

Tools for making faster and better looking Shiny apps

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Shiny v1.6 major features

- Persistent caching via new `bindCache()` function
- Improved theming support via new `{bslib}` & `{thematic}` packages
- Accessibility improvements and many bug fixes

For details, see [the blog post](#)

Shiny v1.6 major features

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Explore your weather

[Return to previous city](#)

Search for a city

Try a random city

Ann Arbor, MI



Stations contributing data *Click on station to go to its dataset.*

Data sourced from [NOAA Climate Normals](#) generated by taking average temperatures from weather stations over the years 1982–2010. For cities with multiple weather stations the average across all reporting stations is used.

Fetching data from NOAA
Downloading data from all found stations

[Live app](#)

```
weatherData <- reactive({  
  fetchData(input$city)  
})
```

```
weatherData <- reactive({  
  fetchData(input$city)  
}) %>%  
bindCache(input$city)
```

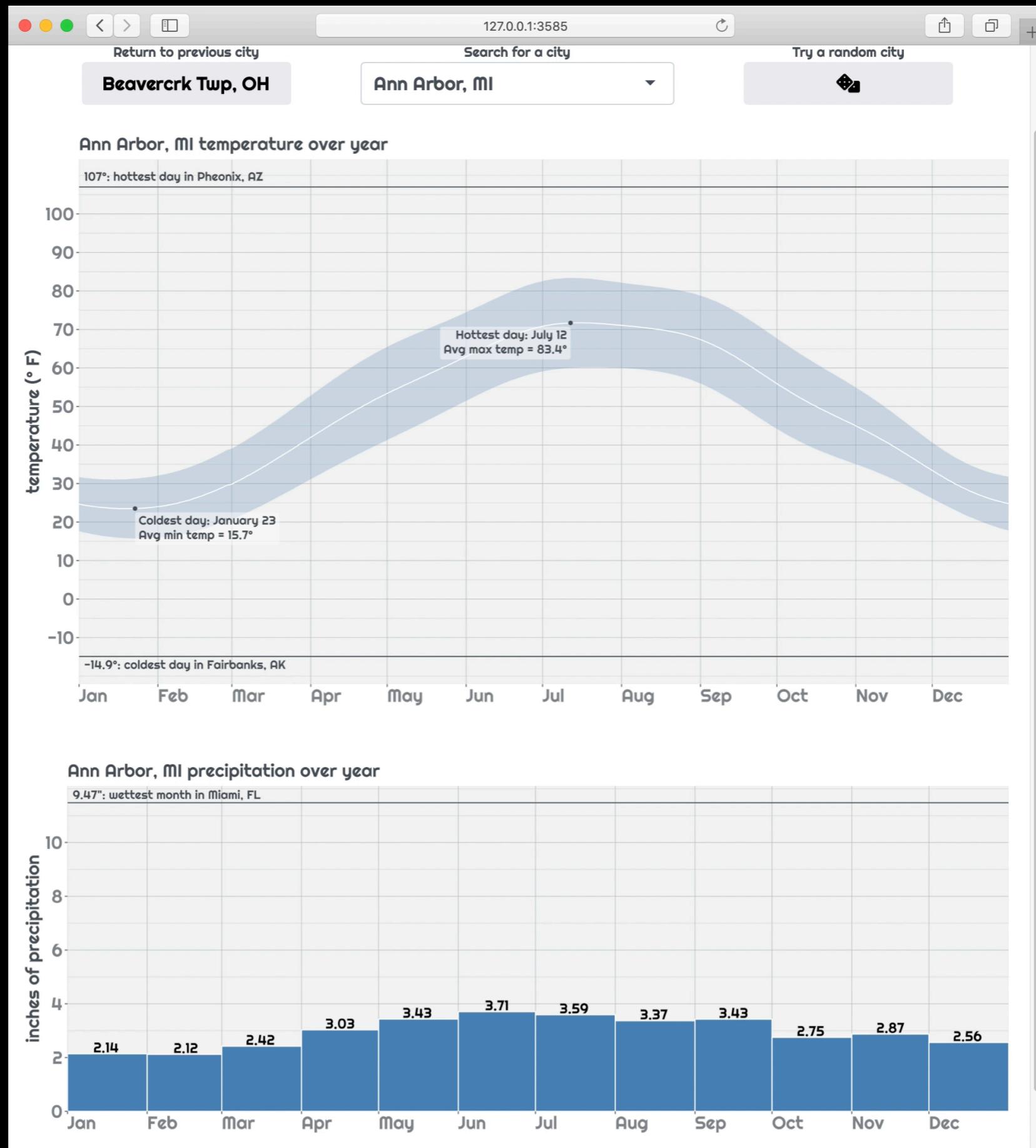
```
weatherData <- reactive({  
  fetchData(input$city)  
}) %>%  
bindCache(input$city)  
  
output$plot <- renderPlot({  
  plot(weatherData())  
})
```

```
weatherData ← reactive({  
  fetchData(input$city)  
}) %>%  
bindCache(input$city)
```

```
output$plot ← renderPlot({  
  plot(weatherData())  
}) %>%  
bindCache(weatherData())
```

See more in the [app story](#)

Previous cities are instantaneous!



```
reactive( ... ) %>%  
bindCache(input$city)
```

```
renderPlot( ... ) %>%  
bindCache(input$city)
```

```
renderText( ... ) %>%  
bindCache(input$city)
```

```
plotly:: renderPlotly( ... ) %>%  
bindCache(input$city)
```

Configuring the cache

Size: Default cache size is 200 MB in memory.

Scope: By default, memory cache is shared across *all user sessions*, but may be scoped to each user.

Lifetime: A memory cache is discarded when the app exits or restarts. A disk-based cache can persist across app restarts, and can be shared among multiple processes with Connect or Shiny Server Pro.

For details, see [bindCache\(\)'s reference](#)

Shiny v1.6 major features

- Persistent caching via new `bindCache()` function
- Improved theming support via new `{bslib}` & `{thematic}` packages
- Accessibility improvements and many bug fixes

Before we get into usage, let's discuss Bootstrap CSS & Sass

Shiny's default UI is powered by Bootstrap

- An open source CSS framework, originally started at Twitter
- Now ubiquitous: used by millions of websites & top 10 project on GitHub (by stars)
- Easy to customize (if you're a web programmer)
 - `{bslib}` package makes customization easy via R

A screenshot of a web browser window displaying a Bootstrap template. The browser has a dark grey header bar with standard OS X window controls (red, yellow, green buttons, close, minimize, maximize). The address bar shows 'getbootstrap.com'. The main content area features a large 'Hello, world!' heading at the top. Below it is a paragraph of text. A blue button labeled 'Learn more »' is positioned below the text. The page is divided into three columns, each containing a 'Heading' section with a paragraph of text and a 'View details »' button.

Navbar Home Link Disabled Dropdown ▾

Search

Search

Hello, world!

This is a template for a simple marketing or informational website. It includes a large callout called a jumbotron and three supporting pieces of content. Use it as a starting point to create something more unique.

[Learn more »](#)

Heading

Donec id elit non mi porta gravida at eget metus. Fusce dapibus, tellus ac cursus commodo, tortor mauris condimentum nibh, ut fermentum massa justo sit amet risus. Etiam porta sem malesuada magna mollis euismod. Donec sed odio dui.

[View details »](#)

Heading

Donec id elit non mi porta gravida at eget metus. Fusce dapibus, tellus ac cursus commodo, tortor mauris condimentum nibh, ut fermentum massa justo sit amet risus. Etiam porta sem malesuada magna mollis euismod. Donec sed odio dui.

[View details »](#)

Heading

Donec sed odio dui. Cras justo odio, dapibus ac facilisis in, egestas eget quam. Vestibulum id ligula porta felis euismod semper. Fusce dapibus, tellus ac cursus commodo, tortor mauris condimentum nibh, ut fermentum massa justo sit amet risus.

[View details »](#)

© Company 2017-2019

A screenshot of a web browser window displaying a Bootstrap template. The browser has a standard OS X-style interface with red, yellow, and green window control buttons, a back/forward navigation bar, and a search/address bar containing the URL "getbootstrap.com". The main content area shows a navigation bar with dropdown menus, a search bar, and three large sections of content labeled "Hello, world!", "Heading", and "Heading". Each section contains placeholder text and a "View details »" link. The footer contains a copyright notice.

[Navbar](#)

- [Home \(current\)](#)
- [Link](#)
- [Disabled](#)
- [Dropdown](#)

[Action](#) [Another action](#) [Something else here](#)

Search Search

Hello, world!

This is a template for a simple marketing or informational website. It includes a large callout called a jumbotron and three supporting pieces of content. Use it as a starting point to create something more unique.

[Learn more »](#)

Heading

Donec id elit non mi porta gravida at eget metus. Fusce dapibus, tellus ac cursus commodo, tortor mauris condimentum nibh, ut fermentum massa justo sit amet risus. Etiam porta sem malesuada magna mollis euismod. Donec sed odio dui.

[View details »](#)

Heading

Donec id elit non mi porta gravida at eget metus. Fusce dapibus, tellus ac cursus commodo, tortor mauris condimentum nibh, ut fermentum massa justo sit amet risus. Etiam porta sem malesuada magna mollis euismod. Donec sed odio dui.

[View details »](#)

Heading

Donec sed odio dui. Cras justo odio, dapibus ac facilisis in, egestas eget quam. Vestibulum id ligula porta felis euismod semper. Fusce dapibus, tellus ac cursus commodo, tortor mauris condimentum nibh, ut fermentum massa justo sit amet risus.

[View details »](#)

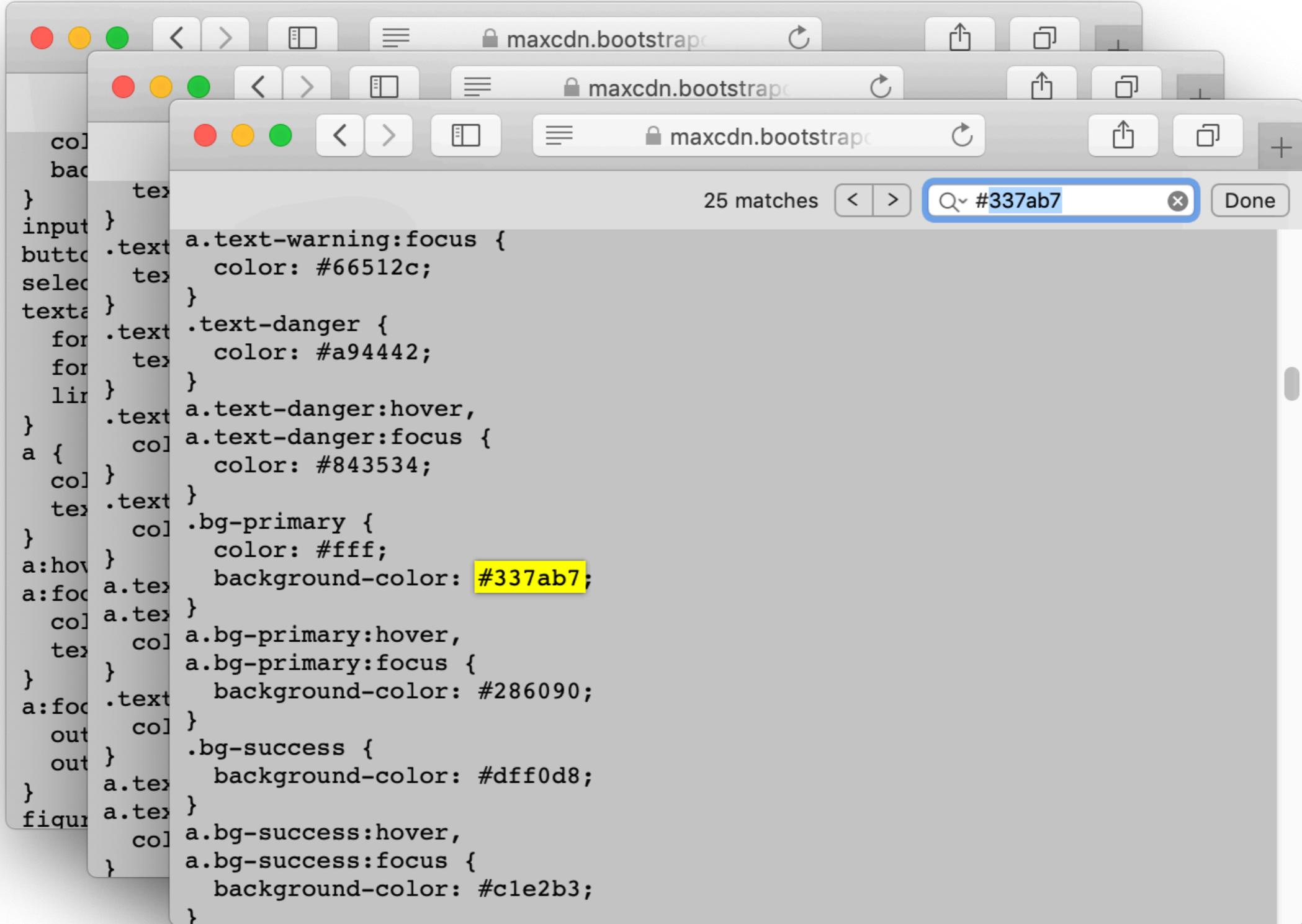
© Company 2017-2019

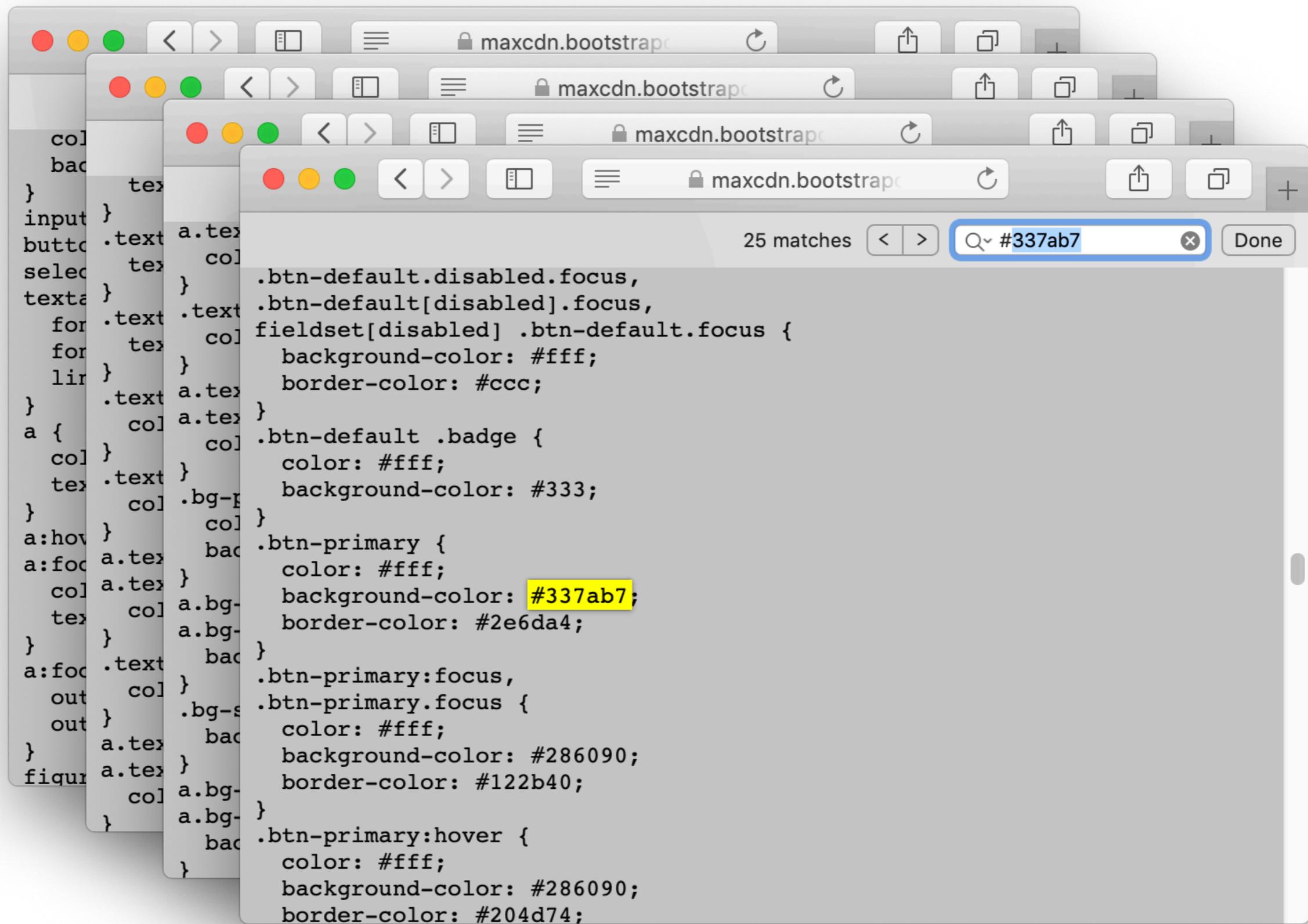
A screenshot of a web browser window displaying a CSS file from maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com. The search bar at the top shows the query "#337ab7" with 25 matches found. The CSS code includes various styles for input, button, select, textarea, and anchor elements, with the color property for anchors (#337ab7) highlighted in yellow.

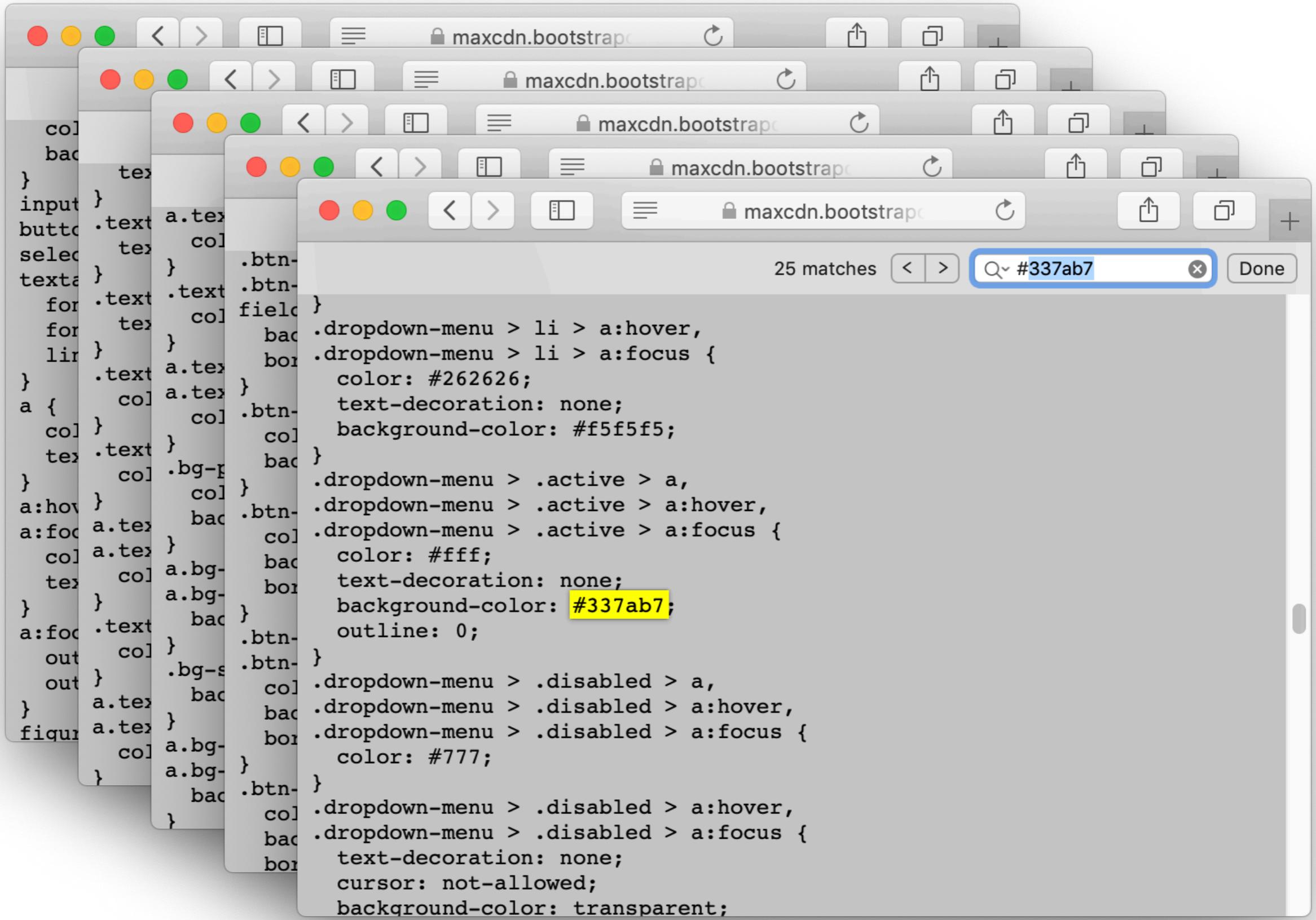
```
color: #333;
background-color: #fff;
}
input,
button,
select,
textarea {
    font-family: inherit;
    font-size: inherit;
    line-height: inherit;
}
a {
    color: #337ab7;
    text-decoration: none;
}
a:hover,
a:focus {
    color: #23527c;
    text-decoration: underline;
}
a:focus {
    outline: 5px auto -webkit-focus-ring-color;
    outline-offset: -2px;
}
figure {
```

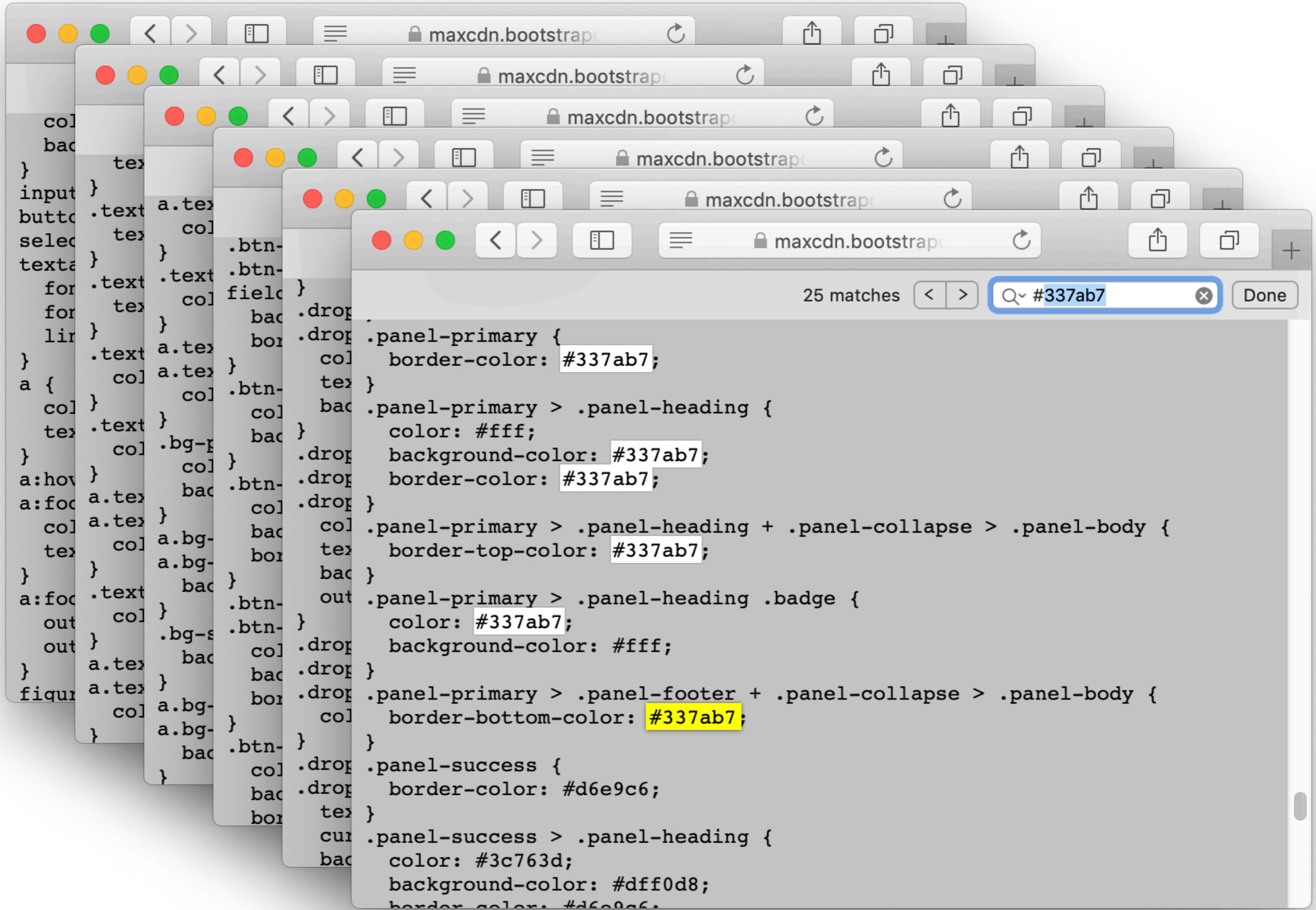
A screenshot of a browser's developer tools showing the search results for the color code `#337ab7`. The search bar at the top of the developer tools panel contains the query `#337ab7`, which is highlighted with a blue border. Below the search bar, it says "25 matches". The results list shows numerous CSS declarations where this color is used, such as `color: #337ab7;` for primary text colors on various elements like `a`, `a:hover`, `a:active`, and `a:focus`.

```
color: #337ab7;
background-color: #337ab7;
text-transform: lowercase;
input {
  .text-uppercase {
    text-transform: uppercase;
  }
  .text-capitalize {
    text-transform: capitalize;
  }
  .text-liner {
    text-decoration: underline;
  }
  .text-muted {
    color: #777;
  }
  a {
    color: #337ab7;
  }
  a:link {
    color: #337ab7;
  }
  a:visited {
    color: #337ab7;
  }
  a:hover {
    color: #337ab7;
  }
  a:active {
    color: #337ab7;
  }
  a:focus {
    color: #337ab7;
  }
  a:disabled {
    color: #337ab7;
  }
  figure {
    color: #337ab7;
  }
}
```









\$primary: #337ab7

25 matches < > Q: #337ab7 Done

```
.panel-primary { border-color: #337ab7; }
.panel-primary > .panel-heading { color: #fff; }
.panel-primary > .panel-collapse > .panel-body { border-top-color: #337ab7; }
.panel-primary > .panel-heading .badge { color: #337ab7; background-color: #fff; }
.panel-primary > .panel-footer + .panel-collapse > .panel-body { border-bottom-color: #337ab7; }
.panel-success { border-color: #d6e9c6; }
.panel-success > .panel-heading { color: #3c763d; background-color: #dff0d8; border-color: #d6e9c6; }
```

Sass is a better way to write CSS

styles.**scss**

```
$primary: #337ab7;  
  
a {  
  color: $primary;  
  text-decoration: n  
}  
  
button {  
  color: $primary;  
}
```



sass compiler

styles.**css**

```
a {  
  color: #337ab7;  
  text-decoration: n  
}  
  
button {  
  color: #337ab7;  
}
```

Sass is a better way to write CSS

styles.**scss**

```
$primary: #337ab7;  
  
a {  
  color: $primary;  
  text-decoration: n  
}  
  
button {  
  color: $primary;  
}
```

sass compiler

styles.**css**

```
a {  
  color: #337ab7;  
  text-decoration: n  
}  
  
button {  
  color: #337ab7;  
}
```

The [{sass} R package](#) provides a general Sass compiler for R

The `{bslib}` R package

- Easily customize Bootstrap Sass from R
 - Works with Shiny, R Markdown, `{flexdashboard}`, etc
- Seamless upgrading from Bootstrap 3 to 4 (and beyond)
- Easily leverage ‘pre-packaged’ Bootswatch themes

rstudio.github.io/bslib

Start using {bslib} with Shiny

```
library(shiny)

ui <- fluidPage(
  theme = bslib::bs_theme(),
  ...
)
```

Start using {bslib} with Shiny

```
library(shiny)

ui <- fluidPage(
  theme = bslib::bs_theme(),
  ...
)
```



Use with any `fluidPage()`,
`navbarPage()`, or
`bootstrapPage()`!

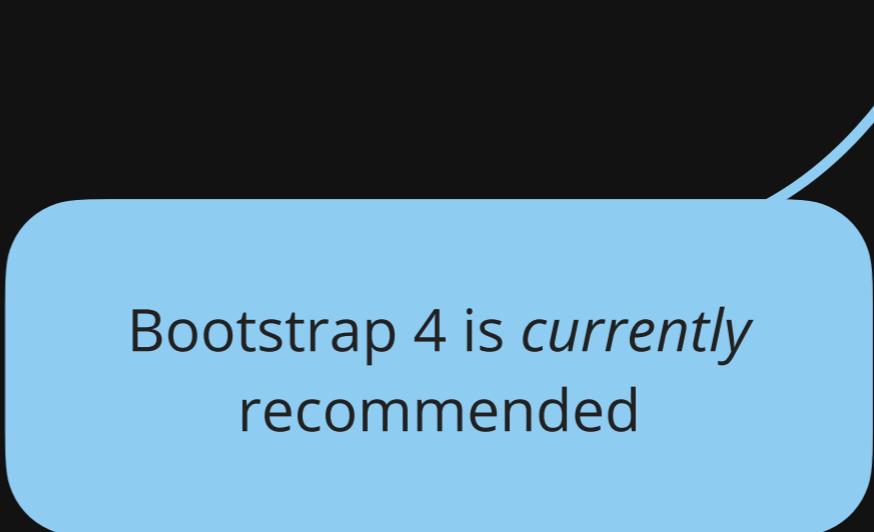
Bootstrap versioning

```
library(shiny)  
  
ui <- fluidPage(  
  theme = bslib::bs_theme(version = ),  
  ...  
)
```

Defaults to *currently*
recommended version for
new apps

Bootstrap versioning

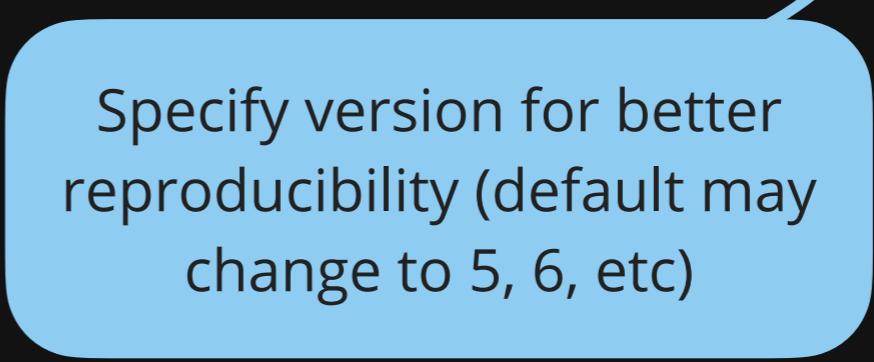
```
library(shiny)  
  
ui <- fluidPage(  
  theme = bslib::bs_theme(version = 4),  
  ...  
)
```



Bootstrap 4 is *currently*
recommended

Bootstrap versioning

```
library(shiny)  
  
ui <- fluidPage(  
  theme = bslib::bs_theme(version = 4),  
  ...  
)
```

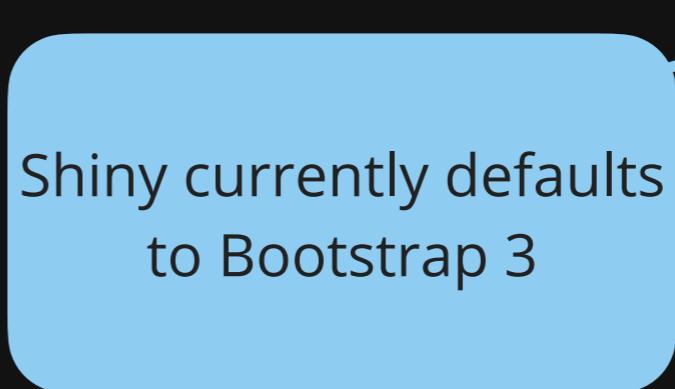


Specify version for better
reproducibility (default may
change to 5, 6, etc)

Legacy apps

```
library(shiny)

ui <- fluidPage(
  theme = bslib::bs_theme(version = 3),
  ...
)
```



Shiny currently defaults
to Bootstrap 3

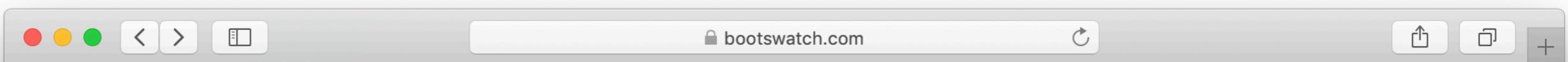
Bootswatch themes

```
library(shiny)

ui ← fluidPage(
  theme = bslib::bs_theme(
    bootswatch = "minty"
  ),
  ...
)
```



21 Bootswatch 4
themes available!



THEMES ▾ HELP BLOG

Bootswatch Themes ▾ Download ▾ Help Blog

Cerulean

A calm blue sky

Primary Secondary Success Info Warning

Cerulean

A calm blue sky

PREVIEW DOWNLOAD ▾

Bootswatch Themes ▾ Download ▾ Help Blog

Cosmo

An ode to Metro

Primary Secondary Success Info Warning Danger

Cosmo

An ode to Metro

PREVIEW DOWNLOAD ▾

Bootswatch Themes ▾ Download ▾ Help Blog

Cyborg

Jet black and electric blue

Primary Secondary Success Info Warning

Cyborg

Jet black and electric blue

PREVIEW DOWNLOAD ▾

Bootswatch Themes ▾ Download ▾ Help Blog

Darkly

Flatly in night mode

Primary Secondary Success Info Warning

Darkly

Flatly in night mode

Bootswatch Themes ▾ Download ▾ Help Blog

Flatly

Flat and modern

Primary Secondary Success Info Warning

Flatly

Flat and modern

BOOTSWATCH Themes ▾ Download ▾ Help Blog

Journal

Crisp like a new sheet of paper

Primary Secondary Success Info Warning Danger

Journal

Crisp like a new sheet of paper

Display a menu

Custom base colors

```
library(shiny)

ui <- fluidPage(
  theme = bslib::bs_theme(
    bg = "#121212", fg = "#E4E4E4"
  ),
  ...
)
```

The diagram illustrates the mapping of code variables to visual styles. Two blue arrows originate from the variable names 'bg' and 'fg' in the R code. The arrow from 'bg' points to the text 'Dark background,' and the arrow from 'fg' points to the text 'Light foreground.' These two pieces of text are contained within a light blue rounded rectangular callout box.

Dark background,
Light foreground

Custom accent colors

```
library(shiny)

ui ← fluidPage(
  theme = bslib::bs_theme(
    bg = "#121212", fg = "#E4E4E4",
    primary = "#BB86FC",
    secondary = "#48DAC6"
  ),
  ...
)
```

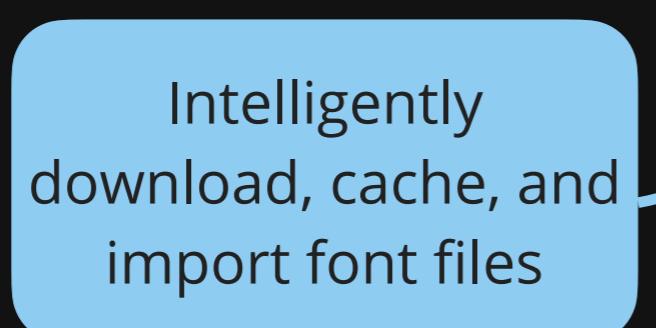


The most important
accent colors

Custom fonts

```
library(shiny)

ui ← fluidPage(
  theme = bslib::bs_theme(
    bg = "#121212", fg = "#E4E4E4",
    primary = "#BB86FC",
    secondary = "#48DAC6",
    base_font = font_google("Open Sans")
  ),
  ...
)
```

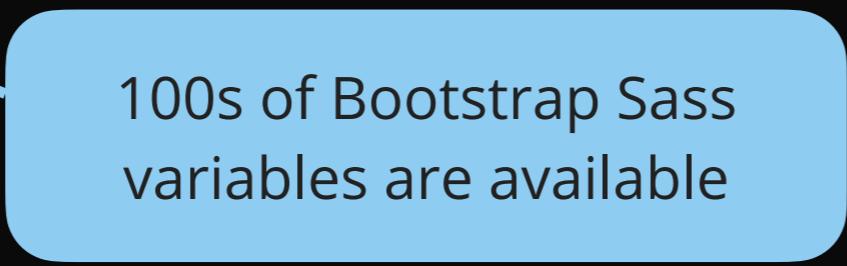


Intelligently
download, cache, and
import font files

Targeted theming

```
library(shiny)

ui ← fluidPage(
  theme = bslib::bs_theme(
    bg = "#121212", fg = "#E4E4E4",
    primary = "#BB86FC",
    secondary = "#48DAC6",
    base_font = font_google("Open Sans"),
    "progress-bar-bg" = "orange"
  ),
  ...
)
```



100s of Bootstrap Sass
variables are available

Preview a theme

`bslib::bs_theme_preview(theme)`

Theme demo Inputs Plots Tables Notifications Fonts Options

inputPanel() wellPanel()

sliderInput()

0 30 70 100

0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100

selectizeInput()

AL ▾

selectizeInput(multiple=T)

AZ

dateInput()

2020-12-07

« December 2020 »

Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
29	30	1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31	1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9

Below are the values bound to each input widget above

```
List of 5
$ sliderInput      : int [1:2] 30 70
$ selectizeInput    : chr "AL"
$ selectizeMultiInput: chr "AZ"
$ dateInput        : Date[1:1], format: "2020-12-07"
$ dateRangeInput   : Date[1:2], format: "2020-12-24" ...
```

Here are some `actionButton()`s demonstrating different theme (i.e., accent) colors

Primary

Secondary (default)

Success

Info

Warning

Danger

Dark

Light

Real-time theming

`bslib::bs_theme_preview(theme)`

The screenshot shows a Shiny application interface with a dark theme. On the left, there's a navigation bar with links: Theme demo, Inputs, Plots, Tables, Notifications, Fonts, Options. Below this, a sidebar menu titled "Theme customizer" lists several theme components:

- Basic colors**:
 - Background color: `#202123`
 - Description: The background color for the page
- Foreground color**: `#B8BCC2`
- Accent colors**
- Fonts**
- Options**
- Spacing**

The main content area displays several input widgets:

- `inputPanel()` and `wellPanel()` buttons.
- `sliderInput()` showing values 0, 30, 70, 100.
- `selectizeInput()` showing value "AL".
- `selectizeInput(multiple=T)` showing an empty list.
- `dateInput()` showing value "2020-10-06".
- `dateRangeInput()` showing range from "2020-10-06" to "2020-10-13".

Below the inputs, a section says "Below are the values bound to each input widget above" followed by a list of variables:

```
List of 5
$ sliderInput      : int [1:2] 30 70
$ selectizeInput   : chr "AL"
$ selectizeMultiInput: NULL
$ dateInput        : Date[1:1], format: "2020-10-06"
$ dateRangeInput   : Date[1:2], format: "2020-10-06" ...
```

Here are some `actionButton()`s demonstrating different theme (i.e., accent) colors

Primary

Secondary (default)

Success

Info

warning

Danger

Changes captured as code

```
> bs_theme_preview(theme)
```

```
Listening on http://127.0.0.1:7327
```

Real-time theme your app

```
library(shiny)

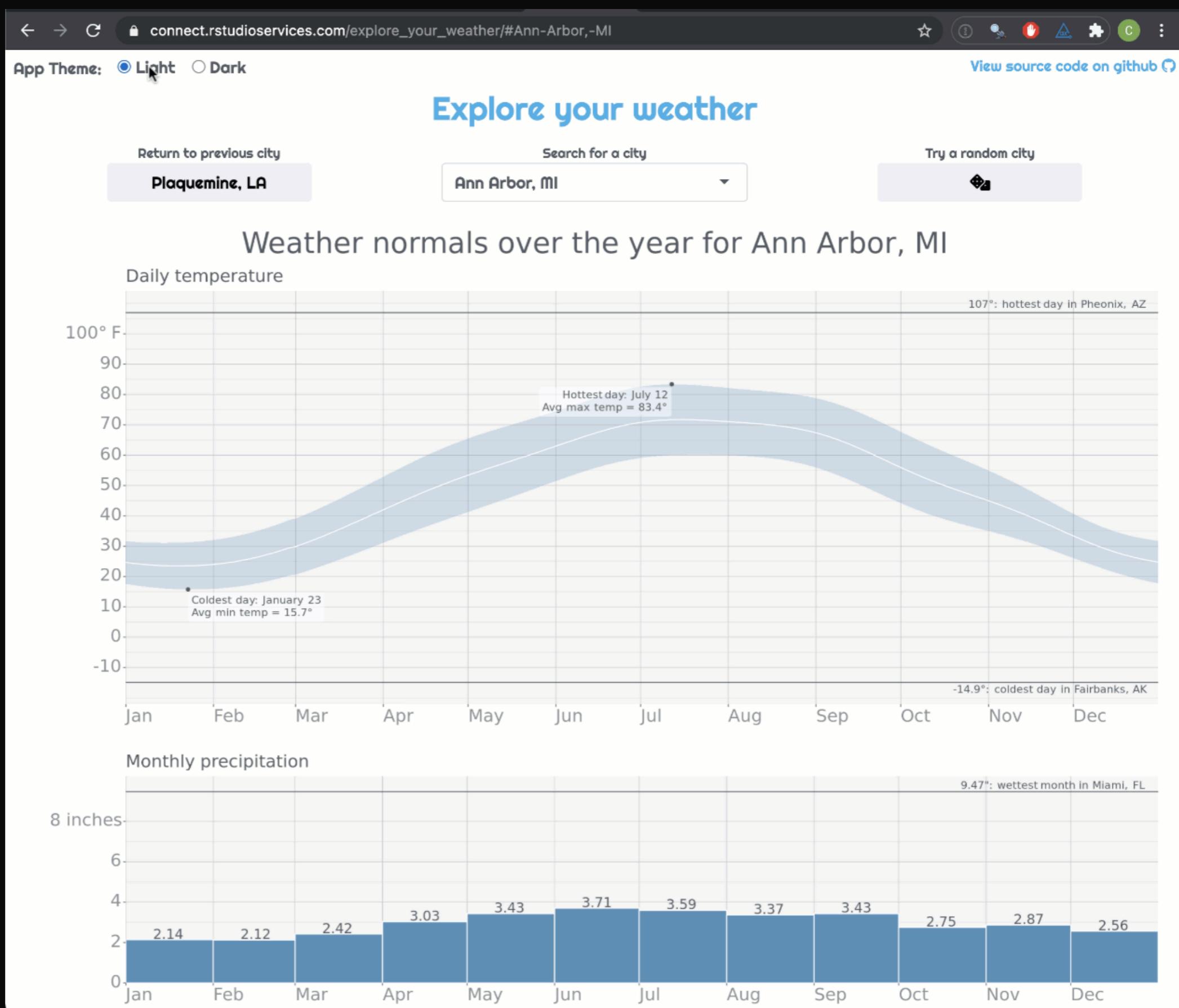
ui <- fluidPage(
  theme = bslib::bs_theme(),
  ...
)

server <- function(input, output) {
  bslib::bs_themer()
  ...
}
```



Requires
Bootstrap 4

Implement your own theming widget



Minimal example

Plots don't reflect theme 😞

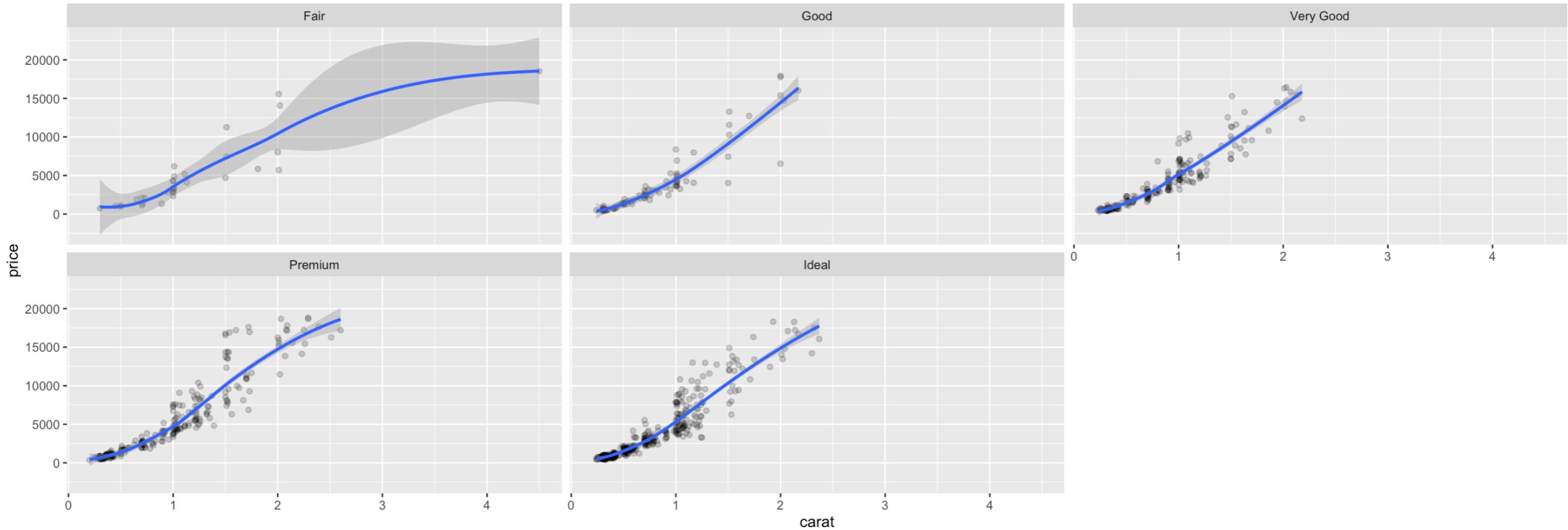
Theme demo Inputs Plots Tables Notifications Fonts Options

Choose an example

GeomSmooth



Diamond price by carat and cut



Plots don't reflect theme



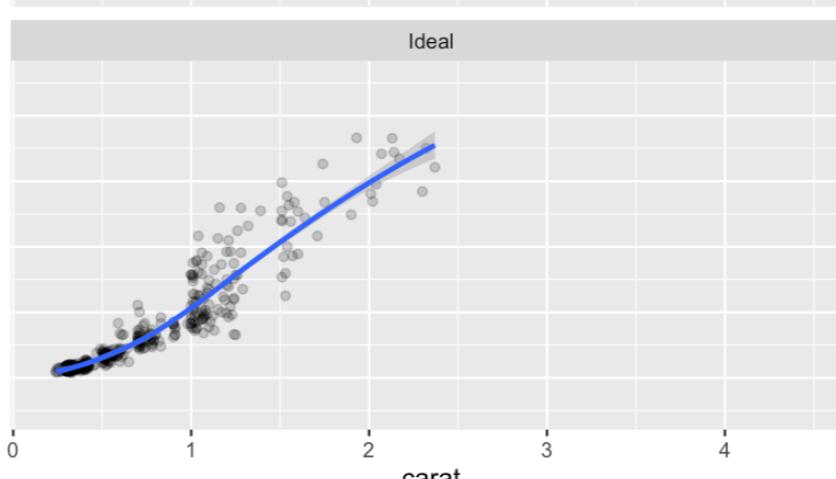
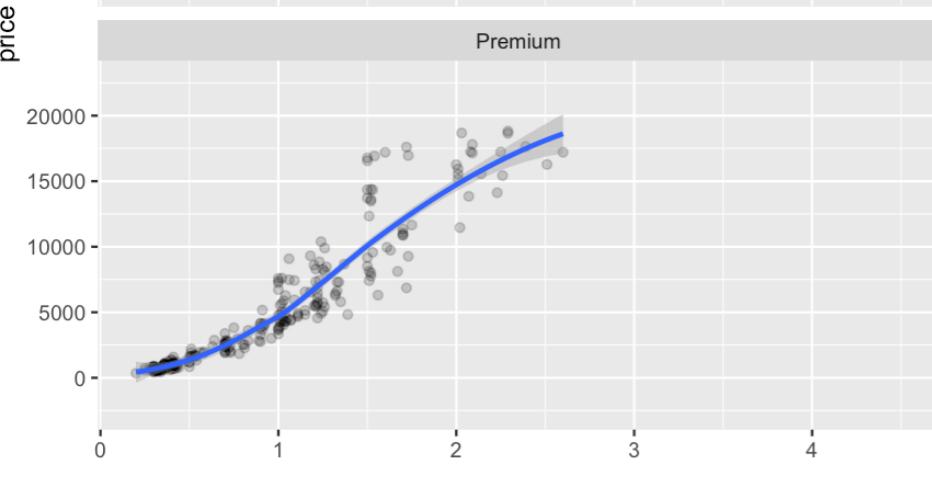
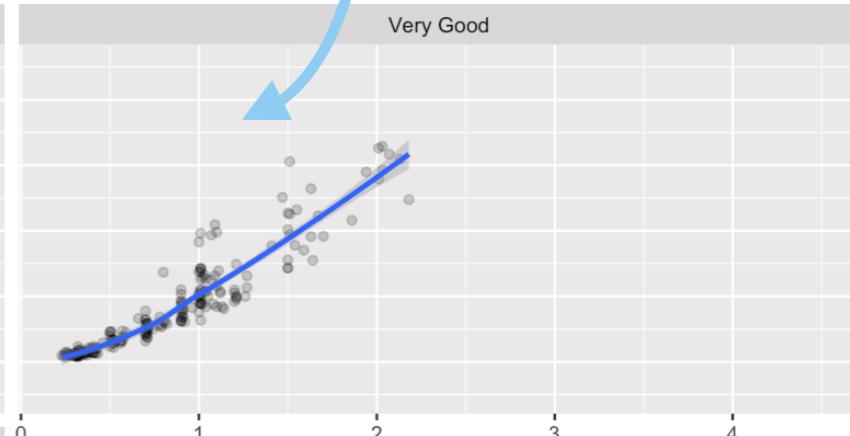
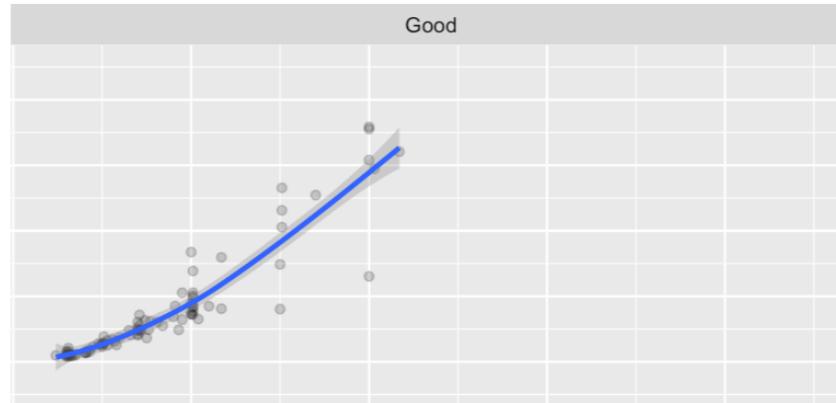
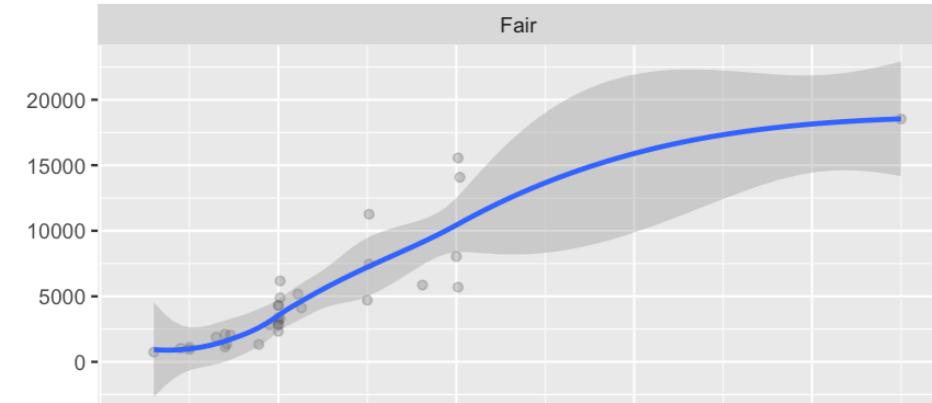
Theme demo Inputs Plots Tables Notifications Fonts Options

Choose an example

GeomSmooth

Plots rendered by R,
not the browser!!

Diamond price by carat and cut



thematic::thematic_shiny()



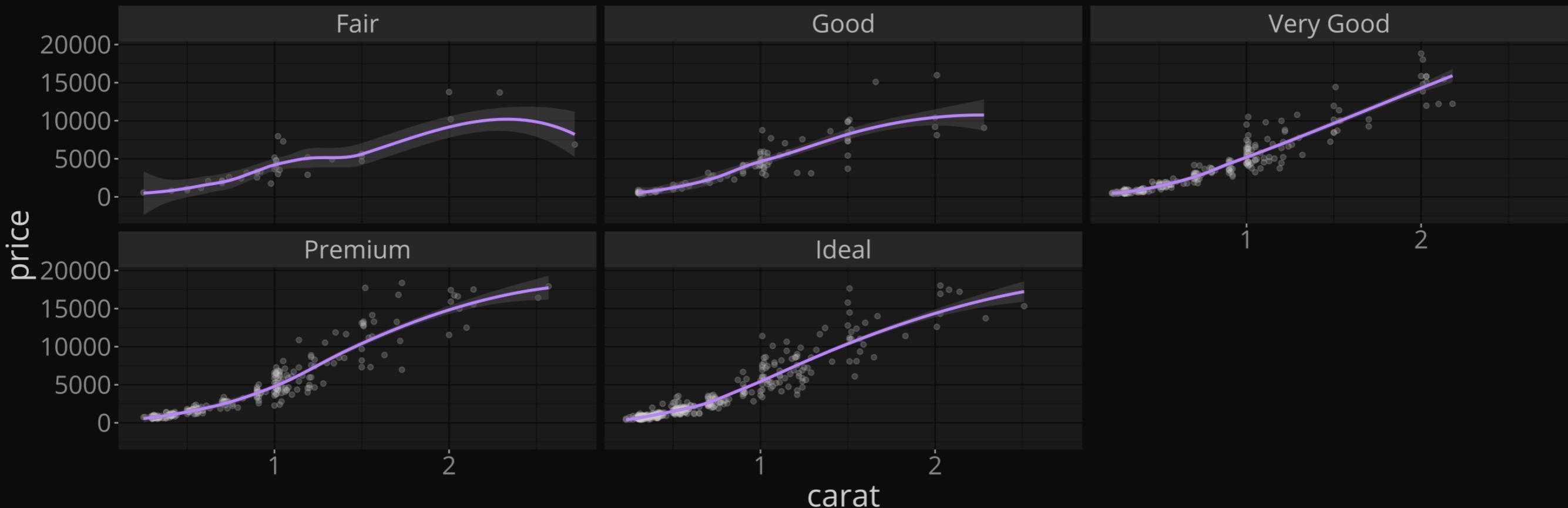
Theme demo Inputs Plots Tables Notifications Fonts Options

Choose an example

GeomSmooth



Diamond price by carat and cut



thematic :: thematic_shiny()

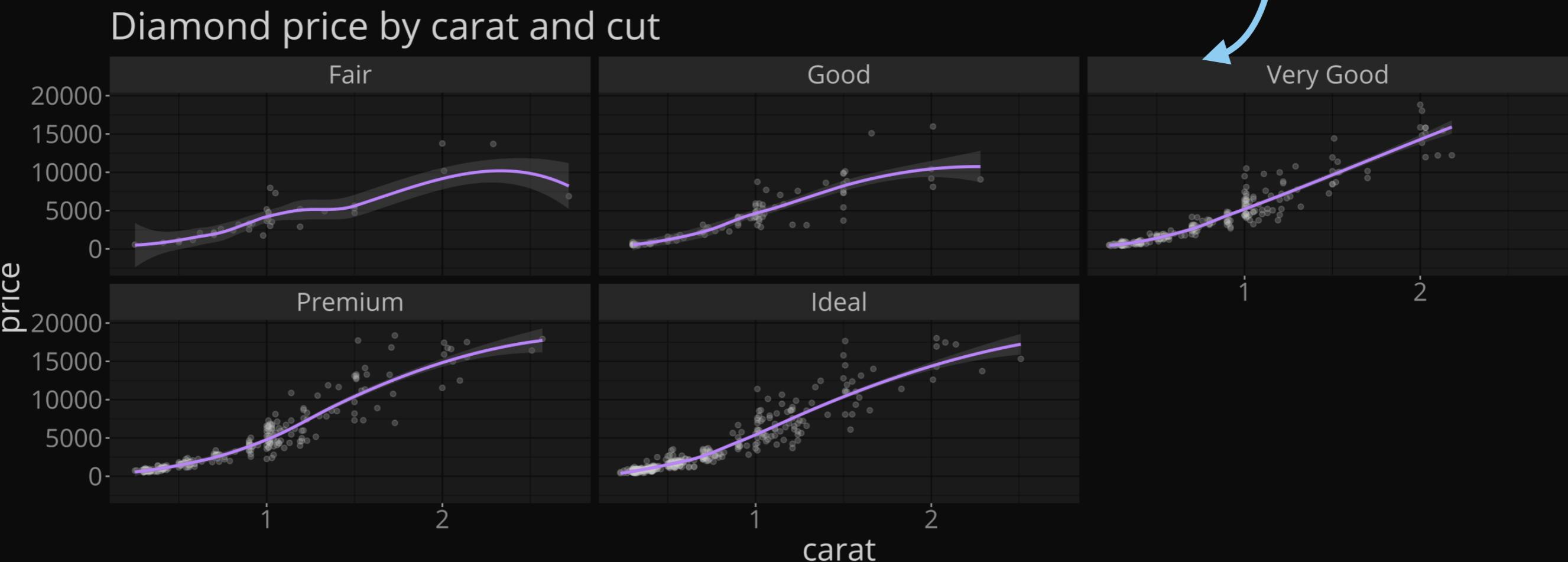


Theme demo Inputs Plots Tables Notifications Fonts Options

Choose an example

GeomSmooth ▾

Plot styling defaults
now informed by CSS



Auto-theme any plotOutput()

```
library(shiny)  
thematic::thematic_shiny()  
  
ui <- fluidPage(  
  theme = bslib::bs_theme(),  
  ...  
)  
  
shinyApp(ui, function(...) { })
```

Enables auto-coloring
until app exits

Auto-theme any plotOutput()

```
library(shiny)
thematic::thematic_shiny(font='auto')

ui <- fluidPage(
  theme = bslib::bs_theme(),
  ...
)

shinyApp(ui, function(...) { })
```

Translate fonts as well

Auto-theme any plotOutput()

```
library(shiny)
thematic::thematic_shiny(font='auto')

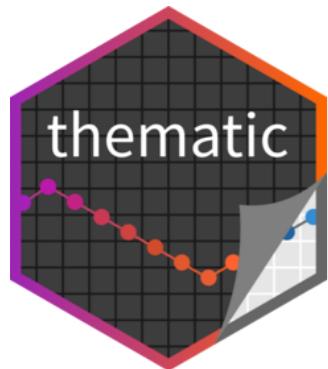
ui <- fluidPage(
  theme = bslib::bs_theme(),
  ...
)

shinyApp(ui, function(...) { })
```

Works only if using
Google Fonts or fonts
known to R

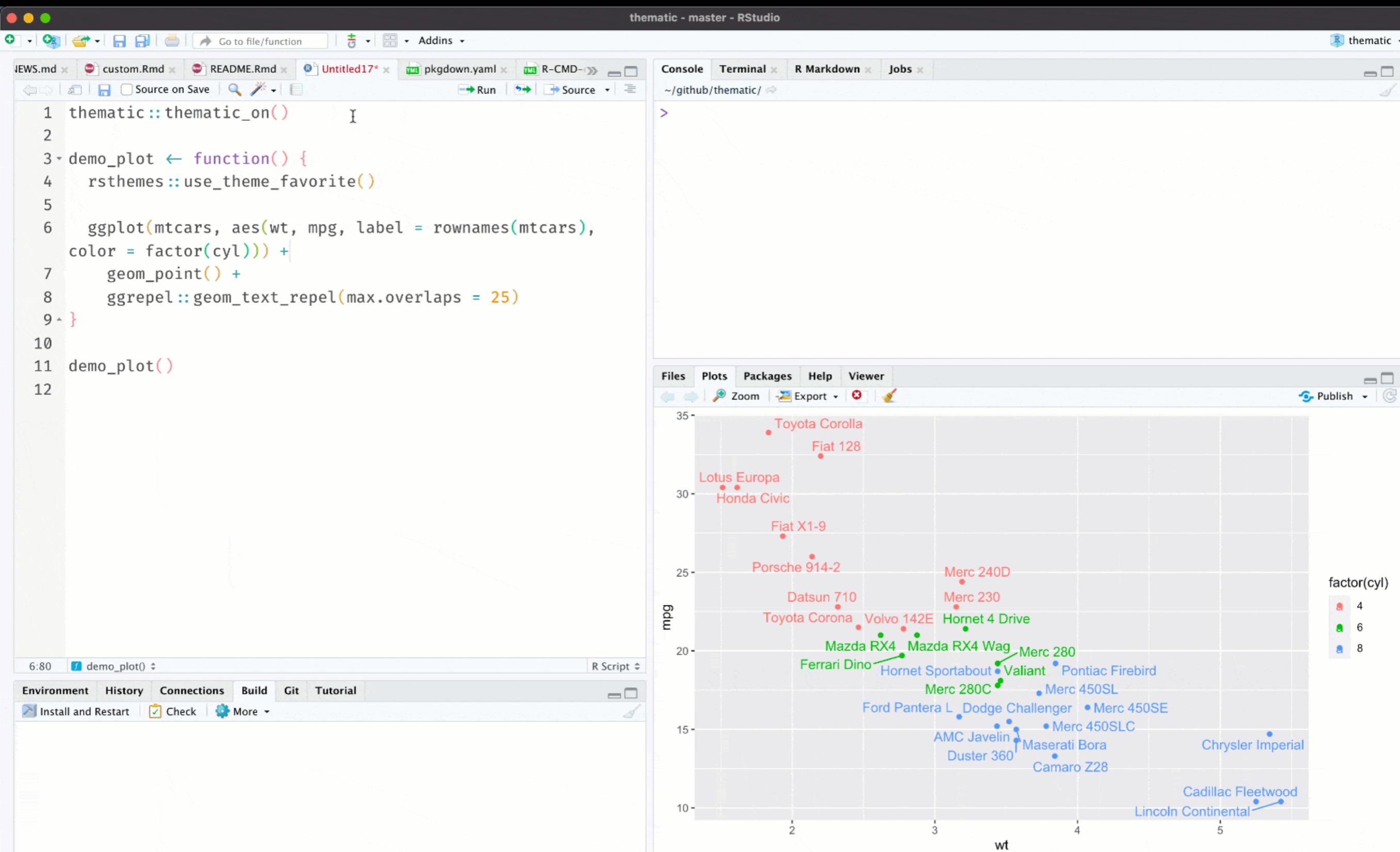
The {thematic} R package

- Auto theme R plots in Shiny, R Markdown, and RStudio.
- Provides a simplified interface for theming `{ggplot2}`, `{lattice}`, and `{base}` graphics in any R runtime.



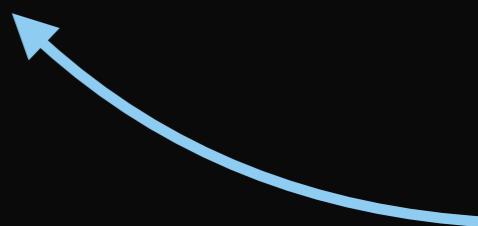
rstudio.github.io/thematic

Auto-theme plots in RStudio



Using {bslib} with R Markdown

```
---  
output:  
  html_document:  
    theme:  
      bg: "#121212"  
      fg: "#E4E4E4"  
      primary: "#BB86FC"
```



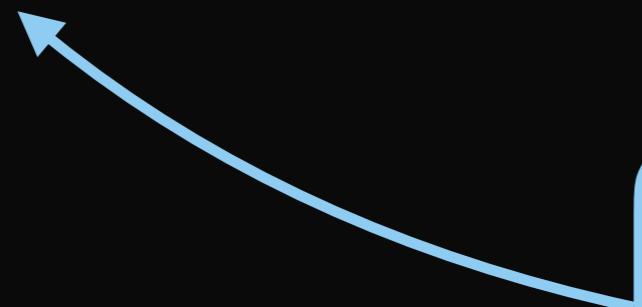
Arguments to
`bslib::bs_theme()`

Using {bslib} with R Markdown

```
---
```

```
output:
  html_document:
    theme:
      bg: "#121212"
      fg: "#E4E4E4"
      primary: "#BB86FC"
    base_font:
      google: Open Sans
```

```
---
```

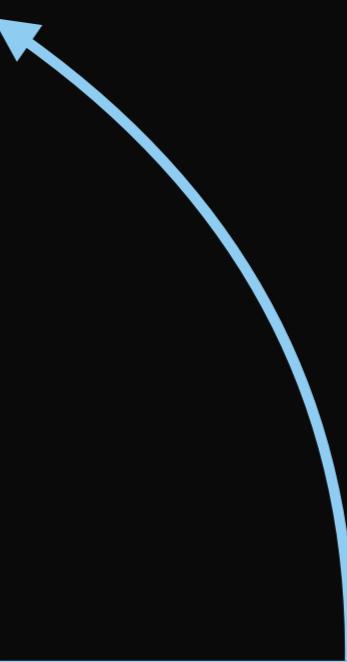


Same intelligent font importing as:
`bs_theme(base_font =
font_google("Open Sans"))`

Using {bslib} with R Markdown

```
---
```

```
output:
  flexdashboard::flex_dashboard:
    theme:
      bg: "#121212"
      fg: "#E4E4E4"
      primary: "#BB86FC"
      base_font:
        google: Open Sans
---
```



{flexdashboard},
{pkgdown}, and
{bookdown} support
coming to CRAN soon

Real-time theme Rmd docs

```
---
```

```
output:
  flexdashboard::flex_dashboard:
    theme:
      bg: "#121212"
      fg: "#E4E4E4"
      primary: "#BB86FC"
runtime: shiny ←
```

```
---
```

```
```{r}
bslib::bs_themer()
```
```

Requires a shiny
run-time

Real-time theme flexdashboard

Flexdashboard theming demo Components Storyboard Cards [About](#)

Set contact rate

Choose a state

AL

Choose a date

2021-03-18 to 2021-03-18

1 primary GitHub icon

2 info Twitter icon

3 success L icon

4 warning Facebook icon

5 danger

Success Rate: 91 %

Warning metric: 3.4

Basic Table Interactive Table

| | mpg | cyl | disp | hp | drat | wt | qsec | vs | am | carb |
|-------------------|------|-----|-------|-----|------|-------|-------|----|----|------|
| Mazda RX4 | 21.0 | 6 | 160.0 | 110 | 3.90 | 2.620 | 16.4 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| Mazda RX4 Wag | 21.0 | 6 | 160.0 | 110 | 3.90 | 2.875 | 17.0 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| Datsun 710 | 22.8 | 4 | 108.0 | 93 | 3.85 | 2.320 | 18.0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Hornet 4 Drive | 21.4 | 6 | 258.0 | 110 | 3.08 | 3.215 | 19.4 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| Hornet Sportabout | 18.7 | 8 | 360.0 | 175 | 3.15 | 3.440 | 17.0 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| Valiant | 18.1 | 6 | 225.0 | 105 | 2.76 | 3.460 | 20.0 | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| Duster 360 | 14.3 | 8 | 360.0 | 245 | 3.21 | 3.570 | 15.0 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| Merc 240D | 24.4 | 4 | 146.7 | 62 | 3.69 | 3.190 | 20.00 | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| Merc 230 | 22.8 | 4 | 140.8 | 95 | 3.92 | 3.150 | 22.90 | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| Merc 280 | 19.2 | 6 | 167.6 | 123 | 3.92 | 3.440 | 18.30 | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| Merc 280C | 17.8 | 6 | 167.6 | 123 | 3.92 | 3.440 | 18.90 | 1 | 0 | 4 |

Theme customizer

Main colors

Accent colors

Primary color: #ED79F9

Links and highlighted navigation

Secondary

Success

Info

Warning

Danger

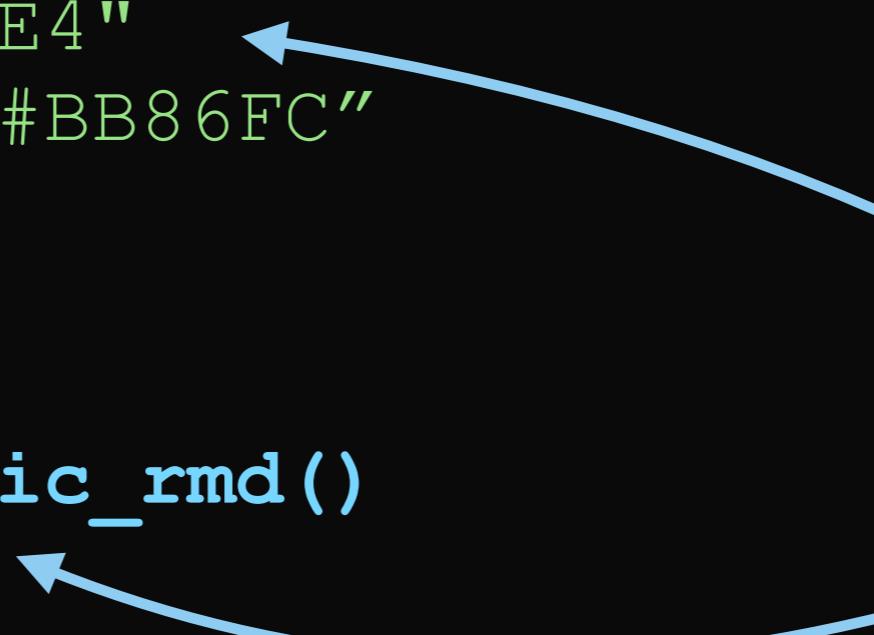
Auto-theme plots in HTML

```
---
```

```
output:  
  flexdashboard::flex_dashboard:  
    theme:  
      bg: "#121212"  
      fg: "#E4E4E4"  
      primary: "#BB86FC"
```

```
--
```

```
```{r}  
thematic::thematic_rmd()
```
```



{thematic} can auto-theme
with {bslib} in Rmd

Auto-theme plots in HTML

Flexdashboard theming demo

Components Storyboard Cards

About Home Source Code

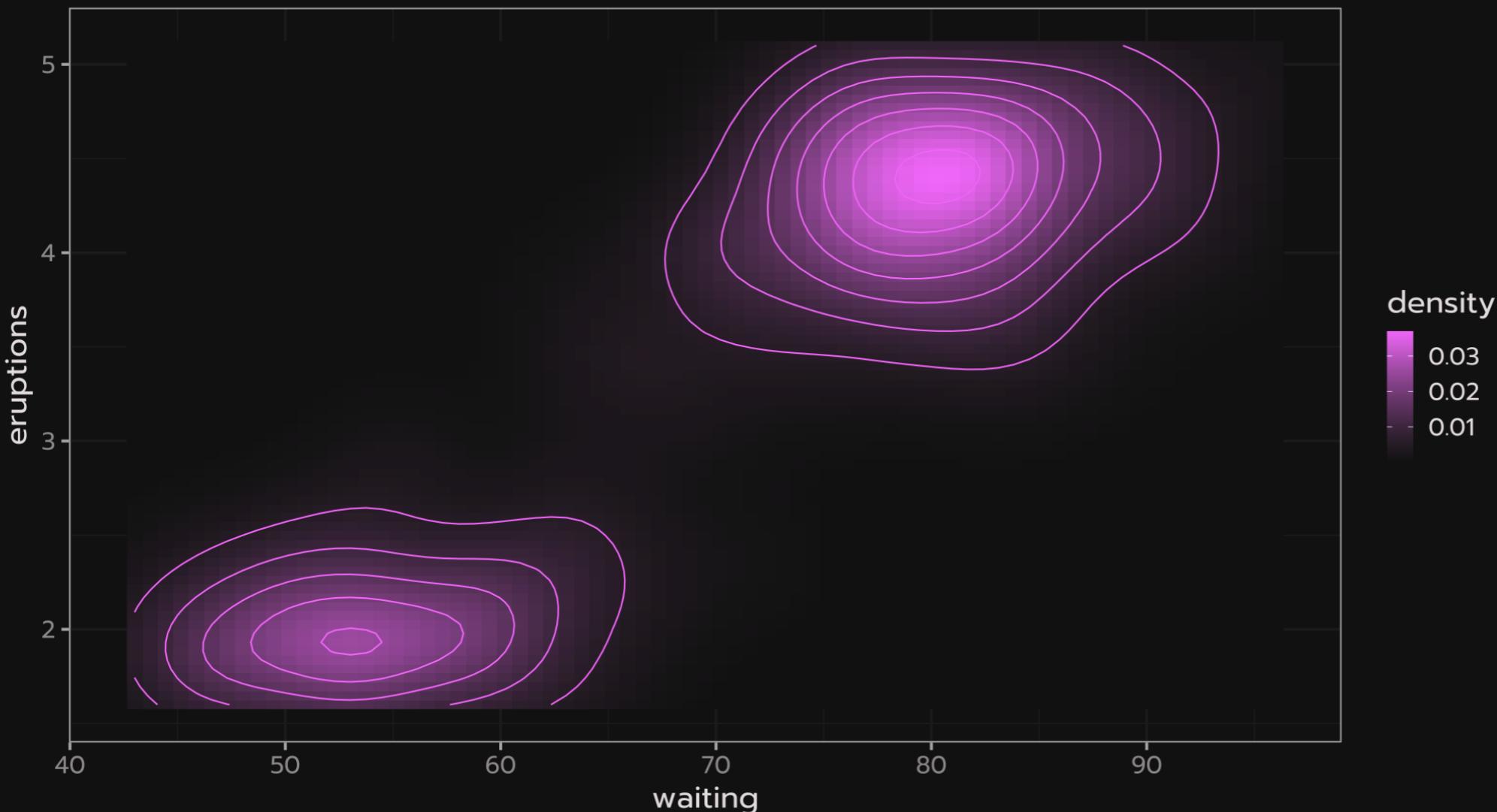
Static Plots

Interactive Plots

Learn more



2d density estimate of Old Faithful data



Put `thematic_rmd()` for auto-plot theming!

Theme R plots anywhere

```
--  
output:  
  pdf_document  
--  
` `` { r }  
thematic::thematic_rmd(  
  bg = "#121212",  
  fg = "#E4E4E4",  
  accent = "#BB86FC"  
)` ``
```

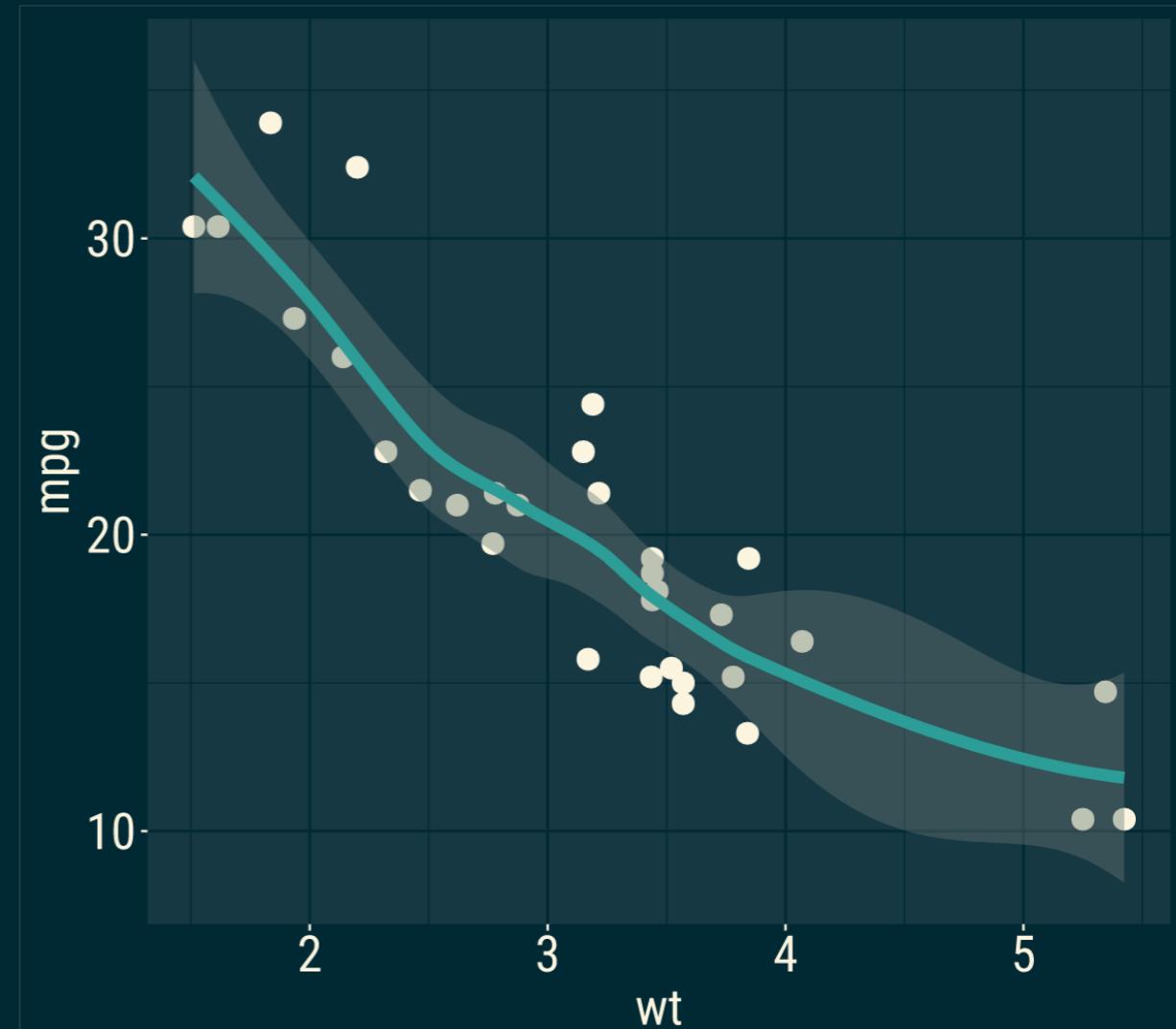
{thematic}'s {bslib}-like theme interface can be used anywhere

General {thematic} usage

- Three ways to enable globally:
`thematic_shiny()`, `thematic_rmd()`, and
`thematic_on()`
 - You can also [enable thematic for one-time use](#)
- Auto theming is the default behavior, but you can also directly specify colors and fonts.

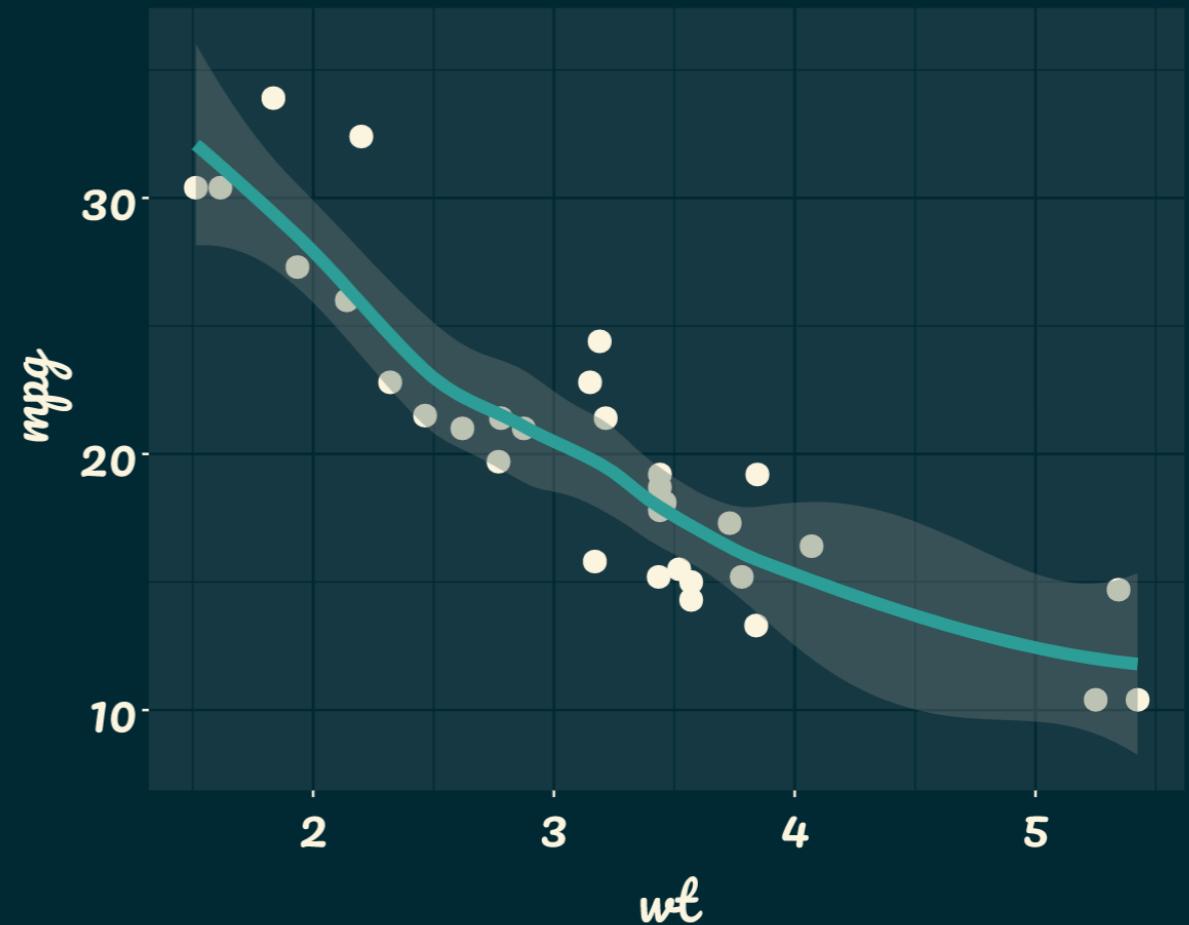
Provide colors directly

```
thematic_on(  
  bg = "#002B36",  
  fg = "#FDF6E3",  
  accent = "#2AA198"  
)  
library(ggplot2)  
ggplot(mtcars, aes(wt, mpg)) +  
  geom_point() +  
  geom_smooth()
```



Provide fonts directly

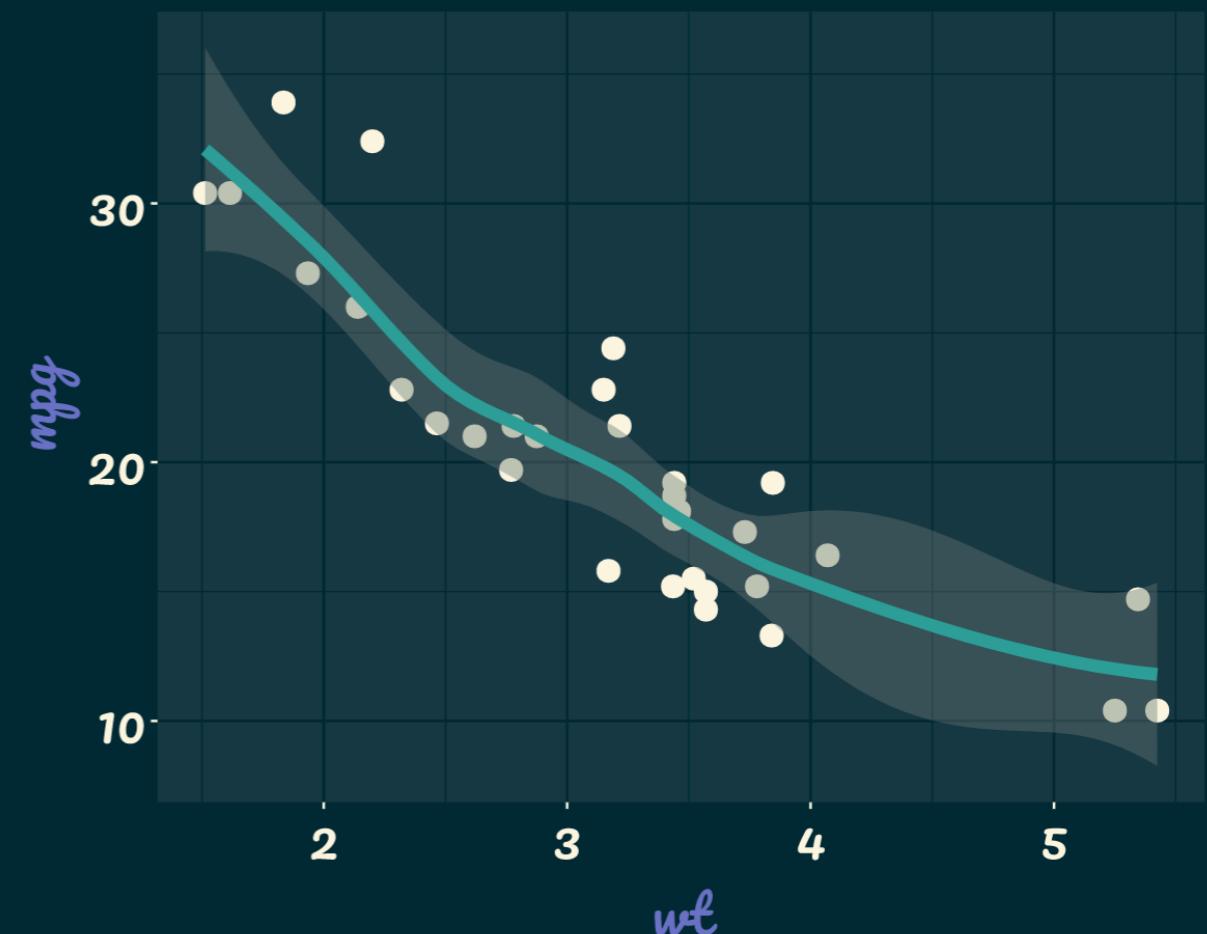
```
thematic_on(  
  bg = "#002B36",  
  fg = "#FDF6E3",  
  accent = "#2AA198",  
  font = "Pacifico"  
)  
library(ggplot2)  
ggplot(mtcars, aes(wt, mpg)) +  
  geom_point() +  
  geom_smooth()
```



Any font known to R or any [Google Font](#) works so long as `{showtext}` or `{ragg}` is installed

{themtic} sets global theme() defaults

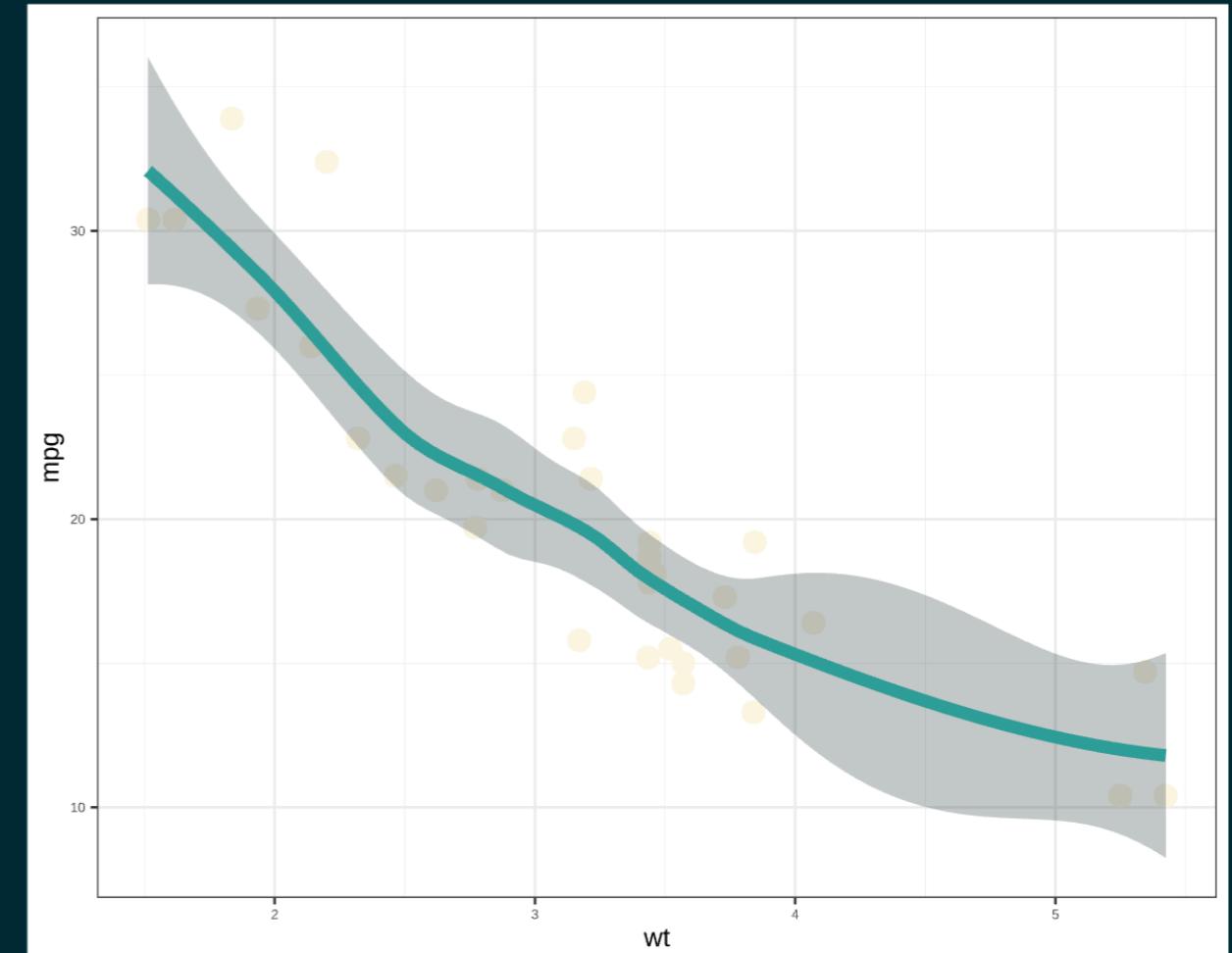
```
themtic_on(  
  bg = "#002B36",  
  fg = "#FDF6E3",  
  accent = "#2AA198",  
  font = "Pacifico"  
)  
library(ggplot2)  
ggplot(mtcars, aes(wt, mpg)) +  
  geom_point() +  
  geom_smooth() +  
  theme(axis.title =  
    element_text(color = "#6C71C4"))
```



Plot specific styles takes priority over global defaults

Don't add complete theme to plot

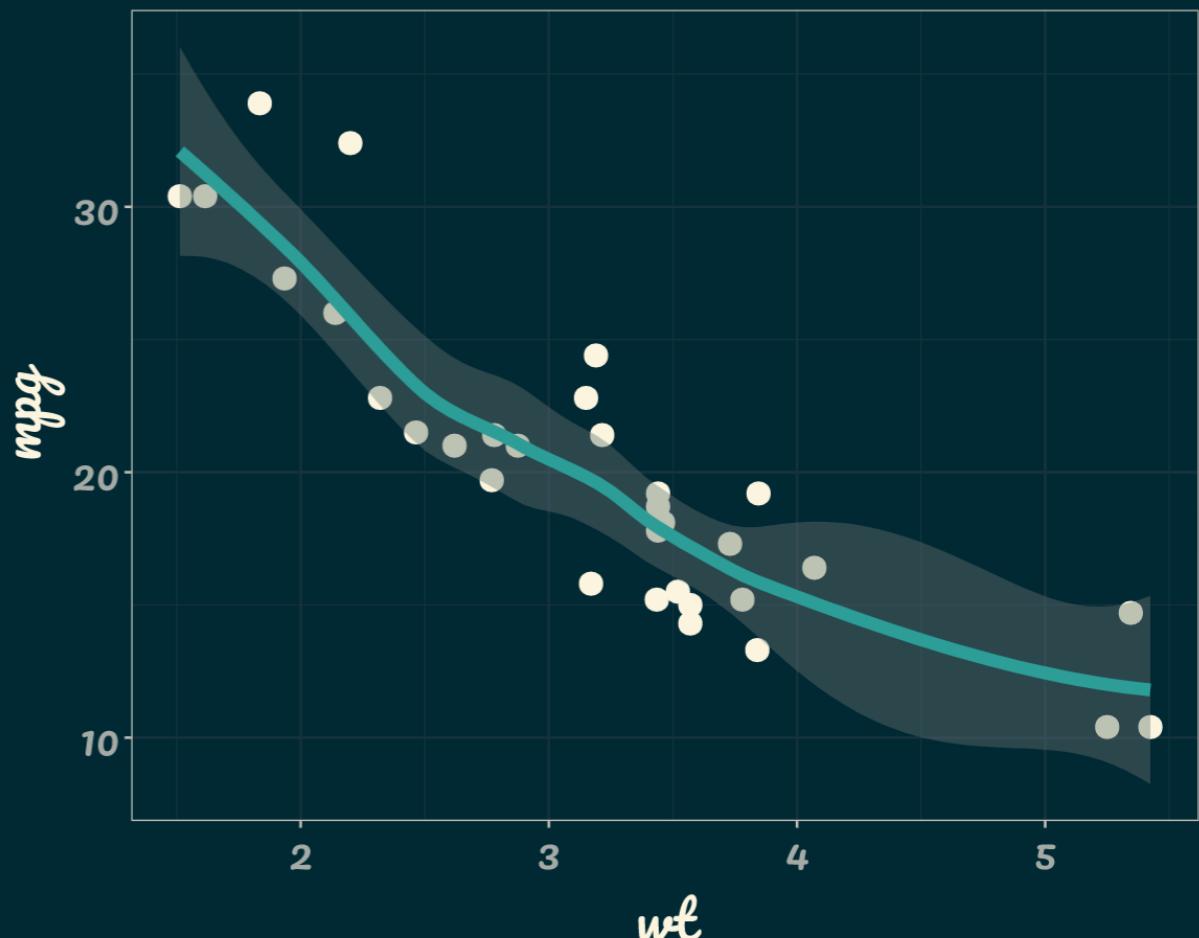
```
thematic_on(  
  bg = "#002B36",  
  fg = "#FDF6E3",  
  accent = "#2AA198",  
  font = "Pacifico"  
)  
library(ggplot2)  
ggplot(mtcars, aes(wt, mpg)) +  
  geom_point() +  
  geom_smooth() +  
  theme_bw()
```



theme_bw() 'overrides' all the global theme() defaults

Set complete themes globally

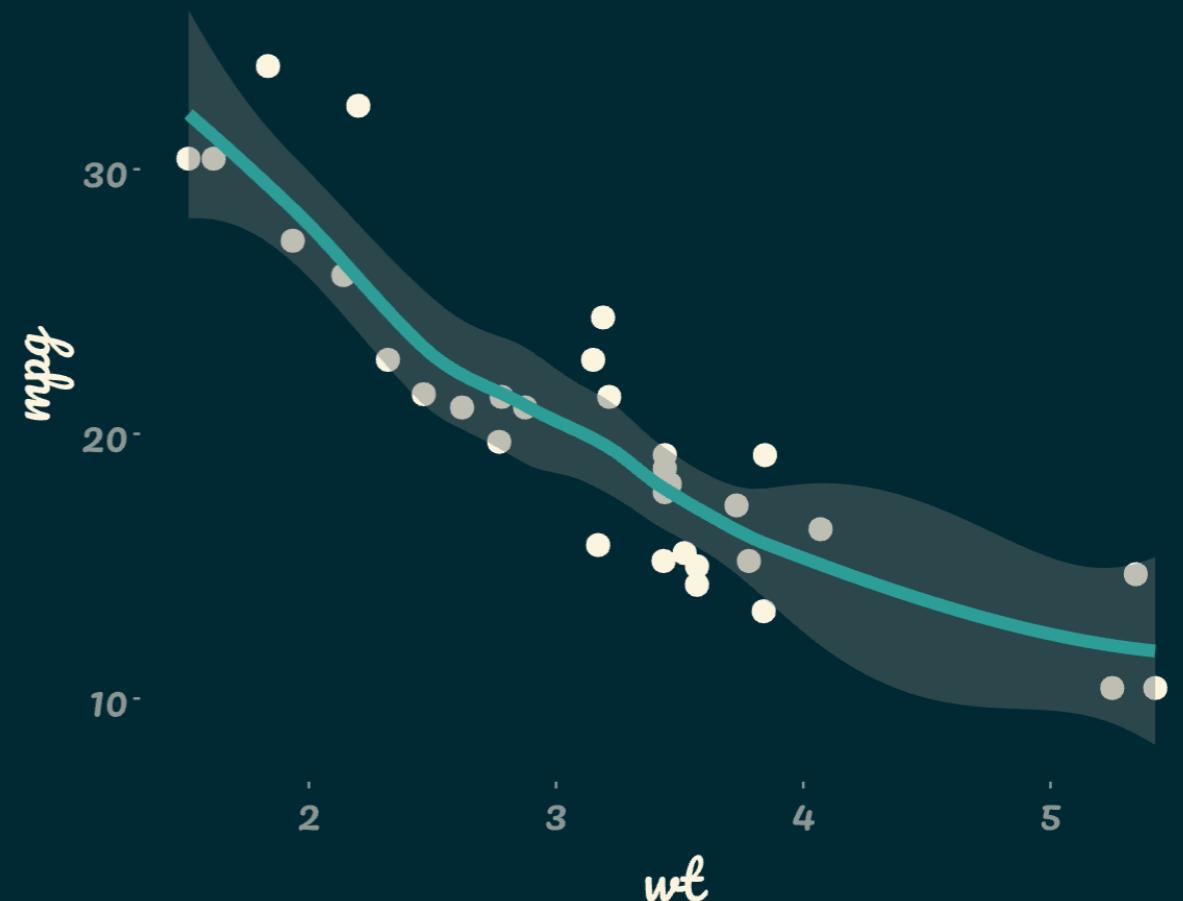
```
theme_set(theme_bw())
themtic_on(
  bg = "#002B36",
  fg = "#FDF6E3",
  accent = "#2AA198",
  font = "Pacifico"
)
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(mtcars, aes(wt, mpg)) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_smooth()
```



{themtic} will even 'respect' the complete theme's semantics

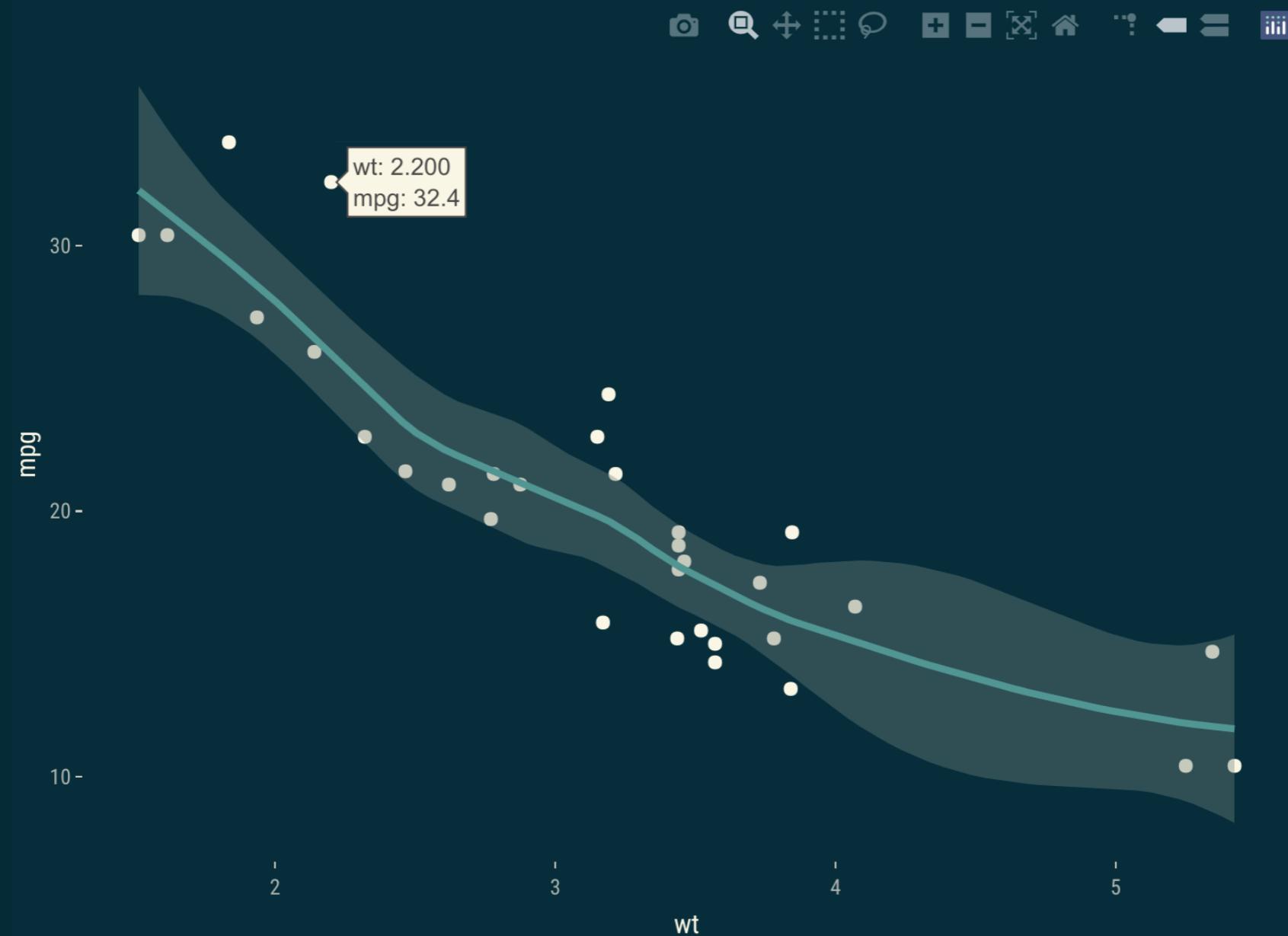
Set complete themes globally

```
theme_set(ggthemes::theme_tufte())
thematic_on(
  bg = "#002B36",
  fg = "#FDF6E3",
  accent = "#2AA198",
  font = "Pacifico"
)
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(mtcars, aes(wt, mpg)) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_smooth()
```



{thematic} will even 'respect' the complete theme's semantics

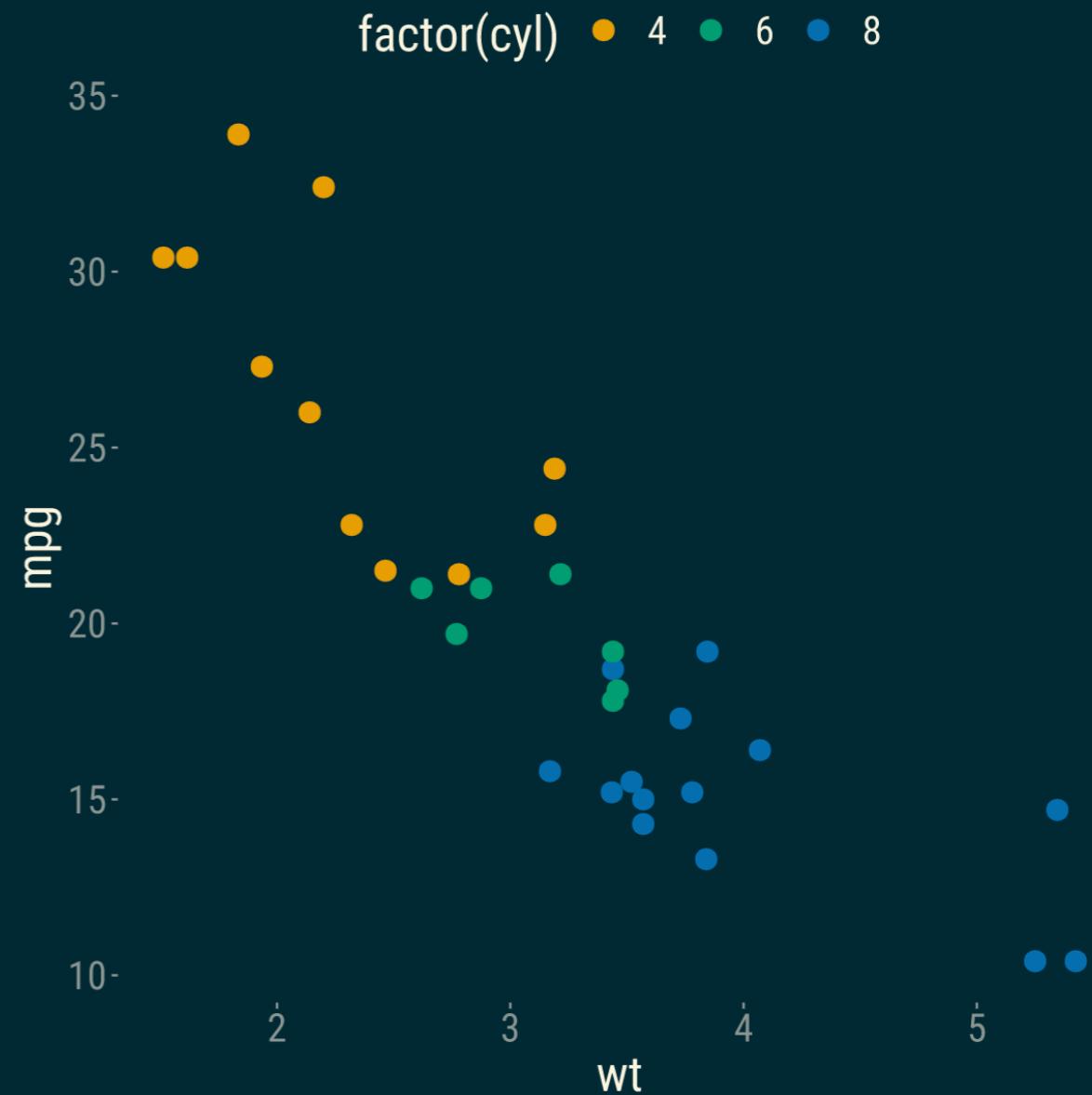
Also works with `plotly::ggplotly()`



{themetic} also sets global scales

Sets qualitative colorscale to (colour-blind safe) Okabe-Ito

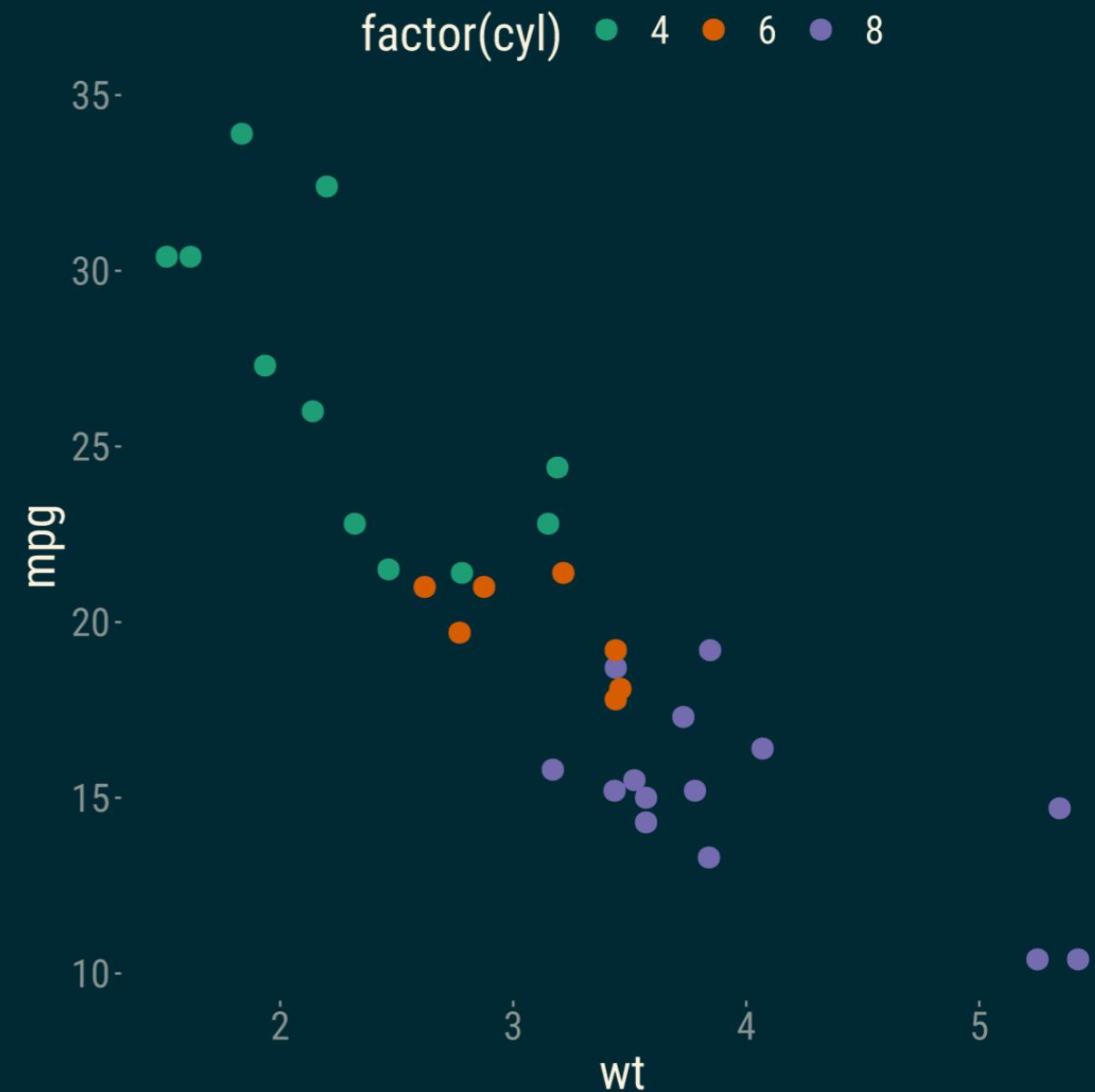
```
themetic_on(  
  bg = "#002B36",  
  fg = "#FDF6E3",  
  accent = "#2AA198",  
  font = "Roboto Condensed"  
)  
library(ggplot2)  
ggplot(mtcars, aes(wt, mpg)) +  
  geom_point(aes(color=factor(cyl)))
```



Scale defaults are also customizable

Customize with any vector of color codes

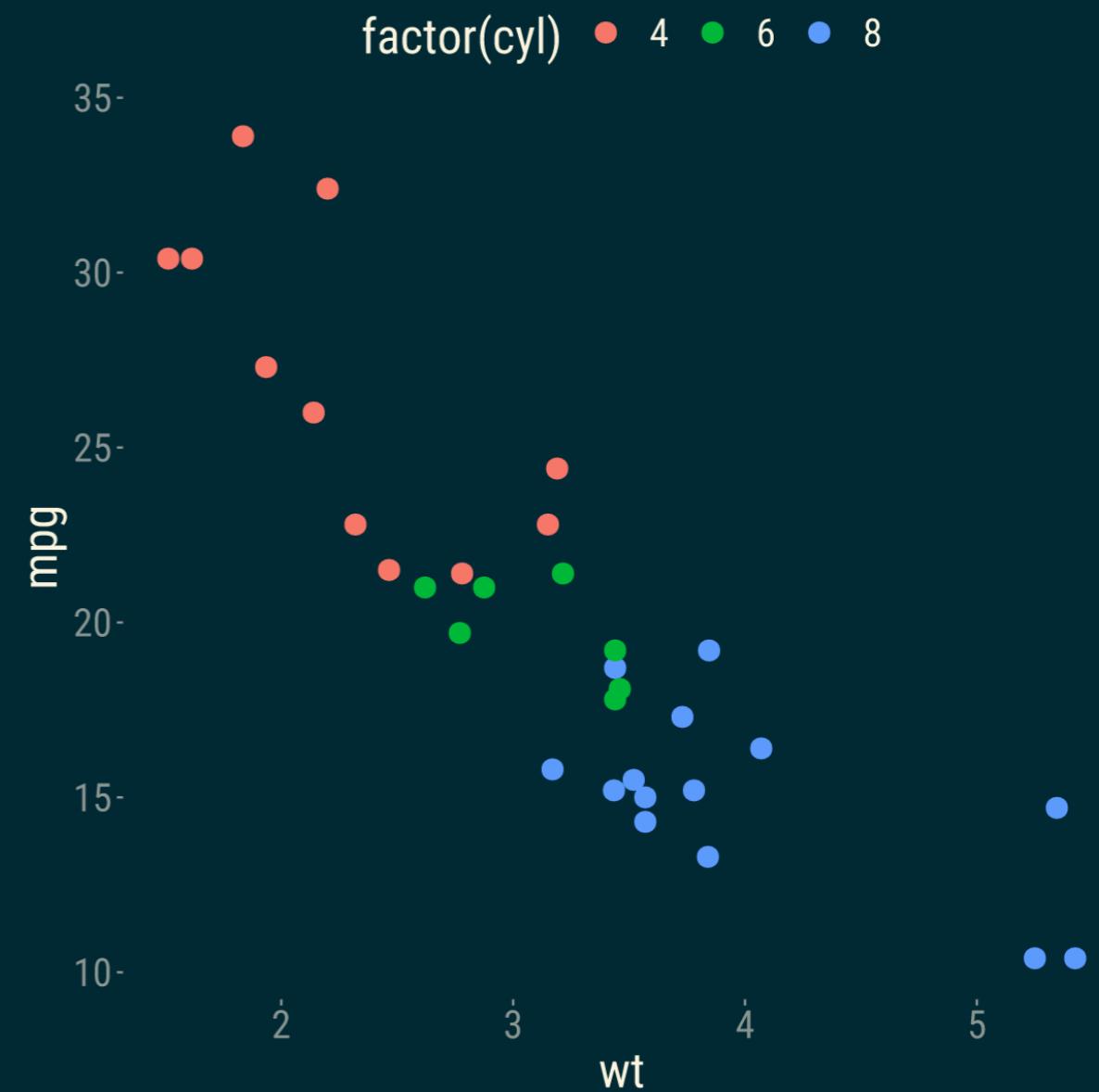
```
thematic_on(  
  bg = "#002B36",  
  fg = "#FDF6E3",  
  accent = "#2AA198",  
  font = "Roboto Condensed",  
  qualitative = c(  
    "#1B9E77", "#D95F02", "#7570B3"  
)  
)  
library(ggplot2)  
ggplot(mtcars, aes(wt, mpg)) +  
  geom_point(aes(color=factor(cyl)))
```



For **ggplot2**, **qualitative** is only relevant if there are enough colors to encode the levels.

Use `{ggplot2}` defaults (if you really need to)

```
thematic_on(  
  bg = "#002B36",  
  fg = "#FDF6E3",  
  accent = "#2AA198",  
  font = "Roboto Condensed",  
  qualitative = NA  
)  
library(ggplot2)  
ggplot(mtcars, aes(wt, mpg)) +  
  geom_point(aes(color=factor(cyl)))
```



In summary

- Use `shiny :: bindCache()` to avoid redundant computation
- Use `bslib :: bs_theme()` to customize Bootstrap CSS
 - In R Markdown, provide arguments to `theme`:
- Use `bslib :: bs_themer()` to customize in real-time
- Translate CSS to R plots with `thematic_shiny()`
- `{thematic}`'s auto-theming also works in RStudio (`thematic_on()`) and R Markdown (`thematic_rmd()`)
- Use and customize `{thematic}` themes anywhere by providing colors and fonts directly

Thank you!

Learn more:

rstudio.github.io/bslib

rstudio.github.io/thematic

Slides:

bit.ly/wb-shiny-2021

Contact:



@cpsievert



carson@rstudio.com



cpsievert.me