#summary(dtMod)

library(aod)

timeChi<-wald.test(b = coef(mod), Sigma = vcov(mod), Terms = 2)

typeChi<-wald.test(b = coef(mod), Sigma = vcov(mod), Terms = 3:11)

agChi<-wald.test(b = coef(mod), Sigma = vcov(mod), Terms = 12:16)

Chi-sq for age of data = 0.8763739</pre>
```

Binomial regression

In order to assess how the percent recovery is influenced by time, data type and agency we are running an logistic regression on all 3 factors.

```
summary(mod)
```

```
##
## Call:
  glm(formula = statSucc ~ ., family = binomial(link = "logit"),
       data = blrDat)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
      Min
                 1Q
                      Median
                                   3Q
                                           Max
  -1.4839
           -0.7544 -0.6347
                               1.0350
                                        2.1540
##
## Coefficients:
##
                       Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                      7.688787 50.452266
                                             0.152
                                                     0.8789
                                  0.025240 -0.156
## end
                      -0.003926
                                                     0.8764
                                  0.559783 -1.458
## dataTypebirds
                      -0.815963
                                                     0.1449
## dataTypefish
                      -1.170844
                                  0.535555 - 2.186
                                                     0.0288 *
## dataTypehabitat
                      -1.190769
                                  0.678245 -1.756
                                                     0.0791
## dataTypemammals
                      -0.717978
                                  0.615339
                                            -1.167
                                                     0.2433
## dataTypemodeling
                    -16.382176 720.906131
                                           -0.023
                                                     0.9819
## dataTypeoil
                      -0.140457
                                  0.606569 - 0.232
                                                     0.8169
## dataTypephysical
                      0.477153
                                  0.657545
                                            0.726
                                                     0.4680
## dataTypeplankton
                      -0.654774
                                  1.336036
                                            -0.490
                                                     0.6241
## dataTypesocial
                      -1.881887
                                  0.907154
                                            -2.074
                                                     0.0380 *
## agSubGrpakNative
                      1.348768
                                  1.465440
                                             0.920
                                                     0.3574
## agSubGrpgov_fed
                      -0.195064
                                  0.408662
                                            -0.477
                                                     0.6331
## agSubGrpgov_state -0.170233
                                  0.443209
                                            -0.384
                                                     0.7009
## agSubGrpnonProf
                       0.391655
                                  0.534362
                                             0.733
                                                     0.4636
                       0.024819
## agSubGrpprivate
                                  0.583796
                                             0.043
                                                     0.9661
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
##
  (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 352.45
                             on 303 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 324.77 on 288 degrees of freedom
     (11 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 356.77
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 15
```

INTERESING NOTE: When these tests are run on the "start" dates rather than the "end" we get significance in AGE and DATATYPE

Vines et al. 2014 style nesting

Nest 1: Confirmed contact info ("emailed"+)

Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 18

```
nest<-rslt2 %>%
  mutate(pContInf=ifelse(is.na(reason),1,ifelse(reason=="no contact info",0,1))) %>% #use all date
  mutate(pRepl=ifelse(Status=="Emailed",0,1)) %>% # remove "no contact info" values when analyzing
  mutate(pSent=ifelse(Status=="SentData",1,ifelse(Status=="Published",1,0))) %% # rm "no contact info"
  mutate(pPub=ifelse(Status=="Published",1,0))
nest1blm<-glm(pContInf~end+dataType+agSubGrp,family = binomial(link="logit"),data=nest)
summary(nest1blm)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = pContInf ~ end + dataType + agSubGrp, family = binomial(link = "logit"),
       data = nest)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
       Min
                  1Q
                        Median
                                       3Q
                                               Max
                       0.18621
## -2.85983 0.07142
                                  0.36853
                                            1.15510
##
## Coefficients:
##
                      Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                     -388.47901 123.13885 -3.155 0.00161 **
## end
                       0.19636
                                  0.06181
                                            3.177 0.00149 **
## dataTypebirds
                       2.32861
                                  1.23456
                                            1.886 0.05927 .
## dataTypefish
                                   0.84288
                                            0.402
                       0.33886
                                                   0.68767
## dataTypehabitat
                      -0.72367
                                  0.93124
                                           -0.777
                                                   0.43710
## dataTypemammals
                      17.35407 1702.26609
                                            0.010
                                                   0.99187
## dataTypemodeling
                      16.95447 2986.76416
                                            0.006
                                                   0.99547
## dataTypeoil
                                  0.91810 -0.148
                      -0.13590
                                                   0.88232
## dataTypephysical
                       0.52688
                                  1.28743
                                            0.409
                                                   0.68236
## dataTypeplankton
                      15.19007 6082.80101
                                            0.002 0.99801
## dataTypesocial
                      -0.24821
                                  1.14481 -0.217
                                                   0.82836
## agSubGrpakNative
                      14.56793 7307.22851
                                            0.002
                                                   0.99841
## agSubGrpgov_fed
                      -1.31854
                                  1.14454 -1.152
                                                   0.24931
## agSubGrpgov state
                      -1.89192
                                  1.09699 -1.725
                                                   0.08459 .
## agSubGrpnonProf
                      -0.54850
                                  1.55260 -0.353 0.72388
## agSubGrpprivate
                       -1.97359
                                  1.33763 -1.475 0.14009
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
       Null deviance: 152.76 on 303 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 114.72 on 288 degrees of freedom
     (11 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 146.72
```

```
summary(nest1b<-glm(pContInf~end,family = binomial(link = "logit"),data=nest))</pre>
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = pContInf ~ end, family = binomial(link = "logit"),
       data = nest)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
                 1Q
##
       Min
                     Median
                                    3Q
                                            Max
           0.2209
## -2.9880
                      0.3195
                               0.5015
                                         0.8321
##
## Coefficients:
                 Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
## (Intercept) -372.83221
                            89.28161 -4.176 2.97e-05 ***
                  0.18789
                             0.04476
                                        4.197 2.70e-05 ***
## end
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
       Null deviance: 198.13 on 314 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 175.78 on 313 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 179.78
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
Looking at just how many contact information could be found, there is a significant positive effect of age
```

cooking at just now many contact information could be found, there is a significant positive effect of age (p=0.0014886), increasing 0.1963598 annually.

Nest 2: replied given we found contact info ("Replied"+)

```
nest2<-nest %>%
  filter(is.na(reason) | reason !="no contact info")
nest2blm<-glm(pRepl~end+dataType+agSubGrp,family = binomial(link="logit"),data=nest2)</pre>
summary(nest2blm)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = pRepl ~ end + dataType + agSubGrp, family = binomial(link = "logit"),
       data = nest2)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
       Min
                 10
                     Median
                                    3Q
                                            Max
## -2.2003
           0.3901
                      0.5337
                               0.6952
                                         1.4633
##
## Coefficients:
##
                       Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                      21.060981 957.952334
## (Intercept)
                                            0.022
                                                       0.982
                                                       0.951
## end
                      -0.001897
                                  0.030884 -0.061
## dataTypebirds
                     -15.678202 955.959452 -0.016
                                                       0.987
                     -16.269361 955.959396 -0.017
## dataTypefish
                                                       0.986
```

```
## dataTypehabitat
                    -16.540762 955.959477 -0.017
                                                     0.986
                                                     0.987
## dataTypemammals -15.825293 955.959490 -0.017
## dataTypemodeling -15.153335 955.959932 -0.016
                                                     0.987
## dataTypeoil
                     -15.579178 955.959567 -0.016
                                                     0.987
## dataTypephysical -15.478911 955.959653 -0.016
                                                     0.987
## dataTypeplankton -16.651691 955.960175 -0.017
                                                     0.986
## dataTypesocial
                    -17.928804 955.959535 -0.019
                                                     0.985
## agSubGrpakNative
                     -0.990523
                                 1.467694 -0.675
                                                     0.500
## agSubGrpgov_fed
                      0.273330
                                 0.442469
                                            0.618
                                                     0.537
## agSubGrpgov_state
                      0.551394
                                 0.504859
                                            1.092
                                                     0.275
## agSubGrpnonProf
                      0.254547
                                 0.604737
                                            0.421
                                                     0.674
                      0.291050
                                            0.390
                                                     0.697
## agSubGrpprivate
                                 0.746252
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
       Null deviance: 272.96 on 282
                                     degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 247.82 on 267
                                     degrees of freedom
     (2 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 279.82
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 16
```

Nest 3: Sent data given we received a response ("SentData"+)

```
nest3<-nest2 %>%
  filter(!Status=="Emailed")
nest3blm<-glm(pSent~end+dataType+agSubGrp,family = binomial(link="logit"),data=nest3)
summary(nest3blm)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = pSent ~ end + dataType + agSubGrp, family = binomial(link = "logit"),
##
       data = nest3)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
      Min
                10
                      Median
                                   3Q
                                           Max
## -1.6692 -0.8693 -0.7501
                               1.1413
                                        1.8204
##
## Coefficients:
##
                       Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                       52.94372 55.62708
                                           0.952
                                                     0.3412
                                   0.02782 -0.950
                                                     0.3423
                       -0.02641
                                   0.59901 -1.611
## dataTypebirds
                       -0.96473
                                                     0.1073
                                   0.57058 -1.847
## dataTypefish
                       -1.05393
                                                     0.0647 .
## dataTypehabitat
                       -0.77314
                                   0.74530 - 1.037
                                                     0.2996
                                   0.65316 -1.069
## dataTypemammals
                       -0.69820
                                                     0.2851
## dataTypemodeling
                      -16.70451 753.74117 -0.022
                                                     0.9823
## dataTypeoil
                       -0.05485
                                   0.68086 -0.081
                                                     0.9358
                                   0.73738
                                            0.858
                                                     0.3909
## dataTypephysical
                       0.63270
## dataTypeplankton
                       -0.21743
                                   1.52265 -0.143
                                                     0.8865
                                   1.01131 -0.751
## dataTypesocial
                       -0.75982
                                                     0.4525
```

```
## agSubGrpakNative
                       17.71301 2399.54476
                                            0.007
                                                     0.9941
                                           -0.563
                                                     0.5734
## agSubGrpgov_fed
                       -0.24549
                                   0.43598
                                   0.47696
## agSubGrpgov state
                       -0.22639
                                            -0.475
                                                     0.6350
                                   0.58000
## agSubGrpnonProf
                        0.40959
                                             0.706
                                                     0.4801
## agSubGrpprivate
                        0.16341
                                   0.62721
                                             0.261
                                                     0.7944
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
       Null deviance: 297.20 on 229
                                      degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 269.95 on 214 degrees of freedom
     (2 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 301.95
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 15
```

Our variables were not significant indicators as to whether data were sent given that we received a response.

Nest 4: Data were published given we received data ("Published")

```
nest4<-nest3 %>%
  filter(Status %in% c("SentData", "Published"))
nest4blm<-glm(pPub~end+dataType+agSubGrp,family = binomial(link="logit"),data=nest4)
## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
summary(nest4blm)
##
## glm(formula = pPub ~ end + dataType + agSubGrp, family = binomial(link = "logit"),
       data = nest4)
##
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
       Min
                   1Q
                         Median
                                       3Q
                                                Max
                        0.00006
## -1.62533 -0.44066
                                  0.38304
                                            2.19043
##
## Coefficients:
##
                       Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                     -2.755e+02 1.423e+02 -1.937
                                                     0.0528 .
## end
                     1.394e-01
                                7.139e-02
                                             1.952
                                                     0.0509 .
## dataTypebirds
                     -1.159e+00 1.343e+00 -0.863
                                                     0.3879
## dataTypefish
                     -2.981e-01
                                1.281e+00 -0.233
                                                     0.8160
## dataTypehabitat
                     1.828e+01 7.308e+03
                                            0.003
                                                     0.9980
## dataTypemammals
                     1.230e-01 1.372e+00
                                             0.090
                                                     0.9285
## dataTypeoil
                                           -1.376
                     -2.036e+00 1.479e+00
                                                     0.1687
## dataTypephysical
                                                     0.9966
                     1.868e+01 4.369e+03
                                             0.004
## dataTypeplankton -6.657e-01 1.837e+04
                                             0.000
                                                     1.0000
## dataTypesocial
                     1.828e+01 1.062e+04
                                             0.002
                                                     0.9986
## agSubGrpakNative
                     1.656e+01
                                1.773e+04
                                             0.001
                                                     0.9993
## agSubGrpgov_fed
                    -2.012e+00
                                1.237e+00 -1.626
                                                     0.1040
## agSubGrpgov_state -1.921e+00 1.400e+00 -1.372
                                                     0.1702
```

```
## agSubGrpnonProf
                     1.679e+01 4.799e+03
                                            0.003
                                                    0.9972
## agSubGrpprivate
                     1.799e+01 5.440e+03
                                            0.003
                                                    0.9974
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 92.105 on 79 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 49.214 on 65
                                   degrees of freedom
## AIC: 79.214
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 19
```

Our variables were not significance indicators as to whether data were complete enough to publish given data were sent.

Consistent with Vines, we find that availability of contact information decreases with age of the project. Response, data recovery and ability to publish data are **not** dependent on data or project age.

3. Which characteristics are most important in determining if a dataset will be successfully recovered?

We use the "party" package in R to run a random forests analysis to determine which variables are most important. I use the same model as the glm, then create a classification tree below to show *how* the important variables influence the outcome. This package is be better than the "randomForest" package when independent variables are different types (Strobl et al. 2009).

For the random forests the independent variable with the highest absolute value has the highest impact on the dependent variable.

Random forests

```
rslt2$dataType<-as.factor(rslt2$dataType)
partyForBio<-cforest(statSucc~agSubGrp+end+dataType,data=rslt2,controls = cforest_unbiased(mtry = 2, nt.
varimp(partyForBio)

## agSubGrp end dataType
## -0.002355242 0.005522025 0.014544323</pre>
```

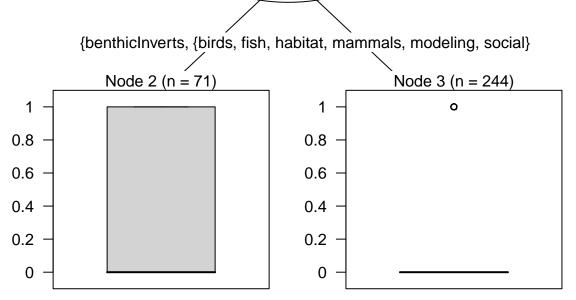
Based on these results the most important variable in determining the outcome is research field

How do the important characteristics influence the output (success)?

Classification tree

Here we run one iteration of the forest analysis above to display which variables whithin each classification determine positive or negative results.

```
partreeBio<-ctree(statSucc~agSubGrp+end+factor(dataType),data=rslt2)</pre>
partreeBio
##
##
     Conditional inference tree with 2 terminal nodes
##
## Response: statSucc
## Inputs: agSubGrp, end, factor(dataType)
## Number of observations:
##
## 1) factor(dataType) == {benthicInverts, oil, physical, plankton}; criterion = 0.993, statistic = 25.
     2)* weights = 71
## 1) factor(dataType) == {birds, fish, habitat, mammals, modeling, social}
     3)* weights = 244
plot(partreeBio)
                                factor(dataType)
                                   p = 0.007
```



Birds, fish, habitat, mammal and modeling data result in negative results. Benthic invertebrates, plankton, oil, and physical data result in positive results.