北京邮电大学 2015 —— 2016 学年第 1 学期

《信号与系统》期末试题答案及评分标准(4学分, 电子)

填空题(每空2分,共20分)

1. 低通,否:

2. $e^{-t}u(t)$ 3. -2

5. 否

6.
$$\frac{2\pi E \tau}{T} \sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} \operatorname{Sa}\left(\frac{n\pi \tau}{T}\right) \delta\left(\omega - n\frac{2\pi}{T}\right) \operatorname{gl} E \tau \omega_{l} \sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} \operatorname{Sa}\left(\frac{n\omega_{l}\tau}{2}\right) \delta\left(\omega - n\omega_{l}\right), \quad (\omega_{l} = \frac{2\pi}{T})$$

7.
$$\frac{1 - e^{-2\pi(s+1)}}{s+1}$$
 8. $\sin(\omega_0 t)$

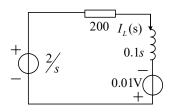
二 (12分)

1. (6分)

$$w(\omega)$$
 带宽为 200 3 分

最低抽样频率为 2×200=400rad/s

3分



电源、电感及附加电压源每个2分

三(12分)

1. (6分)

(1)
$$\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n) \longleftrightarrow \frac{z}{z - \frac{1}{2}}$$
, 收敛域是 $|z| > \frac{1}{2}$

由z域微分性质可得

$$w(n) = n\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n) \longleftrightarrow W(z) = -z \frac{d}{dz} \left(\frac{z}{z - \frac{1}{2}}\right) = -z \left(\frac{z - \frac{1}{2} - z}{\left(z - \frac{1}{2}\right)^2}\right) = \frac{\frac{1}{2}z}{\left(z - \frac{1}{2}\right)^2}$$

收敛域是
$$|z|>\frac{1}{2}$$
 2分

(2)
$$f(n) \longleftrightarrow \frac{z}{z-4}$$
, 收敛域是 $|z| < 4$ 2分

(3) 利用卷积特性,可得

$$x(n) = w(n) * f(n) \stackrel{z}{\longleftrightarrow} X(z) = W(z)F(z) = \frac{\frac{1}{2}z}{\left(z - \frac{1}{2}\right)^2} \frac{z}{z - 4} = \frac{\frac{1}{2}z^2}{z^3 - 5z^2 + \frac{1}{4}z - 1}$$

收敛域是
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 $<$ $|z|$ $<$ 4

2. (6分)

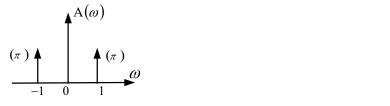
取积分器的输出为状态变量,由图可得状态方程为

$$\begin{cases} \dot{\lambda}_{1}(t) = -3\lambda_{1}(t) + 8e_{1}(t) + 7e_{2}(t) \\ \dot{\lambda}_{2}(t) = 2\lambda_{1}(t) - \lambda_{2}(t) + 4e_{1}(t) + e_{2}(t) \end{cases}$$
4

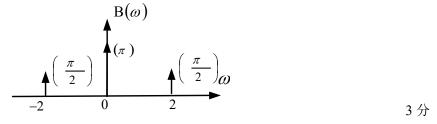
输出方程为:
$$r(t) = 2\lambda_1(t) + 3\lambda_2(t)$$
 2分

四(10分)

A 点频谱图为:



B 点频谱图为:



2分

C 点频谱图为:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & C(\omega) \\
\hline
 & (\frac{\pi}{2}) \\
\hline
 & (3\pi) \\
\hline
 & (\frac{\pi}{2})_{\omega}
\end{array}$$
3 \cancel{D}

 $\therefore Y(\omega) = \frac{\pi}{2} \left[\delta(\omega + 2) + \delta(\omega - 2) \right] + 3\pi \delta(\omega) \quad \therefore y(t) = \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \cos 2t = 1 + \cos^2 t \qquad 2 \text{ }\%$

注意:如果图中的"(π)"等没有加"()",超过两个只扣1分。

五(8分)

(1)

$$\left|H(j\omega)\right| = \frac{\sqrt{4+\omega^2}}{\sqrt{4+\omega^2}} = 1$$
 不会引起幅度失真 2分(判断条件和结论各 1分)

$$\varphi(\omega) = 2 \arctan\left(-\frac{\omega}{2}\right)$$
 不会引起相位失真 2分(判断条件和结论各 1分)

(2)

$$\omega = 1$$
 时, $|H(j\omega)| = 1$, $\varphi(\omega) = 2 \arctan\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) = -53^{\circ}$ 1 分

$$\omega = 2$$
时, $|H(j\omega)| = 1$, $\varphi(\omega) = 2\arctan(-1) = -90^{\circ}$ 1分

∴
$$e(t) = \sin(t - 53^\circ) + \cos(2t - 90^\circ) = \sin(t - 53^\circ) + \sin 2t$$
 2 $\frac{1}{2}$

(有个别同学利用单边拉氏解题,得出正确的响应解析式得3分,得到稳态响应得1分。)

六(8分)

(1)
$$H(s) = \frac{\frac{1}{s+1}}{1+\frac{1}{s+1}} \cdot \frac{1}{s+1} = \frac{1}{(s+2)(s+1)}$$

(2) 系统函数的极点 $p_1 = -1$, $p_2 = -2$, 均在 s 的左半平面,所以系统稳定。 4 分

七 (8分)

(1) $F(s) = \frac{1}{s+2}$, 因为极点为-2, 在 s 的左半平面, 所以

$$F(\omega) = F(s)|_{s=j\omega} = \frac{1}{j\omega + 2}$$

(2)
$$\varepsilon(\omega) = \left| F(\omega) \right|^2 = \left| \frac{1}{j\omega + 2} \right|^2 = \frac{1}{\omega^2 + 4}$$
 4 \(\frac{\psi}{\psi}\)

八 (8分)

(1) 对输入信号和响应信号求 z 变换

代入得:

$$\frac{2z}{z-1} - \frac{2z-z^2}{(z-1)^2} = H(z) \left[\frac{2z}{z-1} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{z}{(z-1)^2} \right] \Rightarrow \frac{3z^2 - 4z}{(z-1)^2} = H(z) \cdot \frac{z^2 - \frac{3}{2}z}{(z-1)^2}$$

$$\therefore H(z) = \frac{3z^2 - 4z}{z^2 - \frac{3}{2}z} = \frac{6z^2 - 8z}{2z^2 - 3z} = \frac{6z - 8}{2z - 3}$$
1 \Rightarrow

(2)

$$F_3(z) = \frac{z}{z - \frac{1}{2}} \qquad Y_{zs}(z) = H(z) \cdot F_3(z) = \frac{6z - 8}{2z - 3} \cdot \frac{z}{z - \frac{1}{2}} = \frac{3z - 4}{z - \frac{3}{2}} \cdot \frac{z}{z - \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\frac{Y_{zs}(z)}{z} = \frac{3z - 4}{z - \frac{3}{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{z - \frac{1}{2}} = \frac{k_1}{z - \frac{3}{2}} + \frac{k_2}{z - \frac{1}{2}}$$
2 \(\frac{\psi}{z}\)

$$k_1 = \left(\frac{3z - 4}{z - \frac{3}{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{z - \frac{1}{2}}\right) \left(z - \frac{3}{2}\right)\Big|_{z = \frac{3}{2}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$k_2 = \left(\frac{3z - 4}{z - \frac{3}{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{z - \frac{1}{2}}\right) \left(z - \frac{1}{2}\right)\Big|_{z = \frac{1}{2}} = \frac{5}{2}$$

$$Y_{zs}(z) = \frac{1}{2} \frac{z}{z - \frac{3}{2}} + \frac{5}{2} \frac{z}{z - \frac{1}{2}}$$
 2 $\frac{1}{2}$

$$y_3(n) = \frac{1}{2} (\frac{3}{2})^n u(n) + \frac{5}{2} (\frac{1}{2})^n u(n)$$
 1 \Re

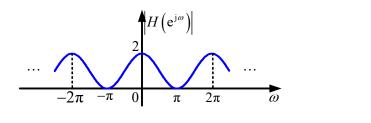
九(12分)

(1)
$$Y(z) = 0.5X(z) + z^{-1}X(z) + z^{-2}0.5X(z)$$
 1 $\%$

$$H(z) = \frac{Y(z)}{X(z)} = 0.5 + z^{-1} + 0.5z^{-2}, \quad |z| > 0$$

(2)
$$h(n)=0.5\delta(n)+\delta(n-1)+0.5\delta(n-2)$$

- (3) 该系统的频率响应特性为: $H\left(e^{j\omega}\right) = H\left(z\right)\Big|_{z=e^{j\omega}} = 0.5 + e^{-j\omega} + 0.5e^{-2j\omega}$ $_{\overrightarrow{U}}H\left(e^{j\omega}\right) = e^{-j\omega}\left(1 + \cos\omega\right)$ 2 分
- (4) 系统的幅频特性可表示为 $\left|H\left(e^{j\omega}\right)\right|=\left|1+\cos\omega\right|=1+\cos\omega$ 其幅频特性曲线如下图所示。



该系统具有低通滤波特性。

2分

2分