1 3.8.13

Suppose that X and Y are two independent random variables, where $f_X(x) = xe^{-x}, x \ge 0$, and $f_Y(y) = e^{-y}, y \ge 0$. Find the pdf of Y/X.

$$f_W(w) = \int_0^w |x| f_X(x) f_y(wx)$$
$$f_W(w) = \int_0^w xx e^{-x} e^{-wx} dx$$
$$f_W(w) = \int_0^w x^2 e^{-x(1-w)} dx$$

Try This, Multiply by $1 = \frac{1-w}{1-w}$,

$$f_W(w) = \frac{1}{1-w} \int_0^w x^2 (1-w)e^{-x(1-w)} dx$$

This is basically the expected value of x^2 against an exponential distribution with parameter $\lambda = 1 - w$.

Then we also know for the exponential distribution the $Var(x) = E[x^2] - E[x]^2$, and for the exponential distribution is $Var(x) = \frac{1}{\lambda^2} = E[x^2] - \left[\frac{1}{\lambda}\right]^2$. Therefore, $E[x^2] = \frac{2}{\lambda^2}$. Going back to our integral,

$$f_W(w) = \frac{1}{1-w} \int_0^w x^2 (1-w) e^{-x(1-w)} dx = \frac{1}{1-w} E\left[x^2\right] = \frac{1}{1-w} \cdot \frac{2}{(1-w)^2} = \frac{2}{(1-w)^3}, w \ge 0$$