#### User Stories

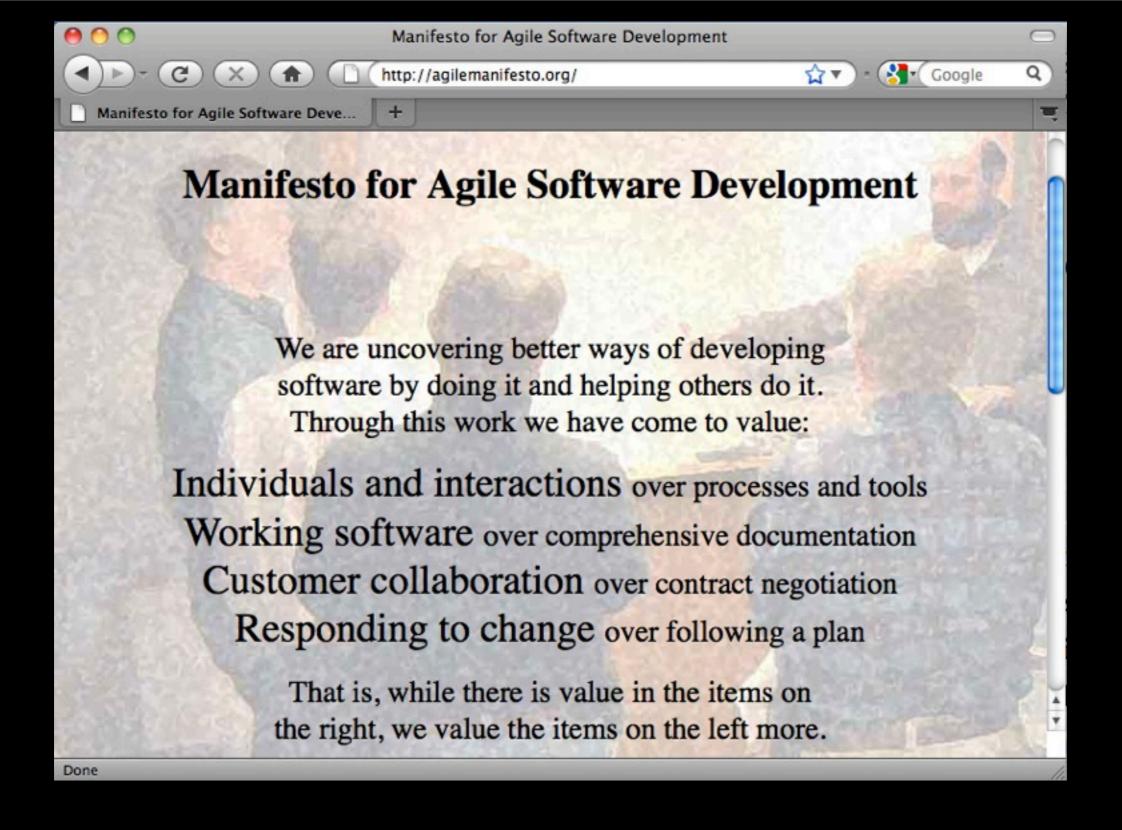
Agile and Lean Requirements

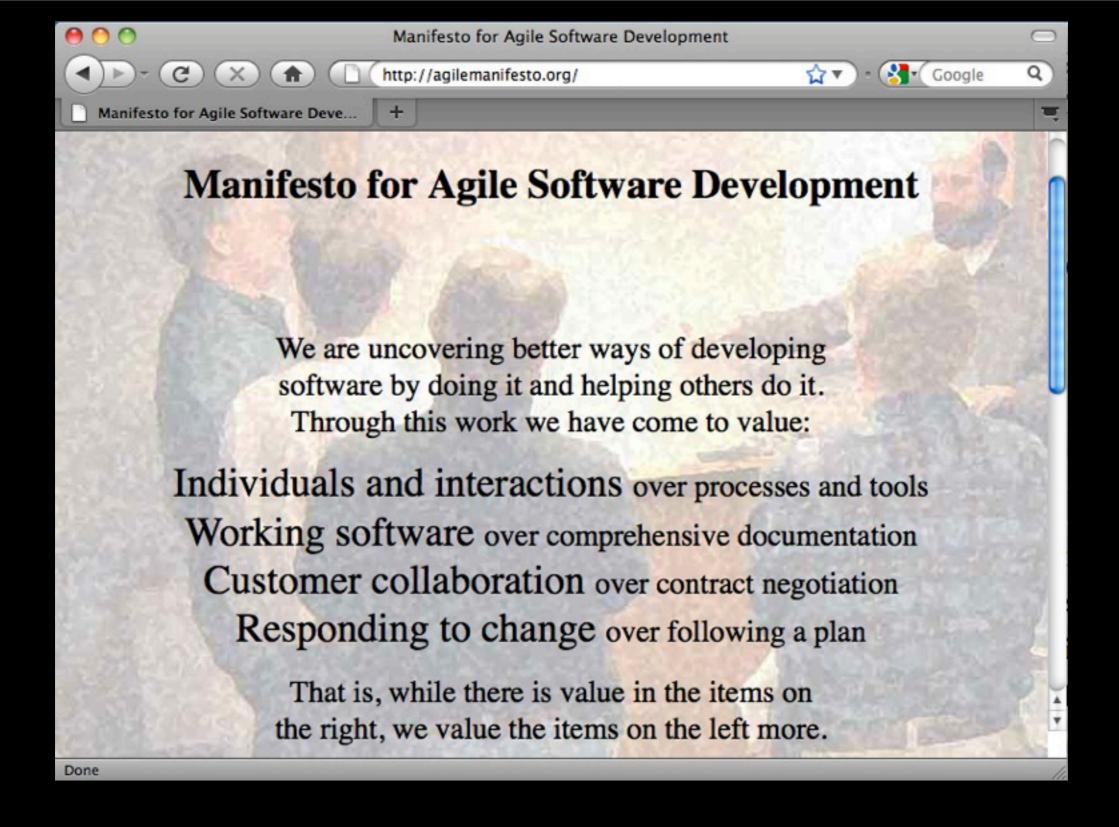
### Why User Stories?

### Agility Reprise

## ...requirements churn is not a crisis.

### The Agile Manifesto





#### "over", not "instead of"

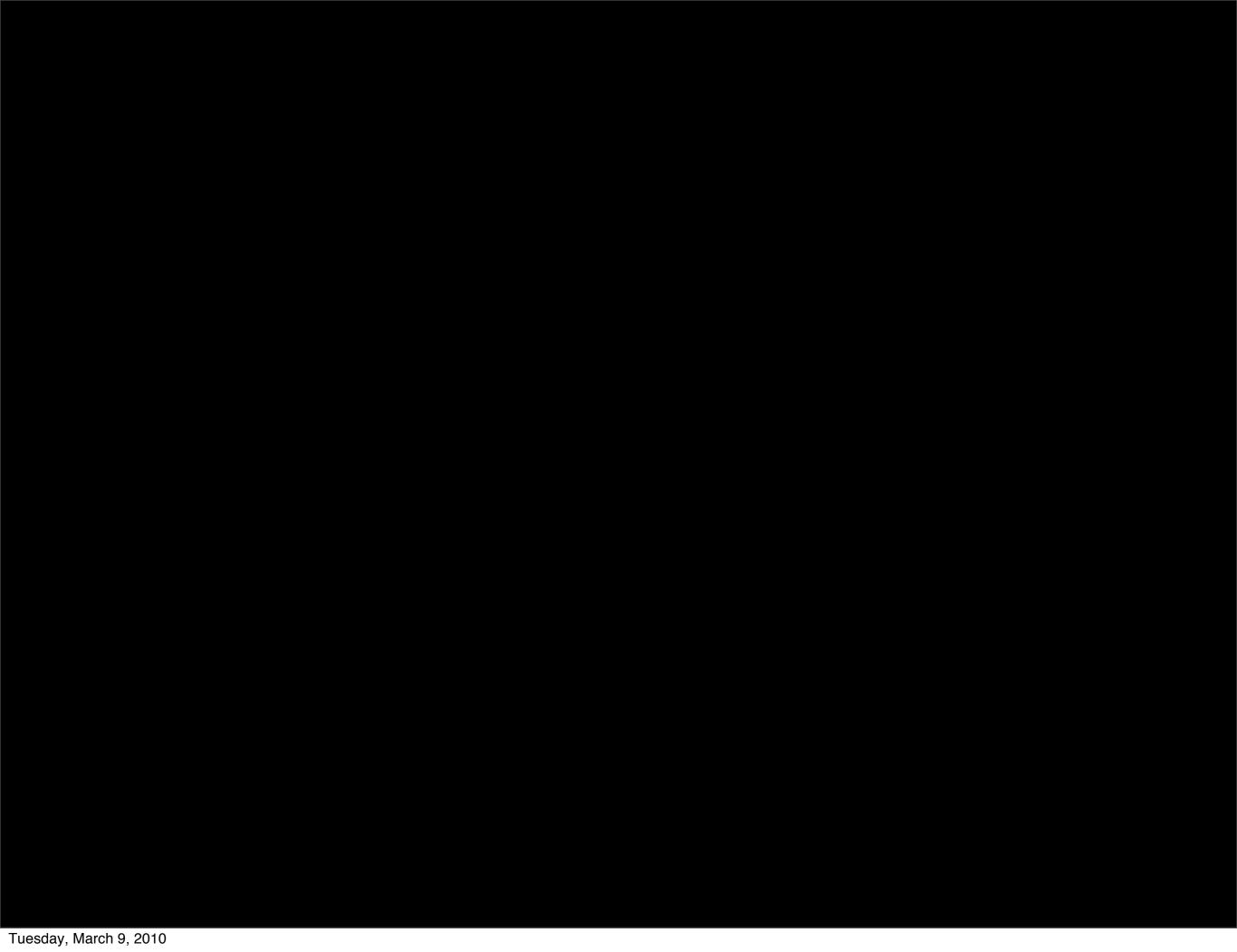
# Underlying Assumptions of Agile

# motivated, self-directed people

#### cross-functional teams

# highly-available domain experts

### culture of testing



# Development-Initiated Agile Adoption

# business still producing through phased analysis

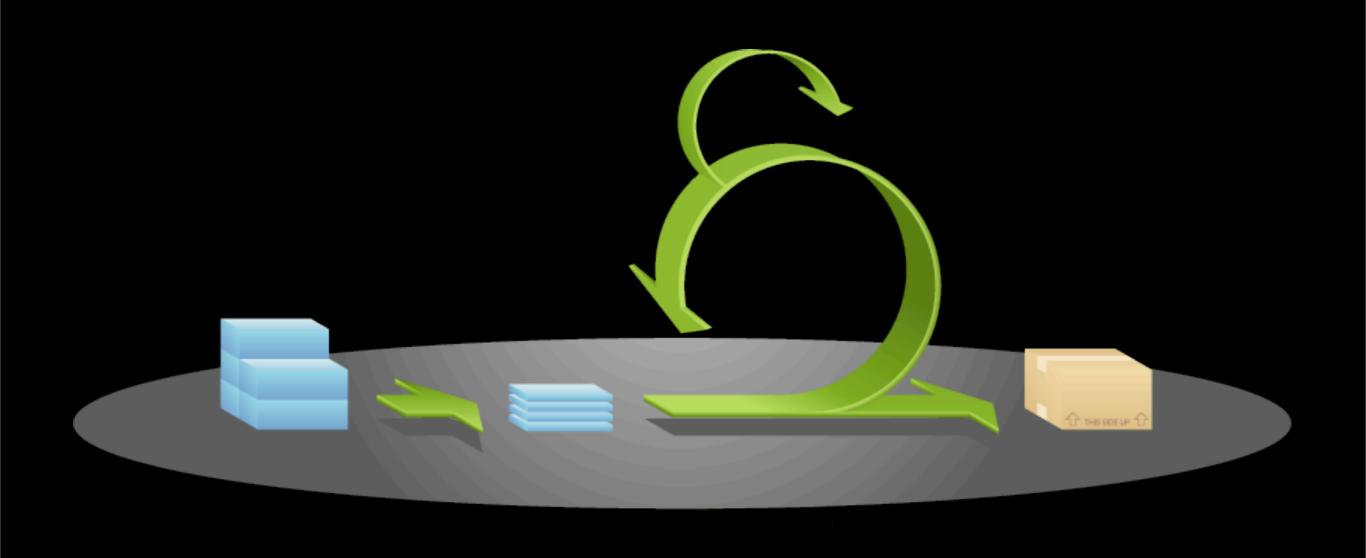
# usually functional specifications

#### maybe use cases at best

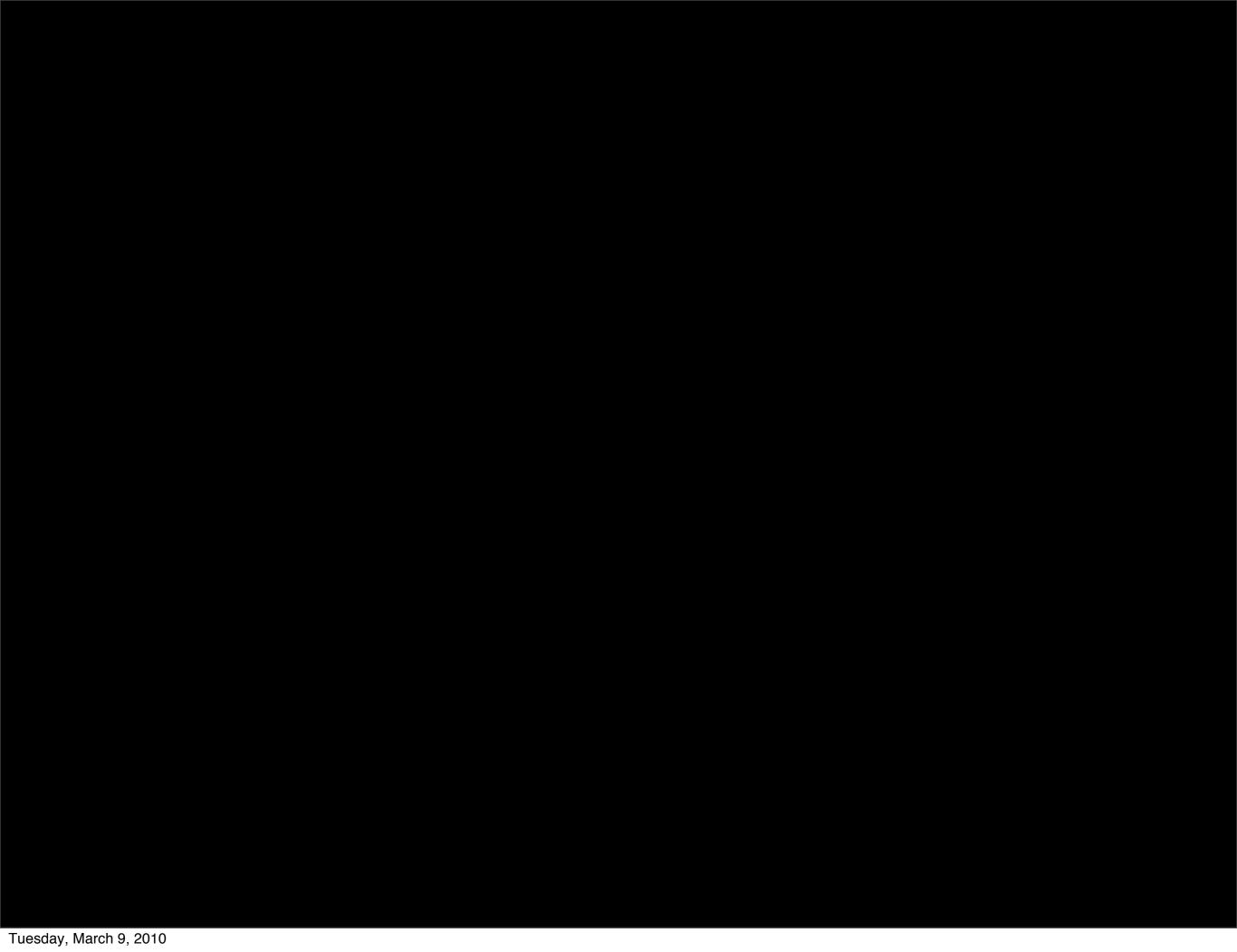
#### translational overhead

## forfeits Agile's business value

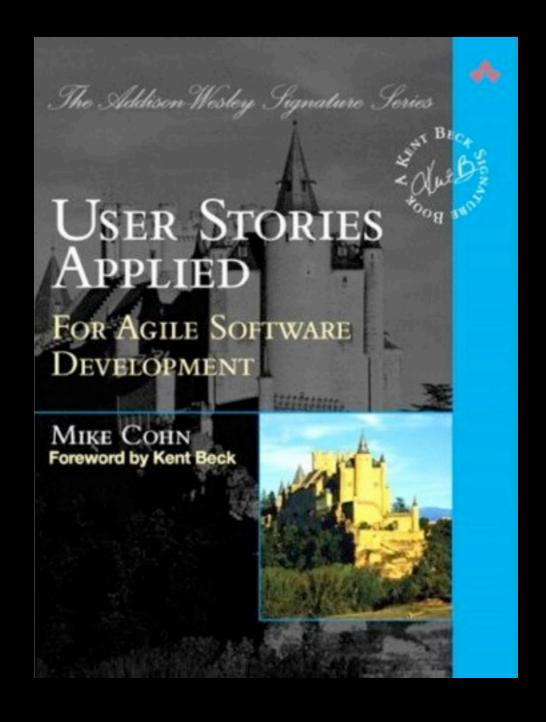
## creates challenges downstream



#### Scrum



#### What are User Stories?



#### the book to use

## placeholders for interaction

## placeholder, not substitute

### user stories are not use cases

### smaller in scope

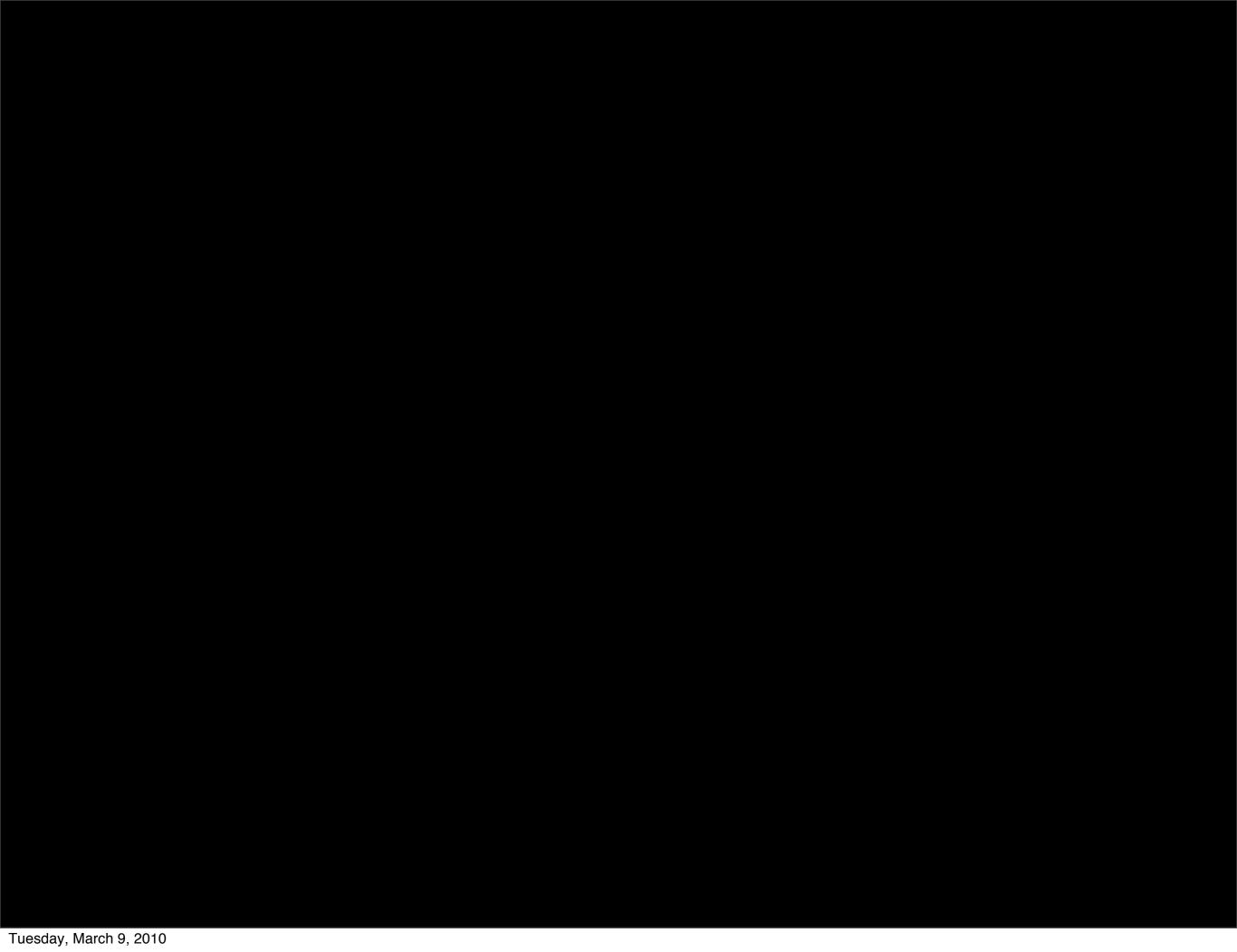
### not permanent artifacts

# too brief to stuff with Ul requirements

# facilitate release and iteration planning

# analysis catalyst, not analysis product

### developed by the team



## What Should User Stories Look Like?

## description of what's needed

#### definition of success

### dialog to clarify

as a user,

l can \_\_\_\_\_,

so that \_\_\_\_\_.

#### conditions of success

#### user stories are an art

# Bill Wake's INVEST acronym

### independent

## negotiable

### valuable

### estimatable

### small

#### testable

#### But What About \_\_\_?

# business won't cooperate

# functional spec already written

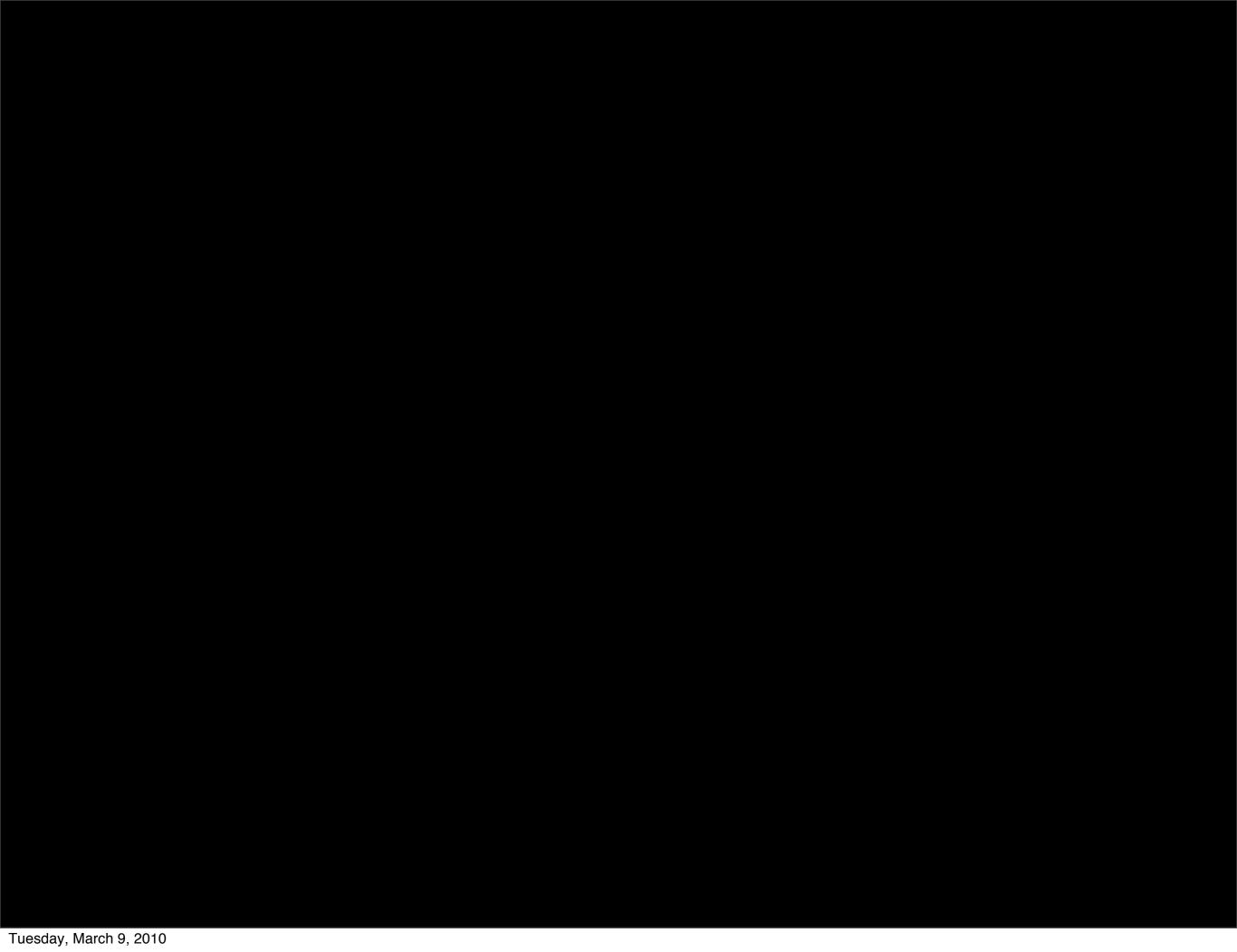
#### team is not co-located

#### no UI for the code

# non-functional requirements

#### technical debt

# book examples are different





Barry Hawkins http://alltc.com coaching/mentoring agile software development domain-driven design