

Lab 3 – Print Triangles

Goals

- Familiarity with variables
- Familiarity with if and if/else statements
- Learn how to use the random library
- Learn how to cast variables as different data types
- Understanding of Python input and output

Setup

- When you rename the skeleton code, use the following naming convention
ITP115_l#_lastname_firstname
(replace # with this lab number)
- Your new file must begin with comments in the following format (replace the name and email with your actual information):

```
# Name
# ITP 115, Fall 2016
# Lab L^ (replace ^ with this Lab number)
# USC email
```

Requirements

Your program must perform the following:

- Write a program that uses a **while** loop to produce a triangle.
- Triangle should be 10 lines tall
- In order to **center** the triangle, you will need to include initial spaces on each line
- Bottom row of triangle has 19 ^ symbols
- Between every ^ symbols is a single **space**
- Hint #1:
 - You can use the * to repeat strings. For example,
print("hello" * 4)
will print
hellohellohellohello
- Hint #2:
 - You need at least one while loop to control how many rows to print
 - You will most likely need two counters:

- **numSpaces** to track initial spaces on each line
- **numSymbols** to track how many symbols are printed on each line

Sample Output

```

      ^
    ^ ^ ^
  ^ ^ ^ ^ ^
^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^
^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^
^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^
^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^
^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^
^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^

```

Here is an alternate way to visualize the triangle. The initial spaces are represented as + symbols and the inner spaces are represented as _

```

+++++++^
+++++++^ ^ ^
+++++++^ ^ ^ ^ ^
+++++++^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^
+++++++^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^
+++++++^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^
+++++++^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^
+++++++^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^
+++++++^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^

```

