Sorting

David Croft

Introduction

Stable sort

Selection sort

algorithms

QUICKSOFT
Divide & Conquer

- Divide & Conquei

Recap

Sorting algorithms

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Bubblesort
Stable sort
In-place

Selection sort

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Divide & Conqu

Comparing

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Sorting is one of the classic problems for learning algorithms.

- Requirement for everything.
- Obvious applications like sorting text, statistics (median calculations).
- Less obvious, sorting objects in games for FOV calculations.
- Route planning.



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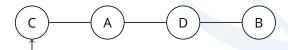
- Compares each item to the next in the sequence.
 - Swap items if in wrong order.



Very simple sort.

Compares each item to the next in the sequence.

Swap items if in wrong order.



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Bubblesort Stable sort

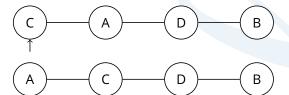
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Other algorithm:

Quicksort

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Bubblesort Stable sort

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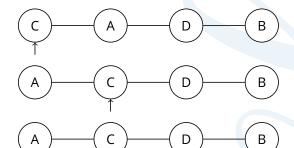
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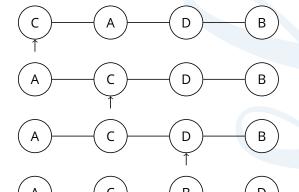
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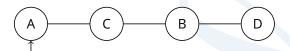
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Iterating over the sequence once isn't typically enough.

■ Keep iterating over the sequence until elements are sorted.

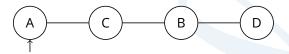




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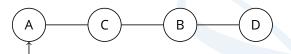


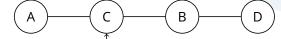


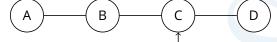
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Bubblesort Stable sort

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Other algorithm:

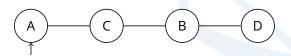
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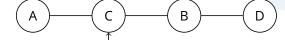
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Bubble sort is what's known as an stable in-place sort.

Stable meaning that equivalent elements do not change their relative orders.



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- Important if e.g. priority queues.
 - Imagine a queue in an emergency room.



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Quicksort

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- Important if e.g. priority queues.
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 - Treat the most serious conditions first, sort people on how bad injury is.



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With unstable sorting algorithm the relative orders of equivalent elements can be changed.



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In-place meaning that it only needs a small amount of additional memory in order to work.

- More memory efficient than the alternative.
- Can be important if...
 - ...dealing with large amounts of data.
 - ...have limited resources (i.e. embedded systems).
- Bubble sort only needs a few extra variables to swap the elements and to step through the sequence.



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Other algorithm:

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- Explained here to introduce you to sorting concepts.
 - In-place, stable.



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Other algorithm:

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- Explained here to introduce you to sorting concepts.
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- Is rubbish.



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 - In-place, stable.
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 - Horrible performance, average is $O(n^2)$.



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- Explained here to introduce you to sorting concepts.
 - In-place, stable.
- Is rubbish.
 - Horrible performance, average is $O(n^2)$.
 - But best case is only O(n).



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The time taken to sort a sequence depends on:

■ The starting order of the sequence.

For example, Bubblesorting a 100 elements:



Other

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For example, Bubblesorting a 100 elements:

- Best case, are already sorted.
 - Iterate over sequence once.
 - 100 comparisons.



Other

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The time taken to sort a sequence depends on:

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For example, Bubblesorting a 100 elements:

- Best case, are already sorted.
 - Iterate over sequence once.
 - 100 comparisons.
- Worst case, in reverse order.
 - Iterate over sequence 100 times.
 - 10,000 comparisons.



Other

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The time taken to sort a sequence depends on:

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For example, Bubblesorting a 100 elements:

- Best case, are already sorted.
 - Iterate over sequence once.
 - 100 comparisons.
- Worst case, in reverse order.
 - Iterate over sequence 100 times.
 - 10,000 comparisons.
- Average case, random order.
 - Somewhere in between.





Selection sort

- Divides sequence into sorted and unsorted regions.
- Not stable.
- In place.
- Iterate over sequence.
- For each element search the remaining elements on its right for the smallest value.
- 3 Swap smallest element with current element.



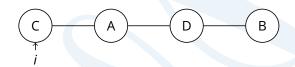
Bubblesort Stable sort In-place

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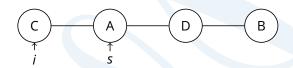
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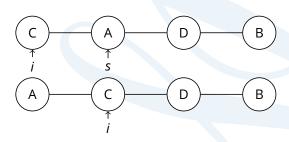
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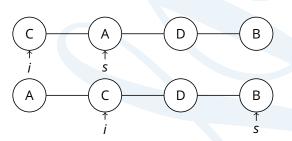
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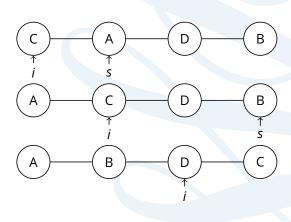
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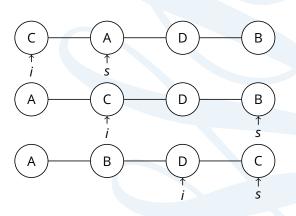
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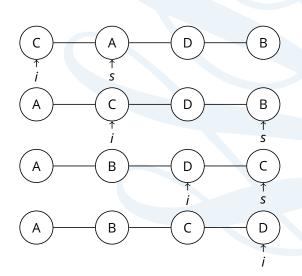
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Bubblesort is $O(n^2)$. Selection sort is $O(n^2)$.

- Selection sort is generally faster than bubble.
 - But have same *O*() complexity.
 - What?
- $lue{}$ O() notation describes how an algorithm will grow.
- Not good at absolute performances.
- Selection sort typically does fewer comparisons and swaps than bubblesort.
 - Therefore faster.



Selection sort

Other algorithms

Divide & Conque

Comparing

Reca

Many sorting algorithms

- Different trade-offs, performances. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZZuD6iUe3Pc
- Some are just jokes.
- Bead
- Bogo
- 3 Bubble
- 4 Circle
- 5 Cocktail
- 6 Comb
- Counting
- 8 Cycle

- g Gnome
- 10 Heap
- 11 Insert
- 12 Merge
- 13 Pancake
- 14 Patience
- Permutation
- 16 Quick

- 17 Radix
- 18 Selection
- 19 Shell
- 20 Sleep
- 21 Stooge
- 22 Strand
- 3 Tree



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Recap

Neither bubble or selection sort are very good.

- Simple algorithms but slow.
- Not used in real life.

One of the fastest sorting algorithms.

- Used in real life.
- Recursively breaks the sequence in half.
 - Divide & Conquer.



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- Select a value from the sequence, this is the pivot.
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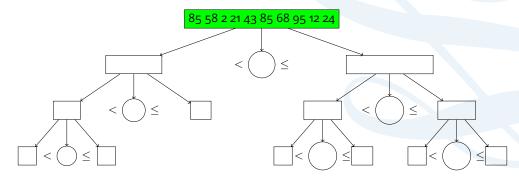
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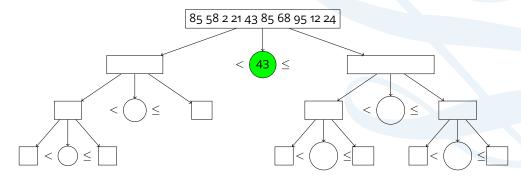
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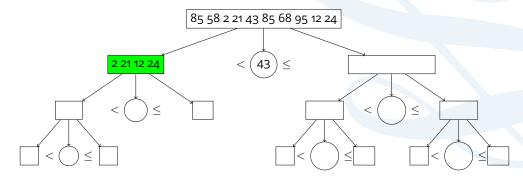
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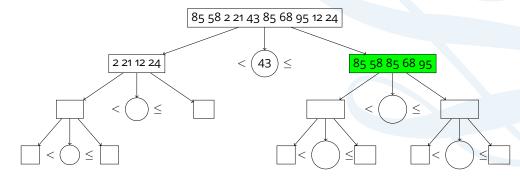




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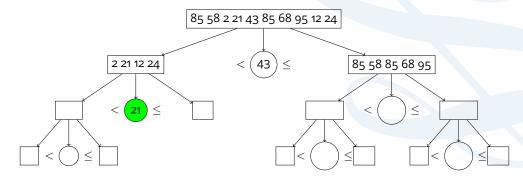
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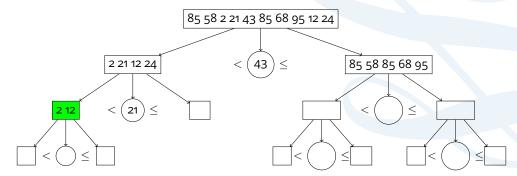
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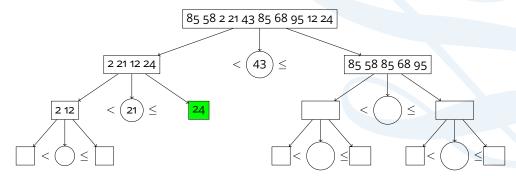
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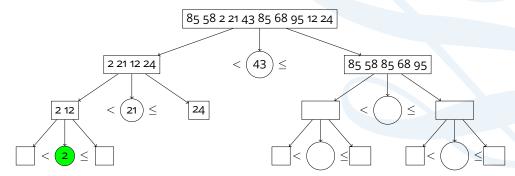
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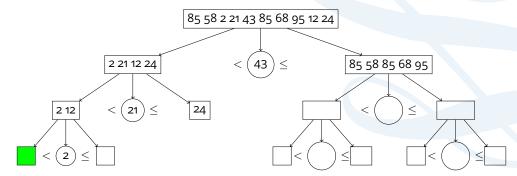
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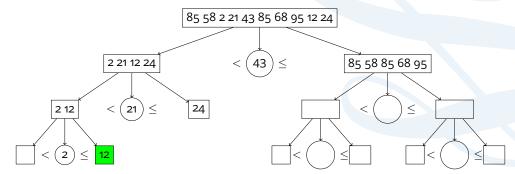
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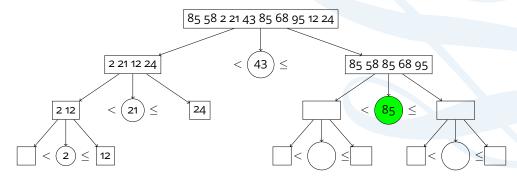
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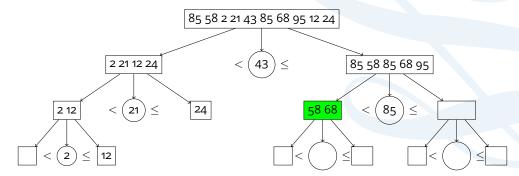
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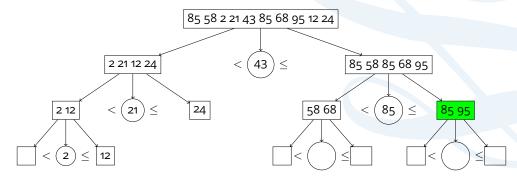
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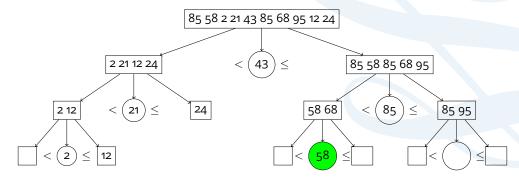
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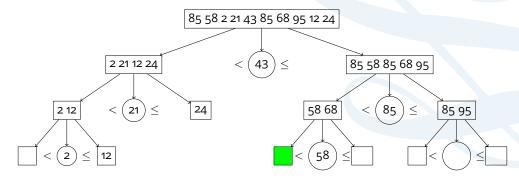
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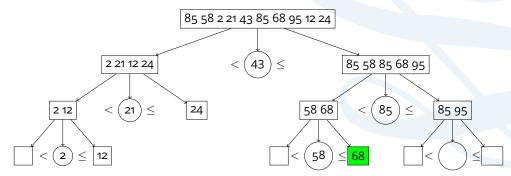
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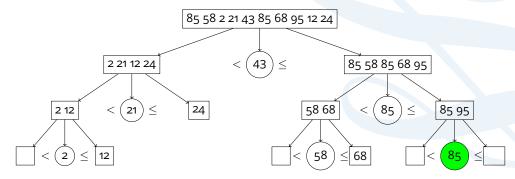
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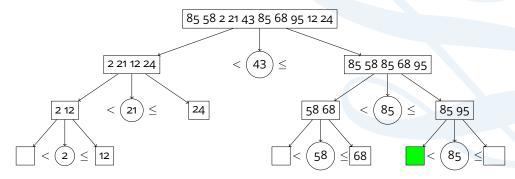
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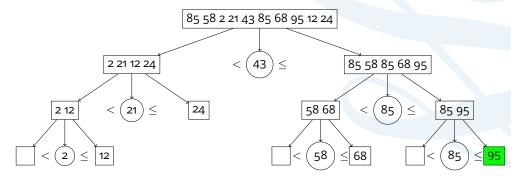
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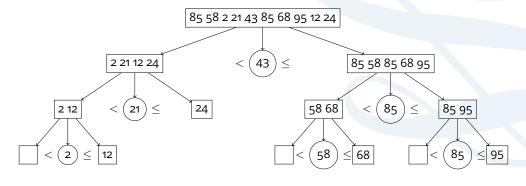
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Selection sor

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Quicksort is...

- ...sometimes in-place.
 - Depends on implementation.
- ...sometimes stable.
 - Depends on implementation.

Some issues with the original algorithms (1959).

- Choosing the pivot.
 - First element.
 - Middle element.
 - Average of first, middle and last.
- Repeated elements.
 - Fat partition.



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Recap

Quicksort is a divide and conquer algorithm.

- Too hard to sort the whole sequence?
- Divide the problem.
 - Still too hard?
 - Divide the problem.
 - Still too hard?
 - Divide the problem.
 - Etc, etc, etc.

Naturally suited for parallelism.



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- Best sorting algorithm depends on multiple factors.
- Good in one situation is bad in another.



Comparing

- Best sorting algorithm depends on multiple factors.
- Good in one situation is bad in another.
- Stability? In place?



Comparing

- Best sorting algorithm depends on multiple factors.
- Good in one situation is bad in another.
- Stability? In place?
- What are you sorting?
 - Linked lists?
 - Sequential memory (arrays)?



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- Where are you sorting?
 - RAM?
 - EEPROM? cheap to read, expensive to write.



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- \bigcirc Size of n.
 - Insertion sort with small n.





Introductior Bubblesort Stable sort

Selection sor

Other algorithms

Comparing

- Best sorting algorithm depends on multiple factors.
- Good in one situation is bad in another.
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- What are you sorting?
 - Linked lists?
 - Sequential memory (arrays)?
- Where are you sorting?
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 - Insertion sort with small *n*.
- Consistent performance.
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Sorting

Quiz



Bubblesort Stable sort In-place

Selection sort

algorithm Ouicksort

Divide & Con

Comparing

Recap

- Many sorting algorithms.
- Bubblesort.
- Selection sort.
- Quicksort
- Advantages/disadvantages.
 - In place.
 - In order.
 - Divide and Conquer.
- Performance
 - O()
 - Sequence type.
 - Read/writes.
 - Size of *n*.



Sorting

David Croft

Introduction

Bubblesort

Selection sort

Other

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Divide & Conq

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Recap

The End

