The Concept of Co-integration



Contents

- 1. Concept of Co-integration
- 2. What is Pairs Trading
- 3. Co-integration and Pairs Trading
- 4. Engle-Granger Test
- 5. EG Test in Python



Concept of Co-integration

- The stock prices are believed to be **non-stationary** in nature.
- If there exists a linear combination of 2 stock prices, such that errors of the long term relationship are stationary (mean reverting) in nature, then the 2 stocks are said to be co-integrated.
- Engle Granger test is used to identify the co-integrated pairs in a particular sector.



Co-Integration

Examples of Co-integrated Series

Income and Consumption

Money, National Incomes, Price Rates, Interest Rates

Price of a Commodity and Taxes Levied on that Commodity, Inflation Rate

Temperatures, Electricity Consumption

Prices of Two Stocks



Co-Integration-Formal Definition

- "Order of integration" tells you the minimum number of differences needed to get a stationary series.
- A series of successive differences, d, can transform the time series into one with stationarity. The differences are denoted by I(d), where d is the order of integration.
- Suppose Y_t and X_t are two time series integrated of order d, then
 - Any linear combination of such two series will also be integrated of order d (denoted as I(d)). This is called 'Integration'
- However,

If there exists a vector β such that $\mathbf{u}_t = \mathbf{Y}_t - \beta \mathbf{X}_t$ is of a lower order of integration (I(d – b), where b > 0) then \mathbf{Y}_t and \mathbf{X}_t are defined as

• The idea of cointegration was introduced by Engle and Granger in 1987





What is Pairs Trading

Pairs trading finds its roots in the area of securities trading

• A quest to generate returns, irrespective of market behavior, has led to the evolution of this strategy

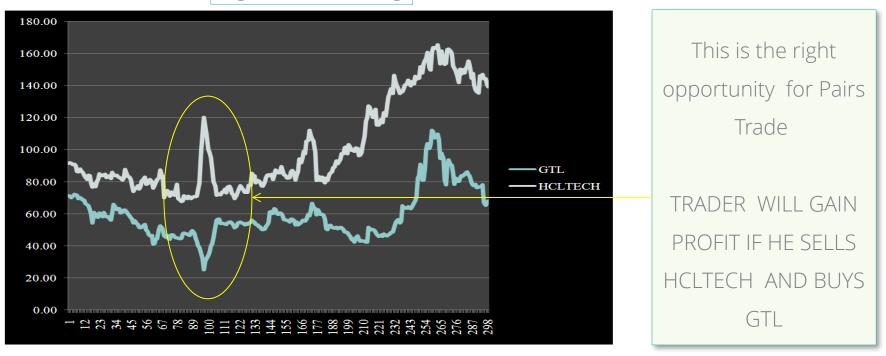
• Certain securities, often competitors in the same sector, are associated in their day-to-day price movements. When the association breaks down, Traders take advantage of short term over pricing or under pricing of securities & invest accordingly, betting that the "spread" between the two would eventually converge

Pairs Trading strategy works best in volatile market conditions



Simple Example of Pairs Trading

Fig. 1: Pairs Trading



Co-Integration and Pairs Trading

- The **stock prices** are believed to be **non-stationary** in nature.
- If there exists a linear combination of 2 stock prices, such that errors of the long term relationship are stationary (mean reverting) in nature, then the 2 stocks are said to be co-integrated.
- Pairs trading is in fact an extended application of the theory of co-integration.
- Engle -Granger test is used to identify the co-integrated pairs in a particular sector.



Engle Granger Test for Stock Prices

Let Y_t: TCS stock price at time t

Let X_t : IBM stock price at time t

Both the stock prices form non-stationary time series over time t.

If there exists a linear combination, such that the errors form stationary time series then TCS and IBM stocks are said to be co-integrated.

$$Y_t = \alpha + \beta X_t + \epsilon_t$$

 α = model intercept

 β = regression coefficient

 $\varepsilon_{\scriptscriptstyle +}$ = error term



Engle Granger Test for Stock Prices

Regression coefficient β is estimated using ordinary least square (OLS) method If β < 0 then the pair is discarded

Selection of regression equation is done by comparing β

$$Y_{t} = \alpha_{1} + \beta_{1} X_{t} + \epsilon_{t} \dots 1$$

$$X_{t} = \alpha_{2} + \beta_{2} Y_{t} + \epsilon_{t} \dots 2$$

$$X_t = \alpha_2 + \beta_2 Y_t + \epsilon_t \dots 2$$

The equation with higher β is selected

In case of TCS and IBM stocks β 1 > β 2 hence equation 1 was selected



Engle Granger Test

Engle Granger test is used to check stationarity of error time series.

Consider,

$$\Delta \epsilon_{t} = \gamma^{*} \epsilon_{t-1} + W_{t}$$

$$\Delta \epsilon_{t} = \epsilon_{t} - \epsilon_{t-1}$$

 $\epsilon_{t-1} = \text{errors with lag 1}$

Objective

To test the **null hypothesis** that **time series is not stationary**

Null Hypothesis H0: Two stocks are not co-integrated Alternate Hypothesis H1: Two stocks are co-integrated

Test Statistic	(γ*/SE(γ*)) Test statistic follows DF distribution under null	
Decision Criteria	Reject the null hypothesis if tcal < c(p)	



Engle Granger Test in Python

Installing and Loading Required Libraries

import yfinance as yf
import pandas as pd

yfinance is a library that allows
import of data directly from
yahoo finance.

#EG Test

```
# Define the stock symbols for Wipro and Infosys
tickers = ["WIPRO.NS", "INFY.NS"]

start_date = "2022-01-01"
end_date = "2022-12-31"

# Download the historical data
data = yf.download(tickers, start=start_date, end=end_date)
adj_close_data = data['Adj Close']
adj_close_data.columns = ['INFY', 'WIPRO']|

infy = adj_close_data.INFY
wipro = adj_close_data.WIPRO
```

- tickers is a set symbols used to extract data.
- start_date, end_date is the start date and end date of the date range

DATA SCIENCE
INSTITUTE

Engle Granger Test in Python

```
# Import "coint" from "statsmodels"
from statsmodels.tsa.stattools import coint
coint(infy,wipro)
```

coint() is a function that runs the engel garner test and returns t-statistic, p-value, Critical values for the test statistic at the 1 %, 5 %, and 10 % levels based on regression curve.

Output

```
(-2.154422825452808,
0.44797584761041354,
array([-3.94132922, -3.36097908, -3.06166543]))
```

Interpretation:

- As tcal > c(p) at5%, we accept nullHypothesis.
- Stocks INFY & WIPRO are not cointegrated.



Get an Edge!

There are a number of alternative approaches for testing cointegration, apart from the Engle Granger test, such as

- CRDW (Cointegrating Regression Durbin Watson) test
 Simple
 regression of one variable on the other, and the standard DurbinWatson test on the residuals.
- Error Correction Test

 The tendency of cointegrated variables to revert to common stochastic trends is expressed in terms of error-correction
- Johansen's Multivariate VAR Approach

 Examines the number of independent linear combinations (k) for an m time series variables set that yields a stationary process



Quick Recap

In this session, we learnt about **co-integration in time series**:

Co-integration

 When the time series is integrated and linear combination of variables in that series is also integrated, but having an order lower than the whole series, then the variables are said to be co-integrated.

Pairs Trading

 When the association between two cointegrated stocks breaks down, Traders take advantage of short term over pricing or under pricing of securities & invest accordingly, betting that the "spread" between the two would eventually converge.

EG Test in Python

• **coint()** is used to perform Engle Granger test in Python, to check if a pair of time series is cointegrated.

