

1. Github på CV'et
2. Python test
3. Pentagon Papers øvelser

as soon as possible. Complete withdrawal of the French NORP -
 is not involved. General Clark PERSON , when he came to Korea GPE ,
 was very proud of his Korean NORP army but said that if the
 U.S. GPE left Korea GPE it would all disappear. Therefore, he
 wished to maintain the U.S. GPE effort in Korea GPE just like
 the French NORP in Indochina GPE . [It is true that the Laotian NORP

	Index	idx	firstpos	sentence
	0	3	PROPN	General Clark when he came to Korea was very proud of his Korean army but said that if the U.S. left Korea it would all disappear.
	1	11	PROPN	Marshal Juin himself has brought back information that the French propose to use in the formation of the Vietnam army.
	2	14	PROPN	M. LETOURNEAU did not believe that Saigon headquarters can be fairly accused of not entirely applying the political policies of Paris.



TIDYTEXT

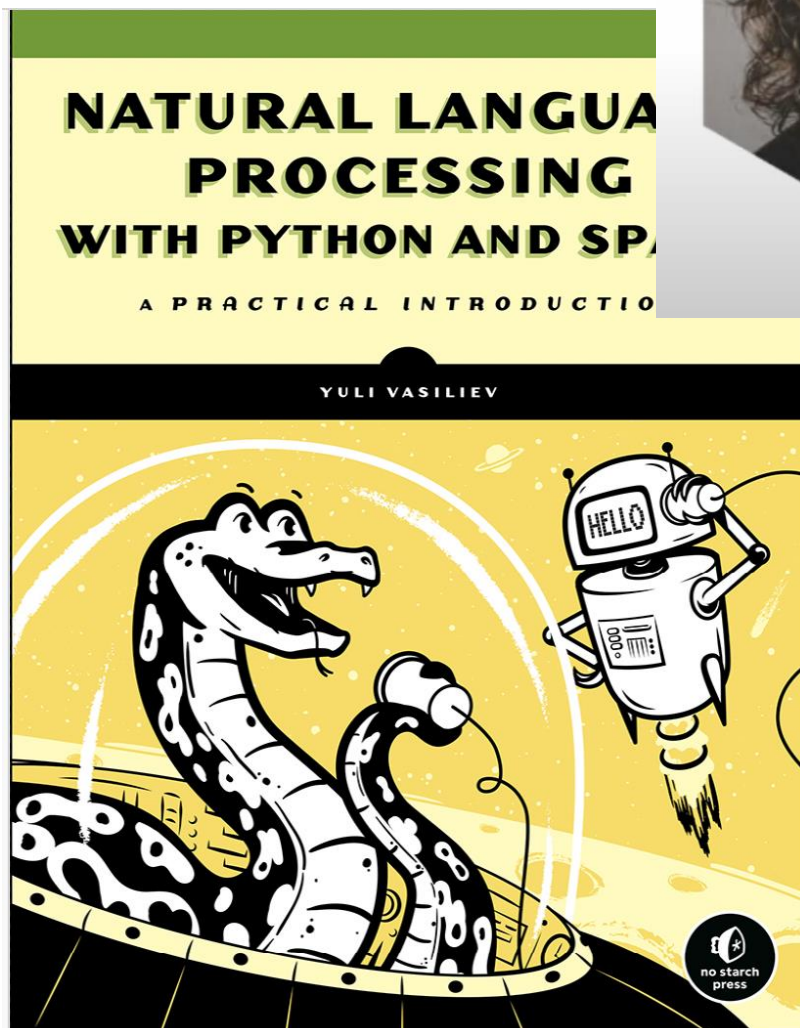
HELLO

I'm Julia Silge

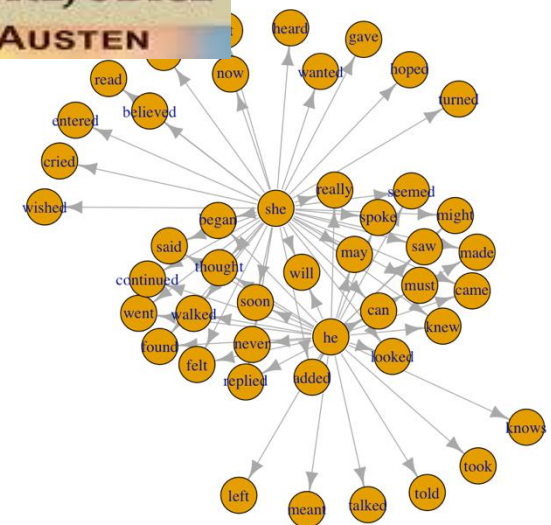
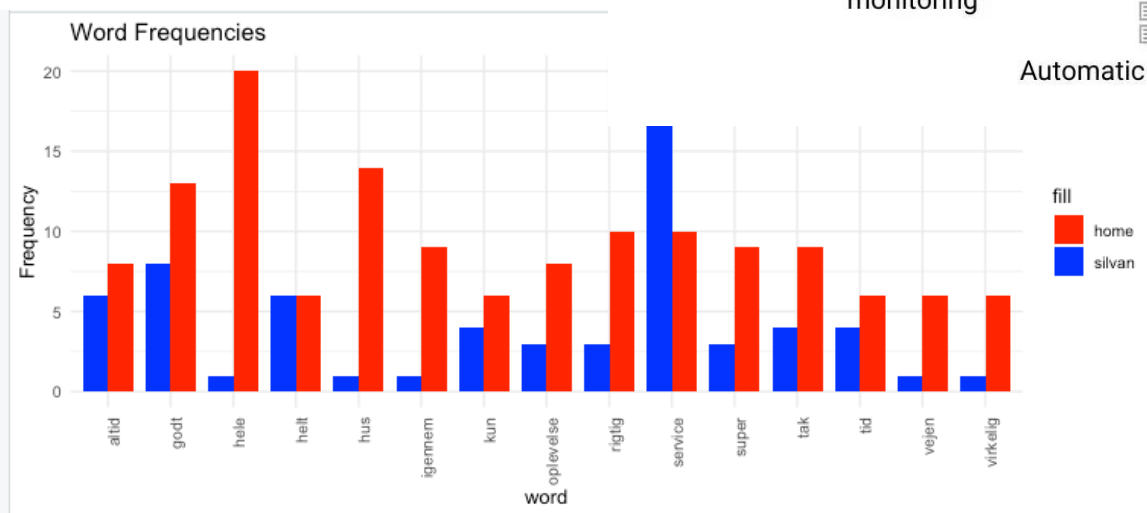
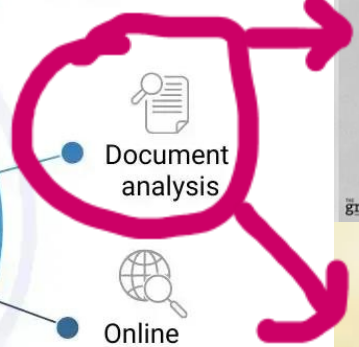
Software Engineer at RStudio

[@juliasilge](https://twitter.com/juliasilge)

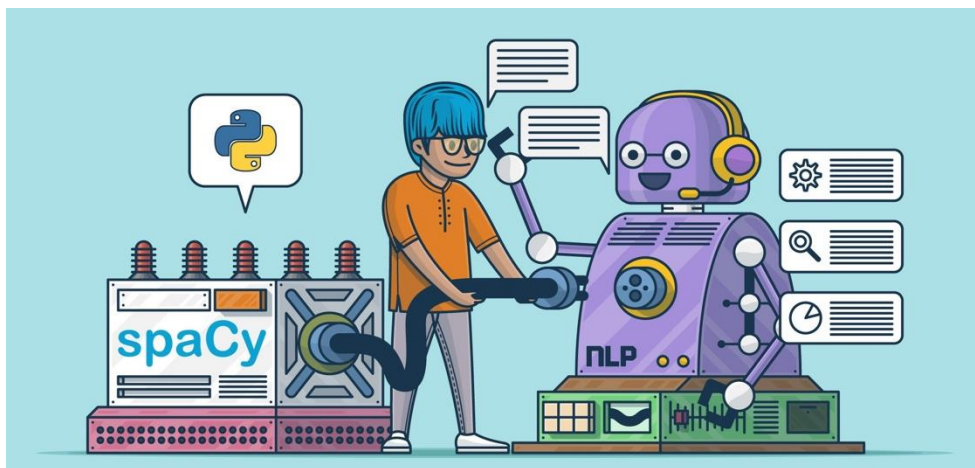
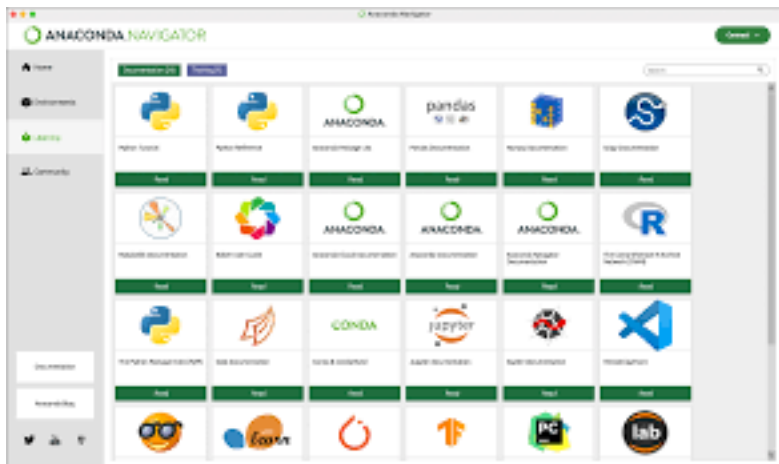
<https://juliasilge.com/>



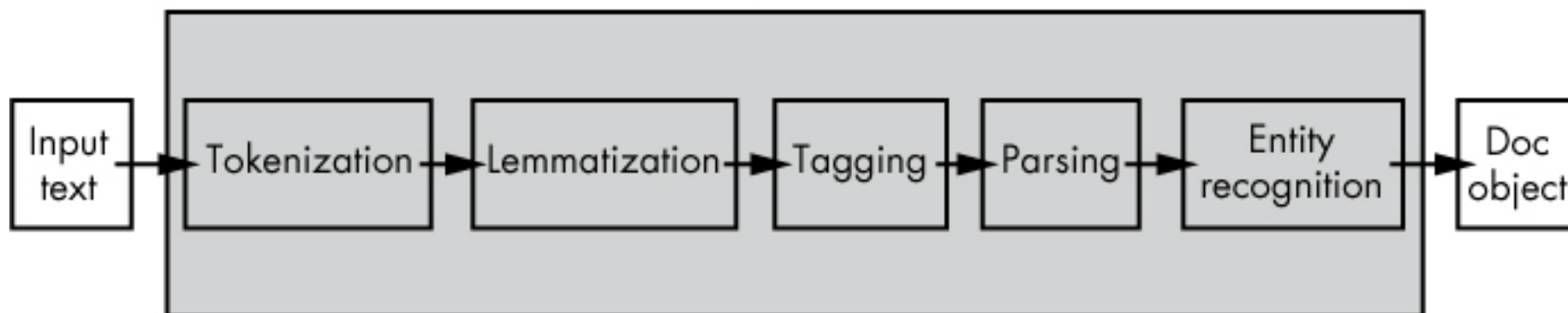
Planen



Værktøj



Pipeline



Advarsel



Hvad skete der med Biblioteket i Alexandria?

©Getty Images

Det Store Bibliotek i Alexandria var en af de mest ambitiøse intellektuelle bedrifter i menneskets historie – et sted hvor viden ingen grænser havde, og jagten på visdom blev betragtet som hellig. Oprettet i det 3. århundrede f.v.t. i den blomstrende by Alexandria i Egypten, var det langt mere end blot et bibliotek. Det var et centrum for læring, et kulturelt samlingspunkt og et fyrtårn for oplysning, der tiltrak datidens største tænkere, videnskabsfolk og filosoffer fra hele den kendte verden.

En vision om fremtiden

©Getty Images

Med udgangspunkt i Alexander den Stores drøm om en verden forenet gennem viden, forestillede Ptolemaios I og senere Ptolemaios II sig et storslået sted, hvor al menneskelig viden kunne samles, bevares og udvikles af tidens skarpeste hjerner.

Bøger ved kajen

©Getty Images

Under Ptolemaios III blev det lov, at alle skibe, der lagde til i Alexandrias havn, skulle aflevere eventuelle bøger. Skrivere lavede kopier, originalerne blev beholdt, og kopierne røg tilbage ombord. Sådan voksede samlingen konstant.



Musernes hellige hjem

©Public Domain

Biblioteket var en del af Mouseion – opkaldt efter muserne, de ni gudinder for kunst og viden. Med op mod en halv million skrifter blev det et magnetisk centrum for lærde fra hele den antikke verden.

Er ChatGPT for datascience hvad lommeregneren var for anvendt matematik?

Can you give an example in python of a numeric example of solving the equations for a given object in a given fluid?

Certainly! A full numerical solution of the Navier–Stokes equations is complex and typically handled with specialized software (like OpenFOAM or ANSYS), but we can demonstrate a **simple 2D incompressible Navier–Stokes simulation** using **finite difference methods** in Python.

```
def build_up_b(b, rho, dt, u, v, dx, dy):
    b[1:-1, 1:-1] = (
        rho * (1 / dt * (
            (u[1:-1, 2:] - u[1:-1, :-2]) / (2 * dx) +
            (v[2:, 1:-1] - v[:-2, 1:-1]) / (2 * dy)) -
            ((u[1:-1, 2:] - u[1:-1, :-2]) / (2 * dx))**2 -
            2 * ((u[2:, 1:-1] - u[:-2, 1:-1]) / (2 * dy) *
                (v[1:-1, 2:] - v[1:-1, :-2]) / (2 * dx)) -
            ((v[2:, 1:-1] - v[:-2, 1:-1]) / (2 * dy))**2))

    return b
```

Page 10A The Daily Item — Sumter, S.C. Saturday, April 5, 1986



AP photo
Elementary school teachers picket against use of calculators in grade school
The teachers feel if students use calculators too early, they won't learn math concepts

Math teachers protest against calculator use

By JILL LAWRENCE

"My older kids don't pay any attention to an answer being absurd," he said. "Teachers are shy."

Planen Tid

Uger	Dato	Fag	Tidspunkt	Indhold
Uge 18				
	30/4	NLP	Formiddag	Intro til valgfaget - 8.30 til 10.00
	1/5	NLP - Python	Formiddag	Intro til Python + regulære udtryk
	2/5	NLP - Python	Formiddag	"NLP" kapitel 2
Uge 19	5/5	NLP - Python	Eftermiddag	
	6/5	NLP - Python	Eftermiddag	
	8/5	NLP - R	Eftermiddag	
	9/5	NLP - R	Formiddag (OL)	
Uge 20	12/5		Formiddag	
	13/5		Formiddag	
	15/5		Formiddag	
	16/5		Formiddag	
Uge 21	19/5		Eftermiddag	Bigrams
	20/5		Eftermiddag	Bigrams
	22/5		Eftermiddag	
	23/5		Formiddag (OL)	
Uge 22	26/5	Deep Learning	Formiddag	
	27/5	Deep Learning	Formiddag	
	28/5			
	29/5	Fri		
	30/5			
Uge 23	2/6		Eftermiddag	
	3/6		Eftermiddag	
	4/6			
	5/6		Eftermiddag	
	6/6		Formiddag	
Uge 24	9/6	Pinse		
	10/6	Eksamen		
	11/6	Eksamen		

Planen Indhold

2

THE TEXT-PROCESSING PIPELINE

Setting Up Your Working Environment

Installing Statistical Models for spaCy

Basic NLP Operations with spaCy

Tokenization

Lemmatization

Applying Lemmatization for Meaning Recognition

Part-of-Speech Tagging

Using Part-of-Speech Tags to Find Relevant Verbs

Context Is Important

Syntactic Relations

Try This

Named Entity Recognition

Summary

1. The Tidy Text Format

Contrasting Tidy Text with Other Data Structures

The `unnest_tokens` Function

Tidying the Works of Jane Austen

The `gutenbergr` Package

Word Frequencies

Summary

2. Sentiment Analysis with Tidy Data

The sentiments Dataset

Sentiment Analysis with Inner Join

Comparing the Three Sentiment Dictionaries

Most Common Positive and Negative Words

Wordclouds

Looking at Units Beyond Just Words

Summary

3. Analyzing Word and Document Frequency: tf-idf

Term Frequency in Jane Austen's Novels

Zipf's Law

The `bind_tf_idf` Function

A Corpus of Physics Texts

Summary

4. Relationships Between Words: N-grams and Correlations

Tokenizing by N-gram

Counting and Filtering N-grams

Analyzing Bigrams

Using Bigrams to Provide Context in Sentiment Analysis

Visualizing a Network of Bigrams with `ggraph`

Visualizing Bigrams in Other Texts

Counting and Correlating Pairs of Words with the `widyr` Package

Counting and Correlating Among Sections

Examining Pairwise Correlation

Summary

5. Converting to and from Nontidy Formats

Tidying a Document-Term Matrix

Tidying `DocumentTermMatrix` Objects

Tidying `dfm` Objects

Casting Tidy Text Data into a Matrix

Tidying Corpus Objects with Metadata

Example: Mining Financial Articles

Summary

6. Topic Modeling

Latent Dirichlet Allocation

Word-Topic Probabilities

Document-Topic Probabilities

Example: The Great Library Heist

LDA on Chapters

Per-Document Classification

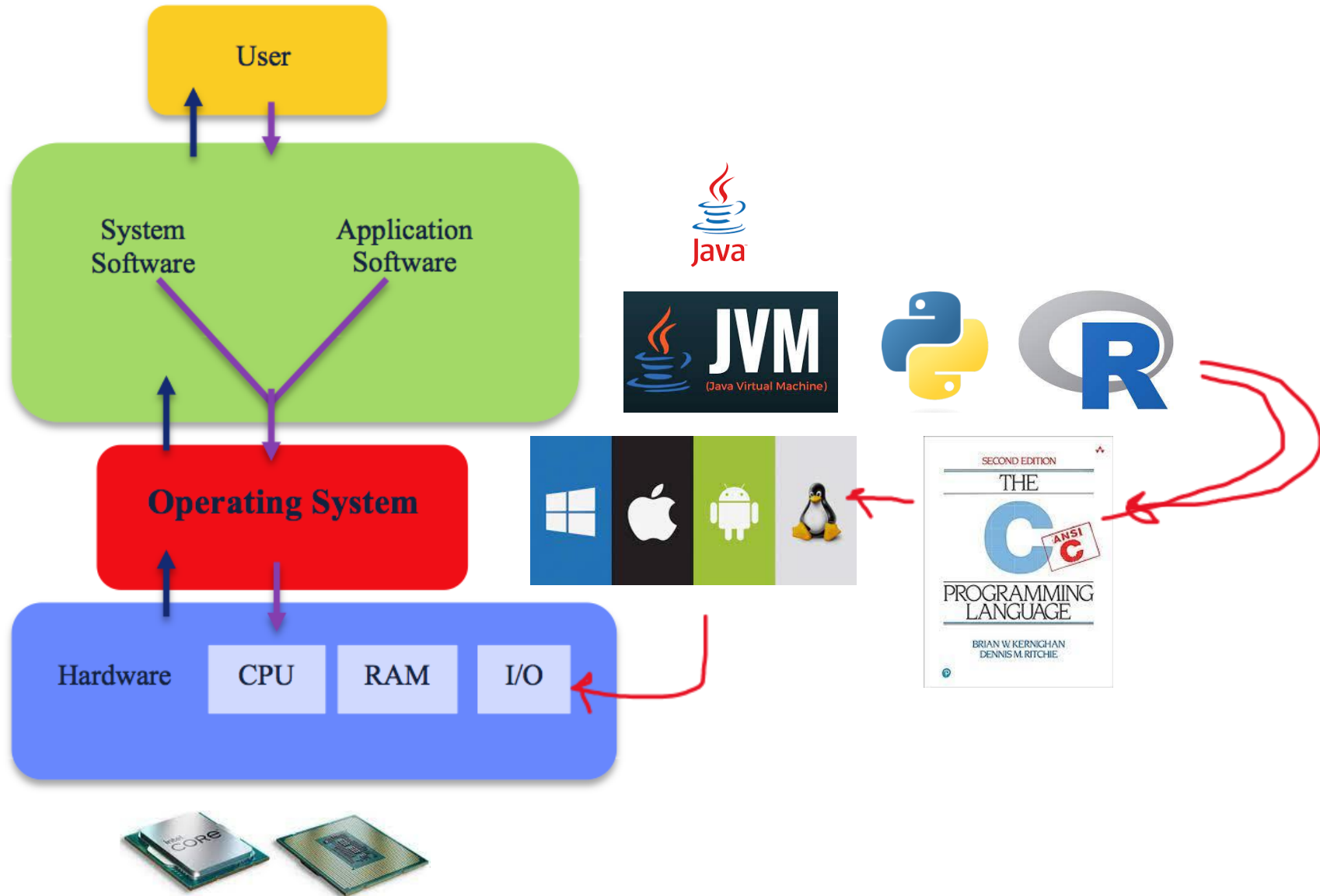
By-Word Assignments: `augment`

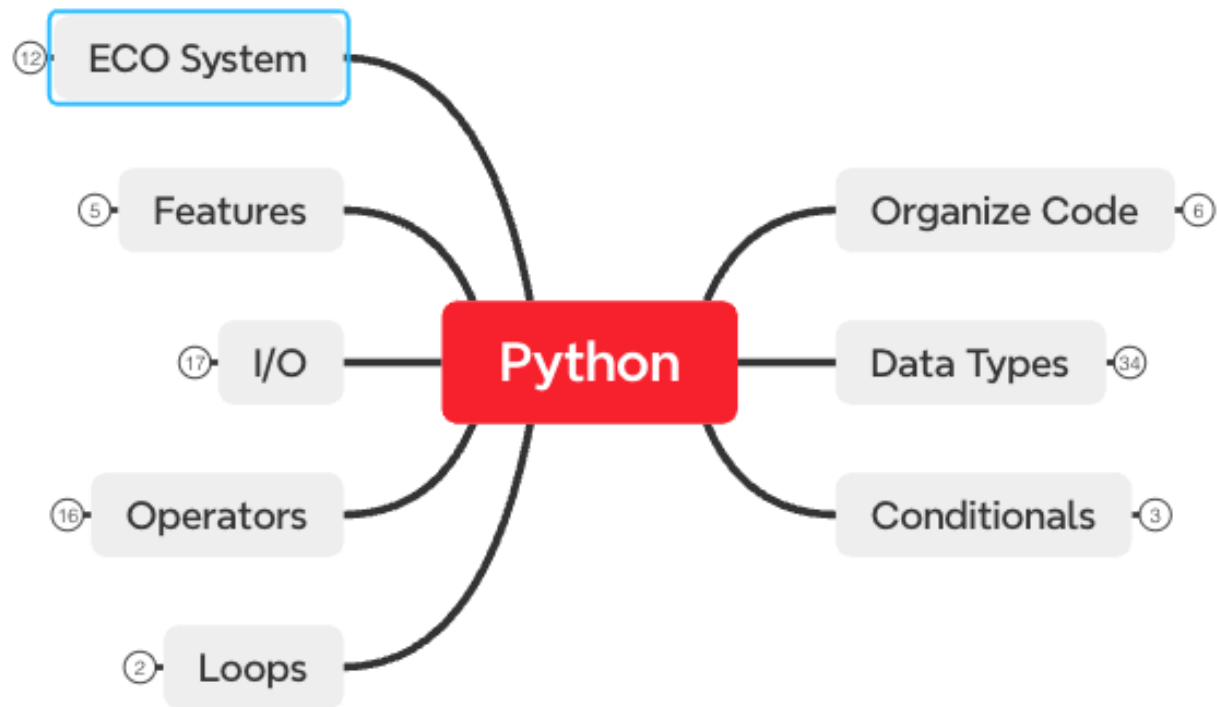
Alternative LDA Implementations

Summary

Python

https://www.w3schools.com/python/python_quiz.asp





Category	Keywords
Control Flow	<code>if</code> , <code>elif</code> , <code>else</code> , <code>while</code> , <code>for</code> , <code>break</code> , <code>continue</code> , <code>pass</code> , <code>match</code> , <code>case</code>
Loop and Function Control	<code>return</code> , <code>yield</code> , <code>yield from</code> , <code>raise</code> , <code>try</code> , <code>except</code> , <code>finally</code> , <code>assert</code>
Structure and Definitions	<code>def</code> , <code>class</code> , <code>lambda</code> , <code>with</code> , <code>async</code> , <code>await</code>
Imports and Modules	<code>import</code> , <code>from</code> , <code>as</code>
Variable Scope and Binding	<code>global</code> , <code>nonlocal</code> , <code>del</code>
Access Modifiers / Operators	<code>is</code> , <code>in</code> , <code>not</code> , <code>and</code> , <code>or</code>
Type and Object Checking	<code>None</code> , <code>True</code> , <code>False</code>
Miscellaneous	<code>assert</code> , <code>__debug__</code> (<i>special, not a keyword but reserved</i>)
Full Reserved List	(Union of all above, see <code>keyword.kwlist</code> in Python)

and	A logical operator
as	To create an alias
assert	For debugging
break	To break out of a loop
class	To define a class
continue	To go to the next iteration of a loop
def	To define a function
del	To delete an object
elif	A conditional statements, like else if
else	A conditional statements
except	Used with exceptions, what to do when an exception occurs
False	Boolean value
finally	Used with exceptions, will be executed no matter if there is an exception or not
for	To create a for loop
from	To import specific parts of a module
global	To declare a global variable
if	To make a conditional statement
import	To import a module
in	To check if a value is in a list, tuple
is	To test if two variables are equal
lambda	To create an anonymous function
None	Represents a null value
nonlocal	To declare a non-local variable
not	A logical operator
or	A logical operator
pass	A statement that will do nothing (null)
raise	To raise an exception
return	To exit a function and return a value
True	Boolean value
try	To make a try...except statement
while	To create a while loop
with	Used to simplify exception handling
yield	To end a function, returns a generator

Python funktioner

Built-in Functions

		Built-in Functions		
<code>abs()</code>	<code>divmod()</code>	<code>input()</code>	<code>open()</code>	<code>staticmethod()</code>
<code>all()</code>	<code>enumerate()</code>	<code>int()</code>	<code>ord()</code>	<code>str()</code>
<code>any()</code>	<code>eval()</code>	<code>isinstance()</code>	<code>pow()</code>	<code>sum()</code>
<code>basestring()</code>	<code>execfile()</code>	<code>issubclass()</code>	<code>print()</code>	<code>super()</code>
<code>bin()</code>	<code>file()</code>	<code>iter()</code>	<code>property()</code>	<code>tuple()</code>
<code>bool()</code>	<code>filter()</code>	<code>len()</code>	<code>range()</code>	<code>type()</code>
<code>bytearray()</code>	<code>float()</code>	<code>list()</code>	<code>raw_input()</code>	<code>unichr()</code>
<code>callable()</code>	<code>format()</code>	<code>locals()</code>	<code>reduce()</code>	<code>unicode()</code>
<code>chr()</code>	<code>frozenset()</code>	<code>long()</code>	<code>reload()</code>	<code>vars()</code>
<code>classmethod()</code>	<code>getattr()</code>	<code>map()</code>	<code>repr()</code>	<code>xrange()</code>
<code>cmp()</code>	<code>globals()</code>	<code>max()</code>	<code>reversed()</code>	<code>zip()</code>
<code>compile()</code>	<code>hasattr()</code>	<code>memoryview()</code>	<code>round()</code>	<code>__import__()</code>
<code>complex()</code>	<code>hash()</code>	<code>min()</code>	<code>set()</code>	
<code>delattr()</code>	<code>help()</code>	<code>next()</code>	<code>setattr()</code>	
<code>dict()</code>	<code>hex()</code>	<code>object()</code>	<code>slice()</code>	
<code>dir()</code>	<code>id()</code>	<code>oct()</code>	<code>sorted()</code>	

Regex

Function	Description	Syntax
compile	Returns a Regex pattern object	re.compile(pattern)
findall	Returns a list containing all the matches	re.findall(pattern, text)
match	Returns a match object if there is a match at the 0th position	re.match(pattern, text)
search	Returns a match object if there is a match anywhere in the string	re.search(pattern, text)
split	Returns a split where the string has been split at each match	re.split("seperator", text)
sub	Replaces one or many matches with a string	re.sub(old_value, new_value, text)

Method / Property	Description	Example
m.group()	Returns the matched string	'o'
m.start()	Start index of the match	0
m.end()	End index of the match	1
m.span()	Tuple of (start, end) indices	(0, 1)
m.re	The compiled regular expression object	re.compile('^o')
m.string	The original string	'otto'

Regular Expression Quick Guide

^

\$

.

\s

\S

*

*?

+

+?

[aeiou]

[^XYZ]

[a-z0-9]

(

)

Matches the beginning of a line

Matches the end of the line

Matches any character

Matches whitespace

Matches any non-whitespace character

Repeats a character zero or more times

Repeats a character zero or more times (non-greedy)

Repeats a character one or more times

Repeats a character one or more times (non-greedy)

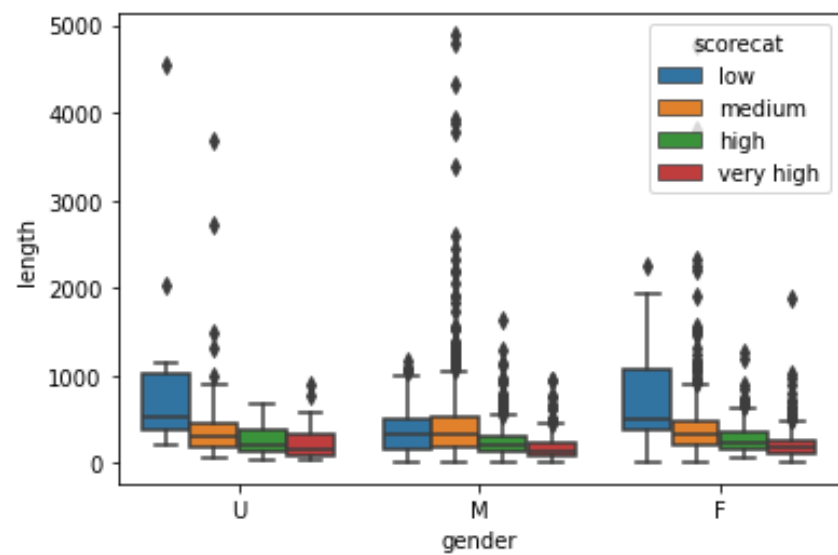
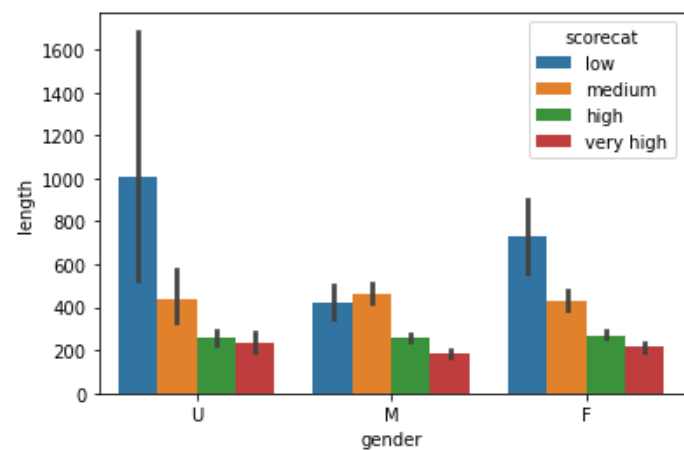
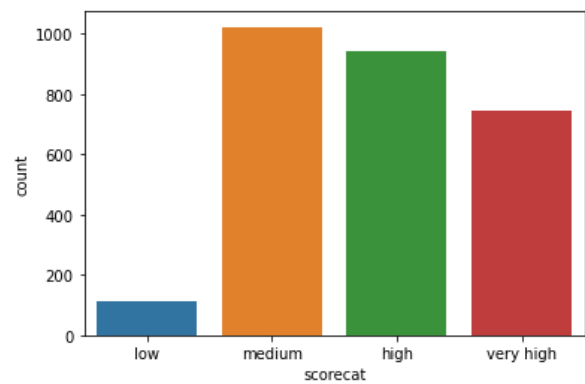
Matches a single character in the listed set

Matches a single character not in the listed set

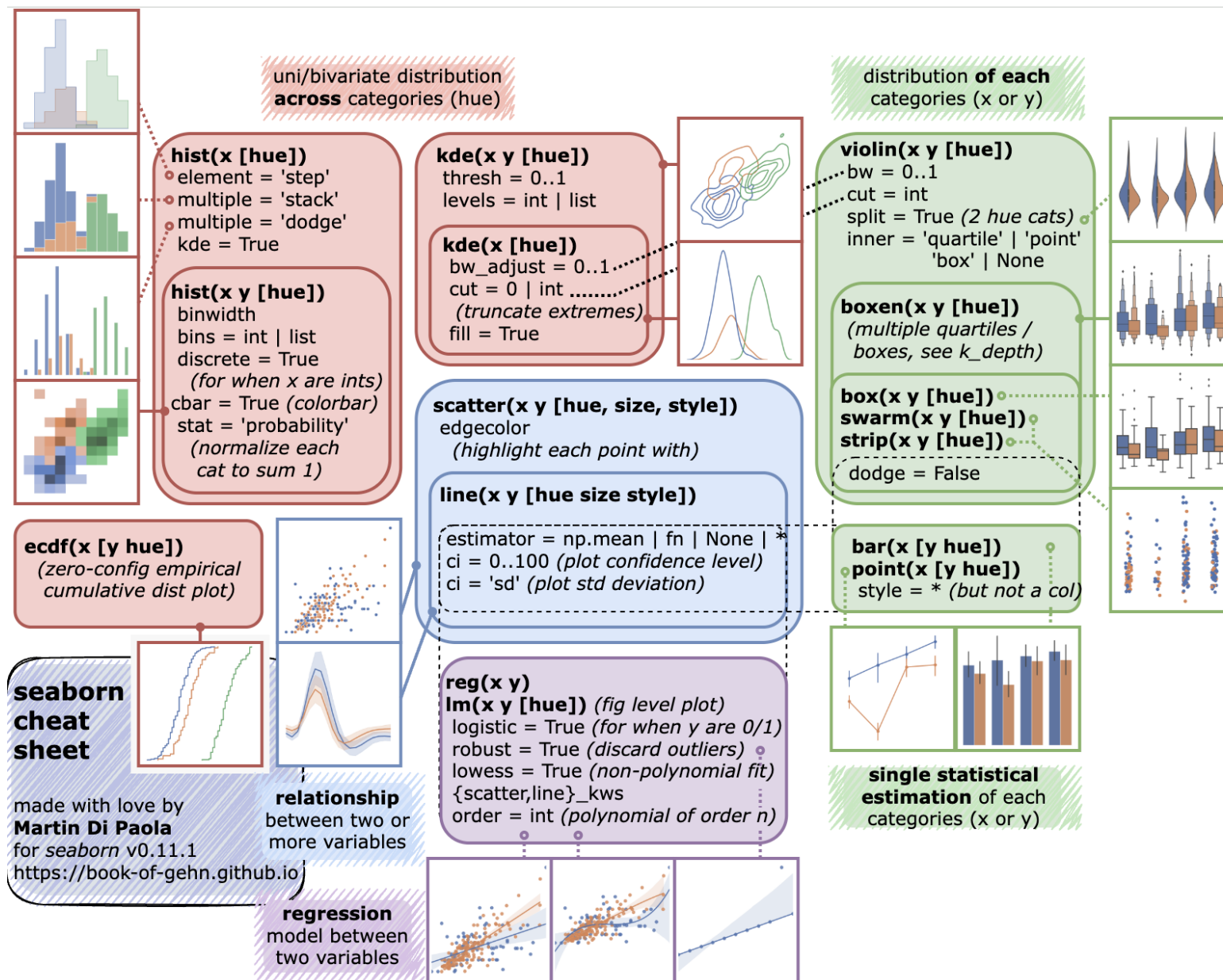
The set of characters can include a range

Indicates where string extraction is to start

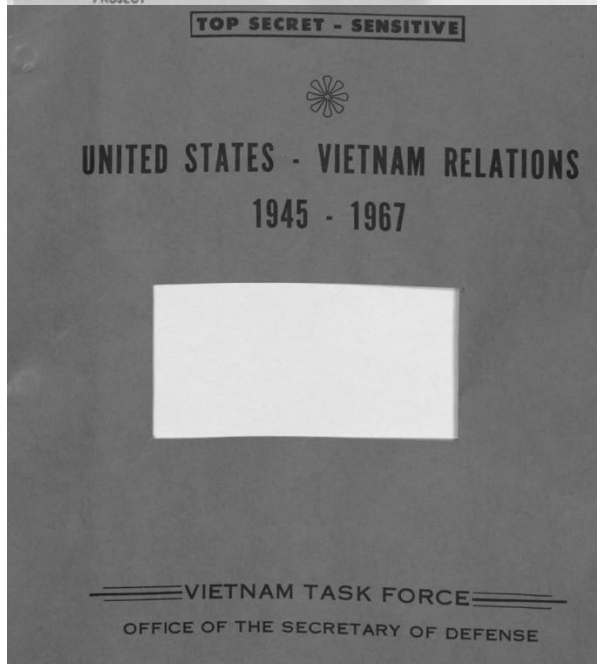
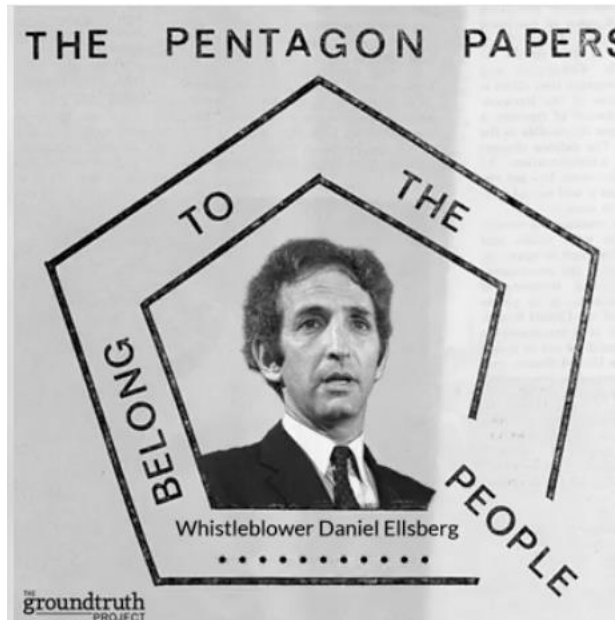
Indicates where string extraction is to end



Seaborn



Projektet



- <https://www.archives.gov/research/pentagon-papers>
- Download en pdf
 - cd Downloads
 - mkdir tmp
 - cd tmp
 - Flyt pdf'en til tmp-folderen

TERMINALEN

Installer [poppler](#), [imagemagic](#) og [tesseract](#)

- pdfseparate Pentagon-Papers-Part-IV-C-7-b.pdf page-%d.pdf
- ls *.pdf | while read x; do convert -density 300 \$x \$x.png; done
- ls *.png | while read x; do tesseract \$x \$x; done
- **LØS SORTERINGSPROBLEMET vha Python**
- ls *.txt | while read x; do cat \$x >> out.txt; done

SPYDER

- Indlæs out.txt i Spyder

TOP SECRET - Sensitive		
10 May 66	CINCPAC msg 100730Z May 66	Admiral Sharp again urges the authorization of POL attacks.
22 May 66	MACV msg 17603	General Westmoreland supports CINCPAC's request for strikes on the POL system.
3 Jun 66	UK PM Wilson opposes POL State Dept msg 48 to Oslo.	The President, having decided sometime at the end of May to approve the POL attacks, informs UK PM Wilson. Wilson urges the President to reconsider.

LØS SORTERINGSPROBLEMET vha Python

```
page-1.pdf
page-10.pdf
page-100.pdf
page-101.pdf
page-102.pdf
page-103.pdf
```

1. Lav en liste med filnavne i folderen med separerede *pdf-filer
2. Loop igennem listen og
 1. Identificér filer med kun ét tal og erstat med 00 (page-1 til page-001)
 2. Gør det samme for filer med to tal og erstat med 0 (page-10 til page-010)
3. Modificer trin 2 så du får en tekststreng pr filnavn på følgende form: "mv page-1.pdf page-001.pdf"
4. Udskriv listen til en fil.

Projektet Organiseres

1. Trelloboards
 1. Inviteres én for hver gruppe
2. PentagonPapers
 1. På trello skal hver gruppe byde ind på et eller flere dokumenter
 2. Hver gruppe laver en kolonne med
 1. size,dates(liste),nltk-score,nounsfreq,personer,OE
 2. Upload til deres git-branch
 3. Hver gruppe undersøger deres tekst for hvad der skal graves efter
3. Github
 1. Branchworkflow

Projektet øvelser

1. Subsetting på første ordklasse i sætningerne
 1. Udvælg én række og lav et doc-objekt
 2. Print alle tokens text og pos-attributter
 3. Lav en liste af tokens
 4. Lav en liste sætninger i dit doc-object og print antal ord i hver
 5. Samme som 4 men kun de sætninger der begynder med et navn
 6. Lav en dataframe som vist nedenfor (bogen side 34)

	Index	idx	firstpos	sentence
	0	3	PROPN	General Clark when he came to Koreawas very proud of his Korean army but said that if theU.S. left Korea it would all disappear.
	1	11	PROPN	Marshal Juin himself has brought backinformation that the French propose to use in the formationof the Vietnam army.
	2	14	PROPN	M. LETOURNEAU did not believe that Saigon headquarters can be fairly accused of not entirely applyingthe political policies of Paris.

Projektet øvelser

1. Named Entities

1. Find en tilfældig række af din pp-dataframe hvor 'size' ligger i miderste kvartil
2. Lav en doc ud af teksten
3. Lav en kolonne "dates" med lister af alle datoer i hver tekst
 1. vha ent.label_ == "DATE"
 2. Skriv din egen reg-ex så du får to kolonner: year og date
4. Lav en visualisering af din test-text som vist nedenfor

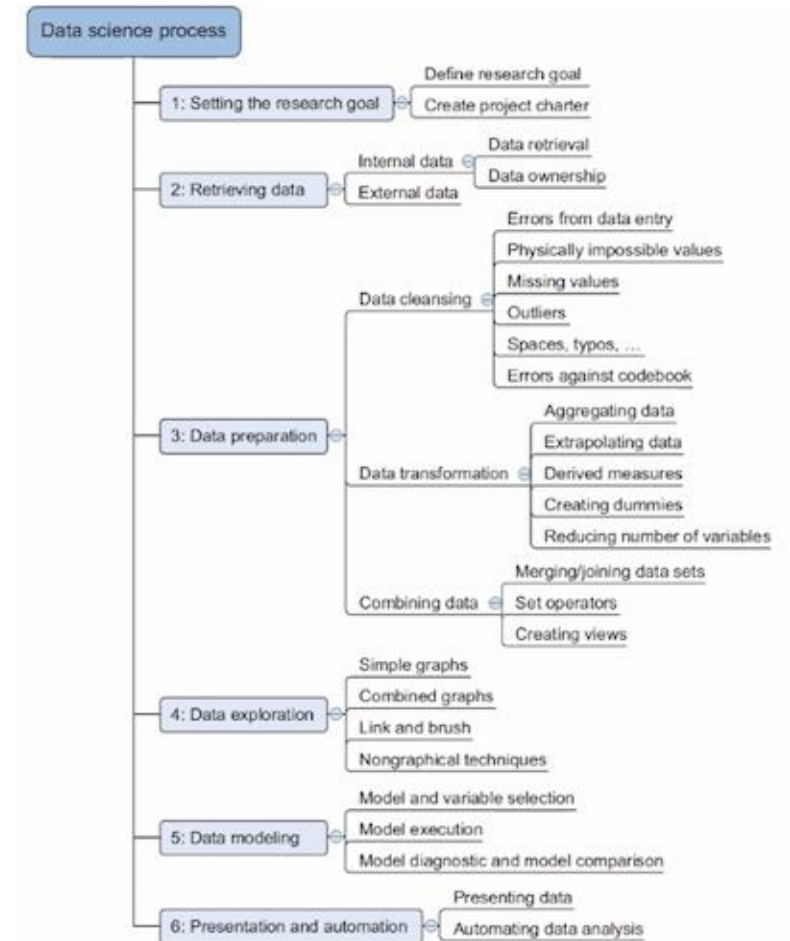
as soon as possible. Complete withdrawal of the **French NORP** -
is not involved. General **Clark PERSON** , when he came to **Korea GPE** ,
was very proud of his **Korean NORP** army but said that if the
U.S. GPE left **Korea GPE** it would all disappear. Therefore, he
wished to maintain the **U.S. GPE** effort in **Korea GPE** just like
the **French NORP** in **Indochina GPE** . [It is true that the **Laotian NORP**

Projektet **og bogen**

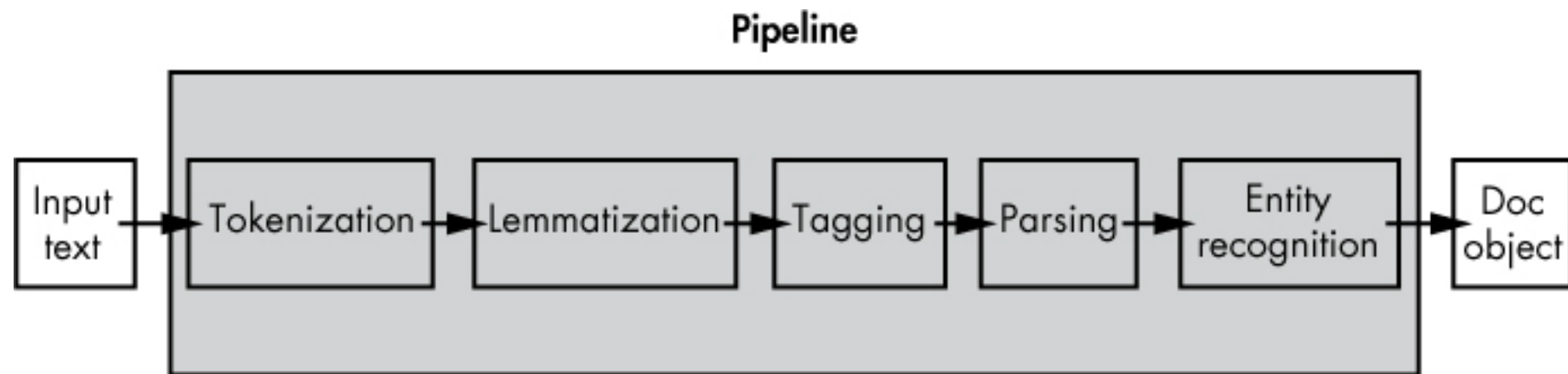
Suppose you're developing an application for processing financial reports that must extract necessary pieces of information from long, boring texts. In practice, financial reports can be quite large, but all you really need are the figures. In particular, you're interested in phrases that refer to an amount of money and start with a currency symbol. For example, your script should pick out the phrase "\$1.5 million" from the previous sample sentence, but not "2017".

Projektet slutprodukt

- Research Goal fra Digital Humanities
 - Find selv på
 - Kontakt NN (det Kgl. Bibliotek, DataTeamet på Inf)
- Retrieve fra <https://www.archives.gov/research/pentagon-papers>
 - BS4
 - Split, convert, OCR and load into Python
 - Validate OCR
- Prepare
 - Clean data
 - Transform
 - Derive (sentiment, size)
- Explore
 - Simple viz
 - Spacy viz



NLP



Spacy Containers

Doc

Sent Sent Sent



Token Token Token Token Token Token

Span

Span

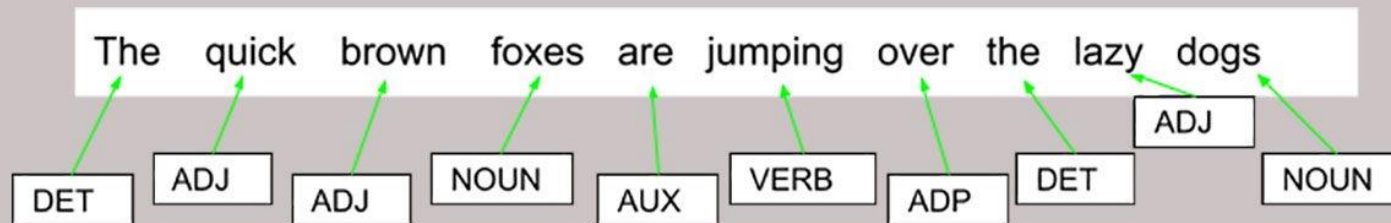
SpanGroup1

SpanGroup2

```
import spacy

nlp = spacy.load("en_core_web_sm")
doc = nlp("Apple is looking at buying U.K. startup for $1 billion")

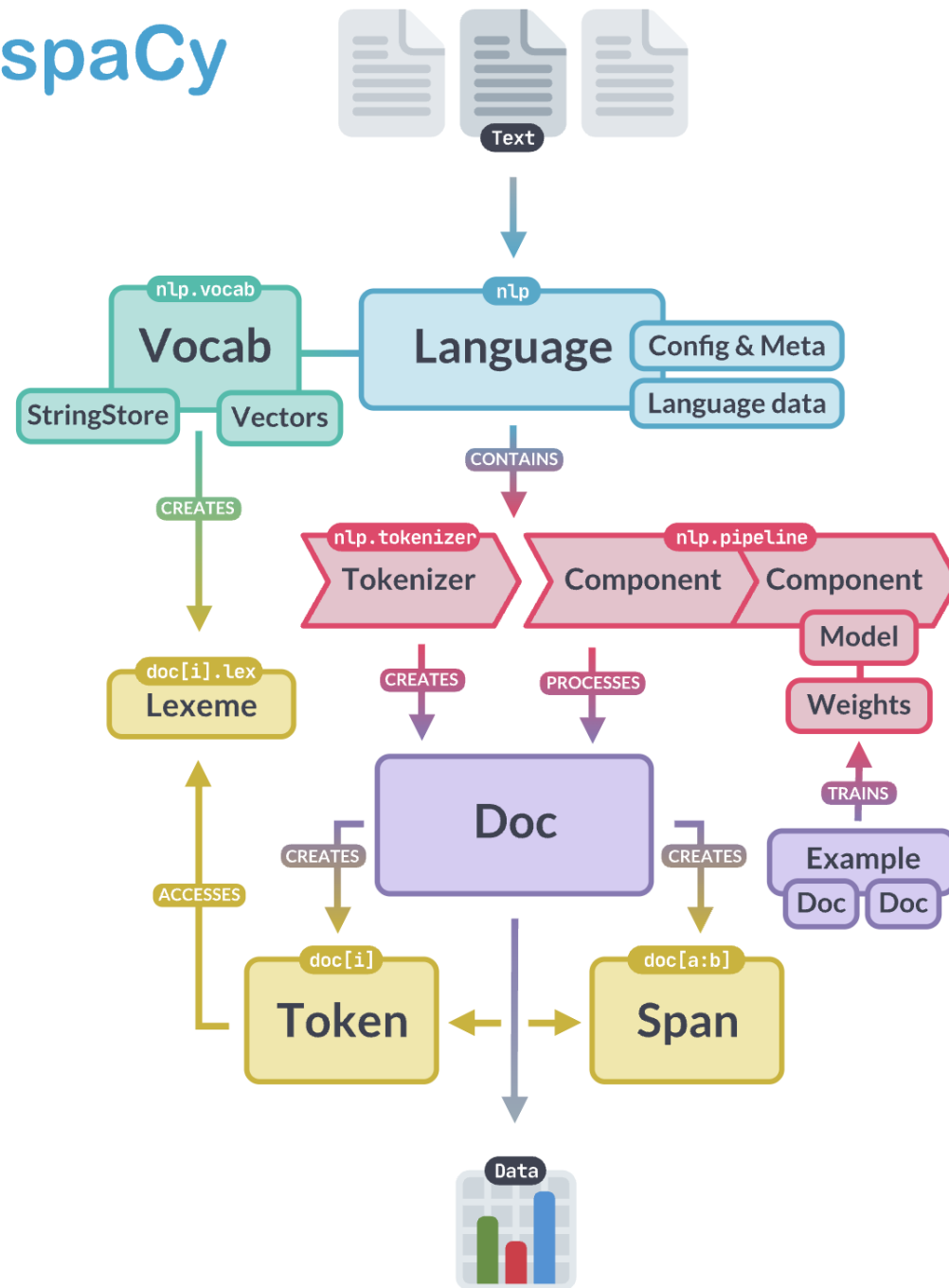
for token in doc:
    print(token.text, token.lemma_, token.pos_, token.tag_, token.dep_,
          token.shape_, token.is_alpha, token.is_stop)
```



TEXT	LEMMA	POS	TAG	DEP	SHAPE	ALPHA	STOP
Apple	apple	PROPN	NNP	nsubj	Xxxxx	True	False
is	be	AUX	VBZ	aux	xx	True	True
looking	look	VERB	VBG	R00T	xxxx	True	False
at	at	ADP	IN	prep	xx	True	True
buying	buy	VERB	VBG	pcomp	xxxx	True	False
U.K.	u.k.	PROPN	NNP	compound	X.X.	False	False
startup	startup	NOUN	NN	dobj	xxxx	True	False
for	for	ADP	IN	prep	xxx	True	True
\$	\$	SYM	\$	quantmod	\$	False	False
1	1	NUM	CD	compound	d	False	False
billion	billion	NUM	CD	pobj	xxxx	True	

Text: The original word text.
Lemma: The base form of the word.
POS: The simple UPOS part-of-speech tag.
Tag: The detailed part-of-speech tag.
Dep: Syntactic dependency, i.e. the relation between tokens.
Shape: The word shape – capitalization, punctuation, digits.
is alpha: Is the token an alpha character?
is stop: Is the token part of a stop list, i.e. the most common words of the language?

spaCy



The Book

- BASIC NLP OPERATIONS WITH SPACY
 - Tokenization
 - Lemmatization
 - Applying Lemmatization for Meaning Recognition
 - Part-of-Speech Tagging
 - Find Relevant Verbs
 - Syntactic Relations
 - `for sent in doc.sents: print([w.text for w in sent if w.dep_ == 'ROOT' or w.dep_ == 'pobj'])`
 - Named Entity Recognition
- SPACY'S CONTAINER OBJECTS (Token, Span, and Doc)
 - Doc-container
 - Syntactic Children
 - `doc.sents` - for `sent` in `doc.sents`
 - `doc.noun_chunks` - for `chunk` in `doc.noun_chunks`
 - Span object - a slice from a Doc object
 - Pipeline Components
 - Disabling Pipeline Components
 - Customizing the Pipeline Components
- EXTRACTING AND USING LINGUISTIC FEATURES

Table 2-1: Some Common spaCy Part-of-Speech Tags

TAG (fine-grained part of POS (coarse-grained part of Morphology))		Description	
NN	NOUN	Number=sing	Noun, singular
NNS	NOUN	Number=plur	Noun, plural
PRP	PRON	PronType=prs	Pronoun, personal
PRP\$	PRON	PronType=prs Poss=yes	Pronoun, possessive
VB	VERB	VerbForm=inf	Verb, base form
VBD	VERB	VerbForm=fin Tense=past	Verb, past tense
VBG	VERB	VerbForm=part Tense=pres Aspect=prog	Verb, gerund, or present participle
JJ	ADJ	Degree=pos	Adjective

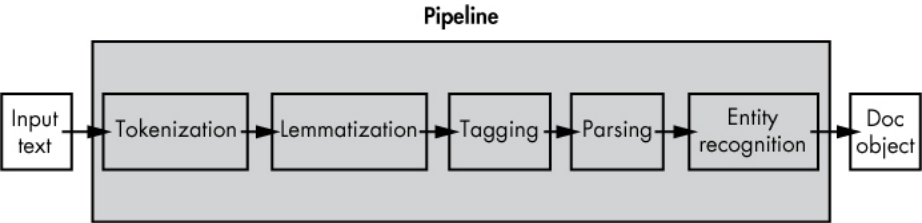


Table 2-2: Some Common Dependency Labels

Dependency label	Description
acomp	Adjectival complement
amod	Adjectival modifier
aux	Auxiliary
compound	Compound
dative	Dative
det	Determiner
dobj	Direct object
nsubj	Nominal subject
pobj	Object of preposition

