Shadow Timeline Creation

Step 1 - Attach Local or Remote System Drive

ewfmount system-name.E01 /mnt/ewf

Step 2 - Mount VSS Volume

cd /mnt/ewf

vshadowmount ewf1 /mnt/vss

Step 3 - Run fls across ewf1 mounted image

cd /mnt/ewf

fls -r -m C: ewfl >> /cases/vssbodyfile

Step 4 - Run fls Across All Snapshot Images

cd /mnt/vss

for i in vss*; do fls -r -m C: \$i

>> /cases/vss-bodyfile; done

Step 5 - De-Duplicate Bodyfile using sort and uniq

sort /cases/vss-bodyfile | uniq >
/cases/vss-dedupe-bodyfile

Step 6 - Run mactime Against De-Duplicated Bodyfile

mactime -d -b /cases/vss-dedupebodyfile -z EST5EDT MM-DD-YYYY..MM-DD-YYYY > /cases/vss-timeline.csv

Memory Analysis

vol.py command -f

/path/to/windows_xp_memory.img -profile=WinXPSP3x86

[Supported commands]

connscan Scan files list

Scan for connection objects list of open files process Convert hibernation file

imagecopy Convert hiber procdump Dump process

pslist list of running processes sockscan Scan for socket objects

Sleuthkit Tools

File System Layer Tools (Partition Information)

fsstat -Displays details about the file system
fsstat imagefile.dd

Data Layer Tools (Block or Cluster)

blkcat -Displays the contents of a disk block

blkcat imagefile.dd block_num

blkls -Lists contents of deleted disk blocks

blkls imagefile.dd > imagefile.blkls

blkcalc - Maps between dd images and blkls results

blkcalc imagefile.dd -u blkls_num

blkstat -Display allocation status of block

blkstat imagefile.dd cluster number

MetaData Layer Tools (Inode, MFT, or Directry Entry)

ils -Displays inode details

ils imagefile.dd

istat -Displays information about a specific inode

istat imagefile.dd inode num

icat -Displays contents of blocks allocated to an inode

icat imagefile.dd inode_num

ifind -Determine which inode contains a specific block

ifind imagefile.dd -d block_num

Filename Layer Tools

fls -Displays deleted file entries in a directory inode

fls -rpd imagefile.dd

ffind -Find the filename that using the inode

ffind imagefile.dd inode_num



SIFT WORKSTATION Cheat Sheet v3.0 SANS DFIR

http://computer-forensics.sans.org http://blogs.sans.org/computer-forensics

Purpose

DFIR Forensic Analysts are on the front lines of computer investigations. This guide aims to support Forensic Analysts in their quest to uncover the truth.

How To Use This Sheet

When performing an investigation it is helpful to be reminded of the powerful options available to the investigator. This document is aimed to be a reference to the tools that could be used. Each of these commands runs locally on a system.

This sheet is split into these sections:

- Mounting Images
- Shadow Timeline Creation
- · Mounting Volume Shadow Copies
- Memory Analysis
- Recovering Data
- Creating Supert Timelines
- String Searches
- The Sleuthkit
- Stream Extraction

TIME TO GO HUNTING

Mounting DD Images

mount -t fstype [options] image mountpoint

image can be a disk partition or dd image file

[Useful Options]

ro mount as read only
loop mount on a loop device
noexec do not execute files
ro mount as read only
loop mount on a loop device
offset=<BYTES> logical drive mount
show_sys_files show ntfs metafiles
streams_interface=windows use ADS

Example: Mount an image file at mount location

mount -o

loop,ro,show_sys_files,streams_interface=window
s imagefile.dd /mnt/windows_mount

Mounting E01 Images

- # ewfmount image. E01 mountpoint
- # mount -c

loop,ro,show_sys_files,streams_interface=window
s /mnt/ewf/ewf1 /mnt/windows_mount

Mounting Volume Shadow Copies

Stage 1 - Attach local or remote system drive

ewfmount system-name.E01 /mnt/ewf

Stage 2 - Mount raw image VSS

vshadowmount ewf1 /mnt/vss/

Stage 3 - Mount all logical filesystem of snapshot

- # cd /mnt/vss
- # for i in vss*; do mount -o

ro,loop,show_sys_files,streams_interface= windows \$i /mnt/shadow_mount/\$i; done

Creating Super Timelines

log2timeline -r -p -z <system-timezone>
-f <type-input> /mnt/windows_mount -w
timeline.csv

file dir artifact target
-f <TYPE-IMPUT> input format

-o <TYPE-OUTPUT> output format: default csv file
-w <PILE> append to log file

-m <SYSTEM TIMEZONE>

-Z <OUTPUT TIMEZONE>

recursive mode preprocessors

mount -o

loop, ro, show_sys_files, streams_interface=windows
imagefile.dd /mnt/windows_mount

- # log2timeline -z EST5EDT -p -r -f win7
 /mnt/windows_mount -w /cases/bodyfile.txt
- # 12t_process -b /cases/bodyfile.txt -w whitelist.txt 04-02-2012 > timeline.csv

Stream Extraction

bulk_extractor <options> -o output_dir
image

[Useful Options]

-o outdir

-f <regex> regular expression term
-F <rfile> file of regex terms
-Wn1:n2 extract words between n1

and n2 in length

-q nn quiet mode.

-e scanner enables a scanner.

-e wordlist - enable scanner wordlist -e aes - enable scanner aes -e net - enable scanner net

bulk_extractor -F keywords.txt -e net
-e aes -e wordlist -o /cases/bulkextractor-memory-output /cases/
memory-raw.001

Registry Parsing - Regripper

rip.pl -r <HIVEFILE> -f <HIVETYPE>

[Useful Options]

-r Registry hive file to parse < HIVEFILE>
-f Use < HIVETYPE> (e.g. sam, security, software, system, ntuser)

List all plugins

rip.pl -r

/mnt/windows_mount/Windows/System32/config/SAM -f sam

> /cases/windowsforensics/SAM.txt

Recover Deleted Registry Keys

deleted.pl <HIVEFILE>

deleted.pl

/mnt/windows_mount/Windows/System32/config/SAM > /cases/windowsforensics/SAM_DELETED.txt

Recovering Data

Create Unallocated Image (deleted data) using blkls

blkls imagefile.dd >
unallocated_imagefile.blkls

Create Slack Image Using dls (for FAT and NTFS)

blkls -s imagefile.dd > imagefile.slack

foremost Carves out files based on headers and footers

data_file.img = raw data, slack space, memory, unallocated space

foremost -o outputdir -c
/path/to/foremost.conf data_file.img

sigfind - search for a binary value at a given offset (-o)

-o <offset> start search at byte <offset>

sigfind <hexvalue> -o <offset>