Nils Baker Case Study

Chaman Preet Kaur and Chris Atterbury
October 15, 2015

1 Executive Summary

This section is to be written last and contains a short (approx 250 words) summary of the case study as a whole.

2 Background

The financial success of a bank depends on its total holdings, which in turn depends on the size of its customer base. The case study revolves around Nils Baker, vice president of a regional retail bank in US. Based on the feedback received from a promising customer, he develops a hypothesis that having more physical branches motivates people to open a checking account with the bank. In order to make a strategic business plan based on this hypothesis, it needs to proven statistically. The data available for analysis includes: total households in a particular area, total number of checking accounts with the bank in that area and the presence of physical branch or an ATM in that area. Setting up a physical branch involves a lot of investment and maintenance fee but if it can be proven to help gain more checking accounts in turn expanding the customer base and adding to the total holdings, it can be a profitable business move.

3 Models

3.1 Initial Considerations

The data that we have received to pursue Nils Baker's hypothesis includes four columns. Initially, they are ID, Total.Households.in.Area, Households.with.Account, and Inside.Outside.Footprint. First, we drop the last two rows of the data set because they are empty and change the column names to ID, Total.Households, Accounts, and Footprint, respectively. Next, further preprocessing of the data is performed so that we have numeric data (see Additional Codeblock 1 in the Appendix for the code used to do this).

The first column, *ID*, is identical to the row number and, thus, will not be considered in this case study. Each row itself is a separate Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA). For our purposes, we need only understand that each row contains a different geographic region. The next two columns, *Total.Households* and *Accounts*, contain the number of total households and the number of those households that have a checking account with the bank. The last column, *Footprint*, was originally coded with either "Inside" or "Outside." A region was considered "Inside" if there was both a physical bank location and an ATM in the region. This was recoded as 1 for easier analysis of the data. A region was considered "Outside" if there was not a physical bank location and only an ATM in the region. This was recoded as 0.

Finally, we will add a column called *Accts.Hsehld* that takes the *Accounts* column and divides it by the *Total.Households* column. We may want to choose this as the response variable since this allows us to get closer to evaluating Nils Baker's hypothesis without as much interpretation of the model.

With the data in a usable form, we can now view the correlation matrix to get an initial feel for the relationships amongst the variables.

Figure 1

3.3 SLR Models 3 MODELS

```
##
                             ID Total. Households
                                                     Accounts
                                                               Footprint
## ID
                      1.000000
                                      -0.67957529 -0.66181262
                                                               0.3030236
## Total.Households -0.6795753
                                      1.00000000
                                                   0.91121152 -0.3004534
                    -0.6618126
                                      0.91121152
                                                   1.00000000 -0.2171381
## Accounts
## Footprint
                      0.3030236
                                      -0.30045335 -0.21713807
                                                                1.0000000
  Accts.Hsehld
                                      -0.08685308
                                                   0.07169036
                      0.1732239
                                                               0.1523331
##
##
                     Accts.Hsehld
## ID
                       0.17322388
## Total.Households
                      -0.08685308
## Accounts
                       0.07169036
## Footprint
                       0.15233308
## Accts.Hsehld
                       1.0000000
```

We can ignore the values involving ID since this is basically just a running counter of which number region we see. Its correlation with Total.Households is based on the fact that the data set's observations are organized by the number of households in the region with the largest first. We see that Accounts has a strong correlation with Total.Households, which is reasonable since we expect that regions with more households will have more accounts, just based on volume. Also, this explains the negative correlation between Accounts and ID. The numbers indicate what we would expect for Footprint; the correlations with the households and accounts do not show anything. That is, the locations of physical banks were not chosen based on the number of households or accounts in a region. This correlation matrix ends up showing us that trying to predict Accts.Hsehld may be difficult, but hopefully combining a few features will help. Please see Additional Figure 1 in the Appendix for the pairs plot that shows these relationships graphically.

3.2 Procedure

The goal in this case study, as stated by Nils Baker, is to ascertain whether or not the presence of a physical bank in a region increases the likelihood of a given household possessing a checking account. We will start with Simple Linear Regression (SLR) models, before considering more complex Multiple Linear Regression (MLR) models.

3.3 SLR Models

3.3.1 Predicting Number of Accounts

We will start by evaluating SLR models for **Accounts**. Even though these models may be more difficult to interpret in terms of Nils Baker's hypothesis, if we find an especially good model, then we may make an exception. The R^2 values obtained for these three models were as follows:

Model	R^2	$AdjustedR^2$
Accounts ~ Total.Households	0.8303	0.8289
$Accounts \sim Footprint$	0.04715	0.03907
$Accounts \sim Accts. Hsehld$	0.00514	-0.003292

(see Additional Codeblock 2 in the Appendix for the code)

Considering the results of the correlation matrix above, none of these results are particularly surprising. The total number of households in a region proves to be a good predictor of the number of accounts in the region. The coefficient of determination, denoted R^2 , is high, so we know that a significant amount of the variation in Accounts is explained by Total. Households. Additionally, the p-value for the coefficient and the model are

3.4 MLR Models 3 MODELS

significant. However, this model only serves to highlight the drawbacks of choosing Accounts as the response variable since we can only determine that regions with more households have more accounts. We can say nothing about how likely a given household is to have an account.

The other two models, which use Footprint and Accts.Hsehld, are exceptionally poor. Footprint is the feature that most interests us since it tells us if a physical bank is in the region. While we would have been surprised to see the presence of a physical bank be a good predictor of the gross number of accounts, seeing that it is not fits in with what we would expect. Now we will look at SLR models predicting the number of accounts per household in a region.

3.3.2 Predicting Accounts per Household

Now we look at how each of the individual potential predictors does with Accts.Hsehld as the response variable. By using this response variable, we can easily understand which potential predictors are involved in determining the likelihood of a given household having an account with the bank. The R^2 values obtained for these three models were as follows:

Model	R^2	$AdjustedR^2$
Accts.Hsehld ~ Total.Households	0.007543	-0.0008672
Accts. H sehld \sim Accounts	0.00514	-0.003292
Accts. H sehld \sim Footprint	0.02321	0.01493

(see Additional Codeblock 3 in the Appendix for the code) Once again, these results are aligned with those from the correlation matrix. All three SLR models are quite poor. Their respective R^2 values are very low, and their respective p-values are high. With a higher p-value we cannot reject the null hypothesis these models are just as good as the average at predicting Accts.Hsehld. Interestingly, the R^2 and p-values are best, albeit still terrible, for the SLR that used Footprint. Depending on what we find when looking at MLR models, Nils Baker's hypothesis still has a chance at being correct.

Now we will turn our attention to MLR models to try to find one that does a decent job at predicting Accts. Hsehld.

3.4 MLR Models

We feel that the Accts.Hsheld is a more appropriate response variable than Accounts since it is a ratio of total accounts to the total number of households in that area. Thus, we explor MLR models with Accts.Hsheld first.

3.4.1 Models with Accts. Hsheld as response variable

3.4.1.1 Initial Considerations MLR models can get quite complicated. We can look at how different terms interact with each other, quadratic terms, etc. It is imperative that we keep Nils Barker's hypothesis in mind as we look at MLR models. We want to see how well Footprint predicts Accts.Hsehld. Thus, we will focus on generating models that will help us answer that question.

3.4.1.2 Ramsey RESET Test The Ramsey RESET Test attempts to determine if quadratic terms add value to a model. It does not take into consideration the interaction between quadratic terms and other variables, so this will only help to give us an intuition. The results of the test are below.

3.4 MLR Models 3 MODELS

```
##
## RESET test
##
## data: lm(Accts.Hsehld ~ Accounts + Total.Households, data = d)
## RESET = 0, df1 = 1, df2 = 116, p-value = 0.9965

##
## RESET test
##
## data: lm(Accts.Hsehld ~ Accounts + Total.Households + Footprint, data = d)
## RESET = 0.0392, df1 = 1, df2 = 115, p-value = 0.8434
```

We see that the p-value is about as bad as is possible at 0.9965. This test was run for just possible quadratic terms. We will not evaluate any higher order terms with such a poor value. We did not run the test with Footprint in the model because a qualitative variable cannot be squared. Thus, we expect that quadratic terms will be most valuable for their interactions, if at all. Now we turn our attention to actual MLR models.

We see that the p-value is 0.8434, which implies that there are no higher oder values.

3.4.1.3 Footprint with one other term In the correlation matrix (**Figure 1** above) we saw that Accounts and Total. Households have a very high correlation (0.911). Thus, we will explore models with only one or the other.

The code and summaries for each of the models explored can be found in **Additional Codeblock 4** in the *Appendix*. However, they will not be displayed here because none offered promising results. R^2 only goes up to 0.119. When R^2 is adjusted to account for the number of predictors, R_a^2 only gets up to a miniscule 0.08036. With these dispiriting results we turn our attention to MLR models with both **Accounts** and Total. Households.

3.4.1.4 Using all potential predictors We know that error cannot be unexplained. Thus, we can look at the R^2 value with all possible quadratic and interaction terms to get a sense of just how high we can hope to get that value when building our model and then start to delete variables that are insignificant. Additionally, we can compare R_a^2 to make sure that our chosen model improves on this. See **Additional Codeblock 5** in the *Appendix*.

For the model Accts.Hsehld $(.-ID + I(Accounts^2) + I(Total.Households^2))^2$ we get an R^2 value of 0.6141 and R_a^2 of 0.5585. On comparing this model with a less bloated model

Accts. Hsehld . -ID + Footprint : Accounts + Total. Households : $Footprint + I(Accounts^2) + I(Total. Households^2) + Footprint$: $I(Accounts^2) + Footprint$: $I(Total. Households^2)$, we find all coefficients are significant at the $\alpha = 0.05$ level. That is, we can be at least 95% confident in the significance of these coefficients. $R^2 = 0.5706$ and $R_a^2 = 0.5354$. These values are close to the obese one above. Also, the interaction terms with Footprint are all the most significant ones.

The low R^2 values forced us to reconsider our response variable. We had previously seen that Accounts when regressed on Total. Households gave the best R^2 value so far of 0.8303. Thus, we further explored models with Accounts as the response variable.

3.4.2 Models with Accounts as response variable

3.4.2.1 Ramsey RESET Test We first check if there is a possibility of a higher oder term with the Ramsey Test

```
##
## RESET test
```

3.4 MLR Models 3 MODELS

```
##
## data: lm(Accounts ~ Total.Households + Footprint, data = d)
## RESET = 4.4374, df1 = 1, df2 = 116, p-value = 0.03732

##
## RESET test
##
## data: lm(Accounts ~ Total.Households + Footprint, data = d)
## RESET = 3.955, df1 = 1, df2 = 116, p-value = 0.04909
```

The p-value of 0.03732 obtained from the test definately indicates the presence of second degree term and a p-value of 0.04909 obtained for third degree term also indicates that an even higher term might be present.

3.4.2.2 Exploring all models We try and explore as many models as possible (see *Additional Codeblock* 7 for detailed summary) with degree 2 and degree 3 terms and obtain the following results for R^2 and R_a^2 :

Model	R^2	$AdjustedR^2$
$\overline{\text{Accounts} \sim \text{Total.Households} + \text{Footprint}}$		
$+$ I(Total.Households^2)	0.8415	0.8374
$Accounts \sim Total. Households + Footprint$		
+ Total. Households: Footprint	0.8923	0.8895
$Accounts \sim Total. Households + Footprint$		
$+~I(Total.Households^2)$		
$+\ Total. Households: Footprint$	0.8934	0.8897
$Accounts \sim Total. Households + Footprint$		
$+ \ I(Total.Households^2)$		
$+ \ I(Total.Households^3)$		
$+\ {\it Total.} Households: Footprint$	0.8957	0.8911
$Accounts \sim Total. Households + Footprint$		
$+~I(Total.Households^2)$		
$+\ I(Total. Households\hat{\ }2): Footprint$	0.8882	0.8843
$Accounts \sim Total. Households + Footprint$		
$+~I(Total.Households^2)$		
$+\ Total. Households: Footprint$		
+ I(Total.Households^2):Footprint	0.8934	0.8887

Looking at the values for all these models we find Accounts ~ Total.Households + Footprint + Total.Households:Footprint as the most parsemonius model with high R^2 and R_a^2 values. Thus we choose it to be the best model that can explain the data. There are some common problems with all the models listed in table 3 as the they are not normal and the residual plots do not look very convincing for any of these. However, with the given amount of data this is the best we could come up with.

3.5 Results 3 MODELS

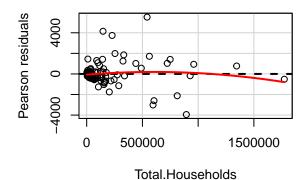
Results 3.5

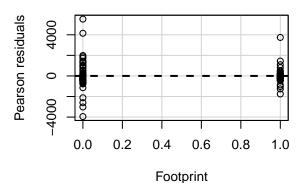
The best model that we could generate from the given data was Accounts ~ Total. Households + Footprint + Total. Households: Footprint. On plotting the residuals and looking for normality of the data we find that the data is not normal but error terms do not show nearly constant variance:

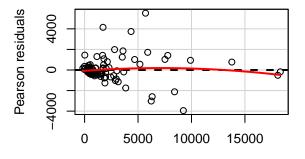
```
library("car")
```

Warning: package 'car' was built under R version 3.1.3

```
residualPlots(lm(Accounts ~ Total.Households + Footprint +
                  Total.Households:Footprint, data = d))
```







##

Footprint

Tukey test

```
Test stat Pr(>|t|)
## Total.Households
                        -1.097
                                   0.275
                        -0.644
                                   0.521
```

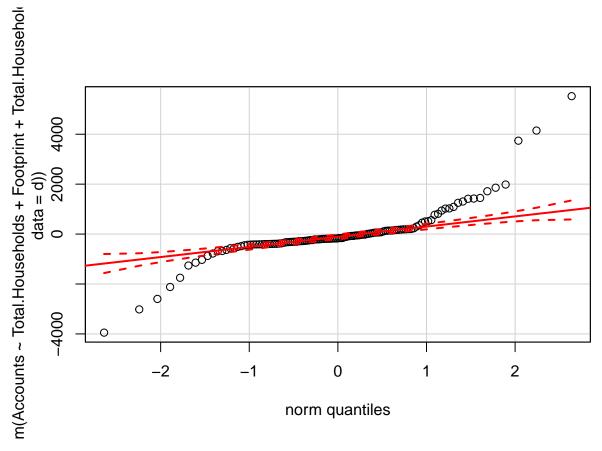
-1.042

0.298

Fitted values

```
qqPlot(residuals(lm(Accounts ~ Total.Households + Footprint +
                  Total.Households:Footprint, data = d)), distribution = "norm")
```

3.5 Results 3 MODELS



The variance of the error terms is further confirmed by using the Breusch-Pagan test which results in the conclusion that variance of the error terms is constant.

[1] 3.841459

The relatively low p - value of the footprint variable is what catches our attention and has the key role in determining if having a physical branch motivates people to open checking accounts with the bank.

Details how we arrived at the models that we tried and how they worked. Include details about both the processes and the model to which they led. Our thought processes should be detailed so that there is no question how we got to our models. This needs to do all of the leg work so that the Conclusions section can focus on the actual meaning of the model. This section should include subsections for each model with two hashes and then further subsectioning using three hashes for each part of the model discussion.

4 Conclusions

The goal is that everything is built up to this point so that little we can just plow right into the meaning of the model. Other general conclusions can be included.

5 Appendix

5.1 Additional Codeblocks

Additional Codeblock 1

```
d <- read.csv("41330723.csv", header = TRUE, stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
d <- d[1:120, ] # last two rows contain no data
names(d) <- c("ID", "Total.Households", "Accounts", "Footprint")

for (i in 2:3) {
    d[[i]] <- gsub(",", "", d[[i]])
    d[[i]] <- as.numeric(d[[i]])
}
d[["Footprint"]][d[["Footprint"]] == "Outside"] <- 0
d[["Footprint"]][d[["Footprint"]] == "Inside"] <- 1
d[["Footprint"]] <- as.numeric(d[["Footprint"]])
d[["ID"]] <- as.numeric(d[["ID"]])
d[["Accts.Hsehld"]] <- d[["Accounts"]] / d[["Total.Households"]]</pre>
```

head(d)

```
ID Total. Households Accounts Footprint Accts. Hsehld
                1772960
## 1 1
                            17563
                                          0 0.009906033
## 2
     2
                 1345209
                            14547
                                          0 0.010813933
## 3 3
                 960434
                                          0 0.011293853
                           10847
## 4 4
                 928274
                            18133
                                          1 0.019534103
## 5 5
                 893995
                            5291
                                          0 0.005918378
## 6 6
                 812137
                            6297
                                          0 0.007753618
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Accounts ~ Total.Households, data = d)
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                1Q Median
                                ЗQ
                                       Max
## -4645.8 -358.6 -223.9
                              77.7 7823.8
##
## Coefficients:
                     Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
                    2.260e+02 1.447e+02
                                           1.562
## (Intercept)
                                                    0.121
## Total.Households 1.086e-02 4.521e-04 24.029
## ---
```

```
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 1366 on 118 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8303, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8289
## F-statistic: 577.4 on 1 and 118 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Accounts ~ Footprint, data = d)
## Residuals:
               1Q Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
      Min
## -2540.2 -1778.4 -819.1
                            -40.1 16943.4
##
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                2627.2
                            395.4
                                  6.645 9.86e-10 ***
## Footprint
               -1437.6
                            594.9 -2.416 0.0172 *
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 3236 on 118 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.04715,
                                 Adjusted R-squared:
## F-statistic: 5.839 on 1 and 118 DF, p-value: 0.01721
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Accounts ~ Accts.Hsehld, data = d)
##
## Residuals:
      Min
               1Q Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -2671.2 -1594.0 -1433.4 143.6 16047.8
##
## Coefficients:
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                 1742.8
                             439.6
                                    3.965 0.000126 ***
## Accts.Hsehld 17527.1
                           22448.6
                                   0.781 0.436504
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 3307 on 118 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.00514,
                                Adjusted R-squared: -0.003292
## F-statistic: 0.6096 on 1 and 118 DF, p-value: 0.4365
                                Additional Codeblock 3
##
## lm(formula = Accts.Hsehld ~ Total.Households, data = d)
##
## Residuals:
##
                         Median
                                       3Q
                   1Q
## -0.010135 -0.006645 -0.003025 0.001904 0.121737
```

```
## Coefficients:
                    Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
                    1.492e-02 1.432e-03 10.423
                                                <2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
## Total.Households -4.235e-09 4.472e-09 -0.947
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.01351 on 118 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.007543, Adjusted R-squared: -0.0008672
## F-statistic: 0.8969 on 1 and 118 DF, p-value: 0.3456
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Accts.Hsehld ~ Accounts, data = d)
## Residuals:
                        Median
##
                   1Q
                                      3Q
        Min
                                               Max
## -0.009282 -0.006456 -0.003580 0.002018 0.122535
##
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 1.365e-02 1.444e-03
                                   9.454 3.94e-16 ***
              2.932e-07 3.756e-07
                                   0.781
## Accounts
                                             0.437
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.01353 on 118 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.00514,
                                  Adjusted R-squared: -0.003292
## F-statistic: 0.6096 on 1 and 118 DF, p-value: 0.4365
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Accts.Hsehld ~ Footprint, data = d)
## Residuals:
                        Median
                   1Q
                                      3Q
## -0.011787 -0.006085 -0.003160 0.002384 0.120077
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.012411
                        0.001637
                                   7.580 8.62e-12 ***
## Footprint 0.004125
                         0.002464
                                   1.674 0.0967 .
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.0134 on 118 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.02321, Adjusted R-squared: 0.01493
## F-statistic: 2.803 on 1 and 118 DF, p-value: 0.09672
```

```
summary(lm(Accts.Hsehld ~ Footprint + Total.Households, data = d))
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Accts.Hsehld ~ Footprint + Total.Households, data = d)
##
## Residuals:
##
        Min
                         Median
                   1Q
                                       3Q
                                                Max
## -0.011920 -0.006122 -0.003293 0.002291 0.119948
## Coefficients:
##
                     Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                    1.293e-02 1.979e-03 6.536 1.72e-09 ***
                    3.758e-03 2.592e-03
                                         1.450
## Footprint
                                                    0.150
## Total.Households -2.202e-09 4.667e-09 -0.472
                                                    0.638
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.01345 on 117 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.02506, Adjusted R-squared: 0.008395
## F-statistic: 1.504 on 2 and 117 DF, p-value: 0.2266
summary(lm(Accts.Hsehld ~ Footprint + Total.Households +
            Footprint:Total.Households, data = d))
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Accts.Hsehld ~ Footprint + Total.Households + Footprint:Total.Households,
##
      data = d
##
## Residuals:
                   1Q
                         Median
                                       ЗQ
        Min
## -0.011634 -0.006183 -0.003389 0.002127 0.120225
##
## Coefficients:
##
                               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                              1.306e-02 2.022e-03 6.461 2.54e-09 ***
                              3.299e-03 2.922e-03 1.129
                                                              0.261
## Footprint
## Total.Households
                             -2.754e-09 4.950e-09 -0.556
                                                              0.579
## Footprint:Total.Households 5.284e-09 1.532e-08 0.345
                                                              0.731
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.0135 on 116 degrees of freedom
                                   Adjusted R-squared: 0.0008719
## Multiple R-squared: 0.02606,
## F-statistic: 1.035 on 3 and 116 DF, p-value: 0.38
### Should we keep these models?? They violate Ramset test
summary(lm(Accts.Hsehld ~ Footprint + Total.Households +
            Footprint:Total.Households + I(Total.Households^2),
            data = d)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Accts.Hsehld ~ Footprint + Total.Households + Footprint:Total.Households +
      I(Total.Households^2), data = d)
## Residuals:
                         Median
                   10
                                       30
                                                Max
## -0.011703 -0.006198 -0.003313 0.002467 0.120160
##
## Coefficients:
                               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                              1.336e-02 2.363e-03 5.652 1.17e-07 ***
## Footprint
                              3.091e-03 3.056e-03
                                                     1.011
                                                              0.314
                                                              0.658
## Total.Households
                             -5.533e-09 1.246e-08 -0.444
## I(Total.Households^2)
                              2.172e-15 8.934e-15
                                                     0.243
                                                              0.808
## Footprint:Total.Households 6.161e-09 1.580e-08
                                                     0.390
                                                              0.697
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.01355 on 115 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.02656,
                                   Adjusted R-squared: -0.007298
## F-statistic: 0.7844 on 4 and 115 DF, p-value: 0.5375
summary(lm(Accts.Hsehld ~ Footprint + Total.Households +
            Footprint:Total.Households + I(Total.Households^2) +
            Footprint:I(Total.Households^2),
          data = d)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Accts. Hsehld ~ Footprint + Total. Households + Footprint: Total. Households +
      I(Total.Households^2) + Footprint:I(Total.Households^2),
##
      data = d
##
## Residuals:
                         Median
                   1Q
                                       3Q
## -0.012253 -0.006095 -0.003269 0.002092 0.119637
## Coefficients:
##
                                    Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                                   1.329e-02 2.381e-03 5.583 1.62e-07 ***
## Footprint
                                   3.836e-03 3.870e-03
                                                          0.991
                                                                   0.324
## Total.Households
                                  -4.936e-09 1.265e-08 -0.390
                                                                   0.697
                                                                   0.851
## I(Total.Households^2)
                                   1.706e-15 9.090e-15
                                                         0.188
## Footprint:Total.Households
                                  -9.514e-09 5.207e-08 -0.183
                                                                   0.855
## Footprint:I(Total.Households^2) 1.769e-14 5.597e-14
                                                        0.316
                                                                   0.753
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.01361 on 114 degrees of freedom
                                   Adjusted R-squared: -0.01524
## Multiple R-squared: 0.02741,
## F-statistic: 0.6426 on 5 and 114 DF, p-value: 0.6676
```

```
summary(lm(Accts.Hsehld ~ Footprint + Accounts, data = d))
##
## lm(formula = Accts.Hsehld ~ Footprint + Accounts, data = d)
## Residuals:
        Min
                   1Q
                         Median
                                       3Q
                                               Max
## -0.011271 -0.005797 -0.003439 0.002640 0.119953
## Coefficients:
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 1.123e-02 1.916e-03 5.860 4.35e-08 ***
             4.772e-03 2.520e-03 1.894 0.0607 .
## Footprint
## Accounts
              4.497e-07 3.806e-07 1.182
                                            0.2397
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.01338 on 117 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.03472,
                                  Adjusted R-squared: 0.01822
## F-statistic: 2.104 on 2 and 117 DF, p-value: 0.1265
summary(lm(Accts.Hsehld ~ Footprint + Accounts +
            Footprint: Accounts, data = d))
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Accts.Hsehld ~ Footprint + Accounts + Footprint:Accounts,
      data = d
##
## Residuals:
        Min
                   10
                         Median
                                      30
## -0.015178 -0.005548 -0.003203 0.002283 0.119780
## Coefficients:
##
                     Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                     1.193e-02 2.024e-03 5.896 3.74e-08 ***
## Footprint
                     3.328e-03 2.855e-03 1.166
                                                    0.246
## Accounts
                     1.821e-07 4.548e-07
                                           0.400
                                                    0.690
## Footprint:Accounts 8.906e-07 8.296e-07
                                           1.074
                                                    0.285
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
\#\# Residual standard error: 0.01337 on 116 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.04422,
                                  Adjusted R-squared: 0.0195
## F-statistic: 1.789 on 3 and 116 DF, p-value: 0.1531
summary(lm(Accts.Hsehld ~ Footprint + Accounts +
            Footprint:Accounts + I(Accounts^2),
            data = d)
```

```
## Call:
## lm(formula = Accts.Hsehld ~ Footprint + Accounts + Footprint:Accounts +
      I(Accounts^2), data = d)
##
## Residuals:
##
        Min
                   1Q
                         Median
                                       3Q
                                                Max
## -0.011156 -0.005046 -0.003119 0.002268 0.118062
## Coefficients:
##
                       Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                      9.681e-03 2.239e-03
                                            4.324 3.27e-05 ***
                                                     0.1773
                      3.825e-03 2.818e-03
                                             1.357
## Footprint
## Accounts
                      2.240e-06 1.037e-06
                                             2.161
                                                     0.0328 *
## I(Accounts^2)
                     -1.593e-10 7.238e-11 -2.201
                                                     0.0298 *
                                             1.683
## Footprint:Accounts 1.435e-06 8.529e-07
                                                     0.0951 .
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.01316 on 115 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.08284,
                                   Adjusted R-squared: 0.05094
## F-statistic: 2.597 on 4 and 115 DF, p-value: 0.03992
summary(lm(Accts.Hsehld ~ Footprint + Accounts +
            Footprint: Accounts + I(Accounts^2) +
            Footprint:I(Accounts^2),
          data = d)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Accts.Hsehld ~ Footprint + Accounts + Footprint:Accounts +
      I(Accounts^2) + Footprint:I(Accounts^2), data = d)
##
## Residuals:
        Min
                   1Q
                         Median
                                       3Q
## -0.014667 -0.005026 -0.003006 0.001939 0.115490
##
## Coefficients:
##
                            Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                           1.109e-02 2.298e-03
                                                4.826 4.36e-06 ***
## Footprint
                          -2.095e-04 3.343e-03 -0.063
                                                        0.9501
## Accounts
                           9.525e-07 1.181e-06
                                                          0.4218
                                                  0.806
## I(Accounts^2)
                          -5.963e-11 8.485e-11 -0.703
                                                          0.4836
## Footprint:Accounts
                           6.617e-06 2.539e-06
                                                  2.607
                                                          0.0104 *
## Footprint:I(Accounts^2) -3.380e-10 1.563e-10 -2.163
                                                          0.0326 *
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.01295 on 114 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.119, Adjusted R-squared: 0.08036
## F-statistic: 3.08 on 5 and 114 DF, p-value: 0.01206
```

Additional Codeblock 5

##

5.1 Additional Codeblocks

```
## Call:
## lm(formula = Accts.Hsehld ~ (. - ID + I(Accounts^2) + I(Total.Households^2))^2,
       data = d
##
## Residuals:
##
        Min
                         Median
                                        3Q
                    10
                                                 Max
## -0.023668 -0.002990 -0.000442 0.002224 0.067033
##
## Coefficients:
##
                                            Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept)
                                           1.421e-02 2.309e-03
                                                                  6.155
                                                                -3.294
## Total.Households
                                          -2.303e-07 6.991e-08
## Accounts
                                           1.649e-05 5.187e-06
                                                                 3.179
                                                                 1.490
## Footprint
                                           4.773e-03 3.204e-03
## I(Accounts^2)
                                          -1.645e-09 1.657e-09
                                                                -0.992
## I(Total.Households^2)
                                           4.947e-13 1.847e-13
                                                                  2.678
                                                                -0.376
## Total.Households:Accounts
                                          -8.893e-12 2.363e-11
## Total.Households:Footprint
                                          -5.193e-07 1.193e-07 -4.353
## Total.Households:I(Accounts^2)
                                          -8.068e-15 5.562e-15 -1.451
## Total.Households:I(Total.Households^2) -5.887e-19 2.365e-19
                                                                -2.490
                                                                 5.037
## Accounts:Footprint
                                           3.012e-05 5.980e-06
## Accounts:I(Accounts^2)
                                           2.793e-13 1.975e-13
                                                                  1.415
## Accounts:I(Total.Households^2)
                                           8.509e-17 5.784e-17
                                                                  1.471
## Footprint:I(Accounts^2)
                                          -3.212e-09
                                                      7.623e-10 -4.213
## Footprint:I(Total.Households^2)
                                           1.009e-12 3.746e-13
                                                                  2.693
## I(Accounts^2):I(Total.Households^2)
                                           8.509e-22 6.355e-22
                                                                  1.339
                                          Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                                          1.43e-08 ***
## Total.Households
                                           0.00135 **
## Accounts
                                           0.00195 **
## Footprint
                                           0.13937
## I(Accounts^2)
                                           0.32332
## I(Total.Households^2)
                                           0.00860 **
## Total.Households:Accounts
                                           0.70747
## Total.Households:Footprint
                                          3.15e-05 ***
## Total.Households:I(Accounts^2)
                                           0.14990
## Total.Households:I(Total.Households^2) 0.01438 *
## Accounts:Footprint
                                          2.00e-06 ***
## Accounts:I(Accounts^2)
                                           0.16018
## Accounts:I(Total.Households^2)
                                           0.14428
## Footprint:I(Accounts^2)
                                          5.38e-05 ***
## Footprint:I(Total.Households^2)
                                           0.00825 **
## I(Accounts^2):I(Total.Households^2)
                                           0.18352
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.008973 on 104 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.6141, Adjusted R-squared: 0.5585
## F-statistic: 11.03 on 15 and 104 DF, p-value: 1.699e-15
```

```
##
## Call:
```

```
## lm(formula = Accts.Hsehld ~ . - ID + Footprint:Accounts + Total.Households:Footprint +
      I(Accounts^2) + I(Total.Households^2) + Footprint:I(Accounts^2) +
##
##
      Footprint:I(Total.Households^2), data = d)
##
## Residuals:
##
        Min
                   1Q
                         Median
                                       3Q
                                                Max
## -0.024939 -0.003457 -0.001472 0.002135 0.068849
##
## Coefficients:
##
                                    Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                                   1.182e-02 1.653e-03
                                                         7.150 1.01e-10 ***
## Total.Households
                                  -9.749e-08 2.366e-08 -4.121 7.32e-05 ***
## Accounts
                                   9.509e-06 2.362e-06
                                                         4.026 0.000104 ***
## Footprint
                                   7.859e-03 2.680e-03
                                                         2.932 0.004096 **
## I(Accounts^2)
                                  -5.234e-10 1.846e-10 -2.836 0.005439 **
## I(Total.Households^2)
                                   5.402e-14 1.860e-14
                                                          2.904 0.004450 **
## Accounts:Footprint
                                                          6.984 2.30e-10 ***
                                   3.403e-05 4.873e-06
## Total.Households:Footprint
                                  -6.379e-07 7.951e-08
                                                         -8.023 1.22e-12 ***
## Footprint:I(Accounts^2)
                                  -3.203e-09 5.120e-10
                                                         -6.255 7.78e-09 ***
## Footprint:I(Total.Households^2) 1.244e-12 1.672e-13
                                                          7.443 2.33e-11 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.009204 on 110 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.5706, Adjusted R-squared: 0.5354
## F-statistic: 16.24 on 9 and 110 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

```
lm_7 <- lm(Accounts ~ Total.Households + Footprint, data = d)
summary(lm_7)</pre>
```

```
##
## lm(formula = Accounts ~ Total.Households + Footprint, data = d)
##
## Residuals:
      Min
               10 Median
                               30
                                      Max
                            184.0 7423.0
## -4626.9 -452.8 -213.8
##
## Coefficients:
##
                    Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                   7.718e+00 1.997e+02
                                          0.039
                                                   0.969
## Total.Households 1.109e-02 4.710e-04 23.535
                                                  <2e-16 ***
## Footprint
                   4.122e+02 2.616e+02
                                         1.576
                                                   0.118
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 1357 on 117 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8338, Adjusted R-squared: 0.831
## F-statistic: 293.6 on 2 and 117 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

```
summary(lm_8)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Accounts ~ Total.Households + Footprint + I(Total.Households^2),
      data = d
##
## Residuals:
##
               1Q Median
                               3Q
      Min
                                      Max
## -4994.2 -402.2 -129.2
                            255.3 6973.0
##
## Coefficients:
##
                          Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                        -2.467e+02 2.233e+02 -1.105
                                                       0.2715
## Total.Households
                        1.359e-02 1.153e-03 11.786
                                                       <2e-16 ***
                                                       0.0431 *
## Footprint
                         5.354e+02 2.618e+02
                                              2.045
## I(Total.Households^2) -2.028e-09 8.543e-10 -2.374 0.0193 *
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 1331 on 116 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8415, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8374
## F-statistic: 205.3 on 3 and 116 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
lm 9 <- lm(Accounts ~ Total.Households + Footprint +</pre>
          Total.Households:Footprint, data = d)
summary(lm_9)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Accounts ~ Total. Households + Footprint + Total. Households: Footprint,
##
      data = d
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -3948.3 -381.3 -168.7
                            167.7 5524.4
##
## Coefficients:
                               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept)
                              2.515e+02 1.644e+02
                                                   1.530
                                                             0.129
## Total.Households
                              1.005e-02 4.025e-04 24.980 < 2e-16 ***
## Footprint
                             -4.460e+02 2.376e+02 -1.877
                                                             0.063 .
## Total.Households:Footprint 9.880e-03 1.245e-03
                                                   7.933 1.48e-12 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 1097 on 116 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8923, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8895
## F-statistic: 320.3 on 3 and 116 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

lm_8 <- lm(Accounts ~ Total.Households + Footprint + I(Total.Households^2), data = d)</pre>

```
lm_10 <- lm(Accounts ~ Total.Households + Footprint + I(Total.Households^2) +</pre>
            Total.Households:Footprint, data = d)
summary(lm_10)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Accounts ~ Total.Households + Footprint + I(Total.Households^2) +
##
       Total.Households:Footprint, data = d)
## Residuals:
      Min
               10 Median
                               30
                                      Max
## -4113.9 -332.0 -109.1 191.9 5315.0
##
## Coefficients:
##
                               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                              1.442e+02 1.912e+02
                                                     0.754
## Total.Households
                              1.107e-02 1.008e-03 10.977
                                                            < 2e-16 ***
## Footprint
                             -3.700e+02 2.473e+02 -1.496
                                                              0.137
## I(Total.Households^2)
                             -7.929e-10 7.228e-10 -1.097
                                                              0.275
## Total.Households:Footprint 9.560e-03 1.278e-03
                                                    7.480 1.61e-11 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 1097 on 115 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8934, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8897
## F-statistic: 240.9 on 4 and 115 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
lm_11 <- lm(Accounts ~ Total.Households + Footprint + I(Total.Households^2) +</pre>
             I(Total.Households^3) + Total.Households:Footprint, data = d)
summary(lm_11)
##
## lm(formula = Accounts ~ Total.Households + Footprint + I(Total.Households^2) +
##
       I(Total.Households^3) + Total.Households:Footprint, data = d)
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
                               ЗQ
                1Q Median
                                      Max
## -3702.8 -309.0
                    -56.3
                            206.3 5224.9
##
## Coefficients:
##
                               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                             -2.202e+01 2.175e+02 -0.101
                                                             0.9195
## Total.Households
                              1.387e-02 2.044e-03
                                                     6.785 5.46e-10 ***
## Footprint
                             -3.299e+02 2.470e+02 -1.335
                                                             0.1844
## I(Total.Households^2)
                             -6.398e-09 3.640e-09 -1.758
                                                             0.0814 .
## I(Total.Households^3)
                              2.426e-15 1.544e-15
                                                     1.571
                                                             0.1189
## Total.Households:Footprint 9.736e-03 1.275e-03
                                                     7.636 7.48e-12 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 1090 on 114 degrees of freedom
```

```
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8957, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8911
## F-statistic: 195.7 on 5 and 114 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
lm_12 <- lm(Accounts ~ Total.Households + Footprint + I(Total.Households^2)+</pre>
            I(Total.Households^2):Footprint, data = d)
summary(lm 12)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Accounts ~ Total.Households + Footprint + I(Total.Households^2) +
       I(Total.Households^2):Footprint, data = d)
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q Median
                               3Q
                                       Max
## -4252.4 -309.6 -175.1
                            128.7 5187.8
## Coefficients:
##
                                    Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                                   7.166e+01 1.939e+02
                                                          0.370
                                                                    0.712
## Total.Households
                                   1.164e-02 1.013e-03 11.492 < 2e-16 ***
                                   1.280e+02 2.285e+02
## Footprint
                                                           0.560
                                                                    0.577
## I(Total.Households^2)
                                  -1.169e-09 7.312e-10
                                                         -1.599
                                                                    0.113
## Footprint:I(Total.Households^2) 9.750e-09 1.407e-09
                                                          6.930 2.59e-10 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 1123 on 115 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8882, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8843
## F-statistic: 228.4 on 4 and 115 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
lm_13 <- lm(Accounts ~ Total.Households + Footprint + I(Total.Households^2) +</pre>
             Total.Households:Footprint + I(Total.Households^2):Footprint, data = d)
summary(lm 13)
## Call:
## lm(formula = Accounts ~ Total.Households + Footprint + I(Total.Households^2) +
       Total.Households:Footprint + I(Total.Households^2):Footprint,
##
##
       data = d
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                1Q Median
                               3Q
                                       Max
                             182.9 5317.9
## -4111.6 -331.4 -106.7
##
## Coefficients:
                                     Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                                   1.456e+02 1.927e+02
                                                           0.756
                                                                   0.4514
## (Intercept)
## Total.Households
                                   1.105e-02 1.024e-03 10.793
                                                                   <2e-16 ***
                                   -3.875e+02 3.132e+02
## Footprint
                                                         -1.237
                                                                   0.2185
## I(Total.Households^2)
                                  -7.819e-10 7.357e-10 -1.063
                                                                   0.2902
## Total.Households:Footprint
                                   9.928e-03 4.214e-03
                                                          2.356
                                                                   0.0202 *
## Footprint:I(Total.Households^2) -4.160e-10 4.530e-09 -0.092
                                                                   0.9270
## ---
```

```
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 1101 on 114 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8934, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8887
## F-statistic: 191.1 on 5 and 114 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16</pre>
```

5.2 Additional Figures

Additional Figure 1

Pairs Plots for Nils Baker Data

