Testing

Testing

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Overview

1 Introduction

2 Testing

- Unit testing
- Integration testing
- System testing
- Acceptance testing

3 How to...

- Unit test
- Automate



Testing
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How to..
Unit test
Automate

How many bugs in a 1000 line program?

- Industry average 15-85 per KLOC.
 - KLOC (Kilo Lines Of Code) == 1000 lines of code.

How many lines of code in something like Office?

- Libreoffice has 12.5 million lines of code.
- Between 6,250 and 37,500 bugs.

How many make it through to the customer?

- 0.5-3 per KLOC.
- How do we get it so low?
 - Testing.



Unit testing
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Unit test
Automate

"If I write good code it won't have bugs."

-Every programmer ever

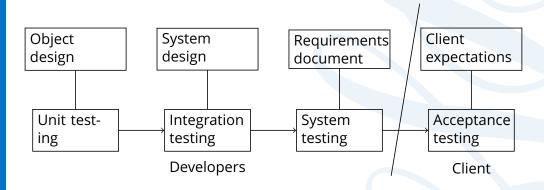
Your code will have bugs.

- The gold standard for perfect code belongs to.....The Space Shuttle.
- 420,000 lines of code.
 - Expect between 210 and 720 bugs.
- In 1996 the previous 3 versions had one known bug each.
 - 0.0024 per KLOC.



Testing
Unit testing
Integration testing
System testing

How to...
Unit test





Acceptance Accessibility Agile API Automated All Pairs Beta Black Box Backward Compatibility Boundary Value

Ad-hoc

Branch
Compatibility
Component
Condition Coverage
Dynamic
Decision Coverage
End-to-end
Exploratory
Equivalence Partitioning
Functional

Bottom up Integration

GUI
Glass box
Gorilla
Happy path
Integration
Interface
Internationalization
Keyword-driven
Load
Localization
Negative

Pair Performance Penetration Regression Risk based Smoke Security Sanity Scalability Stability Static System Soak System Integration Unit Usability User Acceptance

Volume Vulnerability White box

Testing
Unit testing
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How to..
Unit test

Testing is not just about code.

- Testing expectations, documentation.
- Testing assumptions.

Absence of evidence is not evidence of absence.

- Just because you can't find the bugs doesn't mean they aren't there.
- Formal verification is the exception.
 - Mathematically proof of correctness.
 - Mathematical model of an algorithms.
 - Can still mess up the code.



Testing

Once you've written your code, what is the most important step?

- Testing happens continuously during development.
 - Code compiles/runs/works?
- Important to do formal testing
 - Just checking it runs as you code is not enough.
 - Make sure you've not missed anything
 - In depth, comprehensive testing.
- Extra attention to edge cases.
 - I.e. if code expects number between 0 and 100 make sure to test -1, 0, 1, 99, 100 and 101.
- Every return path.
 - I.e. every if-else.



Test each individual 'unit' of your program.

- Python/C++ lets you break your code into modules
 - import/include modules
- Test each module separately
 - Everything module can do
 - Works correctly.
 - Fails correctly.
- Can be white or black box.
 - White box know/care how module works inside.
 - Black box don't know/care how module works inside.
- Version control is great help here.
 - Multiple programmers working on separate units.
 - Commit code only if it passes unit testing.

System testing
Acceptance te
How to...
Unit test
Automate

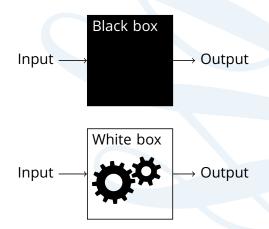


Unit testing
Integration testing
System testing

How to..
Unit test

Black and white box testing

- Black box.
 - Don't see/know what's going on inside.
 - Just supply inputs, test outputs.
- White box.
 - Do see/know what's going on inside.
 - Test internal states/variables.





Test how multiple modules/units work together when combined.

- Individual modules treated as black boxes.
 - Don't care how they work.
 - Just care what they do.
- Make sure everyone is following agreed interfaces.
 - Function names/parameters etc.
 - Behaviour hasn't changed.
- Continuous integration.
 - Bring together everyone's latest code several times a day.



Unit testing
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How to..
Unit test
Automate

Test system meets the specifications.

- Test the whole system works together.
- Black box testing.
- Ideally done by someone other than the developer/s.



Unit testing
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How to..
Unit test
Automate

Not testing code directly.

- Testing expectations.
- Does the whole thing work as expected?
 - Were specifications correct?
 - Were specifications complete?



Testing

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Introduction

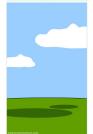
Unit testing
Integration test

Acceptance testing

Unit test Automate



How the customer explained



How the project was documented



How the project leader understood it



How the customer was billed

Expectations



How the programmer wrote it



what marketing advertised



What operations installed



needed needed



Unit testing
Integration testing
System testing

How to

Just looking at unit testing in 122COM.

Good unit testing is very time consuming.

- Should be testing before committing any changes.
 - New feature? unit test
 - Bugfix? unit test
 - Code re-factoring? unit test
 - Bored? unit test

Why bother??

- Debugging is simpler, know where bugs are.
- Bugs stay dead (or detected).
 - Spot new bugs.
 - Every 3 bugs solved creates 1 new one (Glenford Myers Art of Software Testing).



How to Unit test your Dragon II



Basic unit testing.

- Grab your spreadsheet.
- Example testing your stack code from data structures week.

ID	Description	Test	Expected	Success	Why
1a	Push to empty stack	.push('A')	.size() =1, .top() = 'A'	Pass	
1b	Push to full stack	.push('Z')	StackFull exception	Pass	
1C	Push to !full !empty stack	.push('Q')	.size() += 1, .top() = 'Q'	Pass	
2a	Pop from empty stack	.pop()	StackEmpty exception	Fail	No exception raised
2b	Pop from full stack	.pop()	.size() -= 1, .top() = el- ement at .size()-1	Pass	
2C	Pop from !full !empty stack	.pop()	.size() -= 1, .top() = el- ement at .size()-1	Pass	



Unit testing
Integration testi
System testing

Unit test

Running unit tests manually is a massive time sink.

- Solution?
 - Automate our testing.
 - Write code to test our code.





Unit testing
Integration testing
System testing
Acceptance testing

How to... Unit test Automate Already encountered this idea in this module.

- C++ intro, searching, pointers, data structures and sorting labs.
 - Had code to automatically test your code

Advantages.

- Fully tested your code.
 - Every time.
- Quickly tested your code

Disadvantages.

- Messy, confusing testing code.
- Results not clear.



Unit testing Integration testi System testing Acceptance test

Unit test
Automate

Solution?

- Unit testing libraries.
- Available for every significant language I can think of.
 - Multiple libraries per language.
- Same concept
 - Write small test functions.
 - Run them all.
 - Report what failed and summary.



Unit testing
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How to..
Unit test
Automate

Using unittest module.

- Built in.
- Test ways things are correct.
- Test that things go wrong.
 - Test for expected exceptions.

```
import unittest
class Tests(unittest.TestCase):
  def test_bigger(self):
    self.assertTrue( 1 < 0 )</pre>
  def test_equals(self):
    self.assertEqual( 1+1, 2 )
  def test_div(self):
    with self.assertRaises(ZeroDivisionError):
      1 / 0
if __name__ == '__main__':
  unittest.main()
lec unittest.pv
```



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How to..
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```
F..
FAIL: test_bigger (__main__.Tests)
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "lec_unittest.py", line 5, in test_bigger
    self.assertTrue( 1 < 0 )</pre>
AssertionError: False is not true
Ran 3 tests in 0.000s
FAILED (failures=1)
```



Unit testing
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How to..
Unit test
Automate

Using cxxtest.

- Very similar to Python unittest.
- Slightly more complicated to run.
- Header file, .h file.

```
#include <cratest/TestSuite.h>
class SomeTests : public CxxTest::TestSuite
public:
  void test_bigger()
     TS_ASSERT(1 < 0);
  void test_equals()
     TS_ASSERT_EQUALS(1+1, 2);
  void test_except()
     TS_ASSERT_THROWS_ANYTHING( throw 1 );
};
lec_unittest.h
```



Unit testing
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How to..
Unit test
Automate

Running cxxtest tests (3 tests)

In SomeTests::test_bigger:

lec_unittest.h:8: Error: Assertion failed: 1 < 0

. .

Failed 1 and Skipped 0 of 3 tests

Success rate: 66%



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How to...
Unit test

Python

Just run it.

>> python3 -m unittest TESTCASES.py

If you have unittest.main()

>> python3 TESTCASES.py

C++

- Generate a 'runner' that will actually run the tests.
 - >> cxxtestgen --error-printer TESTCASES.h -o runner.cpp
- Compile the runner.
 - >> g++ --std=c++11 runner.cpp -o runner
- Run the runner.
 - >> ./runner



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How to.
Unit test
Automate

Running multiple tests.

- Will have lots of commonalities.
- Each test run on fresh structure.
 - I.e. testing stack/queue
- Have to create/clean up structure for every test.
 - Is hassle.
- Built in feature to do it for you.
 - setUp()
 - tearDown()



```
Introduction
```

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How to.. Unit test Automate

```
from lab_stack import *
import unittest
class StackTest(unittest.TestCase):
    def setUp(self):
        self.testvalues = 'abcde'
        self.s = Stack( len(self.testvalues) )
    def tearDown(self):
        pass
    def test_size(self):
        """ test that stack reports the correct number of things
   on the stack """
```



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How to..
Unit test
Automate

Can be integrated into projects in many ways.

- Build scripts every time you compile, tests run automatically.
- Commit tests every time you try and commit a new version, tests run automatically.
- Reports automatically generate reports on current bugs, track progress.



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Introduction

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Unit testing

Integration testi

A ----time

How to

Unit test

Quiz



Unit test
Automate

- Unit test test individual 'units' of code.
 - Functions, classes etc.
- Integration test
 - Test multiple units work correctly when combined.
- System test.
 - Test the whole thing matches what the user said they wanted.
- Acceptance test.
 - User/s test what they said they wanted is what they actually wanted.
- Automated unit testing.
 - What is it?
 - Why do it?
 - How to do it.



Testing

The End

