Jump Tank Proposal: Trading in Kalshi Weather Prediction Markets

Overview: Kalshi's weather prediction markets offer consistent trading opportunities, with daily high temperature markets showing the highest liquidity and volume. Target markets: daily high temperature for New York, Chicago, Miami, and Austin. Markets resolve to YES when actual temperature falls within specific ranges (e.g., 50-51°F).

Strategy: My approach targets volatility and trading patterns while maintaining a theoretical fair price, distinguishing informative trades from noise through contextual analysis.

Information Value Model: For each trade at time T with price P, I define information value f(P) as:

$$f(P) = \begin{cases} 99 - P & \text{if YES resolves correctly and trader bought YES} \\ P - 1 & \text{if YES resolves incorrectly and trader bought NO} \\ \bar{P}_{\text{YES}}(t \to \text{EOD}) - P & \text{if YES resolves incorrectly and trader bought YES} \\ \bar{P}_{\text{NO}}(t \to \text{EOD}) - P & \text{if YES resolves correctly and trader bought NO} \end{cases}$$

Where $\bar{P}_{YES}(t \to EOD)$ is the average price from time t until end-of-day.

Execution: Train a linear regression model using historical trade data to predict information value. Initialize fair prices using weather forecast averages, then continuously update based on incoming trades. Execute orders when detecting significant mispricing between fair and market prices.

Sample Trade Data and Information Values:

Market	Trade Size	YES Price	NO Price	High Forecast	Rain %	 Info Value
75-76°F	\$500	65	35	$74.8^{\circ}\mathrm{F}$	10%	 0.72
$75 76 ^{\circ} \text{F}$	\$50	68	32	$74.8^{\circ}\mathrm{F}$	10%	 0.21
$76 77^{\circ} \text{F}$	\$300	32	68	$74.8^{\circ}\mathrm{F}$	10%	 -0.45
68-69°F	\$1,000	75	25	$74.6^{\circ}\mathrm{F}$	0%	 0.83
$69 70^{\circ} \text{F}$	\$200	42	58	$74.3^{\circ}\mathrm{F}$	0%	 -0.38

I will also experiment with different features and models while I backtest this strategy, generally trying to improve the signal to noise ratio while making it robust to overfitting.

Execution Example: If my fair price indicates 80-81°F as most likely, and a trade suggests shifting to 81-82°F, I would buy NO in the 80-81°F market and buy YES in the 81-82°F market, scaling order size with model confidence.

Market	Action	Position	Price	Size
80-81°F	Buy	NO	38	\$3
81-82°F	Buy	YES	35	\$7

This execution reflects my updated probability distribution across temperature ranges, with order sizes proportional to my confidence in the signal (higher for the 81-82°F market). As additional trades arrive, I continuously reassess and adjust my positions accordingly.

Requirements (have been found already): Real-time Kalshi API access, multi-source weather data pipeline, historical trade data for model training, and computational resources for continuous model updating and execution.