

# **A Report for Simple OpenCv-based Image Retrieval Program**

CS4185 Multimedia Technologies and Applications

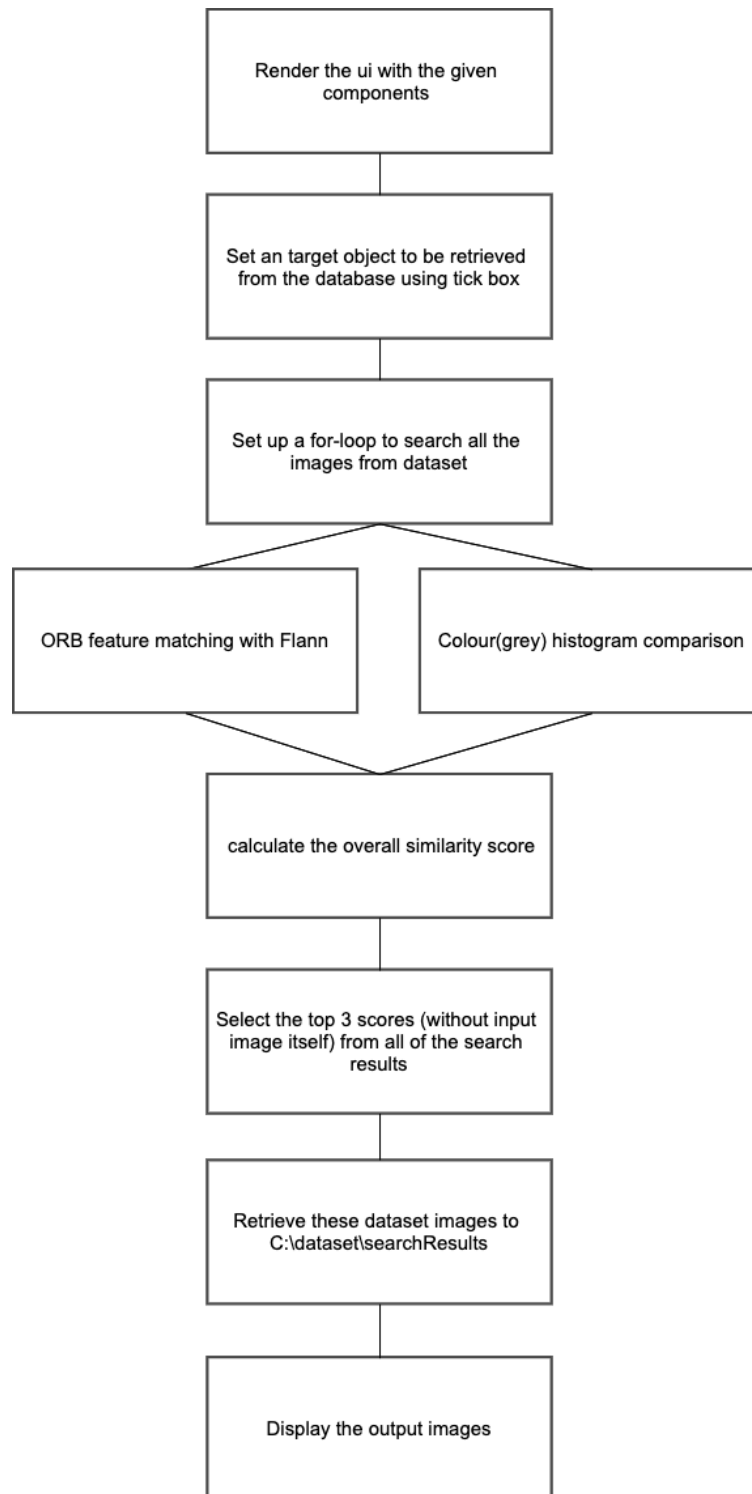
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# Image Retrieval

## Flow of Program



## Features

### Single channel Histogram Comparison

```
double colorHist(Mat img, Mat football) {  
  
    Mat hisImg;  
    Mat hisFootball;  
    int bin = 50;  
    float range[] = { 0,256 };  
    const float* hisrange = { range };  
    calcHist(&img, 1, 0, Mat(), hisImg, 1, &bin, &hisrange, true, false);  
    calcHist(&football, 1, 0, Mat(), hisFootball, 1, &bin, &hisrange, true, false);  
    normalize(hisImg, hisImg, 1, 0, NORM_L2, -1, Mat());  
    normalize(hisFootball, hisFootball, 1, 0, NORM_L2, -1, Mat());  
    return compareHist(hisImg, hisFootball, 3);  
}
```

Histogram is designed to extract the colour features from the images. By comparing the colour features from two images, the image similarity score can be obtained.

The two input images are firstly converted into grey colour. Two single channel colour histograms are drawn using *calcHist()*. They are then normalised into the same scale using *normalize()*. Finally, they are compared with each other using *compareHist()* to obtain the similarity score.

## ORB features matching using Flann

```
double ORBmatch(Mat img, Mat football) {
    vector<KeyPoint> keypoints_fb, keypoints_img;
    Mat descriptors_fb, descriptors_img;
    OrbFeatureDetector detector;
    detector.detect(football, keypoints_fb);
    detector.detect(img, keypoints_img);
    OrbDescriptorExtractor extractor;
    extractor.compute(football, keypoints_fb, descriptors_fb);
    extractor.compute(img, keypoints_img, descriptors_img);

    descriptors_img.convertTo(descriptors_img, CV_32F);
    descriptors_fb.convertTo(descriptors_fb, CV_32F);

    FlannBasedMatcher matcher;
    vector<DMatch> matches;
    matcher.match(descriptors_fb, descriptors_img, matches);

    double max_dist = 0; double min_dist = 100;

    for (int i = 0; i < matches.size(); i++) {
        double dist = matches[i].distance;
        if (dist < min_dist)
            min_dist = dist;
        if (dist > max_dist)
            max_dist = dist;
    }

    vector<DMatch> good_matches;

    for (int i = 0; i < matches.size(); i++) {
        if (matches[i].distance <= 3 * min_dist) {
            good_matches.push_back(matches[i]);
        }
    }

    return 10000/(good_matches.size()+1);
}
```

Being the most fastest algorithm among others, ORB is decided to be used to detect and compute the feature key points and descriptors. Fast Library for Approximate Nearest Neighbors (FLANN) is then used to find the good matches. The number of good matches found determines the similarity score obtained (the more the good matches found, the higher the similarity is).

## CVUI

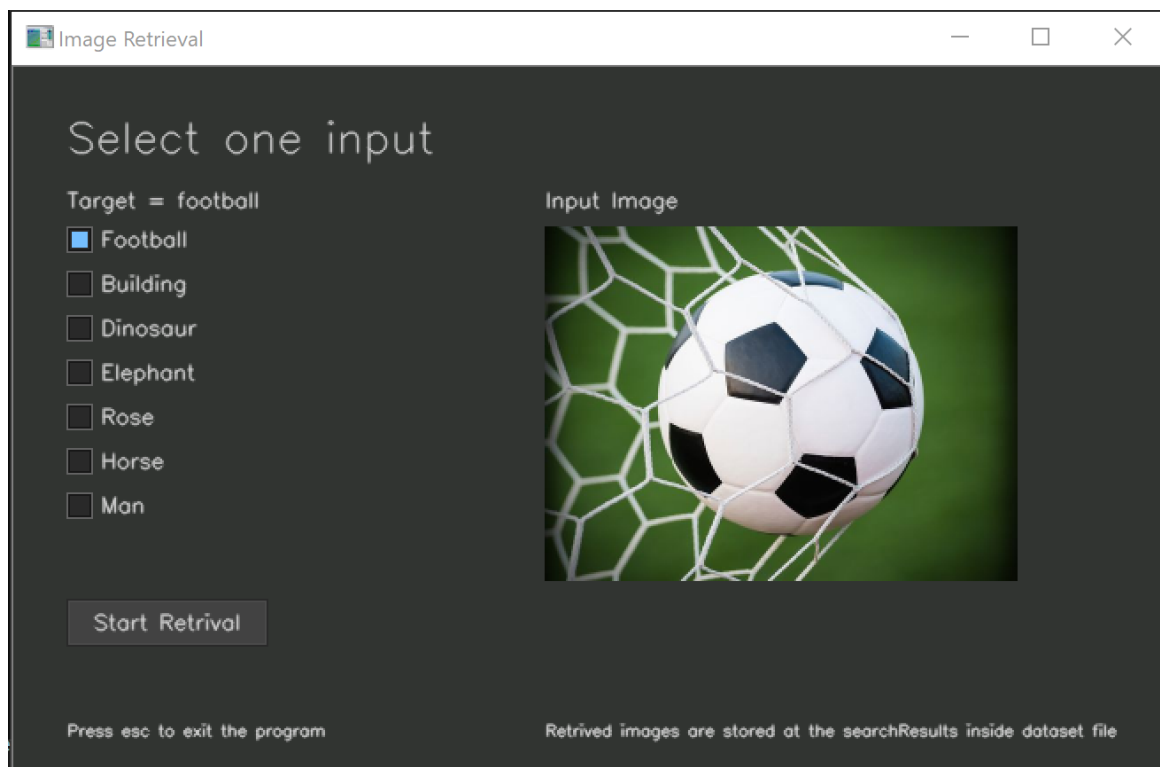
```
#define CVUI_IMPLEMENTATION
#include "c:\\cvui-2.7.0\\cvui.h"
```

CVUI 2.7.0 is used to implement the interface of the program

```
cvui::text(frame, 30, 30, "Select one input", 0.8);

cvui::beginColumn(frame, 30, 70, -1, -1, 10);
cvui::printf("Target = %s", selected_img.c_str(), 0.3);
cvui::checkbox("Football", &isfootball);
cvui::checkbox("Building", &isbuilding);
cvui::checkbox("Dinosaur", &isdinosaur);
cvui::checkbox("Elephant", &iselephant);
cvui::checkbox("Rose", &isrose);
cvui::checkbox("Horse", &ishorse);
cvui::checkbox("Man", &isman);

cvui::endColumn();
cvui::text(frame, 300, 70, "Input Image");
cvui::text(frame, 30, 370, "Press esc to exit the program", 0.3);
cvui::text(frame, 300, 370, "Retrived images are stored at the searchResults inside dataset file", 0.3);
if (cvui::button(frame, 30, 300, "Start Retrival")) {
```



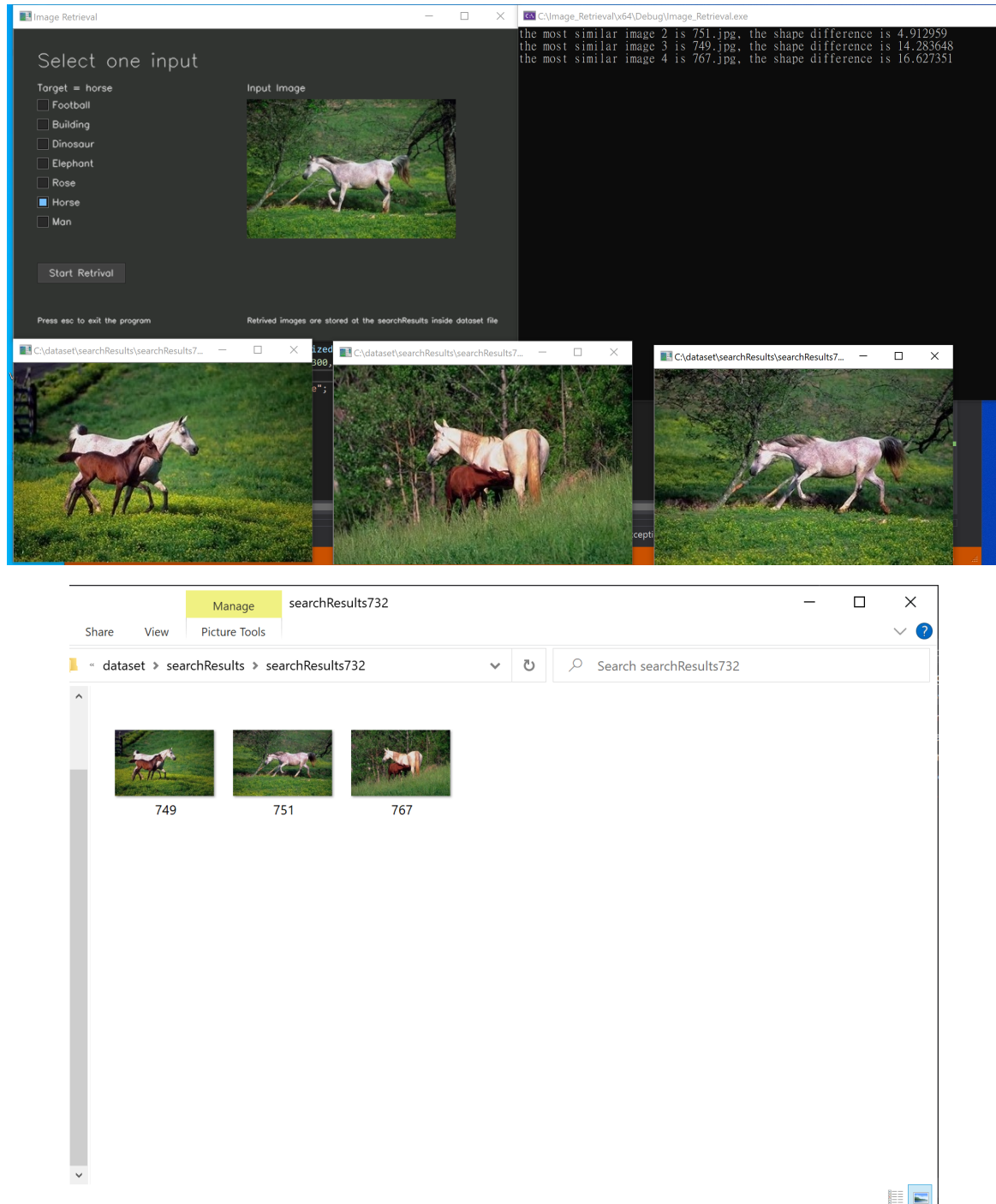
There are 2 main components the users can interact with: Checkbox, and button.

Checkboxes are implemented to let users set different target objects [football, building, dinosaur, elephant, rose, horse, man] to be retrieved from the database. The input image on the right is simultaneously updated as the template of the selected object.

Button is implemented to activate to retrieval program with the selected target object.

# Output

## Case - horse



The program does comparison between the selected template and images from database and generates an array of similarity score. The

top 3 (without the template itself) scores will be displayed. The corresponded images will be retrieved to the searchResult file inside dataset file and be displayed to the screen.

### Expected retrieved images

football



992



993



994

building



285



288



764



dinosaur



431



453



489

elephant



79



589



595

rose



600



638



641

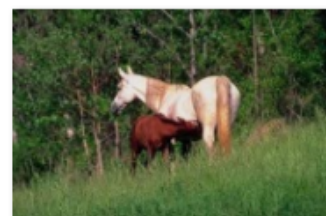
horse



749



751



767

man



42



81



83

## Responsibilities of each group member

All the works in the project are contributed by Tam Chin Pang.