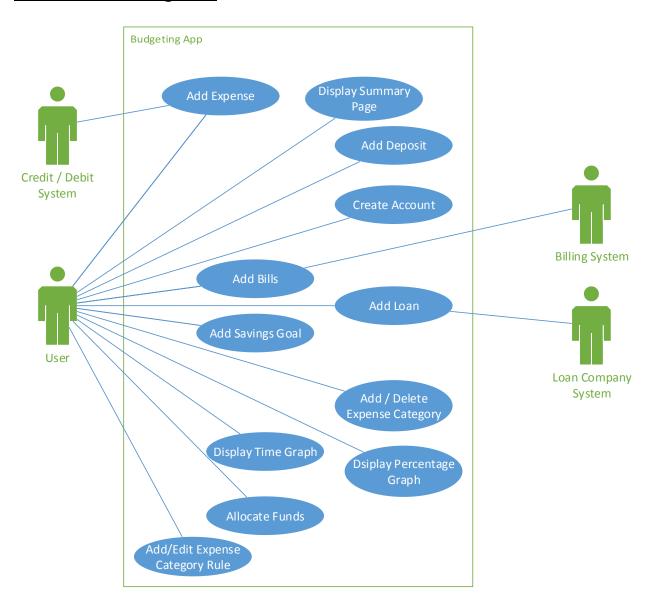
UML Use Case Model

Use Case Diagram



Use Case 1: Create Account

Scope: Budgeting Application

Level: user goal

Primary Actor: User

Stakeholders and Interests:

• User: Wants to create an account for initial use of the application.

Preconditions: User has opened the application or gone to the web URL.

Success Guarantee: User account is saved and user may begin utilizing other features of the

software.

Basic Flow:

1. User presses "Create Account" button.

- 2. On the following page, user fills out the form with name, email, and desired password.
- 3. System checks to see if email has not already been used.
- 4. Account has been created and saved, and user is taken to Summary Page.

Alternative Flow:

- 1. User presses "Create Account" button.
- 2. On the following page, user fills out the form with name, email, and desired password.
- System finds that the given email has already been used.
- 4. User is notified that the email entered is already in use, and to enter a different one.
- 5. User enters a new email.
- 6. System checks and verifies it has not been used.
- 7. Account has been created and saved, and user is taken to Summary Page.

Frequency of Occurrence: Once per user

Use Case 2: Add Expense

Scope: SmartChart Level: user goal

Primary Actor: User

Stakeholders and Interests:

• User: wants to accurately and conveniently record any expense made.

Preconditions: User is logged in to the application.

Success Guarantee: Expense has been recorded and accurately deducted from account total and category total, and these values are updated to reflect the change.

Basic Flow:

- 1. User presses "Add Expense" button from the Summary Page.
- 2. User enters price and chooses category from a drop-down list.
- 3. Once user hits "OK," they are taken back to the summary page with totals updated.

Frequency of Occurrence: Varies.

Use Case 3: Add Deposit

Scope: SmartChart Level: user goal

Primary Actor: User

Stakeholders and Interests:

• User: wants to accurately and conveniently record any deposit made.

Preconditions: User is logged in to the application.

Success Guarantee: Deposit has been recorded and totals have been updated accurately.

Basic Flow:

- 1. User presses "Add Deposit" button from the Summary Page.
- 2. User enters total value of the deposit and hits "OK."
- 3. System adds deposit information to database.
- 4. Summary Page is loaded with updated totals.

Alternate Flow (allocate funds):

- 1. User presses "Add Deposit" button from the Summary Page.
- 2. User enters total value of the deposit and hits "OK."
- 3. System uses allocation rules to apply funds to categories
- 4. System adds deposit information to database.
- 5. Summary Page is loaded with updated totals.

Frequency of Occurrence: Varies, typically once a week or less often.

Use Case 4: Display Dashboard

Scope: SmartChart Level: user goal

Primary Actor: User

Stakeholders and Interests:

• User: wants an accurate representation of finance summary and recent activity.

Preconditions: User is logged in to the application.

Success Guarantee: Summary information is displayed accurately.

Basic Flow:

1. User clicks on dashboard link from menu bar.

- 2. System pulls information from database to make sure all information is current.
- 3. Summary Page is loaded with accurate totals and graphs.

Frequency of Occurrence: Very often, as this is the homepage of the application.

Use case 5: Add Bill

Scope: SmartChart Level: user goal Primary Actor: User

Stakeholders and Interests:

 User: wants to record reoccurring bills and rely on the application to schedule them correctly.

Preconditions: User is logged in to the application.

Success Guarantee: Bill has been recorded and accurately scheduled to be deducted on the correct date.

Basic Flow:

- 1. User clicks the Bills link from dashboard and is taken to the Bills page.
- 2. User clicks "Add Bill" button.
- 3. User inputs name of bill, amount, start date, and frequency of occurrence.
- 4. System adds this information to the database.
- 5. Bills page is updated with new information.

Alternate Flow:

- 1. User clicks the Bills link from dashboard and is taken to the Bills page.
- 2. User clicks "Add Bill" button.
- 3. User inputs name of bill, amount, start date, and frequency of occurrence.

- 4. One or more fields is empty or invalid, and system alerts user to enter valid information.
 - 5. Once all entries are validated, Bills page is updated with new information.

Frequency of Occurrence: Varies, seldom after initial bills are created.

Use Case 6: Add Loan

Scope: SmartChart Level: user goal

Primary Actor: User

Stakeholders and Interests:

• User: wants to record loans and rely on the application to schedule payments correctly.

Preconditions: User is logged in to the application.

Success Guarantee: Loan has been recorded and accurately scheduled to be deducted on the correct date.

Basic Flow:

- 1. User clicks the Loans link from dashboard and is taken to the loans page.
- 2. User clicks "Add Loan" button.
- 3. User inputs name of loan, amount, start date, end date, interest rate, and frequency of payment.
 - 4. System calculates monthly payment and adds loan information to the database.
 - 5. Loans page is updated with new information.

Alternate Flow (calculate end date):

- 1. User clicks the Loans link from dashboard and is taken to the loans page.
- 2. User clicks "Add Loan" button.
- 3. User inputs name of loan, amount, start date, interest rate, and desired monthly payment.
 - 4. System calculates end date and adds loan information to database.
 - 5. Once all entries are validated, Loans page is updated with new information.

Invalid input:

- 1. User clicks the Loans link from dashboard and is taken to the loans page.
- 2. User clicks "Add Loan" button.
- 3. User fails to input either name of loan, amount, start date, interest rate, and either end date or monthly payment.
 - 4. System alerts user which entries are invalid.

- 5. User re-enters data.
- 6. Once all entries are validated, system calculates either end date or monthly payment and saves loan to database.
 - 7. Loans page is updated with current information.

Frequency of occurrence: Seldom, only once per loan.

Use Case 7: Add Savings Goal

Scope: SmartChart Level: user goal

Primary Actor: User

Stakeholders and Interests:

 User: wants to record savings goal and rely on the application to schedule contributions correctly.

Preconditions: User is logged in to the application.

Success Guarantee: Savings goal has been recorded and accurately scheduled to be contributed to as the user specifies.

Basic Flow:

- 1. User clicks the Savings link from dashboard and is taken to the savings page.
- 2. User clicks "Add Savings Goal" button.
- 3. User inputs name of goal, start date, amount of each contribution, and optionally: target amount, end date, interest rate, and frequency of contribution.
- 4. System calculates any missing information and adds saving information to the database.
 - 5. Savings page is updated with new information.

Alternate Flow:

- 6. User clicks the Savings link from dashboard and is taken to the savings page.
- 7. User clicks "Add Savings Goal" button.
- 8. User fails to input one of the required fields.
- 9. System alerts user that one or more entries are invalid.
- 10. User re-enters information.
- 11. Once entries are validated, system calculates end date and adds loan information to database.
 - 12. Once all entries are validated, savings page is updated with new information.

Frequency of occurrence: Occasionally, not very frequent.

Use Case 8: Add / Delete Expense Category

Scope: SmartChart Level: user goal

Primary Actor: User

Stakeholders and Interests:

User: wants to edit expense categories quickly and conveniently.

Preconditions: User is logged in to the application.

Success Guarantee: Expense categories are updated and accurately displayed.

Basic Flow:

- 1. User clicks "Add / delete expense categories" button from the Summary Page.
- 2. System displays category page with current categories listed.
- 3. User clicks "Add Category" button.
- 4. System prompts user to input category name
- 5. Category is added to database
- 6. Category page is loaded with updated categories.

Alternate Flow (delete):

- 1. User clicks "Add / delete expense categories" button from the summary page.
- 6. System displays category page with categories listed.
- 7. User checks the box next to one or more categories, then hits the delete button.
- 8. System updates database.
- 9. Category page is updated with selected categories removed.

Frequency of Occurrence: Occasionally.

Use Case 9: Allocate Funds

Scope: SmartChart Level: user goal

Primary Actor: User

Stakeholders and Interests:

• User: wants to automate where deposits are allocated.

Preconditions: User is logged in to the application.

Success Guarantee: Category allocations are updated and accurately displayed.

Basic Flow:

1. User clicks "Allocate Funds" button from the Summary Page.

- 2. System displays settings page with current categories listed with text boxes beside them.
- 3. User edits text boxes with either percentages or flat amounts.
- 4. User hits "commit" button and system checks percentage values.
- 5. System saves values to database.

Alternate Flow:

- 1. User clicks "Allocate Funds" button from the Summary Page.
- 2. System displays settings page with current categories listed with text boxes beside them.
- 3. User edits text boxes with either percentages or flat amounts.
- 4. User hits "commit" button and system checks percentage values.
- 5. If percentage total exceeds 100, user is prompted to check values again.
- 6. When a valid total is produced, values are saved to database.

Frequency of Occurrence: Occasionally.

Use Case 10: Add/Edit Expense Category Rule

Scope: SmartChart Level: user goal

Primary Actor: User

Stakeholders and Interests:

• User: wants to give priorities to certain categories

Preconditions: User is logged in to the application, on the category page.

Success Guarantee: Any changes made on the page are updated accurately.

Basic Flow:

1. User clicks "Rules" button from the Category Page.

- 2. System displays settings page with current categories listed.
- 3. User assigns ranks to specified categories.
- 4. User hits "commit" button and system checks values.
- 5. System saves values to the database.

Alternate Flow:

- 1. User clicks "Rules" button from the Category Page.
- 2. System displays settings page with current categories listed.
- 3. User assigns ranks to specified categories.
- 4. User hits "commit" button and system checks values.
- 5. One or more category has been given the same rank, and user is notified.
- 5. Once all categories each have unique ranks (or no rank), system saves values to the database.

Frequency of Occurrence: Occasionally.

Use Case 11: Display Time Graph

Scope: SmartChart Level: user goal

Primary Actor: User

Stakeholders and Interests:

• User: wants a visual representation of spending / saving over time

Preconditions: User is logged in to the application.

Success Guarantee: A line graph of the given time frame is accurately displayed.

Basic Flow:

1. User clicks on "Graphs" button on summary page.

- 2. User selects "Running total" graph and enters parameters such as start and end date, interval, and category, if applicable.
- 3. When user hits "submit," system grabs information from the database and a line graph is displayed given the specified information.

Alternative Flow:

- 1. User clicks on "Graphs" button on summary page.
- 2. User selects "Running total" graph and enters parameters such as start and end date, interval, and category, if applicable.
- 3a. When user hits "submit," system checks and notifies user that the specified category did not exist during the given time frame.
- 3b. When user hits "submit", system checks and notifies user that one of the information fields is empty or invalid.
- 4. When all information is valid, system pulls data from database and displays a line graph using the given parameters.

Frequency of Occurrence: As often as user wants to see the graph.

Use Case 12: Display Percentage Graph

Scope: SmartChart Level: user goal

Primary Actor: User

Stakeholders and Interests:

• User: wants a visual representation of spending in each category.

Preconditions: User is logged in to the application.

Success Guarantee: A pie chart of the given categories is accurately displayed.

Basic Flow:

1. User clicks on "Graphs" button on summary page.

- 2. User selects "Spending Breakdown" graph and enters parameters such as start date, end date, and which categories to include if applicable.
- 3. When user hits "submit," system grabs information from the database and a pie chart is displayed given the specified information.

Alternative Flow:

- 1. User clicks on "Graphs" button on summary page.
- 2. User selects "Spending Breakdown" graph and enters parameters such as start date, end date, and which categories to use, if applicable.
- 3. When user hits "submit", system checks and notifies user that one or more information fields is empty or invalid.
- 4. When all information is valid, system pulls data from database and displays a line graph using the given parameters.

Frequency of Occurrence: As often as user wants to see the graph.