

330 midterm

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1.)

a) Jecc can read/write

The group can read/write

Others can just read

b)

first malloc allocates

$24 \cdot 10 = 240$ bytes

second malloc allocates

100 bytes

Third malloc allocates

50 bytes

390 bytes total

c) E

2) a) B

b) F

c) E

```
3) void swap_arr(int** arr, int m) {  
    for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {  
        for (int j = 0; j < m; j++) {  
            if (i > j) {  
                int tmp = arr[i][j];  
                arr[i][j] = arr[m-i-1][j];  
                arr[m-i-1][j] = tmp;  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
4) init-2D(***array-2D, dim1, dim2) {  
    struct struct-*** tmp = (struct struct-***)  
        malloc(dim1 * sizeof Cstruct  
        struct-+*');  
}
```

Call of that above is one line)

```
for(int i=0; i<dim1; i++) {  
    struct-+* tmp[i] = (struct struct-+*)  
        malloc(dim2 * sizeof C  
        STR_LEN);  
}
```

```
*array = tmp;
```

```
}
```

```
void free-2D(Carr, Dim1, dim2) {  
    for(int i=0; i<dim1; i++) {  
        free array[i];  
    }  
    free array;
```

```
}
```

5)

```
Void Init-2d-grid (**arr, x, y, z, mass,  
num) {
```

```
Point-t** tmp = (Point-t**) malloc  
C num * sizeof(Point-t));
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < num; i++) {
```

```
tmp[i] = (Point-t) malloc  
C 1 * sizeof(Point-t));
```

```
tmp[i] → x = x[i];
```

```
tmp[i] → y = y[i];
```

```
tmp[i] → mass = mass[i];
```

```
tmp[i] → force = 0.0;
```

```
tmp[i] → val = (rand() % 10);
```

```
}
```

```
*array = tmp;
```

```
}
```

6)

```
void Convert_1dArray_2d, rows, cols)
```

```
int* 1d = (int*) malloc (rows * cols *  
sizeof(int));
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < cols; i++) {
```

```
for (int j = 0; j < rows; j++) {
```

```
1d[j] = array_2d[j][i];
```

Out of time