FUSION

(<u>Family-level Unique Small RNA Integration</u>) Version 1.0.1

User Manual

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1. Introduction

FUSION (Family-level Unique Small RNA Integration) is a computational tool for

detecting sncRNA family-level abundance across samples from expression matrix of

unique sncRNA species using R packages. First, it quantifies unique sncRNA species

and then aggregates them into their respective parental RNA families. This family-level

integration captures the contributions of individual sncRNA species while enhancing

statistical power and robustness for differential abundance analysis. Two modules,

FUSION ms and FUSION ps, are proposed in the FUSION framework. By effectively

reducing noise and amplifying collective signals from unique sncRNA species,

FUSION ms enables reliable detection of sncRNA family-level abundance changes even

when sample size is limited. In comparison, FUSION ps is powered by paired-sample

analysis, which enables "1-on-1" sncRNA differential aundance analysis and is optimized

for single-case research setting as well.

2. Installation and usage

FUSION is a package written for the R computing environment; therefore, first install R

and Rstudio (https://rstudio.com).

2.1. Pre-requisites:

Rtools, R packages (read.delim (from utilis), use package (from usethis), Im,

p.adjust and wilcox.test (from stats))

2.2. Installation:

To install it directly from GitHub:

remotes::install_github("cozyrna/FUSION")

Or, using the downloaded R package:

2

Download FUSION_*.tar.gz file

Open Rstudio or R and type as below:

```
install.packages("~/FUSION *.tar.gz", repos = NULL, type = "source")
```

2.3. Running FUSION:

After installing the package FUSION, call the library as:

```
library(FUSION)
```

There are three functions in this package:

FUSION_ps - Differential abundance analysis of sncRNA families in paired data samples using expression matrix

FUSION_ms - Differential abundance analysis of sncRNA families in multiple samples data using expression matrix

FUSION_msmc - Differential abundance analysis of sncRNA families in multiple samples data with multiple conditions using expression matrix

Ask help for the description and help menus of each of these functions :

```
?FUSION_ps
?FUSION_ms
?FUSION_msmc
```

2.3.1. FUSION_ps:

Differential abundance analysis of sncRNA families in paired data samples using expression matrix. It will return, for each pair in the input matrix, an output data-frame with w_positive, w_negative, P-value, and adjusted P-value for each sncRNA family chosen for the analysis.

Inputs:

a: A matrix file where the first column is "Sequence" (or ID) and the second column is "Annotation". The Sequence (or ID) must be unique. The rest of the columns contains RPM or other normalized expression values from different samples under study, such as first half of the columns corresponds to the samples from Condition1 (e.g., control or healthy tissue) and the second half of the columns correspond to the samples from Condition2 (e.g., treated or infected tissue)

There are multiple example files available in the folder "/home/..../R/.../FUSION/extdata/" that can be referenced for proper formatting and structure of the input matrix (a):

example_matrix_p1.txt: This matrix file comprises 5 pairs of samples. The first 5 columns (Healthy_1, Healthy_2, Healthy_3, Healthy_4, Healthy_5) represent the expression values for samples from Condition1 (e.g., Healthy), and the last 5 columns (Infected_1, Infected_2, Infected_3, Infected_4, Infected_5) represent the expression values for samples from Condition2 (e.g., Infected).

example_matrix_p2.txt: This matrix file comprises 10 pairs of samples. The first 10 columns (Control_1, Control_2, ..., Control_10) represent the expression values for samples from Condition1 (e.g., Control), and the last

10 columns (Treated_1, Treated_2, ..., Treated_10) represent the expression values for samples from Condition2 (e.g., Treated).

example_matrix_p3.txt: This matrix file comprises 4 pairs of samples. The first 4 columns (Sample_1, Sample_2, Sample_3, Sample_4) represent the expression values for samples from Condition1, and the last 4 columns (Sample_5, Sample_6, Sample_7, Sample_8) represent the expression values for samples from Condition2.

example_matrix_p4.txt: This matrix file comprises 5 pairs of samples, with the samples are arranged in pairs of columns. The first pair consists of Healthy_1 and Infected_1, followed by the second pair Healthy_2 and Infected_2, and so on, with each subsequent pair representing a sample from Condition1 (e.g., Healthy) and its corresponding sample from Condition2 (e.g., Infected).

order: Use either G or P to specify the order of paired samples in the input matrix.

G: Samples are in Group order (i.e., all samples from Condition1 followed by all samples from Condition2). Refer to the file 'example_matrix_p1.txt' for this format.

P: Samples are in Pairs order (where each pair consists of one sample from Condition1 and one from Condition2). Refer to the file 'example_matrix_p4.txt' for this format.

By default, the order is considered as Group (G).

row_mean: This parameter specifies the mean RPM (default value is **0.1**) threshold used to retain the sncRNA species (rows) in the matrix. Rows with a mean RPM value below the specified threshold will be excluded from the analysis.

sncrna_family: This parameter specifies the list of sncRNA families to be analyzed in the abundance analysis study. Use the following options:

- "tsrna" for tsRNAs (transfer RNA-derived small RNAs),
- "rsrna" for rsRNAs (ribosomal RNA-derived small RNAs),
- "ysrna" for ysRNAs (Y RNA-derived small RNAs),
- "mirna" for miRNAs (microRNAs),
- "other" for a combination of pRNA, snRNA, and snoRNA.

For all families, you can use any letter or number, e.g., "a", "b", "c", 1, 2, 3. By default (i.e., if no option is specified), it will search and analyze for tryRNAs (tsRNAs, rsRNAs, and ysRNAs).

padj_method: This parameter specifies the adjustment method for correcting *P*-values. You can choose from the following options:

- "bonferroni" for the Bonferroni correction method,
- "BH" for the Benjamini & Hochberg method.

By default (i.e., if no option isspecified), the Bonferroni correction will applied.

unique_anno: This parameter specifies whether to filter (TRUE) or not (FALSE) the input matrix to consider only uniquely mapped reads (sncRNA species), meaning only the sncRNA species that map to a single parent RNA. By default, it is FALSE (i.e., all relevant sncRNA species in the matrix are considered, irrespective of whether they map to a single or multiple parent RNAs).

Note: If you want to save the terminal/console output to a file, use sink() command.

```
e.g., options(max.print = 1e6);
sink("~/output.txt");
FUSION_ps(a = "./extdata/example_matrix_p1.txt"); sink()
```

Example runs:

Note: After installation, one can find the example files in "../FUSION/extdata/".

If want to run examples straight as in the Help documentation, it is necessary to first set working directory to the base folder of the installed package FUSION. Such as : setwd("/home/..../R/.../FUSION/").

Or, simply provide the exact path of the appropriate example matrix files.

To run on your own matrix file, provide the full path as :

FUSION(a = "/path/to/your_matrix.txt")

Example 1:

FUSION ps(a = "./extdata/example matrix p1.txt")

Run differential abundance analysis on example_matrix_p1.txt (5 pairs of samples) at default row_mean threshold (i.e., 0.1) for sncRNA families (tsRNAs, rsRNAs and ysRNAs) (default).

Example 2:

FUSION_ps(a = "./extdata/example_matrix_p1.txt", padj_method = "BH")

Run differential abundance analysis on example_matrix_p1.txt (5 pairs of samples) at default row_mean threshold (i.e., 0.1) for sncRNA families (tsRNAs, rsRNAs and ysRNAs) (default) using BH (Benjamini & Hochberg) method for correcting or adjusting p-values.

Example 3:

FUSION_ps(a = "./extdata/example_matrix_p1.txt", row_mean = 0.5)

Run differential abundance analysis on example_matrix_p1.txt (5 pairs of samples) at row_mean threshold of 0.5 for sncRNA families (tsRNAs, rsRNAs and ysRNAs) (default).

Example 4:

FUSION ps(a = "./extdata/example matrix p2.txt", sncrna family = "a")

Run differential abundance analysis on example_matrix_p2.txt (10 pairs of samples) at default row_mean threshold (i.e., 0.1) for all sncRNA families.

Example 5:

FUSION ps(a = "./extdata/example matrix p2.txt", sncrna family = 0)

Run differential abundance analysis on example_matrix_p2.txt (10 pairs of samples) at default row_mean threshold (i.e., 0.1) for all sncRNA families;

Example 6:

FUSION ps(a = "./extdata/example matrix p2.txt", sncrna family = "mirna")

Run differential abundance analysis on example_matrix_p2.txt (10 pairs of samples) at default row mean threshold (i.e., 0.1) for miRNA families.

Example 7:

FUSION_ps(a = "./extdata/example_matrix_p3.txt", row_mean = 0.5, sncrna family = "tsrna")

Run differential abundance analysis on example_matrix_p2.txt (4 pairs of samples) at row mean threshold of 0.5 for tsRNA families.

Example 8:

FUSION_ps(a = "./extdata/example_matrix_p3.txt", row_mean = 0.1, sncrna family = "ysrna")

Run differential abundance analysis on example_matrix_p2.txt (4 pairs of samples) at row_mean threshold of 0.1 for for ysRNA families.

Example 9:

FUSION ps(a = "./extdata/example matrix p3.txt", sncrna family = "other")

Run differential abundance analysis on example_matrix_p2.txt (4 pairs of samples) at default row_mean threshold (i.e., 0.1) for other (pRNA,snRNA and snoRNA) sncRNA families.

Example 10:

```
FUSION_ps(a = "./extdata/example_matrix_p4.txt", unique_anno = TRUE), order = "P"
```

Run differential abundance analysis on example_matrix_p4.txt (5 pairs of samples) considering only uniquely mapped reads (sncRNA species that map to a single parent RNA) at default row_mean threshold (i.e., 0.1) for sncRNA families (tsRNAs, rsRNAs and ysRNAs) (default) and samples are arranged in as pairs of columns.

2.3.2. FUSION_ms:

Differential abundance analysis of sncRNA families in multiple samples data using expression matrix. It will return a final output in a data-frame with t-statistics, *P*-value, and adjusted *P*-value for each sncRNA family chosen for the analysis.

Inputs:

a: A matrix file where the first column is "Sequence" (or ID) and the second column is "Annotation". The Sequence (or ID) must be unique. The rest of the columns contain RPM or other normalized expression values from different samples under study, such as first set of the columns (S1) corresponds to the samples from Condition1 (e.g., control or healthy tissue) and the second set of the columns (S2) correspond to the samples from Condition2 (e.g., treated or infected tissue)

S1: Number of samples from Condition1 (e.g., control or healthy tissue)

S2: Number of samples from Condition2 (e.g., treated or infected tissue)

There are multiple example files available in the folder "/home/..../R/.../FUSION/extdata/" that can be referenced for proper formatting and structure of the input matrix (a):

example_matrix1.txt: This matrix file contains a total of 26 samples, comprising 10 (S1) samples (Sample_1, Sample_2, Sample_3, ..., Sample_10) from Condition1, and 16 (S2) samples (Sample_17, Sample_18, Sample_19, ..., Sample_26) from Condition2

example_matrix2.txt : a matrix file with total 10 samples comprising 5 (S1) samples (Healthy_1, Healthy_2, Healthy_3, Healthy_4, Healthy_5) from Condition1 and 5 (S2) samples (Infected_1, Infected_2, Infected_3, Infected_4, Infected_5) from Condition2

example_matrix3.txt : a matrix file with total 18 samples comprising 10 (S1) samples (Control_1, Control_2, Control_3, ..., Control_10) from Condition1 and 8 (S2) samples (Treated_1, Treated_2, Treated_3, ..., Treated_8) from Condition2

row_mean: This parameter specifies the mean RPM (default value is **0.1**) threshold used to retain the sncRNA species (rows) in the matrix. Rows with a mean RPM value below the specified threshold will be excluded from the analysis.

sncrna_family: This parameter specifies the list of sncRNA families to be analyzed in the abundance analysis study. Use the following options:

- "tsrna" for tsRNAs (transfer RNA-derived small RNAs),
- "rsrna" for rsRNAs (ribosomal RNA-derived small RNAs),
- "ysrna" for ysRNAs (Y RNA-derived small RNAs),
- "mirna" for miRNAs (microRNAs),
- "other" for a combination of pRNA, snRNA, and snoRNA.

For all families, you can use any letter or number, e.g., "a","b", "c", 1, 2, 3. By default (i.e., if no option is specified), it will search and analyze for tryRNAs (tsRNAs, rsRNAs, and ysRNAs).

padj_method: This parameter specifies the adjustment method for correcting *P*-values. You can choose from the following options:

- "bonferroni" for the Bonferroni correction method,
- "BH" for the Benjamini & Hochberg method.

By default (i.e., if no option isspecified), the Bonferroni correction will applied.

top_species: This parameter specifies the number (default is 1000) of top species for each sncRNA family to be considered for analysis. It is useful for reducing the runtime of the analysis, especially for families (like rsma families) with a large number of species. If time is not a concern, higher values such as 5000, 10000, etc., can be used.

unique_anno: This parameter specifies whether to filter (TRUE) or not (FALSE) the input matrix to consider only uniquely mapped reads (sncRNA species), meaning only the sncRNA species that map to a single parent RNA. By default, it is FALSE (i.e., all relevant sncRNA species in the matrix are considered, irrespective of whether they map to a single or multiple parent RNAs).

Example runs:

Note: After installation, one can find the example files in "../FUSION/extdata/".

If want to run examples straight as in the Help documentation, it is necessary to first set working directory to the base folder of the installed package FUSION. Such as : setwd("/home/..../R/.../FUSION/").

Or, simply provide the exact path of the appropriate example matrix files.

To run on your own matrix file, provide the full path as:

FUSION(a = "/path/to/your_matrix.txt")

Example 1:

```
FUSION_ms(a = "./extdata/example_matrix1.txt", S1 = 10, S2 = 16, row mean = 1, top species = 5000)
```

Run differential abundance analysis on example_matrix1.txt with 10 healthy samples (S1) and 16 patients (S2) at row_mean threshold of 1 for 5000 top_species for sncRNA families (tsRNAs, rsRNAs and ysRNAs) (default).

Example 2:

```
FUSION ms(a = "./extdata/example matrix1.txt", S1 = 10, S2 = 16)
```

Run differential abundance analysis on example_matrix1.txt with 10 samples from Condition1 (S1) and 16 samples from Condition2 (S2) at default row_mean (i.e., 0.1) and top_species (i.e., 1000) threshold for sncRNA families (tsRNAs, rsRNAs and ysRNAs) (default).

Example 3:

```
FUSION_ms(a = "./extdata/example_matrix1.txt", S1 = 10, S2 = 16, padj method = "BH")
```

Run differential abundance analysis on example_matrix1.txt with 10 samples from Condition1 (S1) and 16 samples from Condition2 (S2) at default row_mean (i.e., 0.1) and top_species (i.e., 1000) threshold for sncRNA families (tsRNAs, rsRNAs and ysRNAs) (default) using BH (Benjamini & Hochberg) method for correcting or adjusting p-values.

Example 4:

```
FUSION_ms(a = "./extdata/example_matrix1.txt", S1 = 10, S2 = 16, sncrna family = "a")
```

Run differential abundance analysis on example_matrix1.txt with 10 samples from Condition1 (S1) and 16 samples from Condition2 (S2) at default row_mean threshold (i.e., 0.1) and top_species (i.e., 1000) for all sncRNA families.

Example 5:

```
FUSION_ms(a = "./extdata/example_matrix2.txt", S1 = 5, S2 = 5, sncrna family = 0)
```

Run differential abundance analysis on example_matrix2.txt with 5 healthy samples (S1) and 5 patients (S2) at default row_mean threshold (i.e., 0.1) and top_species (i.e., 1000) for all sncRNA families;

Example 6:

```
FUSION_ms(a = "./extdata/example_matrix2.txt", S1 = 5, S2 = 5, sncrna family = "mirna", top species = 1000)
```

Run differential abundance analysis on example_matrix2.txt with 5 samples from Condition1 (S1) and 5 samples from Condition2 (S2) at default row_mean threshold (i.e., 0.1) for 1000 top_species for miRNA families.

Example 7:

```
FUSION_ms(a = "./extdata/example_matrix2.txt", S1 = 5, S2 = 5, row_mean = 10, top_species = 2000, sncrna_family = "rsrna")
```

Run differential abundance analysis on example_matrix2.txt with 5 samples from Condition1 (S1) and 5 samples from Condition2 (S2) at row mean threshold of 10 for 2000 top species for rsRNA families.

Example 8:

```
FUSION_ms(a = "./extdata/example_matrix3.txt", S1 = 10, S2 = 8, row mean = 10, sncrna family = "tsrna")
```

Run differential abundance analysis on example_matrix3.txt with 10 control samples (S1) and 8 treated samples (S2) at row_mean threshold of 10 for default (i.e., 1000) top species for tsRNA families.

Example 9:

```
FUSION_ms(a = "./extdata/example_matrix3.txt", S1 = 10, S2 = 8, row_mean = 0.1, sncrna_family = "ysrna")
```

Run differential abundance analysis on example_matrix3.txt with 10 samples from Condition1 (S1) and 8 samples from Condition2 (S2) at row_mean threshold of 0.1 for default (i.e., 1000) top_species for ysRNA families.

Example 10:

```
FUSION_ms(a = "./extdata/example_matrix3.txt", S1 = 10, S2 = 8, top_species = 100, sncrna_family = "other", unique_anno = TRUE)
```

Run differential abundance analysis on example_matrix3.txt with 10 samples from Condition1 (S1) and 8 samples from Condition2 (S2) considering only uniquely mapped reads (sncRNA species that map to a single parent RNA) at default row_mean threshold (i.e., 0.1) for 100 top species for other (pRNA, snRNA and snoRNA) sncRNA families.

2.3.3. FUSION msmc:

Differential abundance analysis of sncRNA families in multiple samples data with multiple conditions using expression matrix. It will return a final output in a data-frame with t-statistics, *P*-value, and adjusted *P*-value for each sncRNA family chosen for the analysis.

Inputs:

a: A matrix file where the first column is "Sequence" (or ID) and the second column is "Annotation". The Sequence (or ID) must be unique. The rest of

the columns contain RPM or other normalized expression values from different samples under study.

cl: a file that contains multiple sample conditions in a comma-separated format. For example, if there are 3 different conditions with 6 samples each, the file would contains the input: 1,1,1,1,1,2,2,2,2,2,2,3,3,3,3,3,3.

Each number represents a sample's corresponding condition.

There are multiple example files available in the folder "/home/..../R/.../FUSION/extdata/" that can be referenced for proper formatting and structure of the input matrix (a):

Example files for running FUSION_msmc: There are examples files in the folder: "/home/..../R/.../FUSION/extdata/" that can be referenced for proper formatting and structure of the input matrix (a) and condition specifying file (cl):

example matrix cl.txt: a matrix file with total 18 samples

example_condition1.txt: a file specifying three conditions as 1,1,1,1,1,2,2,2,2,2,2,3,3,3,3,3 i.e., a comma separated format showing 3 different conditions with 6 samples each

example_condition2.txt: a file specifying four conditions as 1,1,1,1,1,2,2,2,2,2,3,3,3,3,3,4,4,4 i.e., a comma separated format showing 4 different conditions with condition 1, 2, and 3 having five samples each, while last three samples are representing the condition 4.

Note: one can specify the condition in any order depending on the order of the samples in the matrix, such as : "2,2,2,1,1,1,3,3,3" or "1,2,1,2,1,2,1,2" or "1,1,1,2,2,2,1,1,1,3,3,3"

row_mean: This parameter specifies the mean RPM (default value is **0.1**) threshold used to retain the sncRNA species (rows) in the matrix. Rows with a mean RPM value below the specified threshold will be excluded from the analysis.

sncrna_family: This parameter specifies the list of sncRNA families to be analyzed in the abundance analysis study. Use the following options:

- "tsrna" for tsRNAs (transfer RNA-derived small RNAs),
- "rsrna" for rsRNAs (ribosomal RNA-derived small RNAs),
- "ysrna" for ysRNAs (Y RNA-derived small RNAs),
- "mirna" for miRNAs (microRNAs),
- "other" for a combination of pRNA, snRNA, and snoRNA.

For all families, you can use any letter or number, e.g., "a", "b", "c", 1, 2, 3. By default (i.e., if no option is specified), it will search and analyze for tryRNAs (tsRNAs, rsRNAs, and ysRNAs).

padj_method: This parameter specifies the adjustment method for correcting *P*-values. You can choose from the following options:

- "bonferroni" for the Bonferroni correction method.
- "BH" for the Benjamini & Hochberg method.

By default (i.e., if no option isspecified), the Bonferroni correction will applied.

top_species: This parameter specifies the number (default is 1000) of top species for each sncRNA family to be considered for analysis. It is useful for reducing the runtime of the analysis, especially for families (like rsma families) with a large number of species. If time is not a concern, higher values such as 5000, 10000, etc., can be used.

unique_anno: This parameter specifies whether to filter (TRUE) or not (FALSE) the input matrix to consider only uniquely mapped reads (sncRNA

species), meaning only the sncRNA species that map to a single parent RNA. By default, it is FALSE (i.e., all relevant sncRNA species in the matrix are considered, irrespective of whether they map to a single or multiple parent RNAs).

Example runs:

Note: After installation, one can find the example files in "../FUSION/extdata/".

If want to run examples straight as in the Help documentation, it is necessary to first set working directory to the base folder of the installed package FUSION. Such as : setwd("/home/..../R/.../FUSION/").

Or, simply provide the exact path of the appropriate example matrix files.

To run on your own matrix file, provide the full path as:

FUSION(a = "/path/to/your matrix.txt")

Example 1:

```
FUSION_msmc(a = "./extdata/example_matrix_cl.txt", cl = "./extdata/example condition1.txt", row mean = 1, top species = 5000)
```

Run differential abundance analysis on example_matrix_cl.txt with 18 samples as per the conditions specified (i.e., 3 different conditions with 6 samples each) in example_condition1.txt at row_mean threshold of 1 for 5000 top_species for sncRNA families (tsRNAs, rsRNAs and ysRNAs) (default).

Example 2:

```
FUSION_msmc(a = "./extdata/example_matrix_cl.txt", cl = "./extdata/example_condition2.txt", row_mean = 1, top_species = 5000)
```

Run differential abundance analysis on example_matrix_cl.txt with 18 samples as per the conditions specified (i.e., 4 different conditions with

condition 1, 2, and 3 having five samples each, while last three samples are representing the condition 4) in example_condition2.txt at row_mean threshold of 1 for 5000 top_species for sncRNA families (tsRNAs, rsRNAs and ysRNAs) (default).

Example 3 (This example is same as the Example 8 for FUSION_ms):

FUSION_msmc(a = "./extdata/example_matrix_cl.txt", cl = "./extdata/example_condition3.txt", row_mean = 10, sncrna_family = "tsrna")

Run differential abundance analysis on example_matrix_cl.txt with 18 samples as per the conditions specified (i.e., 2 different conditions with condition 1, and 2 having 10 and 8 samples, respectively in the example_condition3.txt at row_mean threshold of 10 for default (1000) top_species for tsRNA families.

3. Understanding output

Sample output files in the "extdata" folder:

- FUSION_ms_sample_output.txt
- FUSION_ps_sample_output.txt

FUSION ms and FUSION msmc:

The generated output file (**FUSION_ms_sample_output.txt**) contains four columns:

- 1. sncrna_family
- 2. t (t-statistic)
- 3. p (*P*-value)
- 4. adjusted_p (Adjusted *P*-value)

In this output:

• The magnitude of the differential abundance of the given sncRNA family (sncrna_family) is represented by the *t*-statistic (t).

• The significance of this differential abundance can be evaluated using the *P*-value (p) and the adjusted *P*-value (adjusted_p).

FUSION_ps:

The generated output file (FUSION_ps_sample_output.txt) contains six columns:

- 1. Pair (Paired sample identifiers, e.g., Pair_1 (for sample s_1 and s_2))
- 2. sncrna_family
- 3. w pos (Positive-rank sum)
- 4. w_neg (Negative-rank sum
- 5. p (*P*-value)
- 6. adjusted p (Adjusted *P*-value)

In this output:

- The significance of the differential abundance of the given sncRNA family (sncrna_family) between the paired samples (*i.e.*, s_1 and s_2) (Pair_1) can be evaluated using the *P*-value (P) and the adjusted *P*-value (adjusted_p).
- The positive-rank sum (w_pos) and negative-rank sum (w_neg) help determine the direction of dysregulation between the two samples:
 - If w_pos > w_neg, the given sncRNA family is upregulated in s_1 compared to s_2
 - If w_pos < w_neg, the given sncRNA family is downregulated in s_1 compared to s_2

Note: Outputs with all NAs for **w_pos**, **w_neg**, **p**, and **adjusted_p** (as shown below) indicate that the sncrna_family is present in the input matrix but **did not meet the** row_mean **threshold** (default = 0.1). These entries are therefore excluded from statistical testing.

Pair	sncrna_family	w_posw_negp		adjusted_p	
Pair_1	mature-tRNA-SeC-TCA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Pair_1	mature-tRNA-Val-AAC	NA	NA	NA	NA

4. Possible errors and solutions

There is a possibility that users may encounter errors if the input matrix does not adhere to the specified format. Additionally, errors may arise even when there are no sncRNA species for the mentioned sncrna_family with the specified threshold (row_mean). Below, we discuss some common errors users may face, along with their potential reasons and solutions for correction.

Solution: Ensure that the correct file path is provided for the input matrix file. Check that the file exists at the specified location and that you have provided the correct path for the parameter "a".

(ii) "Error: column numbers are not in pair in the matrix. Please check"

Solution: This error may occur when running FUSION_ps and indicates that a column is missing in the input matrix. Ensure that the matrix has the correct number of columns. The total number of columns must be even, and the first two columns should be reserved for Sequence (or ID) and Annotation. Double-check the matrix structure to make sure all required columns are present.

(iii) Warning: non-unique values when setting 'row.names': [... truncated]
 Error in `.rowNamesDF<-`(x, value = value) :
 duplicate 'row.names' are not allowed
 Called from: `.rowNamesDF<-`(x, value = value)</pre>

Solution: This error occurs when the first column (Sequence or ID) contains duplicate values. The Sequence (or ID) must be unique for each entry. Check the first column of your input matrix and remove any duplicate values to resolve this issue.

(iv) Error in rowMeans(e) : 'x' must be numeric Called from: rowMeans(e)

Solution: This error occurs when there are non-numeric values in the columns containing expression values for the samples. To resolve this, you can either:

- Remove the rows that contain non-numeric values, or
- Replace the non-numeric values with suitable numbers, such as 0, depending on the context of your analysis.
- (v) "Error: annotation cannot match the input data"

Solution: This error occurs when there are "NA" values in the columns for the expression values of the samples. To resolve this issue, you can either:

- Remove the rows containing "NA" values, or
- Replace the "NA" values with suitable numbers, such as 0, depending on your analysis needs.
- (vi) Error in wilcox.test.default(e1, e2, paired = T, exact = FALSE) :
 not enough (non-missing) 'x' observations
 Called from: wilcox.test.default(e1, e2, paired = T, exact = FALSE)

Solution: This error occurs when there are no sncRNA species for the specified sncrna_family that meet the given threshold (row_mean). To resolve this issue, you can:

- Try using more lenient thresholds, or
- Choose a different sncrna family that has sufficient data.
- (vii) "Error: column number doesn't match. Please correct the sample numbers."

Solution: This error may occur when running FUSION_ms or FUSION_msmc if the

values for S1 and S2 are not correctly specified in FUSION ms, or if the conditions in

the provided condition file (with the -cl option) do not correctly match the sample

columns in the input matrix file. To resolve this issue:

Verify that the input matrix has the correct number of columns. The total number of

columns must be S1 + S2 + 2, where:

• The first two columns must be for Sequence (or ID) and Annotation.

Double-check that the conditions in the condition file match the columns for S1 and

S2 in the matrix.

(viii) Error in `contrasts<-`(`*tmp*`, value = contr.funs[1 + isOF[nn]]):

contrasts can be applied only to factors with 2 or more levels

Called from: `contrasts<-`(`*tmp*`, value = contr.funs[1 + isOF[nn]])

Solution: This error may occur when running FUSION ms or FUSION msmc if there are

no sncRNA species for the specified sncrna family that meet the given threshold

(row mean). To resolve this issue, you can:

Try using more lenient thresholds, or

Choose a different sncrna family that has available data.

4. Contact Information

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