

1. The following code is the main method we want to run, and the following result is the corresponding console output. Declare the **Rectangle** class for this main method.

```
public static void main(String args[]) {  
    Rectangle r = new Rectangle(2, 2, 8, 7);  
    Rectangle s = new Rectangle(5, 5, 6, 6);  
    Rectangle t = new Rectangle(1, 1, 10, 10);  
  
    r.show();  
    System.out.println("Area of s is " + s.square());  
    if(t.contains(r)) System.out.println("t contains r.");  
    if(t.contains(s)) System.out.println("t contains s.");  
}
```

Figure 1: Main method for Problem 1

```
A rectangle with 8x7 at (2,2)  
Area of s is 36.  
t contains r.
```

Figure 2: Console window for Problem 1

2. The class **Day**, which represents a day's to-do list, is as follows. Write a class **MonthSchedule** to represent a month's to-do. Create an array of Day objects, a constructor, and the input(), view(), finish(), and run() methods in the MonthSchedule class, and the main function performs only these two commands.

- MonthSchedule april = new MonthSchedule(30);
- april.run();

```
public class Day {  
    String work;  
    void set(String work) { this.work = work; }  
    String get() { return work; }  
    void show() {  
        if(work == null) System.out.println("Nothing.");  
        else System.out.println("There is [" + work + "]);  
    }  
}
```

Figure 3: Day class for Problem 2

This is a schedule management program for this month.

Command(Insert: 1, Show: 2, Quit: 3) >> 1

Date(1-30)? 17

Do list (without space)? Studying

Command(Insert: 1, Show: 2, Quit: 3) >> 2

Date(1-30)? 17

There is [Studying] on the 17th.

Command(Insert: 1, Show: 2, Quit: 3) >> 3

This is the end of the program.

Figure 4: Console window for Problem 1