111064503 吳紹齊 https://github.com/cowboy35927/exam1-p1

- 1. **(p2 20pt)** Implementation of a decimation filter module with FIFO channels.
 - Please use SystemC FIFO channels to implement the communication interface of the decimation filter
 - Main.cpp 定義 FIFO channel

```
//Create FIFO channels
sc_fifo<sc_ufixed_fast<4,1>> fifo_i_x;
sc_fifo<sc_ufixed_fast<4,1>> fifo_i_h;
sc_fifo<sc_ufixed_fast<4,1>> fifo_o_y;

//Connect FIFO channels with modules
testbench.i_clk(clk);
testbench.o_rst(rst);
dut.i_clk(clk);
dut.i_rst(rst);
testbench.o_x(fifo_i_x);
testbench.o_h(fifo_i_h);
testbench.i_y(fifo_o_y);
dut.i_x_port(fifo_i_x);
dut.i_h_port(fifo_i_h);
dut.o_y_port(fifo_o_y);
```

Adder.h

```
sc_fifo_in< sc_dt::sc_ufixed_fast<4,1>> i_x_port;
sc_fifo_in< sc_dt::sc_ufixed_fast<4,1>> i_h_port;
sc_fifo_out< sc_dt::sc_ufixed_fast<4,1>> o_y_port;
```

```
void do_add() {
    while (true) {

        _i_x = i_x_port.read();
        _i_h = i_h_port.read();
        wait();
        _o_y = o_y + _i_x * _i_h;
        if(count == 3){
            count=0;
            o_y_port.write(_o_y);
        }

        wait();
        count++;
    }
}
```

decimation filter 累加

Stim.h

```
sc_fifo_out<sc_ufixed_fast<4,1>> o_x;
sc_fifo_out<sc_ufixed_fast<4,1>> o_h;
sc_fifo_in<sc_ufixed_fast<4,1>> i_y;
sc_ufixed_fast<4,1> t_x;
sc_ufixed_fast<4,1> t_h;
sc_ufixed_fast<4,1> t_y;
void stim_gen() {
 cout << setw(12) << "time" << setw(12) << "a" << setw(12) << "b" << endl;</pre>
  for (int a = 0; a < 8*16; a++) {
   for (int b = 0; b < 3; b++) {
      o_x.write(x_input_signal[a*2-b+1]);
      o_h.write(h_k[b]);
      t_x=x_input_signal[a*2-b+1];
      t_h=h_k[b];
      //cout << setw(12) << sc_time_stamp();
      //cout << setw(12) << t_x.to_string(SC_BIN);</pre>
      //cout << setw(12) << t_h.to_string(SC_BIN) << endl;</pre>
      wait();
```

decimation filter 的設計

```
7 ns
                     0b00.100
2 :
           13 ns
                     0b00.110
3:
           19 ns
                     0b01.000
                     0b01.010
           25 ns
                     0b01.101
           31 ns
6:
                     0b00.000
           37 ns
7 :
           43 ns
                     0b00.011
8:
           49 ns
                     0b00.110
9:
           55 ns
                     0b01.001
10:
            61 ns
                      0b01.100
                      0b01.111
            67 ns
11 :
                      0b00.010
12 :
            73 ns
13:
            79 ns
                      0b00.101
14 :
                      0b01.000
            85 ns
15 :
            91 ns
                      0b01.100
16:
                      0b01.111
            97 ns
17 :
           103 ns
                      0b00.010
18:
           109 ns
                      0b00.101
19:
                      0Ь01.000
           115 ns
20:
           121 ns
                      0b01.011
21:
           127 ns
                      0b01.110
                      0b00.001
22 :
           133 ns
```

result

- 1. (p3 30pt) Implementation of a decimation filter module with TLM2 interface.
 - **(20pt)** Please use TLM2 blocking transport to implement the communication interface of the decimation filter

```
int sc_main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    Initiator initiator("initiator");
    Adder adder("adder");

    // Bind initiator socket to target socket
    initiator.socket.bind( adder.socket );
    sc_start();
    return 0;
}
```

decimation filter 的設計

```
for (int i = 0; i < 16*8; i++)
 for(int j=0;j<3;j++){</pre>
   tlm::tlm_command cmd = tlm::TLM_WRITE_COMMAND;
   //prepare 4 bytes (uint8_t)
   data[0]=x_input_signal[i*2-j+1];
   data[1]=h_k[j];
   data[2]=0;
   data[3]=0;
   trans->set_command( cmd );
   trans->set_address( BASE_TARGET_INPUT_ADDR ); //P2P TLM write to target's address 0
   trans->set_data_ptr( reinterpret_cast<unsigned char*>(&data) );
   trans->set_data_length( 4 );
   trans->set_streaming_width( 4 ); // = data_length to indicate no streaming
   trans->set_byte_enable_ptr( 0 ); // 0 indicates unused
   trans->set_dmi_allowed( false ); // Mandatory initial value
   trans->set_response_status( tlm::TLM_INCOMPLETE_RESPONSE ); // Mandatory initial value
   socket->b_transport( *trans, delay ); // Blocking transport call
   if ( trans->is_response_error() )
     SC_REPORT_ERROR("TLM-2", "Response error from b_transport");
// Internal data buffer used by initiator with generic payload
```

// Internal data buffer used by initiator with generic payload
sc_ufixed_fast<4,1> data[4];
sc_ufixed_fast<4,1> result;

```
// Check address range and check for unsupported features
if (byt != 0 || len > 4 || wid < len)
SC_REPORT_ERROR("TLM-2", "Target does not support given generic payload transaction");

// Obliged to implement read and write commands
if ( cmd == tlm::TLM_READ_COMMAND ){
    if(adr==BASE_TARGET_OUTPUT_ADDR){
        //Copy 4 bytes to ptr
        for (unsigned int i = 0; i < len; i++) ptr[i] = sum[i];
        delay=sc_time(5, SC_NS);
    }
    else{
        SC_REPORT_ERROR("TLM-2", "Address not supported for read operation.");
    }
}
else if ( cmd == tlm::TLM_WRITE_COMMAND ){
    if(adr==BASE_TARGET_IMPUT_ADDR){
        //Copy 4 bytes from ptr
        for (unsigned int i = 0; i < len; i++) i_data[i] = ptr[i];
        //Compute summation with lower two uint8_t integers
        sum=i_data[0]+i_data[1];
    delay=sc_time(10, SC_NS);
    }
    else{
        SC_REPORT_ERROR("TLM-2", "Address not supported for write operation.");
    }
else{
        SC_REPORT_ERROR("TLM-2", "Address not supported for write operation.");
}
</pre>
```

```
sc_ufixed_fast<4,1> i_data[SIZE];
sc_ufixed_fast<4,1> sum;
```

Target.h 的設計

- **(10pt)** Please use quantum keeper for timing annotation. The timing parameters of the filter should be derived from the FIFO channel version above.
- #include "tlm_utils/tlm_quantumkeeper.h"
- 加上這 include

```
SC_CTOR(Initiator)
: socket("socket") // Construct and name socket
{
    SC_THREAD(thread_process);
    m_qk.set_global_quantum( sc_time(10, SC_NS) );
    m_qk.reset();
}
```

初始化 m_qk

```
for (int i = 0; i < 16*8; i++)
    for(int j=0;j<3;j++){
          delay = m_qk.get_local_time();
          tlm::tlm_command cmd = tlm::TLM_WRITE_COMMAND;</pre>
```

• 得到 local time

```
// Realize the delay annotated onto the transport call
m_qk.inc( delay );
// Check if synchronize is necessary
if (m_qk.need_sync()) m_qk.sync();
```

- 將 wait 改成上述兩式,其意義是累加 local time 若超過設置的 quantum time 就進行同步。
- 其他地方都和 TLM 一樣。