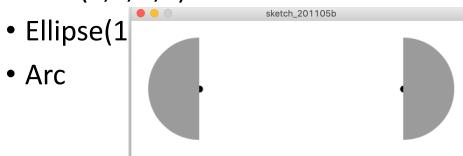
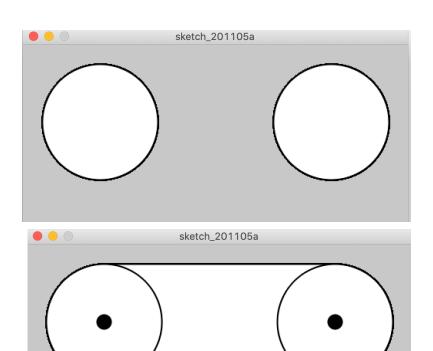
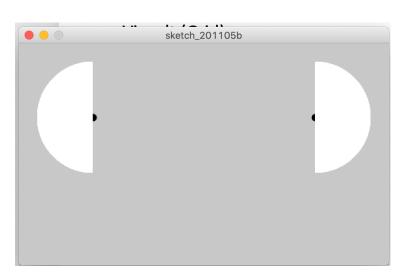
# Processing med betingelser&loops

#### **Pixels**

- Visuelt (Grid)
- THE REFERENCE (ø 2-8)
- Line(1,0,4,5)
  - Metode + argumenter
- Point, line, rectangle, ellipse
  - Location koordinater
  - Size width, height
  - Color fill, stroke, strokeWeight
- Rect(2,3,w,h)

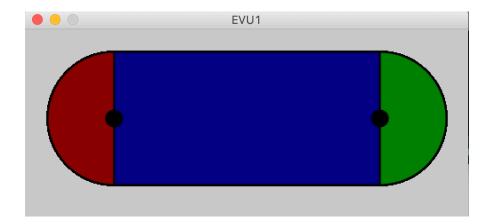


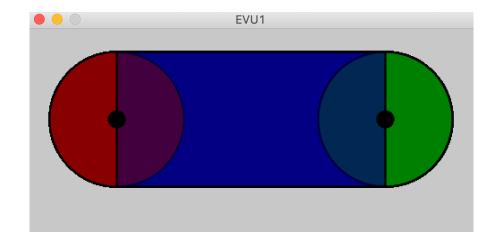


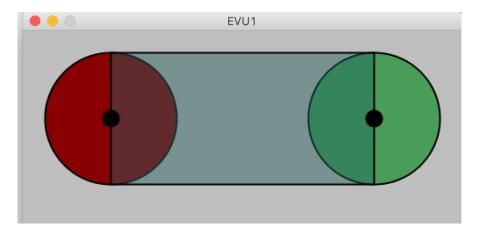


#### Color

- Grayscale (0-255)
- RGB (r,g,b)
- Transparancy (r,g,b,0-255)
- HSB (h,s,b)
- HSB(0-360,0-100,0-100)

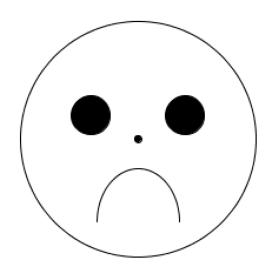






## Processing - tooling

- preferences
- Sketch
- First sketch
  - Function call
  - Assignment
  - Control
- Functions
  - Build in
    - Size
    - Println
  - Comments //
  - Errors (ø 2-6)



#### Interaction

- The Flow
  - Setup
  - Draw
    - Internal loop
    - (framecounter)
  - Block of code
  - Mouse
    - mouseX,mouseY
    - Ex 3-2 (background)
    - pmouseX,pmouseY
    - Ex 3-4

```
sketch_20
sketch_201105f
int x;

void setup() {
    size(500,800);
    x=10;
  }

void draw() {
    background(255);
    circle(x,300,40);
    x = x + 1;
}
```

#### Mere mus ..

- Interaction
  - mousePressed()
  - mouseReleased()
  - keyPressed()

#### Variabler & operatorer

#### Brugt i processing

- boolean
- Int
- float
- char
- String

#### System Variabler

- width —Width (in pixels) of sketch window.
- height —Height (in pixels) of sketch window.
- frameCount —Number of frames processed.
- frameRate —Rate that frames are processed (per second).
- key —Most recent key pressed on the keyboard.
- keyPressed —True or false? Is a key pressed?
- mousePressed —True or false? Is the mouse pressed?

```
sketch_201105f
int x;

void setup() {
    size(500,800);
    x=10;
}

void draw() {
    background(255);
    circle(x,300,40);
    x = x + 1;
}

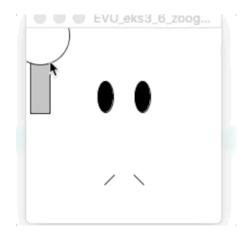
13
14
15
```

```
sketch_201105f | Processing 3.5.4
   sketch_201105f v
void setup() {
    size(500,800);
    circleX = 0;
    circleY = 100;
    diameter = 150;
    direction = 1;
    speed = 1;
14 }
void draw() {
    background(255);
    stroke(0);
    fill(175);
    circle(circleX,circleY,diameter);
    if (circleX > width || circleX < 0) {</pre>
      direction = direction*-1;
23
    circleX = (circleX + (speed*(direction)));
26 }
```

## Random – "a bit of fun"



- Action
  - random()
- Kombineres med objekter i arrays
- Øvelse: boolean go?



## **Kontrol: Conditionals & operators**

#### Brugt i processing

- Boolean expressions (mouseX>10)
- If, else-if og else
- Logic (ø 5-5 s68)
- If-else if (eks 5-3)
- Loops
  - For og while
  - Draw()
- System Variabler

#### CONTROL

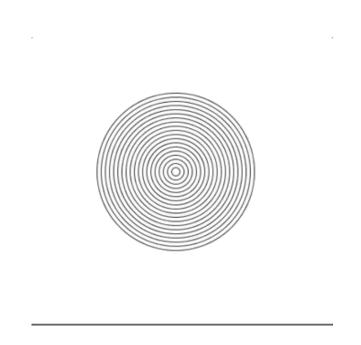
Relational Operators

== (equality)
> (greater than)
>= (greater than or
equal to)
!= (inequality)
< (less than)
<= (less than or equal
to)

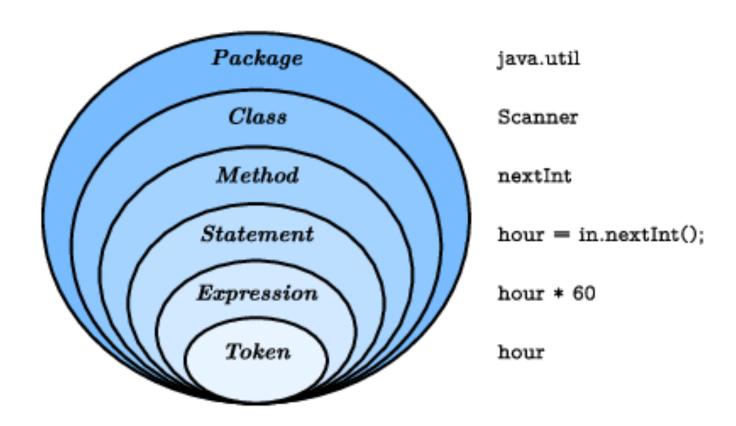
Logical Operators && (logical AND) ! (logical NOT) || (logical OR)

Conditionals
break
case
?: (conditional)
continue
default
else
if
switch()

## Fælles øvelse – while and for



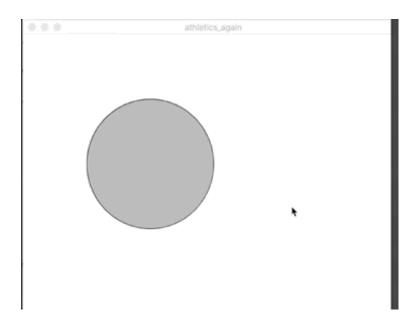
## **Elements of the language**



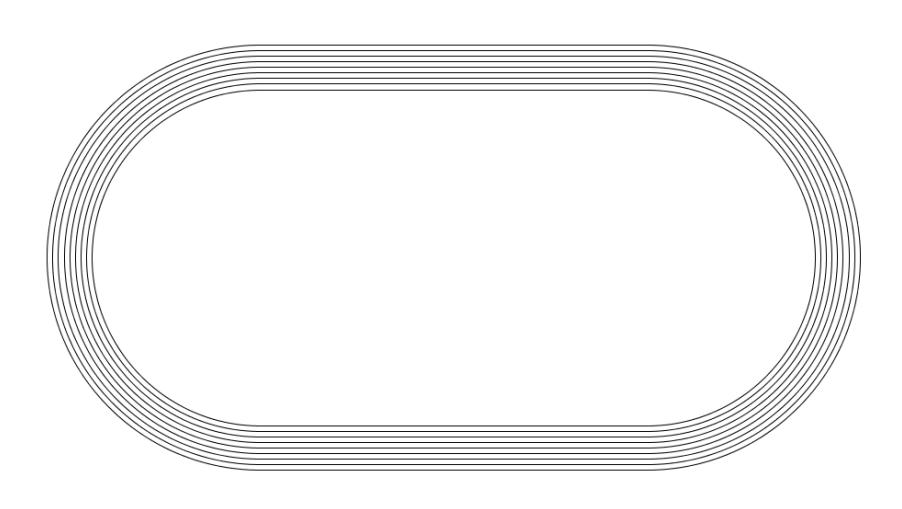
# Operators og bogen s. 77

<del></del>			
Level	Operators	Description	Associativity
15	()	Function Call	Left to Right
	0	Array Subscript	
	-	Member Selection	
14	++	Postfix Increment / Decrement	Right to Left
13	++	Prefix Increment / Decrement	Right to Left
	+ -	Unary plus / minus	
	! ~	Logical negation / bitwise complement	
	(type)	Casting	
12	*	Multiplication	Left to Right
	1	Division	
	%	Modulo	
11	+ -	Addition / Subtraction	Left to Right
10	<<	Bitwise Left Shift	Left to Right
	>>	Bitwise Right Shift with sign extension	
	>>>	Bitwise Right Shift with zero extension	
9	< <=	Relational Less Than / Less than Equal To	Left to Right
	> >=	Relational Greater / Greater than Equal To	
	instance of	Type Comparison for objects	
8	==	Equality	Left to Right
	!=	Inequality	
7	&	Bitwise AND	Left to Right
6	۸	Bitwise XOR	Left to Right
5	I	Bitwise OR	Left to Right
4	&&	Logical AND	Left to Right
3	II	Logical OR	Left to Right
2	?:	Conditional Operator	Right to Left
1	=	Assignment Operators	Right to Left
	+= -=		
	*= /= %=		
	&= ^=  =		
	<<= >>=		

# **øvelse - 5.5 side 77**



# Øvelse – Atletikbanen – step 2



## 7. Øvelse – Lav jeres egen pixel-quiz

- Find billeder indenfor et tema
- Læg dem i data-mappen
- Brug frameRate eller Counter til at udregne point

```
59 void draw() {
60  println("C " + factor);
61  println("FrameRate: " + frameRate);
```