# SOFTWARE TESTING PROJECT

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## **Application Introduction**

#### **Online Bookstore Application**

- A web-based platform to buy and sell books online.
- Customers can register, browse books, add to cart, and checkout.
- Admins can add, update, or remove books from inventory.
- Order receipts are tracked for users and admins.

## Technologies and Features

#### **Technologies Used**

- Java Servlets
- JSP (JavaServer Pages)
- JDBC + MySQL (Database)
- HTML, CSS (Front-end)

#### **Key Features**

- User Registration & Login
- Book Purchasing
- Cart Management & Checkout
- Admin Inventory Control

## Types of Testing Conducted

- Black-box Testing
- White-box Testing
- GUI Testing
- Load Testing
- Mock Testing

## Black-Box Testing

#### **Main Features Tested:**

- User Registration and Login
- Book Browsing
- Shopping Cart Operations
- Checkout Process
- Admin Functionality (Add/Remove Books)

## **Key Results**

#### **Test Results Summary:**

**Total Test Cases: 15** 

**Pass:** 14

Fail: 1 (Invalid Data in Registration caused server crash)

## Defect Highlight

**Defect Found:** 

#### **Registration with Invalid Data:**

Server crashes when alphabetic characters are entered in the phone field.

Missing proper input validation.

Needs exception handling for invalid inputs.

## White-Box Testing

#### **Main Features Tested:**

- Constant Testing (for com.bittercode.constant)
- Model Testing (for com.bittercode.model)
- Service Layer Testing (for com.bittercode.service.impl)
- Util Testing (com.bittercode.util)
- Servlets

### **Constant Testing**

Goal: Ensure all response codes and messages are defined correctly and retrievable.

#### **Tests Conducted:**

Getter validation for all codes and messages.

Lookup test for existing status code (e.g., 200 → SUCCESS).

Negative lookup test for non-existing status code (e.g., 999).

#### Results:

100% code coverage achieved.

All methods and branches tested.

No defects found.

## **Model Testing**

**Goal:** Test all model classes for correct data handling. Ensure getters, setters, constructors, and special methods work correctly.

#### Classes Tested:

Address, Book, Cart, User, UserRole, StoreException

#### **Model Testing Approach:**

**Getter/Setter Testing:** Verified correct data retrieval and assignment.

**Constructor Testing:** Checked both default and parameterized constructors.

**Special Logic Testing:** StoreException: Tested different constructor behaviors and setters.

User: Tested setting multiple roles.

Tools Used: JUnit 5

## Model Testing Results

#### **Test Results:**

Total Classes Tested: 6

Total Methods Tested: 58

Total Lines Covered: 109

• Code Coverage: 100% (Instructions, Methods, Classes)

## Service Layer Testing

#### Goal:

Test business logic of BookService and UserService.

Validate correct handling of database operations and session management.

Ensure proper exception handling and failure recovery.

#### **Services Tested:**

BookService

Add, Update, Delete, Fetch Books

UserService

Register, Login, Logout, Session Check

**Testing Approach:** Used **JUnit 5** and **Mockito** for unit testing and mocking.

Simulated both **happy paths** and **failure scenarios** (e.g., database connection failure, invalid inputs).

## Service Layer Testing Results

#### **Test Results:**

**BookService Tests:** CRUD operations and edge cases tested.

UserService Tests: User registration, login, duplicate checks, session management tested.

**Error Handling:** Forced SQLExceptions and negative flows were properly handled without crashing.

#### **Code Coverage Highlights:**

High method coverage across service classes.

Database errors, null handling, and session validations tested.

All major business functions passed tests successfully.

## **Util Testing**

#### **DatabaseConfig Testing**

**Goal:** Verify all database connection properties are loaded correctly from application.properties.

#### Challenges:

Full 100% code coverage was not possible without modifying the original file. The **static block** in DatabaseConfig executes **only once** when the class is loaded. Java does **not allow re-executing static blocks** during testing.

#### **Current Coverage:**

All static fields (DB\_HOST, DB\_PORT, DB\_NAME, etc.) were successfully validated. The **catch block** for IOException could not be re-triggered without corrupting configuration files.

## **Util Testing**

#### **DBUtil Testing**

**Goal:** Ensure database connection creation is correct and reliable.

#### Challenges:

**DBUtil** also uses a **static block** for initializing the database connection.

To force an error in the static block, the application.properties would have to be corrupted. Corrupting the file **breaks the application memory** and prevents dependent services (BookService, UserService) from working.

#### **Current Coverage:**

Tested getConnection() method for valid connection handling.

Exception paths inside the static block could not be tested without breaking the entire app.

## Servlet Testing Overview

#### **Purpose of Servlets in This Project**

- Servlets were used to handle user requests and control the flow of the online bookstore application.
- They manage important tasks like user login, adding and updating books, managing the shopping cart, and processing payments.
- Servlets allow the application to respond dynamically based on user actions and maintain session data like shopping cart contents and user authentication.
- They also handle errors in a centralized way, making the system more reliable and user-friendly.

#### **Challenge Faced During Testing**

- A defensive code check if (storeException != null) was logically unreachable.
- In Java, casting a non-null object cannot result in a null, making that branch impossible to hit through testing.
- We decided to leave that branch uncovered, to maintain clean, realistic code without unnecessary changes.

## Testing Results and Key Takeaways

#### What We Achieved

- All user roles (customer, seller, visitor) were fully tested.
- Session management, form input handling, and business rules were validated.
- Exception handling and error messaging were tested for both system and user-level errors.

#### **Key Testing Strategy**

- Designed tests for success flows, edge cases, and error conditions.
- Used Mockito and static mocking to simulate system behavior.
- Focused on realistic application behavior instead of blindly covering unreachable code.

# Load Testing

#### **Testflows:**

- 1. Admin
  - a. Login
  - b. Add/Update/Remove Books
- 2. User
  - a. Login/Register/Add book to cart/Purchase Book

# Load Testing

#### Results:

- Admin login flow
- Admin Create Book
  - Low usage good, ramped up slows down significantly

#### In Progress:

- Customer flows
  - Difficulties caused by captcha, hard to run virtual users
- Admin Update/Remove Book
  - Difficulties with book
    ID

## **GUI Testing**

#### **Main Features Tested:**

- Features Covered
  - a. Unlogged in navigation
  - b. User Registration
  - c. Base user/Admin login
  - d. Book Creation
  - e. Book Deletion
  - f. Book modification
  - g. Logged in navigation (Both admin and base user)
  - h. Interaction between admin and base users (adding books, modifying books, removing books)
  - i. Book ordering

## **GUI Testing**

#### **Faults Discovered:**

- Major faults:
  - a. Not possible to order a book created by an admin
  - b. Can checkout with more than total supply of books
  - c. No address and payment verification
    - i. Only address and card number need to be input (sort of)
- Minor Faults:
  - a. Sign-in navigation has issues when navigating from home page
  - b. Can create account without accepting terms and conditions
  - c. Entering phone number with '-' causes internal server error during registration
  - d. Books are not cleared from "available books" when out of stock

## **GUI Testing**

#### Successes:

- All navigation paths tested, most verified
- Most possible actions by customer tested
- Most actions by admin tested
- Many major faults identified

#### **Challenges:**

 Various alerts popping up from google regarding password leaks (weak passwords used for testing) caused tests to struggle at unpredictable times

## Thank You!