The L^2 geometry of the moduli space of vortices on the two-sphere in the dissolving limit

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Rene \longrightarrow

Vortices on the sphere

▶ Hermitian line bundle L over $\Sigma = (S^2, g_{\Sigma})$, degree n

$$E(\phi,A) = \frac{1}{2} \|\mathbf{d}_A \phi\|_{L^2}^2 + \frac{1}{2} \|F_A\|_{L^2}^2 + \frac{1}{8} \|\tau - |\phi|^2 \|_{L^2}^2$$

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▶ Bradlow bound: $\int_{\Sigma} (V2)$:

$$2\pi n = \frac{1}{2}\tau |\Sigma| - \frac{1}{2}||\phi||_{L^{2}}^{2}$$
$$||\phi||_{L^{2}}^{2} = \tau |\Sigma| - 4\pi n =: \varepsilon \ge 0$$

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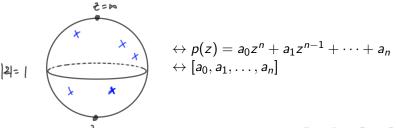
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- $\varepsilon > 0$: $[(\phi, A)]$ uniquely determined by **divisor** (ϕ)



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• Rescale: $g_{\varepsilon} := \varepsilon^{-1} g_{L^2}$

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- We're interested in opposite limit, $\varepsilon \to 0$: Baptista-Manton conjecture: $\lim_{\varepsilon \to 0} g_{\varepsilon} = \text{Fubini-Study metric}$

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$$\pi: S \to (\mathbb{P}(H^0(L)), g_{FS}), \qquad \widehat{\phi} \mapsto \{c\widehat{\phi}\}$$

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- ▶ "The" Fubini-Study metric: $g_0 := f^*g_{FS}$
- $lackbox{\sf Baptista-Manton}$ conjecture: $\lim_{arepsilon o 0}g_{arepsilon}=g_0$
- Surprising? Massive gain in symmetry

The theorem

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More precisely:

There exists C>0 such that, for all $v\in TM_n$ and all $\varepsilon\in(0,1)$

$$|g_{\varepsilon}(v,v)-g_0(v,v)|\leq C\varepsilon g_0(v,v)$$

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- ▶ Deform this to obtain true vortex with $(\phi) = D$:

$$(\phi, A) = (\sqrt{\varepsilon}\widehat{\phi}e^{u/2}, \widehat{A} - \frac{1}{2} * du)$$

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► Energy estimate, elliptic estimate, Sobolev ⇒

$$||u||_{C^0} \leq C\varepsilon$$
.

Vortices are uniformly well approximated by pseudovortices (for small ε)

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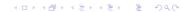
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- ▶ Now we need to estimate the *metric*

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Take a curve of vortex solutions

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- ► "SEE for $\Delta + \varepsilon |\widehat{\phi}|^2 e^u$ " $\Rightarrow \|\dot{u}\|_{H^2} \leq C\varepsilon \|\dot{\widehat{\phi}}\|_{L^2}$
- ▶ Good enough to bound $|g_{\varepsilon} g_0|$.



▶ Spectrum of Δ on (M, g)

$$0 = \lambda_0(g) < \lambda_1(g) \le \lambda_2(g) \le \lambda_3(g) \le \cdots$$

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- ightharpoonup Spectrum of M_n converges uniformly to spectrum of FS!
- ► Surprising this follows from only *C*⁰ convergence!

$$\Delta = -g^{ij} \left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x_i \partial x_j} + \Gamma^k_{ij} \frac{\partial}{\partial x_k} \right)$$

Open questions

▶ Urakawa-Bando (1983): for any finite dimensional subspace $V \subset C^{\infty}(M)$

$$\Lambda_g(V) := \sup \left\{ \frac{\|\mathrm{d} f\|_{L^2}^2}{\|f\|_{L^2}^2} : f \in V \setminus \{0\} \right\}.$$

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Corollary easily follows

Open questions

- ▶ Convergence of geodesics? Need $g_{\varepsilon} \rightarrow g_0$ in C^1
- ▶ Convergence of curvature? Need $g_{\varepsilon} \rightarrow g_0$ in C^2
- n-dependence of the bounds?
- ▶ Leading correction to g_0 ?
- ► Higher genus? Much more subtle (Manton, Romao)