Exploratory Data Analysis

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Descriptive Statistics

Measures of Central Tendency and Variation

Sources and Types of Data

Sources of Data

- 1. Primary Data
- the data is collected by the investigator himself / herself for a specific purpose
- direct method of data collection
- eg. data collected for research through questionnaires, interviews
- 2. Secondary Data
- the data is collected by someone else, but being used by the investigator for some other purpose
- an indirect method of data collection
- eg. census data being used to study the impact of education on income

Types of Data

- 1. Structured Data
- information is stored with a high degree of organization
- contains qualitative data, quantitative data, or a mixture of both
- eg. data arranged in an excel file, in rows and columns
- 2. Unstructured Data
- information that either does not have a pre-defined data model and / or is not organized in a pre-defined manner
- eq. emails, tweets, blogs, etc.

Measurement Scales

- 1. Nominal Scale
- the placing of data into categories without any order or structure
- no numerical relationship between categories even if numbers are used for representation
- $\bullet\,$ eg. gender, nationality, language, region, etc.
- 2. Ordinal Scale
- the placing of data into categories such that the order of values is meaningful, but relative degree of difference is not known
- \bullet eg. ranking the features of a product on a scale of 1 to 5
- the Likert scale psychometric scale commonly used in questionnaires

Highly Satisfied	Dissatisfied	Neutral	Satisfied	Highly Satisfied
1	2	3	4	5

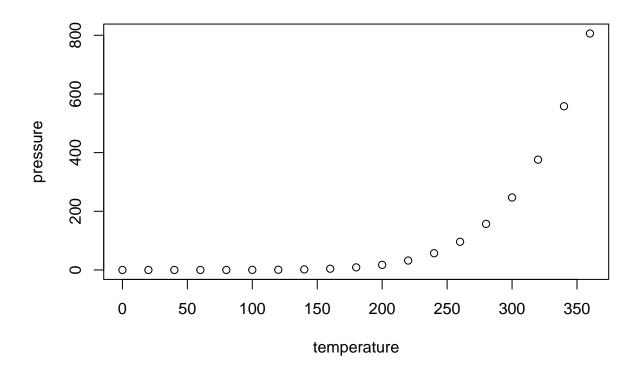
- 3. Interval Scale
- numeric scale in which the order as well as the relative difference between values is known
- no "true zero"
- eg. temperature can be below $0^{\circ}C$
- 4. Ratio Scale

summary(cars)

```
##
        speed
                         dist
                              2.00
##
           : 4.0
                    Min.
##
    1st Qu.:12.0
                    1st Qu.: 26.00
##
    Median:15.0
                    Median : 36.00
                            : 42.98
##
    Mean
            :15.4
                    Mean
##
    3rd Qu.:19.0
                    3rd Qu.: 56.00
##
    Max.
            :25.0
                    Max.
                            :120.00
```

Beyond Mean and Variance

You can also embed plots, for example:



Note that the \mbox{echo} = FALSE parameter was added to the code chunk to prevent printing of the R code that generated the plot.