

AZ-104

Administer PaaS Compute Options



AZ-104 Course Outline

- 01: Administer Identity
- 02: Administer Governance and Compliance
- 03: Administer Azure Resources
- 04: Administer Virtual Networking
- 05: Administer Intersite Connectivity
- 06: Administer Network Traffic Management
- 07: Administer Azure Storage
- 08: Administer Azure Virtual Machines
- 09: Administer PaaS Compute Options <
- 10: Administer Data Protection
- 11: Administer Monitoring

Administer PaaS Compute Options Introduction

- Configure Azure App Service Plans
- Configure Azure App Services
- Configure Azure Container Instances
- Lab 09a Implement Web Apps
- Lab 09b Implement Azure Container Instances
- Lab 09c Implement Azure Container Apps



Pocker Eng

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Docker Desktop Container docker push Termina Registry COW pull docker build

(Linnx)

Dockerfile. Docker Container Docker Image stateless



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Tag 4



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07: Administer Azure Storage

08: Administer Azure Virtual Machines

09: Administer PaaS Compute Options

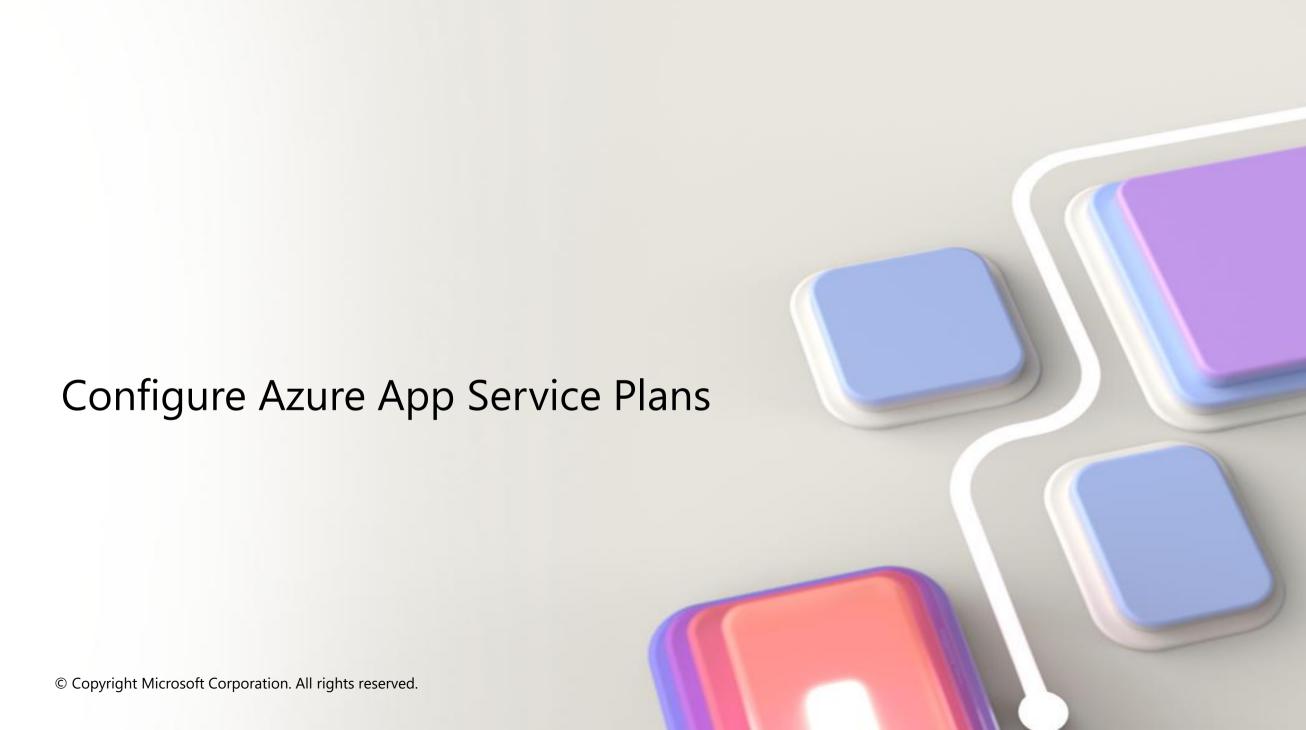
10: Administer Data Protection Backup AS

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11: Administer Monitoring

App Service (Web) Kn benetes Lab 9a b C Aci Acontairer Ayrs

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Implement Azure App Service Plans

- Determines performance, price, and features
- Defines a set of compute resources for a web app to run
 - Region where compute resources will be created
 - Number of virtual machine instances
 - Size of virtual machine instances
 - Pricing tier (next slide)
- One or more apps can be configured to run in the same App Service plan



Determine App Service Plan Pricing Legacy

Selected Features	Free	Shared (dev/test)	Basic (dedicated dev/test)	Standard (production workloads)	Premium (enhanced scale and performance)	Isolated (high-performance, security and isolation)
Web, mobile, or API apps	10	100	Unlimited	Unlimited	Unlimited	Unlimited
Disk space	1 GB	1 GB	10 GB	50 GB	250 GB	1 TB
Auto Scale	_	_	_	Supported	Supported	Supported
Deployment Slots	0	0	0	5	20	20
Max Instances	_	_	Up to 3	Up to 10	Up to 30	Up to 100
	60min	<u> </u>				

Shared compute

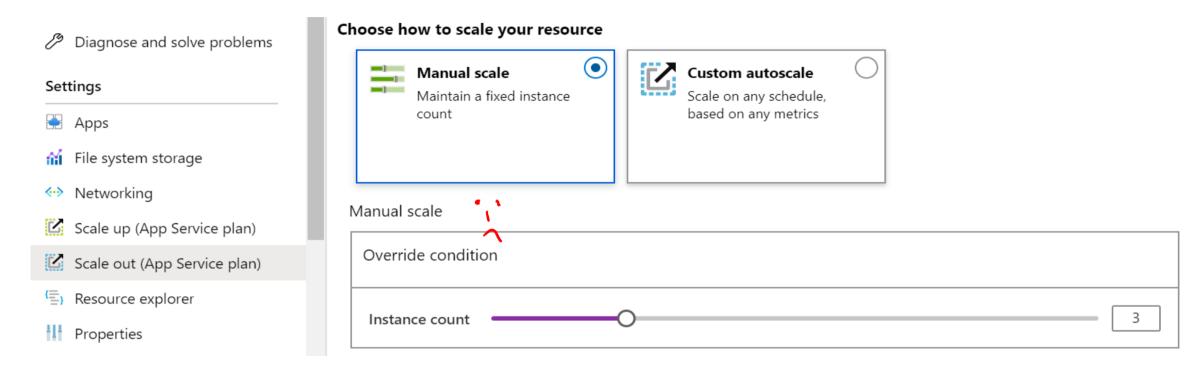
(Free and Shared). Run apps on the same Azure VM as other App Service apps, and the resources cannot scale out

Dedicated compute

(Basic, Standard, Premium). Run apps in the same plan in dedicated Azure VMs **Isolated.** Runs apps on dedicated Azure VMs in dedicated Azure virtual networks

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Scale Up and Scale Out the App Service Plan



Scale up (change the App Service plan):

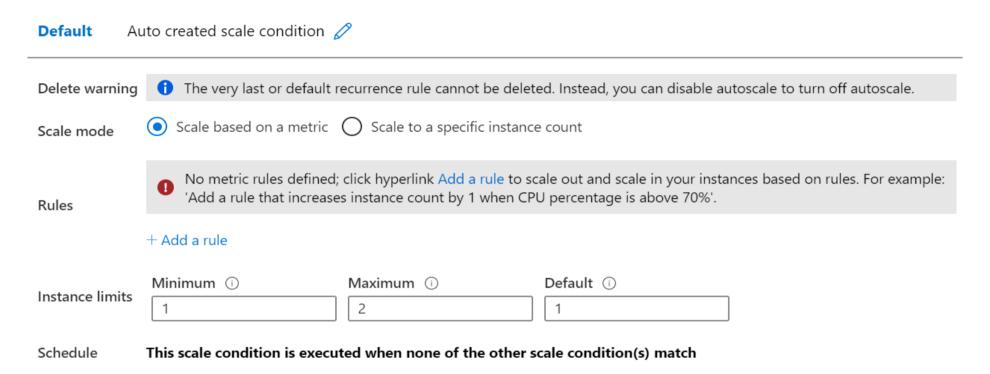
- More hardware (CPU, memory, disk)
- More features (dedicated virtual machines, staging slots, autoscaling)

Scale out (increase the number of VM instances):

- Manual (fixed number of instances)
- Auto scale (based on predefined rules and schedules)

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Configure App Service Plan Scaling



Adjust available resources based on the current demand

Improves availability and fault tolerance

Scale based on a metric (CPU percentage, memory percentage, HTTP requests)

Scale according to a schedule (weekdays, weekends, times, holidays) Can implement multiple rules – combine metrics and schedules Don't forget to scale in

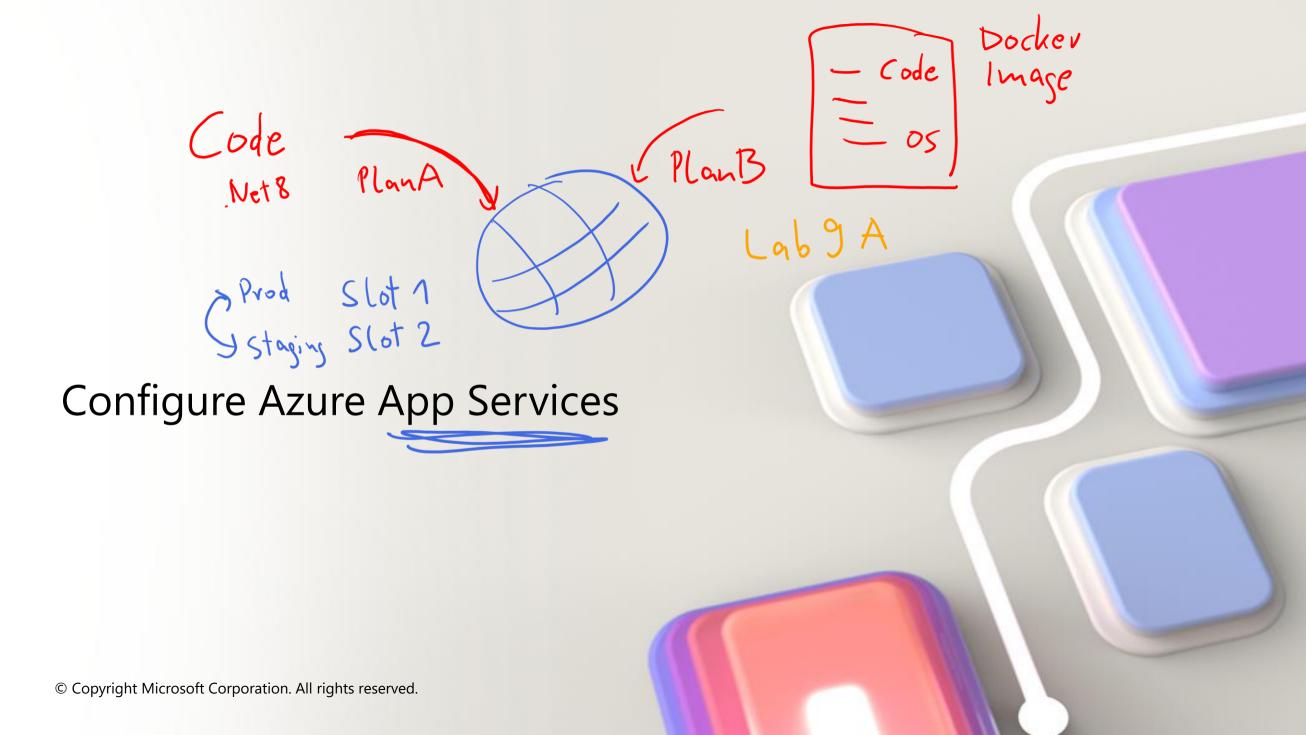
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Learning Recap – Configure Azure App Service Plans



 Scale an App Service web app to efficiently meet demand with App Service scale up and scale out

Check your knowledge questions and additional study





Implement Azure App Service



- Includes Web Apps, API Apps, Mobile Apps, and Function Apps
- Fully managed environment enabling high productivity development
- Platform-as-a-service (PaaS) offering for building and deploying highly available cloud apps for web and mobile
- Platform handles infrastructure so developers focus on core web apps and services
- Developer productivity using .NET, .NET Core, Java, Python and a host of others
- Provides enterprise-grade security and compliance

Create an App Service

Name must be unique

Access using *azurewebsites.net* – can map to a custom domain

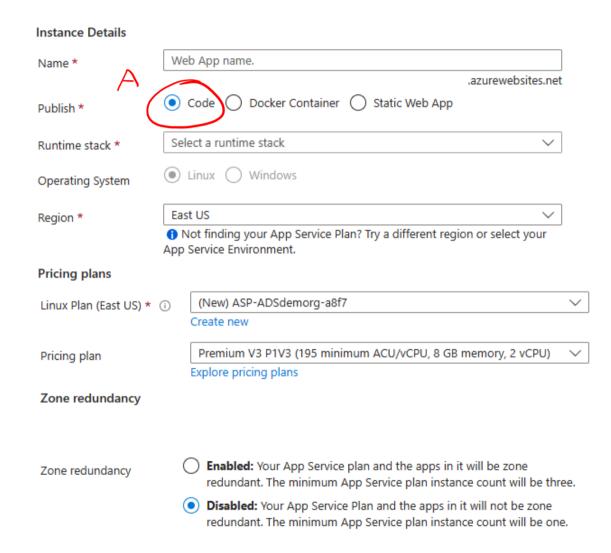
Publish Code (Runtime Stack)

Publish Docker Container

Linux or Windows

Region closest to your users

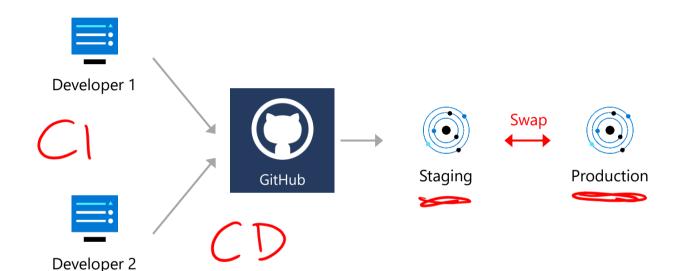
App Service Plan



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Create Deployment Slots

Continuous Deployment with Stage Slot



	Service Plan	Slots	
	Free, Shared, Basic	0	
(Standard	Up to 5	
	Premium	Up to 20	
	Isolated	Up to 20	

Deploy to a different deployment slots (depends on service plan)

Validate changes before sending to production Deployment slots are live apps with their own hostnames Avoids a cold start – eliminates downtime Fallback to a last known good site

Auto Swap when pre-swap validation is not needed

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Add Deployment Slots

Select whether to clone an app configuration from another deployment slot

When you clone, pay attention to the settings:

- Slot-specific app settings and connection strings
- Continuous deployment settings
- App Service authentication settings

Not all settings are sticky (endpoints, custom domain names, SSL certificates, scaling)

Review and edit your settings before swapping



Secure an App Service

Authentication:

Add an identity provider

Permissions

Choose an identity provider from the dropdown below to start.

Identity provider 1 Log in with a third-party identity provider

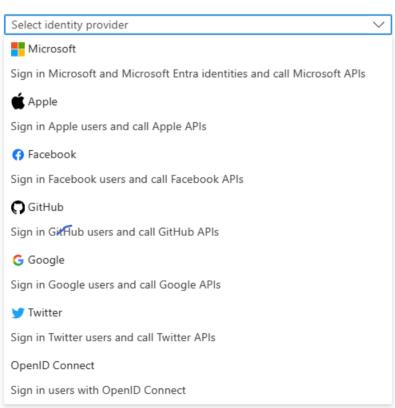
Tenant

Security:

 Troubleshoot with Diagnostic Logs – failed requests, app logging

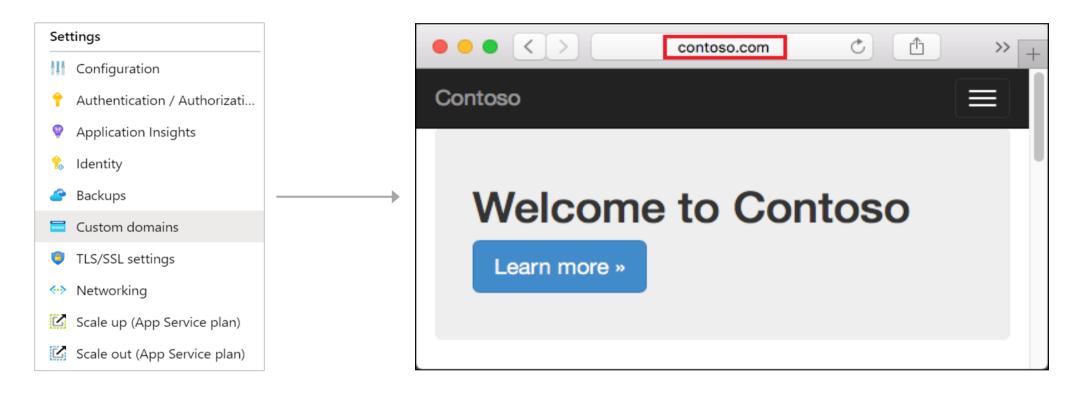
Enable authentication – default anonymous

- Add an SSL certificate HTTPS
- Define a priority ordered allow/deny list to control network access to the app
- Store secrets in the Azure Key Vault



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Create Custom Domain Names



Redirect the default web app URL

Validate the custom domain in Azure

Use the DNS registry for your domain provider – create a CNAME or A record with the mapping

Ensure App Service plan supports custom domains

Backup an App Service

Create app backups manually or on a schedule

Backup the configuration, file content, and database connected to the app

Requires Standard or Premium plan

Backups can be up to 10 GB of app and database content

Configure partial backups and exclude items from the backup

Restore your app on-demand to a previous state, or create a new app

Settings

- **!!** Configuration
- † Authentication / Authorizati...
- P Application Insights
- % Identity
- Backups
- Custom domains
- TLS/SSL settings
- Networking
- Scale up (App Service plan)
- Scale out (App Service plan)

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Learning Recap – Configure Azure App Services



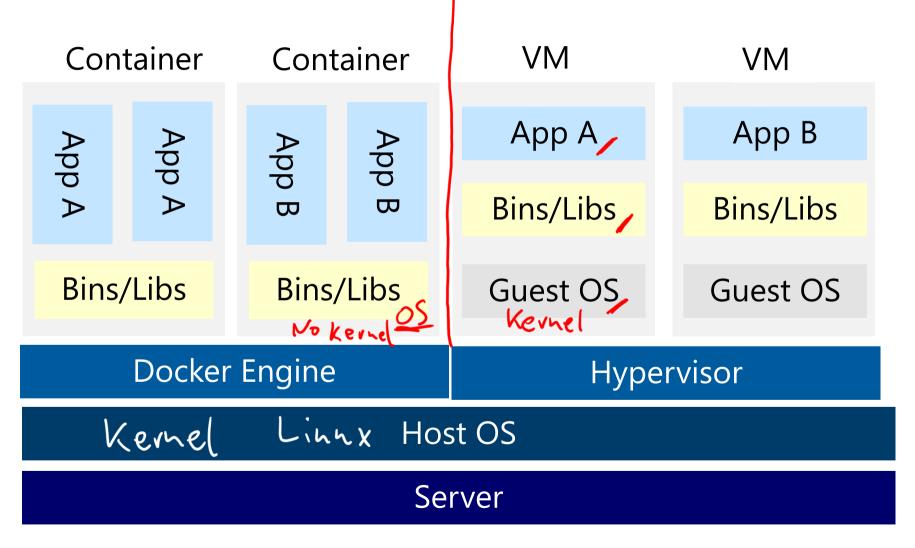
Check your knowledge questions and additional study

- Host a web application with Azure App Service
- Stage a web app deployment for testing and rollback by using App Service deployment slots
- Dynamically meet changing web app performance requirements with autoscale rules

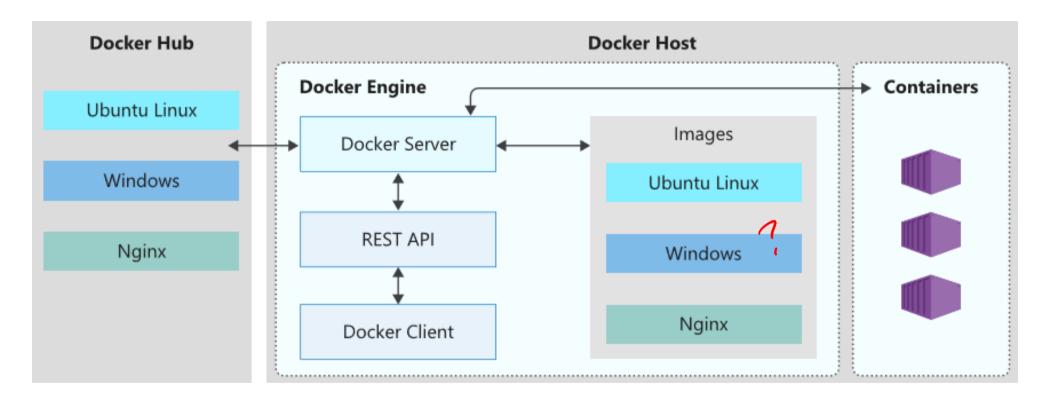


Compare Containers to Virtual Machines

- Isolation
- Operating System
- Deployment
- Persistent storage
- Fault tolerance



Understand the Docker Platform (optional)



Enables developers to host applications within a container

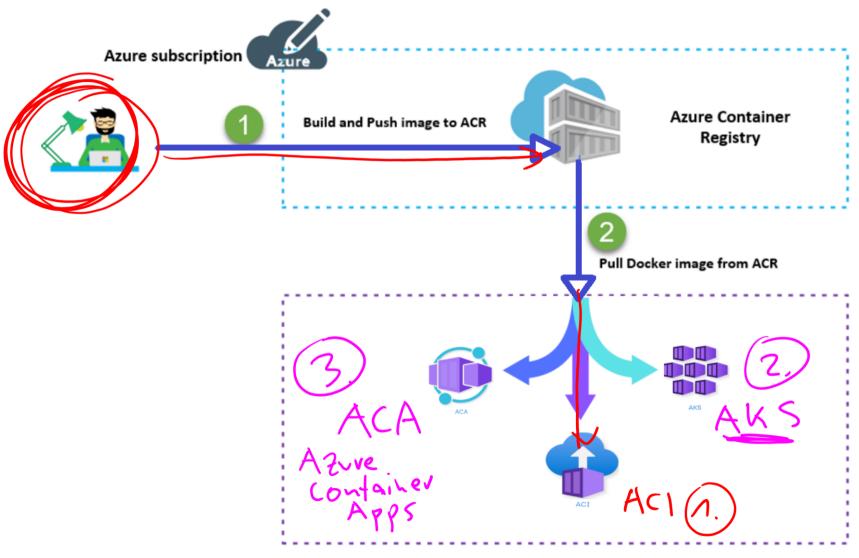
A container is a standardized "unit of software" that contains everything required for an application to run

Available on both Linux and Windows and can be hosted on Azure

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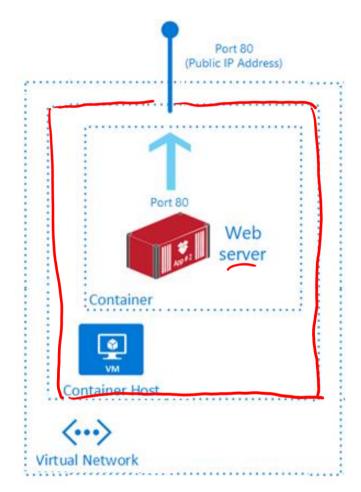
Understand Container Images

A container image is a lightweight, standalone, executable package of software that encapsulates everything needed to run an application.



Review Azure Container Instances

- PaaS Service
- Fast startup times
- Public IP connectivity and DNS name
- Isolation features
- Custom sizes
- Persistent storage
- Linux and Windows Containers
- Co-scheduled Groups
- Virtual network Deployment

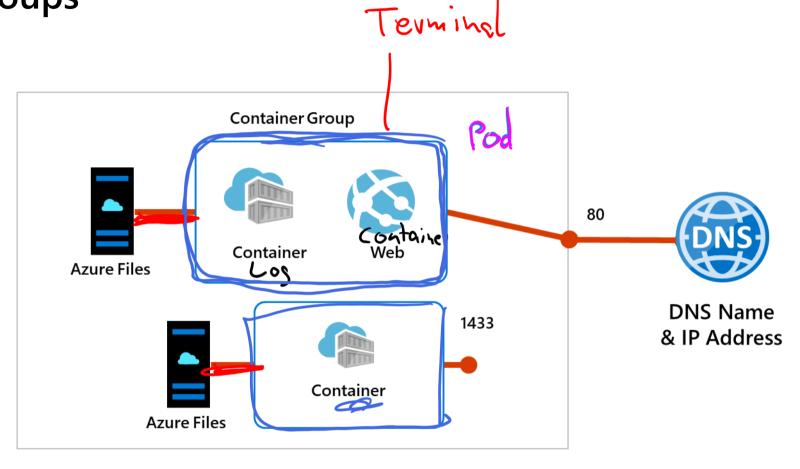


Fastest way to run a container in Azure without provisioning a VM

ACI

Implement Container Groups

- Top-level resource in Azure Container Instances
- A collection of containers that get scheduled on the same host
- The containers in the group share a lifecycle, resources, local network, and storage volumes



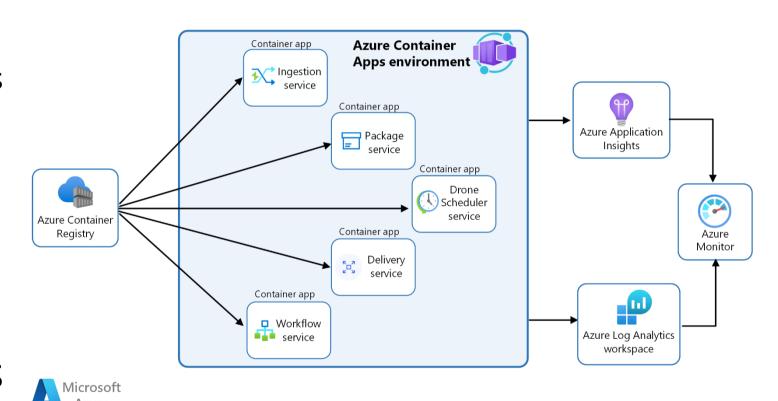
Compare container management solutions

	Azure Container Apps	Azure Kubernetes Service	
Overview	Simplifies the deployment and management of microservices-based applications by abstracting away the underlying infrastructure.	Simplifies deploying a managed Kubernetes cluster in Azure by offloading the operational overhead to Azure.	
Deployment	PaaS experience.	Offers more control and customization.	
Management	Fully managed by Azure.	Partially managed by Azure (control plane).	
Scalability	HTTP-based autoscaling and event-driven scaling.	Horizontal pod autoscaling and cluster autoscaling.	
Use Cases	Rapid scaling and simplified management.	Complex, long-running applications that require full Kubernetes features.	
Integration	Azure Logic Apps, Functions, and Event Grid for event-driven architecture.	Azure Policy for Kubernetes, Azure Monitor for containers, and Azure Defender for Kubernetes for comprehensive security and governance.	

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Manage Containers with Azure Container Apps

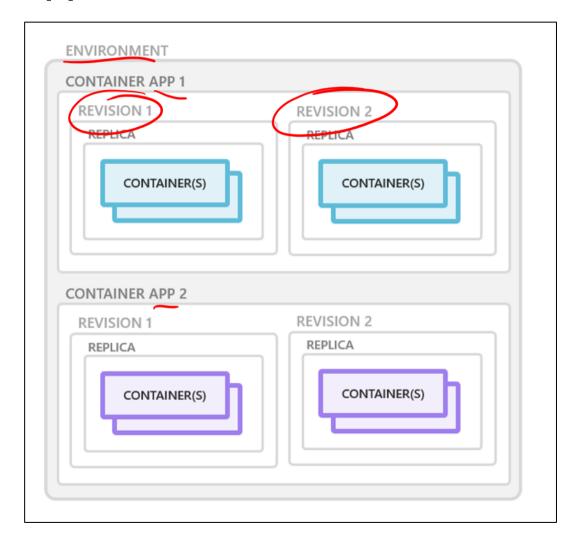
- Alternative to Azure
 Kubernetes Service manages
 container orchestration
- The Container App environment creates a secure boundary around the apps and jobs
- The Container App runtime manages the environment (OS upgrades, scaling, versioning, and failover)



Lab 9c

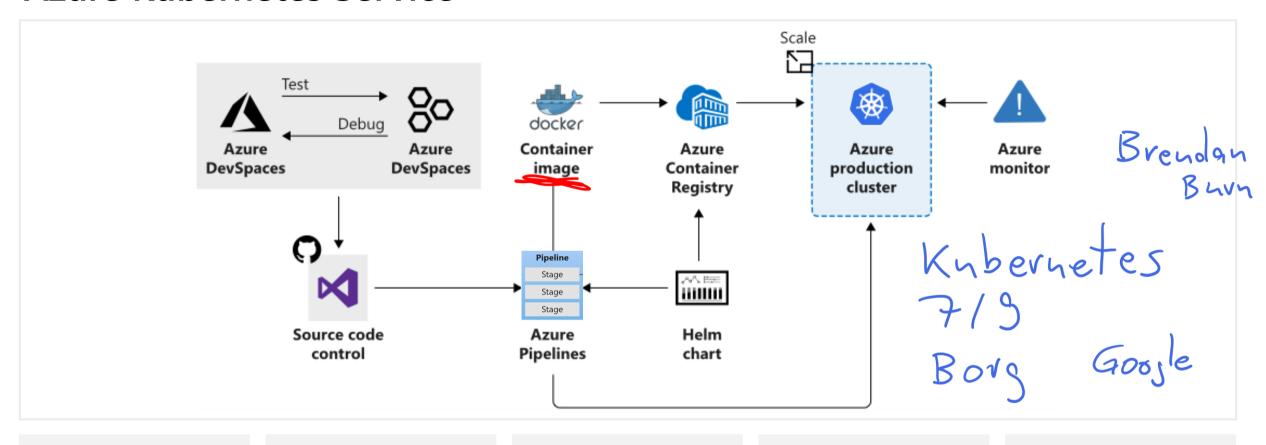
Explore containers in Azure Container Apps

- Containers for an Azure Container App are grouped together in pods inside revision snapshots.
- Can define multiple containers in a single container app to implement the sidecar pattern.
- Deploy images hosted on private registries by providing credentials in the Container Apps configuration.



7 Microservices

Azure Kubernetes Service



Manages health monitoring and maintenance

Performs simple cluster scaling

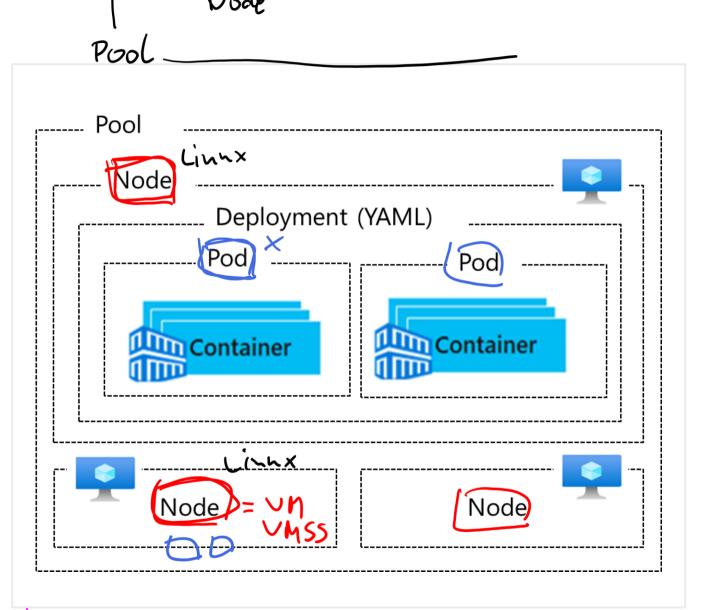
Enables nodes to be fully managed by Microsoft You're responsible only for managing the agent nodes

You pay only for the agent nodes

Master node

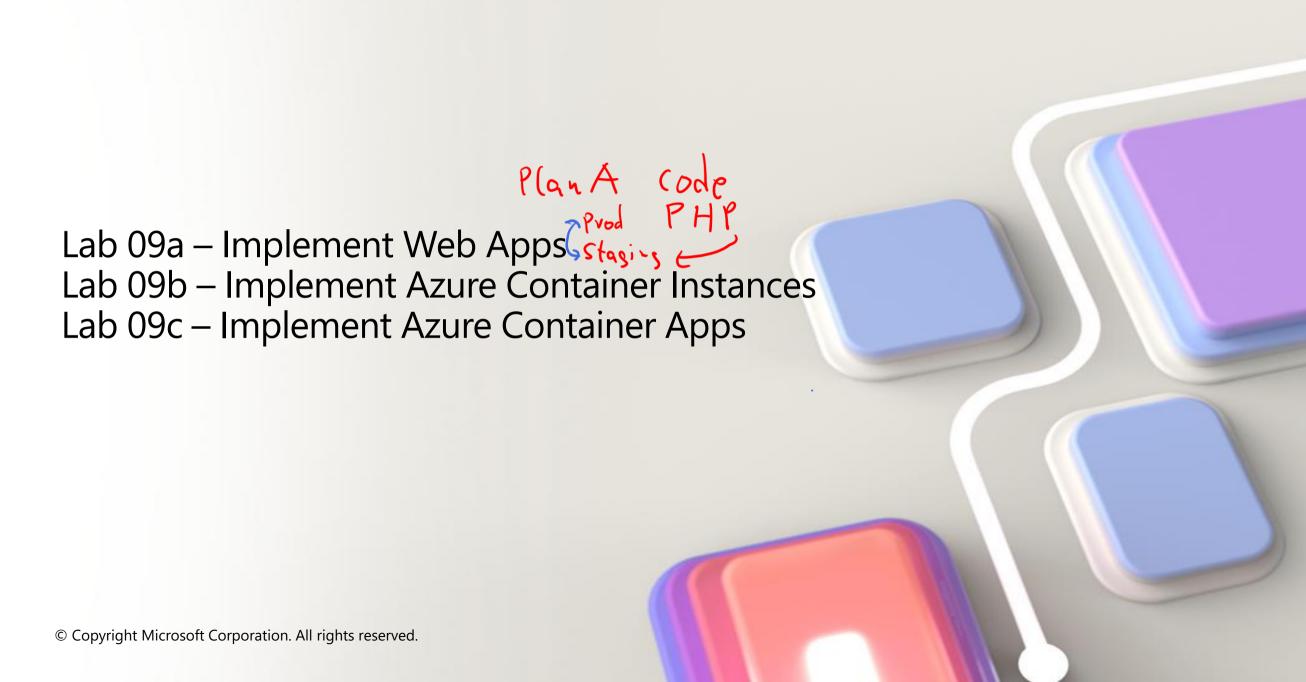
Understand AKS Terminology

Term	Description
Pools	Groups of nodes with identical configurations
Nodes	Individual VMs running containerized applications
Pods	Single instance of an application. A pod can contain multiple containers
Deployment	One or more identical pods managed by Kubernetes
Manifest	YAML file describing a deployment

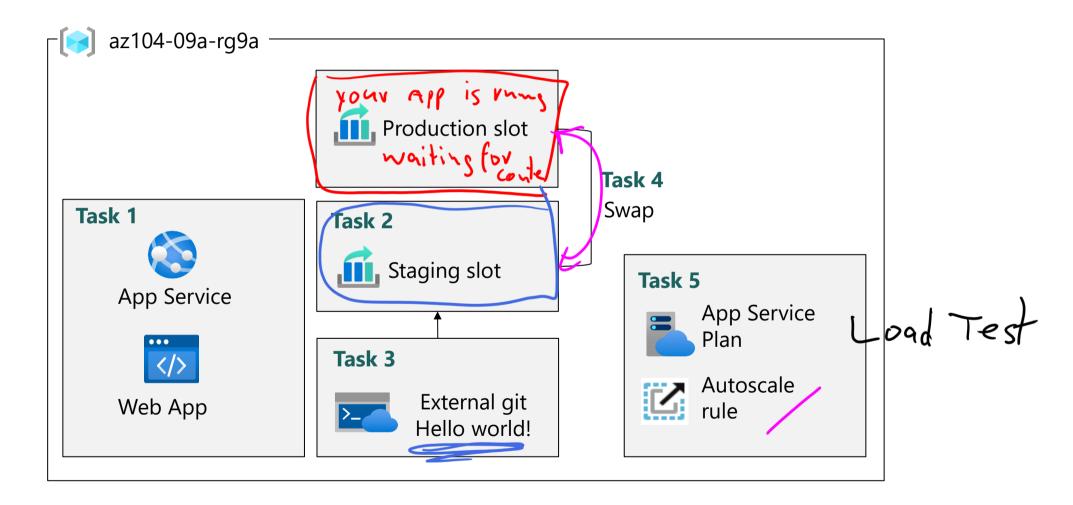


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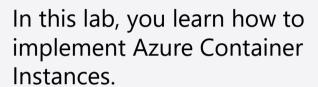
API Master (Azzre Managed)



Lab 09a – Web App Architecture Diagram



Lab 09b – Implement Azure Container Instances



You learn to deploy an Azure Container Instance to display a Hello World app.



Job Skills

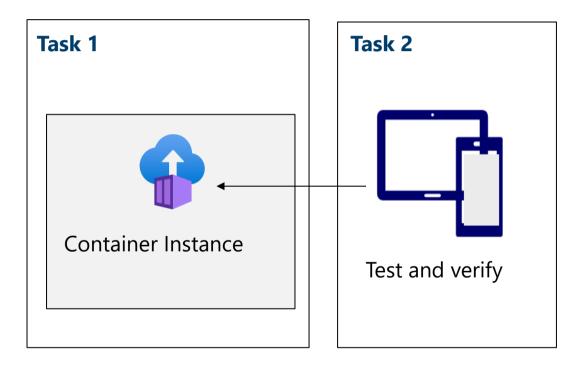
Task 1: Deploy an Azure Container Instance using a Docker image.

Task 2: Test and verify deployment of an Azure Container Instance.



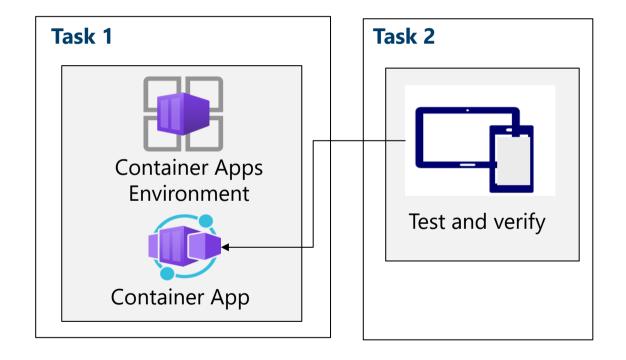
Lab 09b – Azure Container Instances Diagram

Azure Container Instances



Lab 09c – Azure Container Architecture Diagram

Azure Container Apps



End of presentation

