
Supplementary information

An unexpectedly large count of trees in the West African Sahara and Sahel

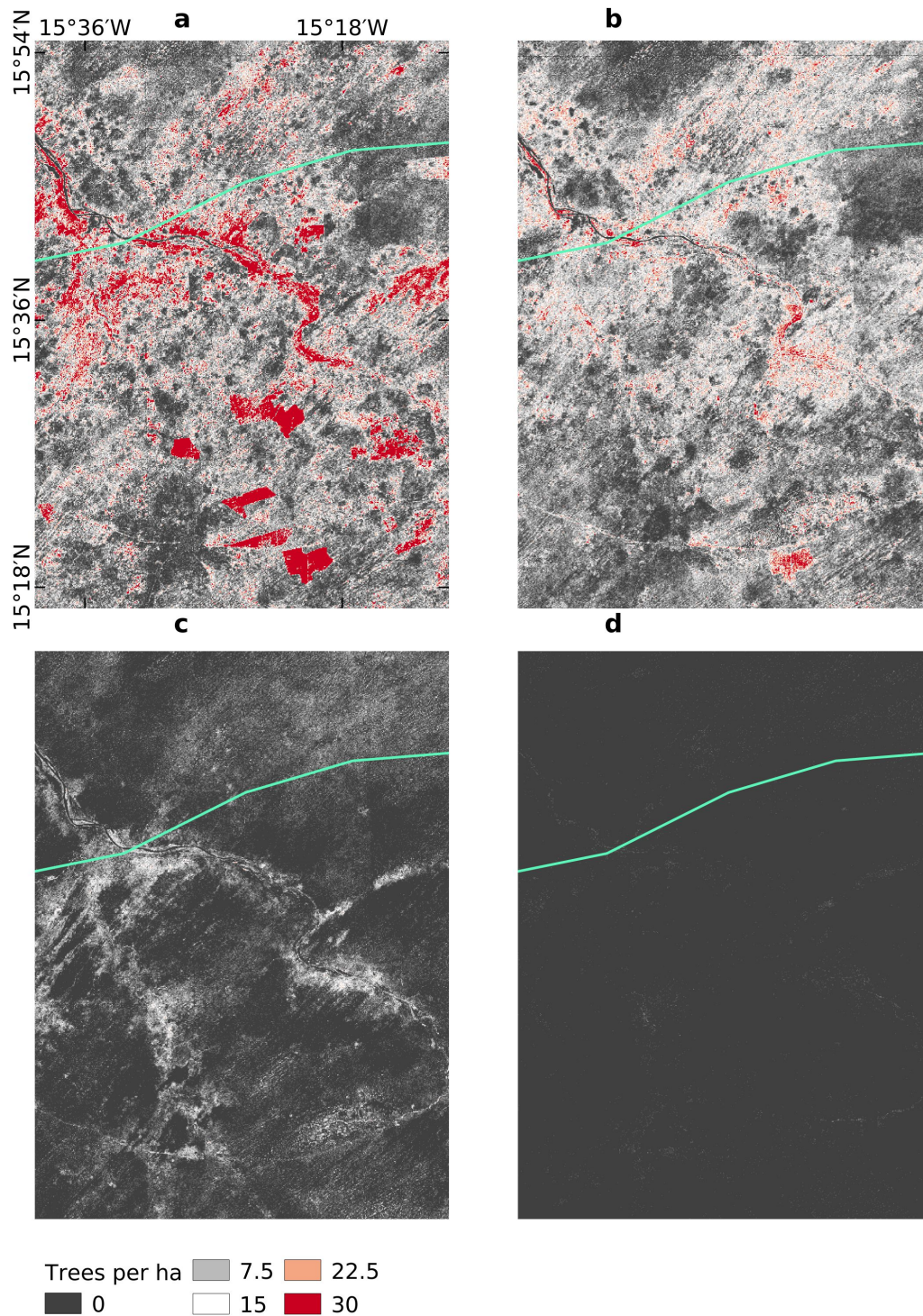
In the format provided by the
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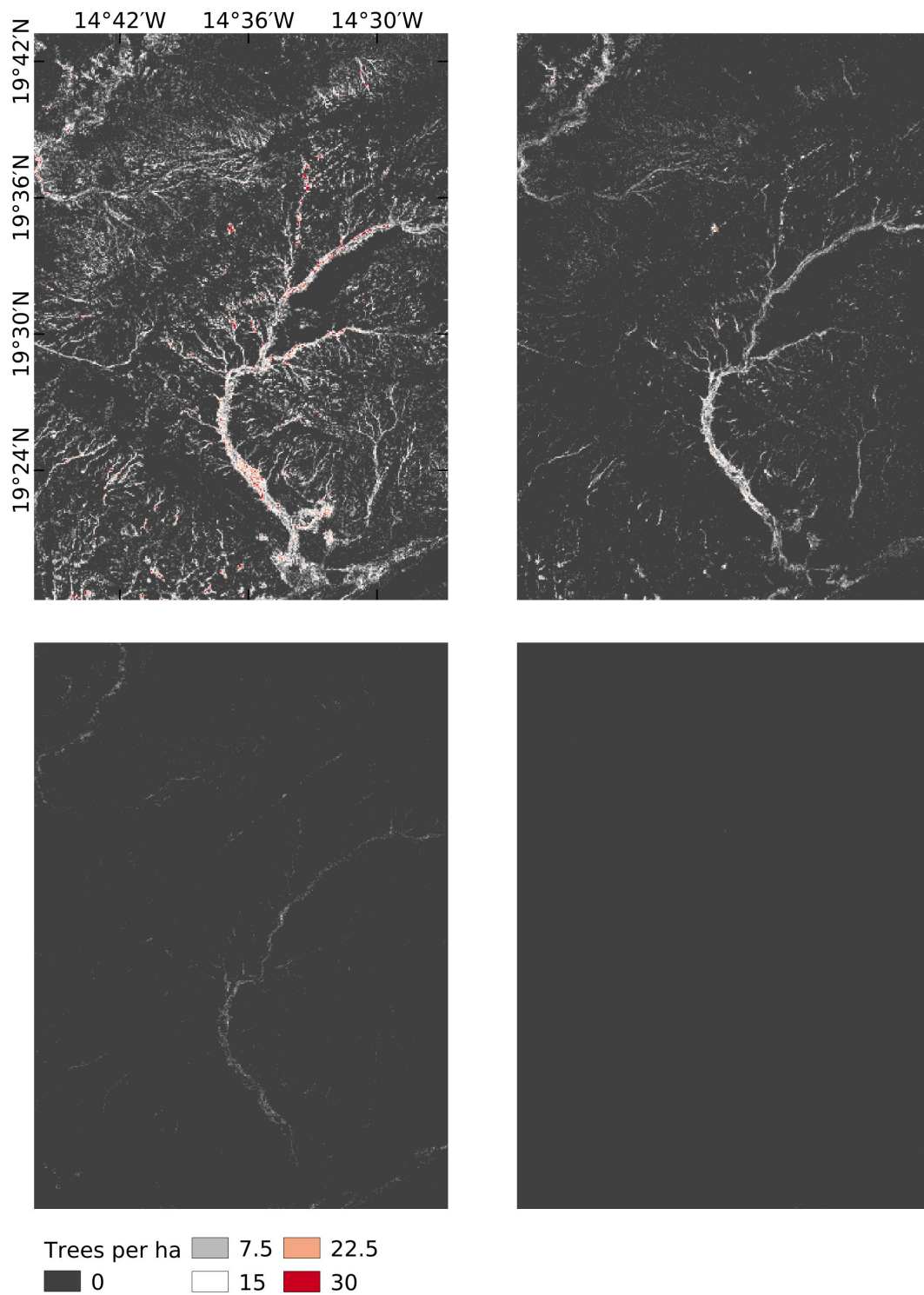
An unexpectedly large count of trees in the West African Sahara and Sahel

Martin Brandt, Compton J. Tucker, Ankit Kariryaa, Kjeld Rasmussen, Christin Abel, Jennifer Small, Jerome Chave, Laura Vang Rasmussen, Pierre Hiernaux, Abdoul Aziz Diouf, Laurent Kergoat, Ole Mertz, Christian Igel, Fabian Gieseke, Johannes Schöning, Sizhuo Li, Katherine Melocik, Jesse Meyer, Scott Sinno, Eric Romero, Erin Glennie, Amandine Montagu, Morgane Dendoncker, Rasmus Fensholt

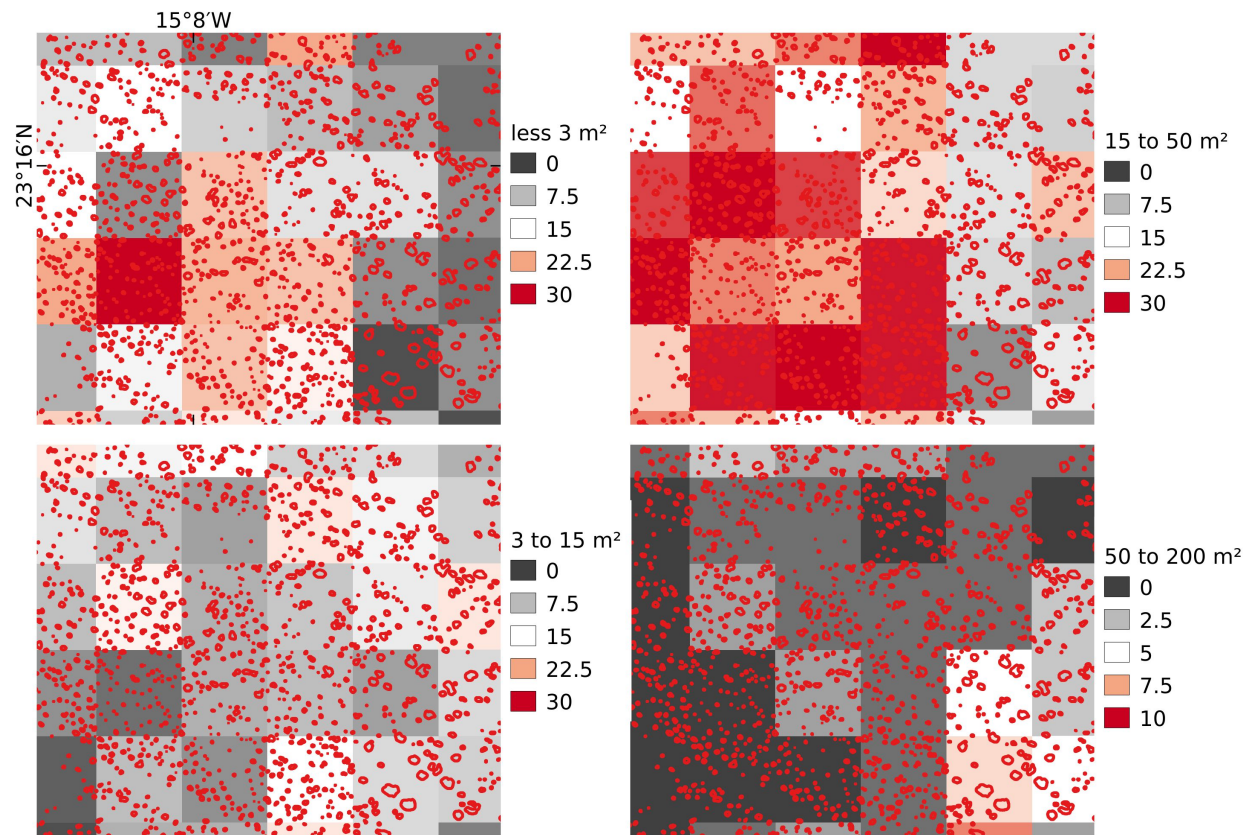
Supplementary Figures 1-4

Supplementary Table 1

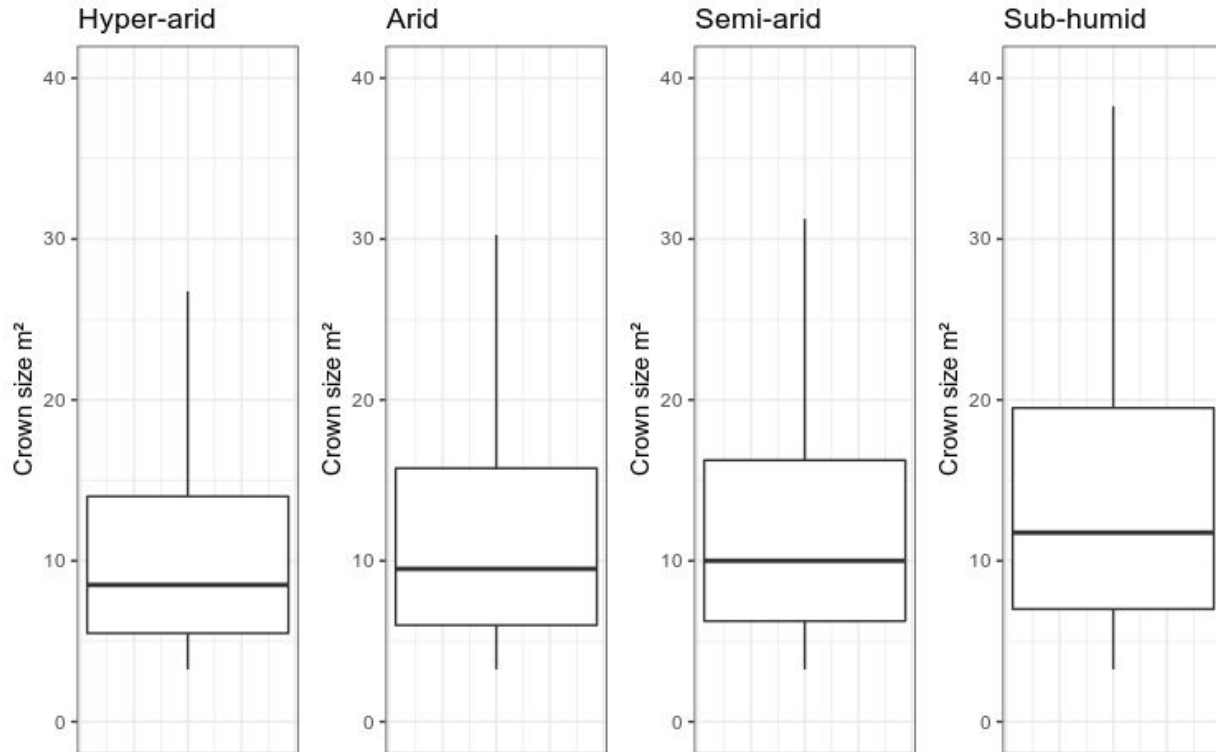




Supplementary Fig. 2 | Examples tree density Sahara. a, 3-15 m² crown size, b, 15-50 m², c, 50-200 m², d, >200 m². Trees and shrubs are concentrated along ancient river valleys.



Supplementary Fig. 3 | Illustration on how trees are counted per ha for different crown sizes. Note that trees with a crown size <3 m² were not included in the final assessment.



Supplementary Fig. 4 | Crown size distribution of woody plants (3-200 m² crown size) for each rainfall zone (a random sample of 1 million was taken for each zone). The boxplots lines from top to bottom represent the maximum, third quartile, median, first quartile and minimum values.

Supplementary Table 1 | The spatial resolutions, CE90, and locational accuracy root mean square error for the four different multi-spectral satellites we used in our analysis. Because we are using composite imagery in our mosaics from the four types of satellites below, we estimate our locational accuracy to be approximately ± 11 m.

QuickBird	GeoEye-1	WorldView-2	WorldView-3
65 cm resolution	41 cm resolution	46 cm resolution	31 cm resolution
23 m CE90	4.0 m CE90	5.0 m CE90	3.7 m CE90
10.8 m RMSE	2.7 m RMSE	3.0 m RMSE	2.5 m RMSE