

Section 3

Exercise 2

$$\frac{dQ}{dt} = 2t f_\varphi e^{-(\bar{x}+\varphi)t}$$

$$\bar{x} < 1 - 2\varphi$$

$$= 2t f_\varphi e^{-\varphi t} e^{-\bar{x}t}$$

~~del~~

①

②

$$\frac{dQ}{dt} = - \int_0^{1-2\varphi} \bar{x} \frac{\partial Q}{\partial t} d\bar{x} - \int_{1-2\varphi}^{\infty} \bar{x} \frac{\partial Q}{\partial t} d\bar{x}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad - \int_0^{1-2\varphi} 2t f_\varphi e^{-\varphi t} \bar{x} e^{-\bar{x}t} d\bar{x}$$

$$= - 2t f_\varphi e^{-\varphi t} \left[- \frac{(1-2\varphi) e^{-(1-2\varphi)t}}{t} - \frac{e^{-(1-2\varphi)t}}{t^2} + \frac{1}{t^2} \right]$$

$$= + 2(1-2\varphi) f_\varphi e^{-\varphi t} e^{-(1-2\varphi)t} + \frac{2}{t} f_\varphi e^{-\varphi t} e^{-(1-2\varphi)t} - \frac{2}{t} f_\varphi e^{-\varphi t}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad - \int_{1-2\varphi}^{\infty} 2t f_\varphi e^{t(1-2\varphi)} \bar{x} e^{-\bar{x}t} d\bar{x}$$

$$= - 2t f_\varphi e^{t(1-2\varphi)} \left[- \frac{(1-2\varphi) e^{-(1-2\varphi)t}}{t} + \frac{e^{-(1-2\varphi)t}}{t^2} \right]$$

$$= - 2 f_\varphi (1-2\varphi) - \frac{2}{t} f_\varphi$$

$$- \int_{1-2\varphi}^{\infty} t^2 f'_\varphi e^{(1-2\varphi)t} \bar{x} e^{-\bar{x}t} d\bar{x}$$

$$= -t^2 f'_\varphi e^{(1-2\varphi)t} \left[\frac{(1-2\varphi)e^{-(1-2\varphi)t}}{t} + \frac{e^{-(1-2\varphi)t}}{t^2} \right]$$

$$= -t f'_\varphi (1-2\varphi) - f'_\varphi \dots$$

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$$- \int_{1-2\varphi}^{\infty} -t^2 f_\varphi e^{(1-2\varphi)t} \bar{x}^2 e^{-\bar{x}t} d\bar{x}$$

$$= t^2 f_\varphi e^{(1-2\varphi)t} \left[\frac{(1-2\varphi)^2 e^{-(1-2\varphi)t}}{t} + 2 \frac{(1-2\varphi) e^{-(1-2\varphi)t}}{t^2} + \frac{2 e^{-(1-2\varphi)t}}{t^3} \right]$$

$$= +f_\varphi (1-2\varphi)^2 + 2f_\varphi (1-2\varphi) + \cancel{\frac{2}{t} F_\varphi}$$

$$- \int_{1-2\varphi}^{\infty} t^2 f_\varphi (1-2\varphi) e^{(1-2\varphi)t} \bar{x} e^{-\bar{x}t} d\bar{x}$$

$$= -t^2 f_\varphi (1-2\varphi) e^{(1-2\varphi)t} \int_{1-2\varphi}^{\infty} \bar{x} e^{-\bar{x}t} d\bar{x}$$

$$= -t^2 f_\varphi (1-2\varphi) e^{(1-2\varphi)t} \left[\frac{(1-2\varphi) e^{-(1-2\varphi)t}}{t} + \frac{e^{-(1-2\varphi)t}}{t^2} \right]$$

$$= -t f_\varphi (1-2\varphi)^2 - f_\varphi (1-2\varphi)$$

$$-F'_q (1-2\varphi) - F'_\varphi$$

$$= -F_q (1-2\varphi) \left(-2 \left(1 - \frac{e^{-(1-\varphi)t}}{t} \right) \right) - F_q \left(-2 \left(1 - \frac{e^{-(1-\varphi)t}}{t} \right) \right)$$

$$= \cancel{2F_q (1-2\varphi)} - \cancel{2F_q (1-2\varphi)} e^{-(1-\varphi)t} + \frac{2F_q}{t} - \cancel{\frac{2F_q e^{-(1-\varphi)t}}{t}}$$

$$= F_q (1-2\varphi) + \frac{2}{t} F_q - \frac{2}{t} F_q e^{-\varphi t}$$

$$= F_q \left[\frac{2}{t} \left(1 - e^{-\varphi t} \right) + (1-2\varphi) \right]$$



$$= -2F_q (1-2\varphi) - 2F_q$$

SECTION 3 EXERCISE 3

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{dQ}{dt} &= 2t f_q e^{(1-2\varphi)t} e^{-\bar{x}t} \\
 &\quad + t^2 f'_q e^{(1-2\varphi)t} e^{-\bar{x}t} \\
 &\neq t^2 f_q e^{(1-2\varphi)t} \bar{x} e^{-\bar{x}t} \\
 &\quad + t^2 f_q (1-2\varphi) e^{(1-2\varphi)t} e^{-\bar{x}t}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{dQ}{dt} = - \int_0^\infty \frac{\partial Q}{\partial t} \bar{x} d\bar{x}$$

= ~~$\int_0^\infty \bar{x} e^{(1-2\varphi)t} d\bar{x}$~~

$$= - 2t f_q e^{(1-2\varphi)t} \int_0^\infty \bar{x} e^{-\bar{x}t} d\bar{x}$$

$$- t^2 f'_q e^{(1-2\varphi)t} \int_0^\infty \bar{x} e^{-\bar{x}t} d\bar{x}$$

$$+ t^2 f_q e^{(1-2\varphi)t} \int_0^\infty \bar{x}^2 e^{-\bar{x}t} d\bar{x}$$

$$- t^2 f_q (1-2\varphi) e^{(1-2\varphi)t} \int_0^\infty \bar{x} e^{-\bar{x}t} d\bar{x}$$

$$= -2 f_q e^{(1-2\varphi)t} - f'_q e^{(1-2\varphi)t} + \frac{2}{t} f_q e^{(1-2\varphi)t}$$

$$- f_q (1-2\varphi) e^{(1-2\varphi)t}$$

$$= -F_q e^{(1-2\varphi)t} - f_\varphi (1-2\varphi) e^{(1-2\varphi)t}$$

$$\therefore = -\frac{d}{dt} \left(F_q e^{(1-2\varphi)t} \right)$$

$$\therefore Q = - \int_0^t d \left(F_q e^{(1-2\varphi)t} \right)$$

$$= -F_q e^{(1-2\varphi)t} \Big|_0^t$$

$$= -f_\varphi e^{(1-2\varphi)t} + 1$$

$$= 1 - \underline{f_\varphi e^{(1-2\varphi)t}}$$

SECTION 3

EXERCISE 5

$$Q_\varphi(t) = 1 - F_\varphi(t) e^{-t(2\varphi-1)}$$

$$F_\varphi(t) = \exp \left(-2 \int_0^t \frac{1-e^{-(1-\varphi)\tau}}{\tau} d\tau \right)$$

$$\varphi = 1, F_1(t) = \exp \left(-2 \int_0^t \frac{1-1}{\tau} d\tau \right)$$

$$= \exp \left(-2 \int_0^t 0 d\tau \right)$$

$$= \exp(0) = 1$$

$$\therefore Q_\varphi(t) = 1 - F_\varphi(t) e^{-t(2\varphi-1)}$$

$$\varphi = 1 : Q_{\varphi=1}(t) = 1 - e^{-t}$$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} Q_{\varphi=1}(t) = 1 - \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} e^{-t}$$

$$= 1$$



SECTION 3 EXERCISE 6

$$Q_\varphi = 1 - F_\varphi e^{-t(2\varphi-1)}$$

for $1 > \varphi \geq \frac{1}{2}$

(or $\frac{1}{2} \leq \varphi < 1$)

$$\boxed{0 \leq F_\varphi \leq 1}$$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} Q_\varphi = 1 - \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} F_\varphi e^{-t(2\varphi-1)}$$

$$= 1 - F_\varphi \cdot 0$$

$$= 1$$

for $\varphi = \frac{1}{2}$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} Q_\varphi = 1 - \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} F_\varphi \dots e^{-t(2\varphi-1)} = 1, \varphi = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} F_\varphi = \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \exp \left(-2 \int_1^t \frac{e^{-(1-\varphi)t}}{t} dt \right)$$

$$\leq \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \exp \left(-2 \int_0^t \frac{1}{t} dt \right)$$

$$\leq \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \exp \left(-2 \left[\ln t \right]_0^t \right)$$

$$\leq \lim_{a \rightarrow 0} \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \exp \left(-2 \left[\ln t \right]_a^t \right)$$

$$\leq \lim_{a \rightarrow 0} \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \exp\left(\ln\left(\frac{a}{t}\right)^2\right)$$

$$\leq \lim_{a \rightarrow 0} \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{a}{t}\right)^2$$

$$\leq \underline{\underline{\rho}}$$

$$\therefore \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} Q_p = 1 - \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} F_p$$

$$= 1 - \rho$$

$$= \underline{\underline{1}}$$