## https://github.com/cowboy35927/ESL/tree/main/Hw4

Cross-compile Median and Weighted Mean Filter to RISC-V VP platfor m:

```
void write_data_to_ACC(char* ADDR, unsigned char* buffer, int len){
 if( is using dma){
    // Using DMA
    *DMA_SRC_ADDR = (uint32_t)(buffer);
    *DMA DST ADDR = (uint32 t)(ADDR);
    *DMA LEN ADDR = len;
    *DMA OP ADDR = DMA OP MEMCPY;
  }else{
   memcpy(ADDR, buffer, sizeof(unsigned char)*len);
void read_data_from_ACC(char* ADDR, unsigned char* buffer, int len){
 if( is using dma){
    // Using DMA
   *DMA_SRC_ADDR = (uint32_t)(ADDR);
    *DMA_DST_ADDR = (uint32_t)(buffer);
    *DMA LEN ADDR = len;
    *DMA OP ADDR = DMA OP MEMCPY;
  }else{
   memcpy(buffer, ADDR, sizeof(unsigned char)*len);
```

一個使用 DMA 執行傳輸,另一個使用處理器移動數據 (memcpy)。

```
read_data_from_ACC(SOBELFILTER_READ_ADDR, buffer, 4);

memcpy(data.uc, buffer, 4);
total = (data).sint;

*(target_bitmap + bytes_per_pixel * (width * i + j - 2) + 2) =data.uc[0];

*(target_bitmap + bytes_per_pixel * (width * i + j - 2) + 1) =data.uc[1];

*(target_bitmap + bytes_per_pixel * (width * i + j - 2) + 0) =data.uc[2];
```

使用write data to ACC寫入pixel,他是使用DMA來進行操作。

```
read_data_from_ACC(SOBELFILTER_READ_ADDR, buffer, 4);

memcpy(data.uc, buffer, 4);

total = (data).sint;

*(target_bitmap + bytes_per_pixel * (width * i + j - 2) + 2) =data.uc[0];

*(target_bitmap + bytes_per_pixel * (width * i + j - 2) + 1) =data.uc[1];

*(target_bitmap + bytes_per_pixel * (width * i + j - 2) + 0) =data.uc[2];
```

使用read\_data\_to\_ACC讀pixel,是使用DMA來進行操作,再用memcpy複製資料。

Filter.h

```
sc_dt::sc_uint<12> mean_r;
sc_dt::sc_uint<12> mean_g;
sc_dt::sc_uint<12> mean_b;
sc_dt::sc_uint<32> total ;
sc_dt::sc_uint<8> o_r;
sc_dt::sc_uint<8> o_g;
sc_dt::sc_uint<8> o_b;
```

上圖是定義參數,我都使用sc uint

```
for (unsigned int v = 0; v < MASK_Y; ++v)
{
    for (unsigned int u = 0; u < MASK_X; ++u)
    {
        val[0][v * 3 + u] = i_r.read();
        val[1][v * 3 + u] = i_g.read();
        val[2][v * 3 + u] = i_b.read();
        //cout << "Now at " << sc_time_stamp() << "
        //wait(1 * CLOCK_PERIOD, SC_NS);
    }
}</pre>
```

讀取pixel點

```
for(int id=0;id<3;id++)</pre>
  for(int i = 8; i > 0; i--)
      for(int j = 0; j <= i-1; j++)
          if( val[id][j] > val[id][j+1])
              swap(val[id][j], val[id][j+1]);
              //temp = val[id][j];
              //val[id][j] = val[id][j+1];
              //val[id][j+1] = temp;
if (i < 5)
 buffer[0][i * 3] = val[0][4];
  buffer[1][i * 3] = val[1][4];
 buffer[2][i * 3] = val[2][4];
else if (i >= 5 \&\& i < 10)
  buffer[0][(i - 5) * 3 + 1] = val[0][4];
  buffer[1][(i - 5) * 3 + 1] = val[1][4];
  buffer[2][(i - 5) * 3 + 1] = val[2][4];
  buffer[0][(i - 10) * 3 + 2] = val[0][4];
  buffer[1][(i - 10) * 3 + 2] = val[1][4];
  buffer[2][(i - 10) * 3 + 2] = val[2][4];
```

這邊是median filter

```
unsigned char arr_g1 [9];
unsigned char arr b1 [9];
for(int i=0;i<3;i++){
  for(int j=0;j<9;j++){
    if(i==0){
      arr r1[j]=buffer[i][j];
    }else if(i==1){
      arr_g1[j]=buffer[i][j];
    }else{
      arr_b1[j]=buffer[i][j];
//mid r = 0, mid g = 0, mid b = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < MASK Y * MASK X; <math>i++)
  if (i == 4)
    mean_r = mean_r + (arr_r1[i] << 1) / 10;
    mean_g = mean_g + (arr_g1[i] << 1) / 10;
    mean_b = mean_b + (arr_b1[i] << 1) / 10;
  else
    mean_r = mean_r + arr_r1[i] / 10;
    mean_g = mean_g + arr_g1[i] / 10;
    mean_b = mean_b + arr_b1[i] / 10;
o_r=mean_r;
o_g=mean_g;
o_b=mean_b;
//int total = 0;
//total = (mid_r<<16) + (mid_g<<8) + mid_b;
total=(0, o_b, o_g, o_r);
o_result.write(total);
```

```
switch (cmd) {
  case tlm::TLM_READ_COMMAND:
   switch (addr) {
      case SOBEL_FILTER_RESULT_ADDR:
        buffer.uint = o_result.read();
        break;
      default:
        std::cerr << "READ Error! SobelFilter::blocking_transport: address 0x"</pre>
                  << std::setfill('0') << std::setw(8) << std::hex << addr
                  << std::dec << " is not valid" << std::endl;
    data ptr[0] = buffer.uc[0];
   data ptr[1] = buffer.uc[1];
   data_ptr[2] = buffer.uc[2];
   data_ptr[3] = buffer.uc[3];
   break;
  case tlm::TLM_WRITE_COMMAND:
   switch (addr) {
      case SOBEL_FILTER_R_ADDR:
        i_r.write(data_ptr[0]);
       i_g.write(data_ptr[1]);
       i_b.write(data_ptr[2]);
       break;
      default:
        std::cerr << "WRITE Error! SobelFilter::blocking transport: address 0x"</pre>
                  << std::setfill('0') << std::setw(8) << std::hex << addr
                  << std::dec << " is not valid" << std::endl;
   break;
  case tlm::TLM_IGNORE_COMMAND:
   payload.set_response_status(tlm::TLM_GENERIC_ERROR_RESPONSE);
 default:
   payload.set_response_status(tlm::TLM_GENERIC_ERROR_RESPONSE);
 payload.set_response_status(tlm::TLM_OK_RESPONSE); // Always OK
```

上圖就是當 a ddress 是 SOBEL\_FILTER\_R\_ADDR 會執行
tlm::TLM\_WRITE\_COMMAND 的指令,會將 i \_r 、 i \_g 、 i \_b 分別寫入資料。
read\_from\_socket 函式會 我們設置了 payload 。 寫入
SOBEL FILTER R ADDR 地址。

## main.cpp

```
addr_t mem_size = 1024 * 1024 * 32; // 32 MB ram, to place it before the CLINT and run the base examples (assume
addr t mem start addr = 0x000000000;
addr_t mem_end_addr = mem_start_addr + mem_size - 1;
addr_t clint_start_addr = 0x020000000;
addr_t clint_end_addr = 0x0200ffff;
addr_t sys_start_addr = 0x02010000;
addr_t sys_end_addr = 0x020103ff;
addr_t term_start_addr = 0x200000000;
addr_t term_end_addr = term_start_addr + 16;
addr t ethernet start addr = 0x30000000;
addr_t ethernet_end_addr = ethernet_start_addr + 1500;
addr_t plic_start_addr = 0x40000000;
addr_t plic_end_addr = 0x41000000;
addr_t sensor_start_addr = 0x500000000;
addr_t sensor_end_addr = 0x50001000;
addr_t sensor2_start_addr = 0x50002000;
addr_t sensor2_end_addr = 0x50004000;
addr_t mram_start_addr = 0x600000000;
addr_t mram_size = 0x10000000;
addr_t mram_end_addr = mram_start_addr + mram_size - 1;
addr_t dma_start_addr = 0x700000000;
addr t dma end addr = 0x70001000;
addr_t flash_start_addr = 0x71000000;
addr_t flash_end_addr = flash_start_addr + Flashcontroller::ADDR_SPACE; // Usually 528 Byte
addr_t display_start_addr = 0x72000000;
addr_t display_end_addr = display_start_addr + Display::addressRange;
addr_t sobelFilter_start_addr = 0x73000000;
addr_t sobelFilter_size = 0x010000000;
addr_t sobelFilter_end_addr = sobelFilter_start_addr + sobelFilter_size - 1;
```

## 設置記憶體位置

```
// address mapping
bus.ports[0] = new PortMapping(opt.mem_start_addr, opt.mem_end_addr);
bus.ports[1] = new PortMapping(opt.clint_start_addr, opt.clint_end_addr);
bus.ports[2] = new PortMapping(opt.plic_start_addr, opt.plic_end_addr);
bus.ports[3] = new PortMapping(opt.term_start_addr, opt.term_end_addr);
bus.ports[4] = new PortMapping(opt.sensor_start_addr, opt.sensor_end_addr);
bus.ports[5] = new PortMapping(opt.dma_start_addr, opt.dma_end_addr);
bus.ports[6] = new PortMapping(opt.sensor2_start_addr, opt.sensor2_end_addr);
bus.ports[7] = new PortMapping(opt.mram_start_addr, opt.mram_end_addr);
bus.ports[8] = new PortMapping(opt.flash_start_addr, opt.flash_end_addr);
bus.ports[9] = new PortMapping(opt.ethernet_start_addr, opt.ethernet_end_addr);
bus.ports[10] = new PortMapping(opt.display_start_addr, opt.display_end_addr);
bus.ports[11] = new PortMapping(opt.sys_start_addr, opt.sys_end_addr);
bus.ports[12] = new PortMapping(opt.sobelFilter_start_addr, opt.sobelFilter_end_addr);
```

記憶體連接

```
iss mem if.isock.bind(bus.tsocks[0]);
dbg if.isock.bind(bus.tsocks[2]);
PeripheralWriteConnector dma_connector("SimpleDMA-Connector"); // to respect ISS bus locking
dma connector.isock.bind(bus.tsocks[1]);
dma.isock.bind(dma connector.tsock);
dma_connector.bus_lock = bus_lock;
bus.isocks[0].bind(mem.tsock);
bus.isocks[1].bind(clint.tsock);
bus.isocks[2].bind(plic.tsock);
bus.isocks[3].bind(term.tsock);
bus.isocks[4].bind(sensor.tsock);
bus.isocks[5].bind(dma.tsock);
bus.isocks[6].bind(sensor2.tsock);
bus.isocks[7].bind(mram.tsock);
bus.isocks[8].bind(flashController.tsock);
bus.isocks[9].bind(ethernet.tsock);
bus.isocks[10].bind(display.tsock);
bus.isocks[11].bind(sys.tsock);
bus.isocks[12].bind(sobel_filter.tsock);
```

連接TLM

## Reult:

左邊的是256\*256\*的圖片,右邊則是512\*512, simulation time相差4合理, num-instr也相差4倍也很合理。

