Chen

Lab 6 Exercise due on Sunday, 12:00 NOON

Problem Description (the same as lab 4)

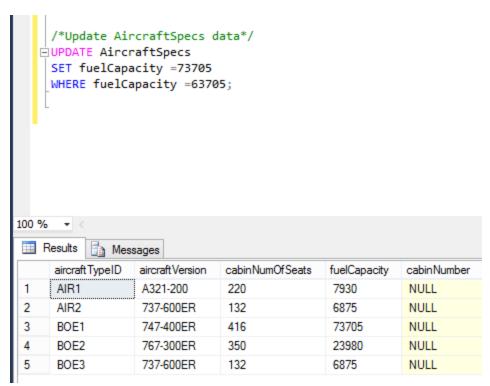
1. Alter table "AircraftSpecs" to add one more columns for number of cabins. Name the column as "cabinNumber". The column data type is INT, and it can be null.

ALTER TABLE AircraftSpecs ADD cabinNumber INT NOT NULL;

```
/*add column cabinNumber*/
   ALTER TABLE AircraftSpecs
     ADD cabinNumber INT;
100 %
Results
            Messages
      aircraft TypeID
                    aircraft Version
                                  cabinNumOfSeats
                                                    fuelCapacity
                                                                cabin Number
      AIR1
                    A321-200
                                   220
                                                    7930
                                                                 NULL
 1
 2
      AIR2
                                                                 NULL
                    737-600ER
                                   132
                                                    6875
 3
      BOE1
                    747-400ER
                                   416
                                                    63705
                                                                 NULL
 4
      BOE2
                    767-300ER
                                   350
                                                    23980
                                                                 NULL
 5
      BOE3
                    737-600ER
                                   132
                                                    6875
                                                                 NULL
```

2. Update information in table "AircraftSpecs". For planes whose "fuelCapacity" is 63705, change their "fuelCapacity" to be 73705.

UPDATE AircraftSpecs SET fuelCapacity =73705 WHERE fuelCapacity =63705;



- 3. Simple data questions
 - a) Find out all flight schedule information of flight "3310". Make sure to show all the fields.

SELECT * FROM flightSchedule WHERE flightNumber = 3310; /*view all the FlightSchedule info of flight 3310*/ SELECT * FROM FlightSchedule WHERE flightNumber = 3310; 100 % Results Messages flight Number flightDATE statusID aimplaneID delayDepartTime delayAmivalTime 3310 2014-02-10 O NULL NULL AP629342 3310 2014-02-11 O AP629342 NULL NULL

b) Find all flights departing from LAX airport. Show flight number, arrival airport, and depart time.

SELECT flightNumber, arriveAirport, scheduledDepartTime FROM flightRoute WHERE departAirport LIKE 'LAX';

c) Find all planes purchased in March 2013. Show airplane ID and purchase date only.

SELECT airplaneID, purchaseDate

FROM Airplane

WHERE purchaseDate LIKE '2013-03%';

```
/*Find all planes purchased in March 2013. Show airplane ID and purchase date only.*/

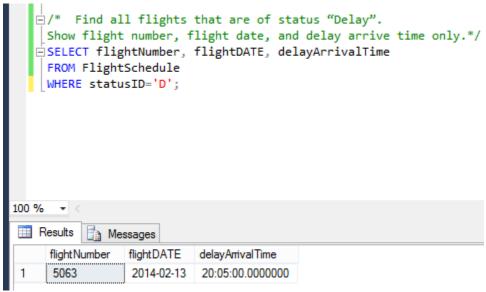
SELECT airplaneID, purchaseDate
FROM Airplane
WHERE purchaseDate LIKE '2013-03%';

Results Messages

airplaneID purchaseDate
1 AP098640 2013-03-01
```

d) Find all flights that are of status "Delay". Show flight number, flight date, and delay arrive time only.

SELECT flightNumber, flightDATE, delayArrivalTime FROM FlightSchedule WHERE statusID='D';

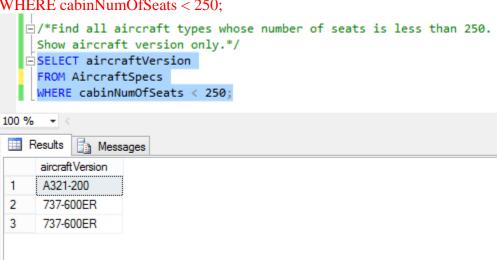


e) Find all aircraft types whose number of seats is less than 250. Show aircraft version

SELECT aircraftVersion

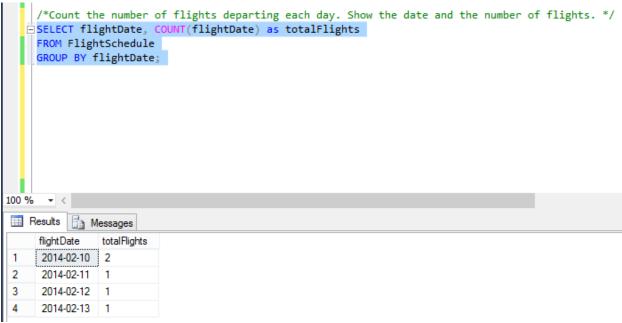
FROM AircraftSpecs

WHERE cabinNumOfSeats < 250;



- 4. Use aggregate functions to answer data questions
 - a) Count the number of flights departing each day. Show the date and the number of flights.

SELECT flightDate, COUNT(flightDate) as totalFlights FROM FlightSchedule GROUP BY flightDate;

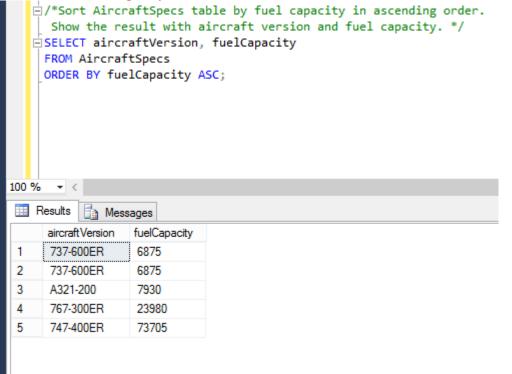


b) Sort AircraftSpecs table by fuel capacity in ascending order. Show the result with aircraft version and fuel capacity.

SELECT aircraftVersion, fuelCapacity

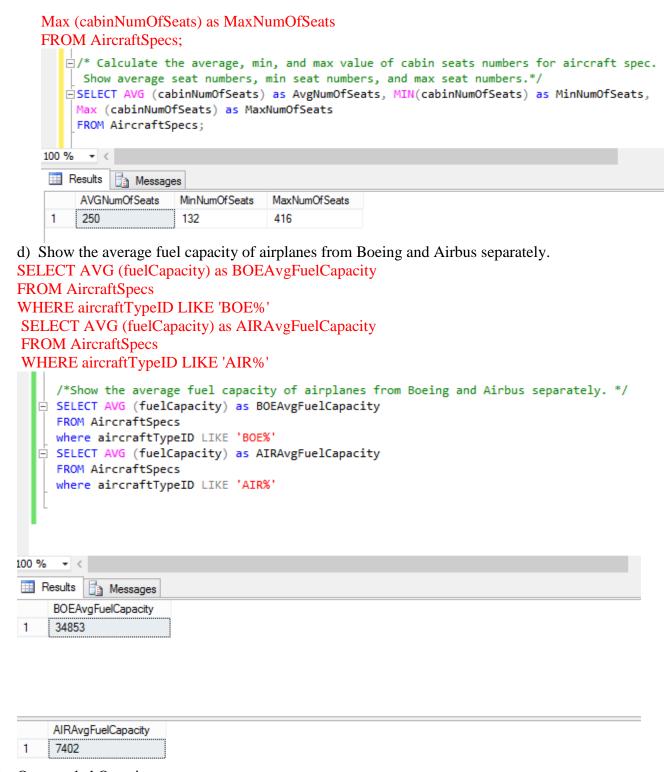
FROM AircraftSpecs

ORDER BY fuelCapacity ASC;



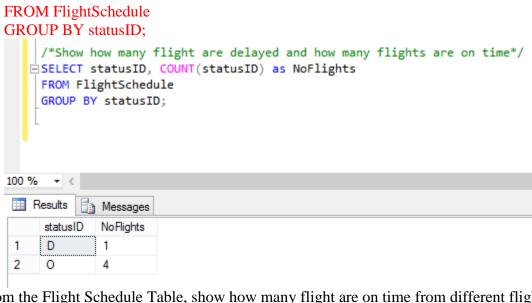
c) Calculate the average, min, and max value of cabin seats numbers for aircraft spec.
 Show average seat numbers, min seat numbers, and max seat numbers.

 SELECT AVG (cabinNumOfSeats) as AvgNumOfSeats, MIN(cabinNumOfSeats) as MinNumOfSeats.



- 5. Open ended Questions:
 - 1. From the Flight Schedule Table, show how many flight are delayed and how many flights are on time

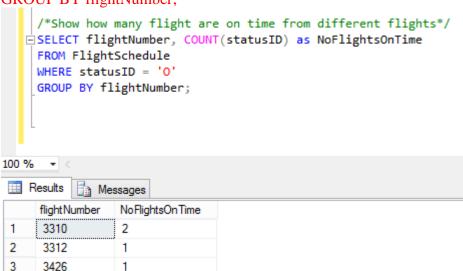
SELECT statusID, COUNT(statusID) as NoFlights



2. From the Flight Schedule Table, show how many flight are on time from different flights SELECT flightNumber, COUNT(statusID) as NoFlightsOnTime

FROM FlightSchedule WHERE statusID = 'O'

GROUP BY flightNumber;



Submission instruction

Please submit your lab report in **one PDF** file to BlackBoard. Name your file in this format "IST659-Lab6-Lastname-Firstname.pdf".

After each question, copy and paste your SQL statement, followed by the screenshot to show that your SQL statement has been successfully executed. Remember to add comments to your SQL statements to explain the purpose of the code blocks.