

AZ-104

Administer PaaS **Compute Options**

anten Morgen!



AZ-104 Course Outline

01: Administer Identity

02: Administer Governance and Compliance

03: Administer Azure Resources

04: Administer Virtual Networking

05: Administer Intersite Connectivity

06: Administer Network Traffic Management

07: Administer Azure Storage

08: Administer Azure Virtual Machines

09: Administer PaaS Compute Options ___

10: Administer Data Protection

11: Administer Monitoring

Bicep ARM Templates (json)

1965.

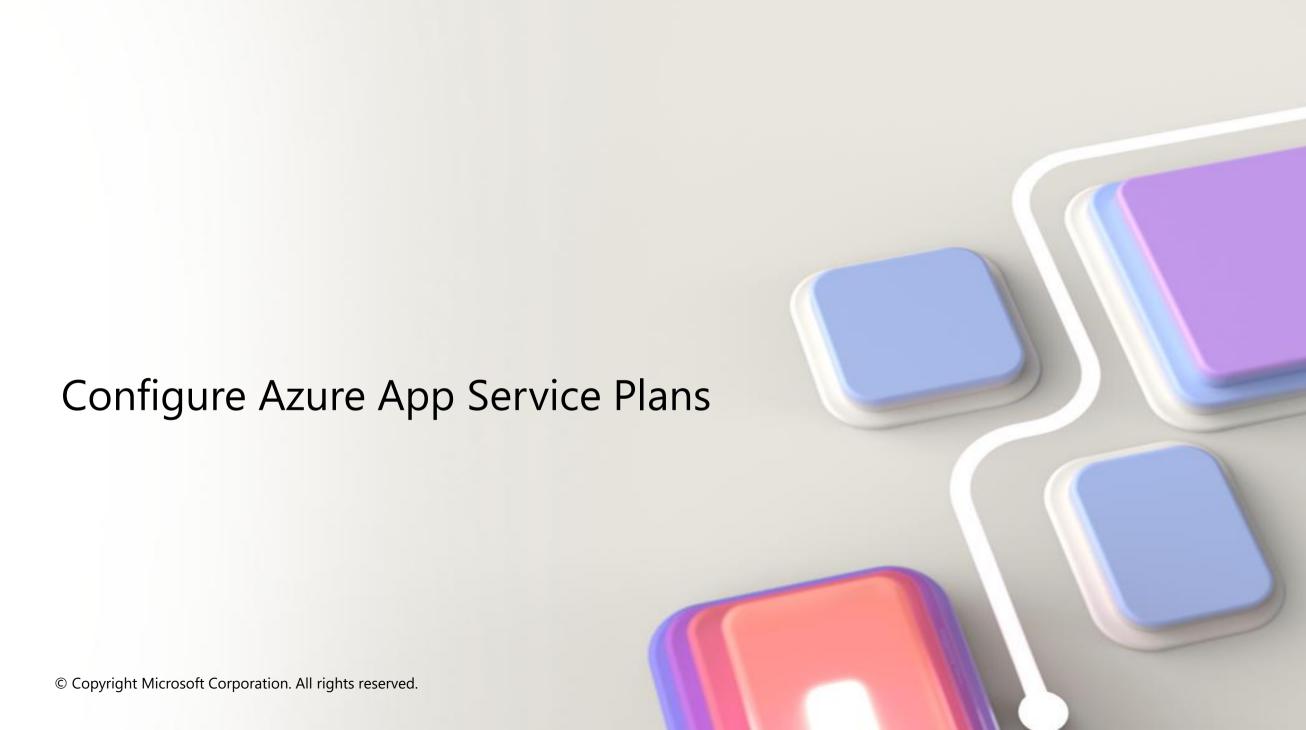
Administer PaaS Compute Options Introduction

- Configure Azure App Service Plans
- Configure Azure App Services
- Configure Azure Container Instances
- Lab 09a Implement Web Apps
- Lab 09b Implement Azure Container Instances
- Lab 09c Implement Azure Container Apps

Docker Container

Linux Kernel

Registry Z.B Docker Hub Ternetes C (4ster



Implement Azure App Service Plans

- Determines performance, price, and features
- Defines a set of compute resources for a web app to run
 - Region where compute resources will be created
 - Number of virtual machine instances
 - Size of virtual machine instances
 - Pricing tier (next slide)
- One or more apps can be configured to run in the same App Service plan



Determine App Service Plan Pricing

Selected Features	Free	Shared (dev/test)	Basic (dedicated dev/test)	Standard (production workloads)	Premium (enhanced scale and performance)	Isolated (high-performance, security and isolation)
Web, mobile, or API apps	10	100	Unlimited	Unlimited	Unlimited	Unlimited
Disk space	1 GB	1 GB	10 GB	50 GB	250 GB	1 TB
Auto Scale	_	_	_	Supported	Supported	Supported
Deployment Slots	0	0	0	5	20	20
Max Instances	_	_	Up to 3	Up to 10	Up to 30	Up to 100

Shared compute

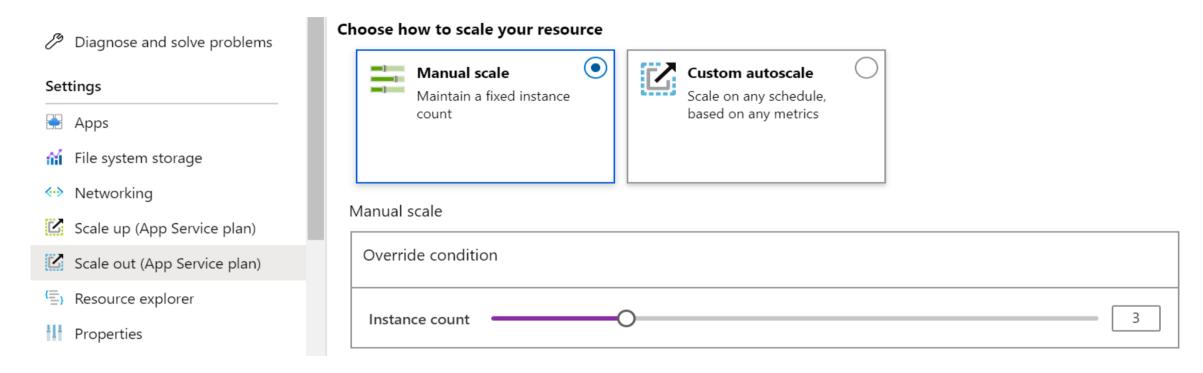
(Free and Shared). Run apps on the same Azure VM as other App Service apps, and the resources cannot scale out

Dedicated compute

(Basic, Standard, Premium). Run apps in the same plan in dedicated Azure VMs **Isolated.** Runs apps on dedicated Azure VMs in dedicated Azure virtual networks

[©] Copyright Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

Scale Up and Scale Out the App Service Plan



Scale up (change the App Service plan):

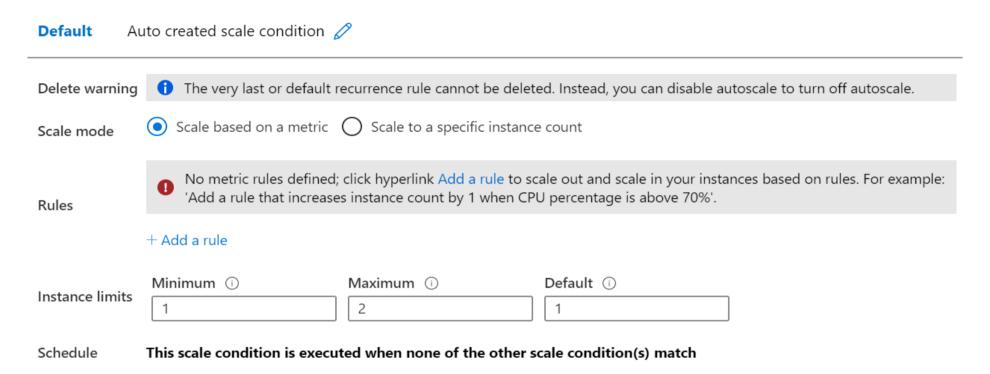
- More hardware (CPU, memory, disk)
- More features (dedicated virtual machines, staging slots, autoscaling)

Scale out (increase the number of VM instances):

- Manual (fixed number of instances)
- Auto scale (based on predefined rules and schedules)

[©] Copyright Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

Configure App Service Plan Scaling



Adjust available resources based on the current demand

Improves availability and fault tolerance

Scale based on a metric (CPU percentage, memory percentage, HTTP requests)

Scale according to a schedule (weekdays, weekends, times, holidays) Can implement multiple rules – combine metrics and schedules Don't forget to scale in

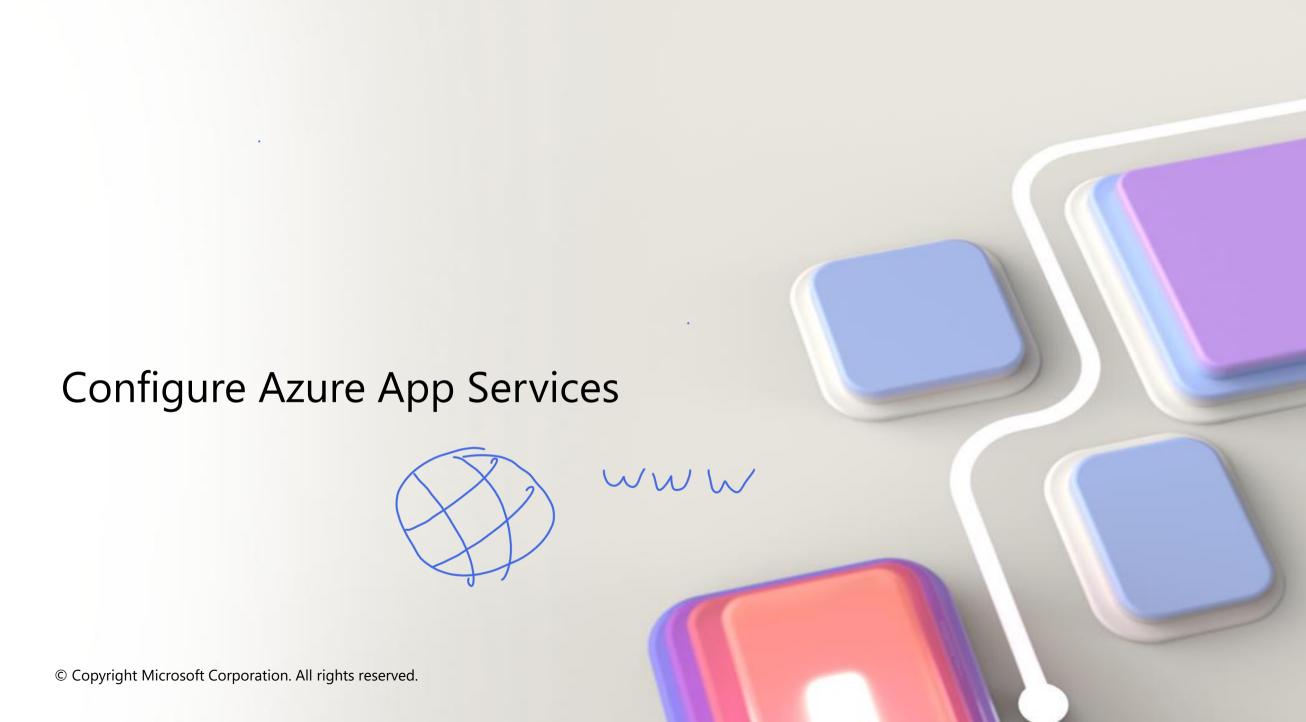
[©] Copyright Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

Learning Recap – Configure Azure App Service Plans



 Scale an App Service web app to efficiently meet demand with App Service scale up and scale out

Check your knowledge questions and additional study





O Containor

Implement Azure App Service









Java







.NET Node.js

PHP

Python (on Linux)

. Custom Windows/Linux Container



- Fully managed environment enabling high productivity development
- Platform-as-a-service (PaaS) offering for building and deploying highly available cloud apps for web and mobile
- Platform handles infrastructure so developers focus on core web apps and services
- Developer productivity using .NET, .NET Core, Java, Python and a host of others
- Provides enterprise-grade security and compliance

Veegm

Create an App Service

Name must be unique

Access using *azurewebsites.net* – can map to a custom domain

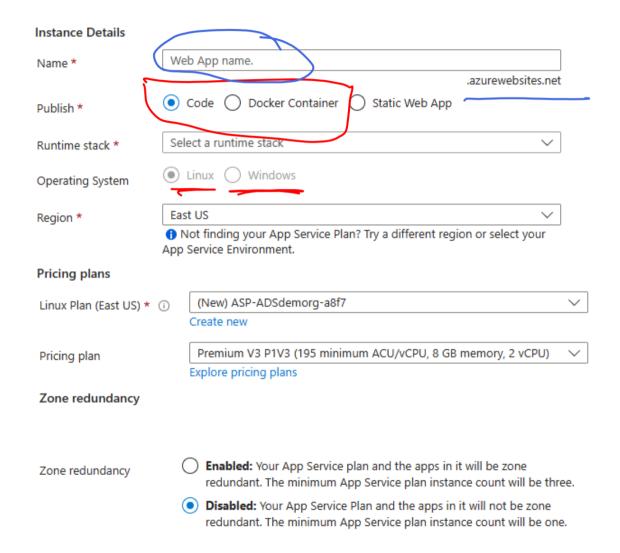
Publish Code (Runtime Stack)

Publish Docker Container

Linux or Windows

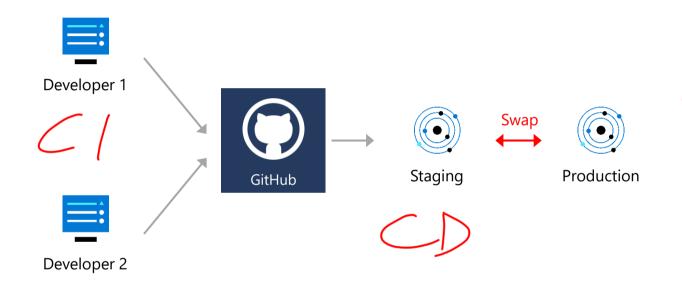
Region closest to your users

App Service Plan



Create Deployment Slots

Continuous Deployment with Stage Slot



Service Plan	Slots	
Free, Shared, Basic	0	
Standard	Up to 5	
Premium	Up to 20	
Isolated	Up to 20	

Deploy to a different deployment slots (depends on service plan)

Validate changes before sending to production Deployment slots are live apps with their own hostnames Avoids a cold start – eliminates downtime Fallback to a last known good site

Auto Swap when pre-swap validation is not needed

[©] Copyright Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

Add Deployment Slots

Select whether to clone an app configuration from another deployment slot

When you clone, pay attention to the settings:

- Slot-specific app settings and connection strings
- Continuous deployment settings
- App Service authentication settings

Not all settings are sticky (endpoints, custom domain names, SSL certificates, scaling)

Review and edit your settings before swapping



Secure an App Service

Authentication:

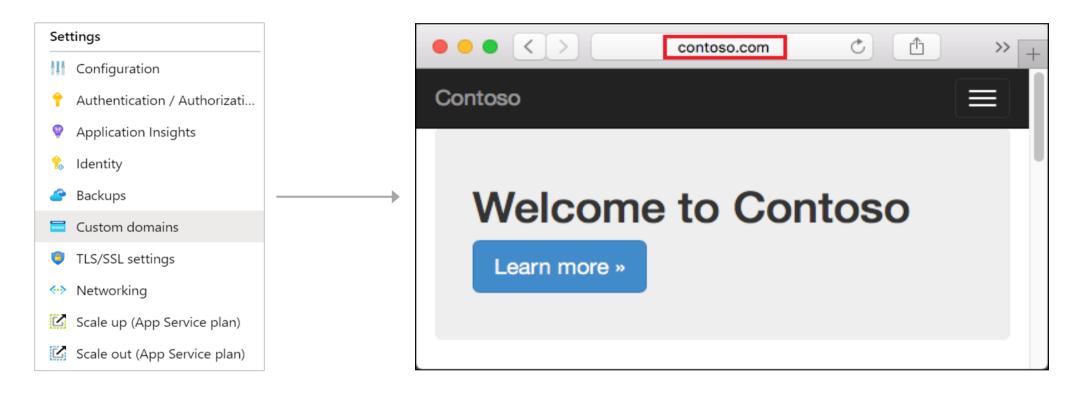
- Enable authentication default anonymous
- Log in with a third-party identity provider

Security:

- Troubleshoot with Diagnostic Logs failed requests, app logging
- Add an SSL certificate HTTPS
- Define a priority ordered allow/deny list to control network access to the app
- Store secrets in the Azure Key Vault

Add an identity provider Basics Permissions Choose an identity provider from the dropdown below to start. Select identity provider Identity provider 1 Microsoft Sign in Microsoft and Microsoft Entra identities and call Microsoft APIs Apple Apple Sign in Apple users and call Apple APIs G Facebook Sign in Facebook users and call Facebook APIs GitHub Sign in GitHub users and call GitHub APIs G Google Sign in Google users and call Google APIs Twitter Sign in Twitter users and call Twitter APIs OpenID Connect Sign in users with OpenID Connect

Create Custom Domain Names



Redirect the default web app URL

Validate the custom domain in Azure

Use the DNS registry for your domain provider – create a CNAME or A record with the mapping

Ensure App Service plan supports custom domains

Backup an App Service

Create app backups manually or on a schedule

Backup the configuration, file content, and database connected to the app

Requires Standard or Premium plan

Backups can be up to 10 GB of app and database content

Configure partial backups and exclude items from the backup

Restore your app on-demand to a previous state, or create a new app

Settings

- **!!** Configuration
- † Authentication / Authorizati...
- P Application Insights
- % Identity
- Backups
- Custom domains
- TLS/SSL settings
- Networking
- Scale up (App Service plan)
- Scale out (App Service plan)

[©] Copyright Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

Learning Recap – Configure Azure App Services



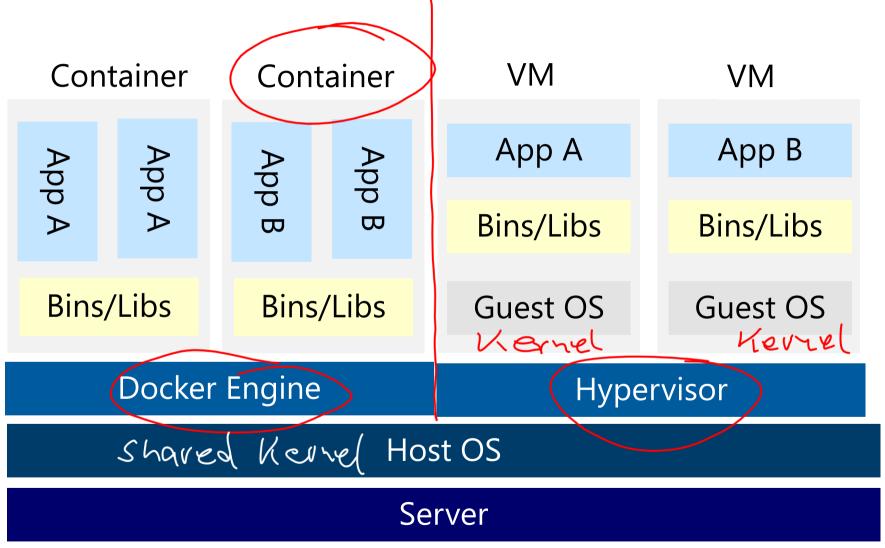
Check your knowledge questions and additional study

- Host a web application with Azure App Service
- Stage a web app deployment for testing and rollback by using App Service deployment slots
- Dynamically meet changing web app performance requirements with autoscale rules

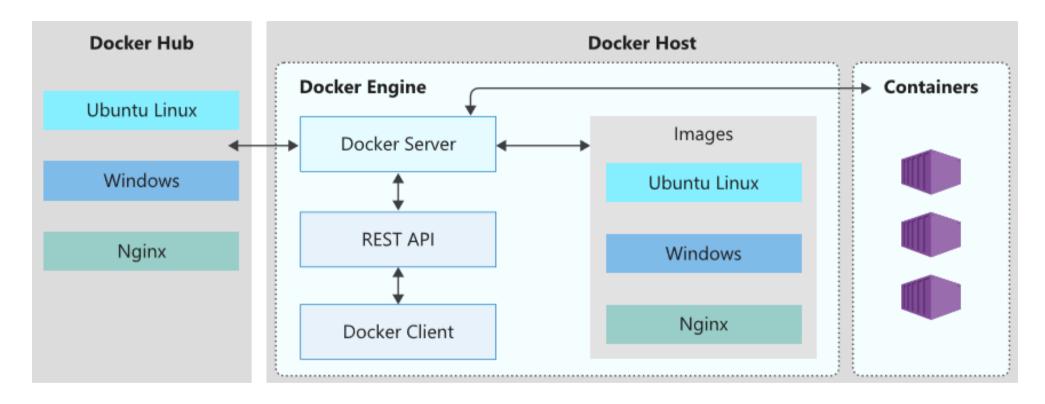


Compare Containers to Virtual Machines

- Isolation
- Operating System
- Deployment
- Persistent storage
- Fault tolerance



Understand the Docker Platform (optional)



Enables developers to host applications within a container

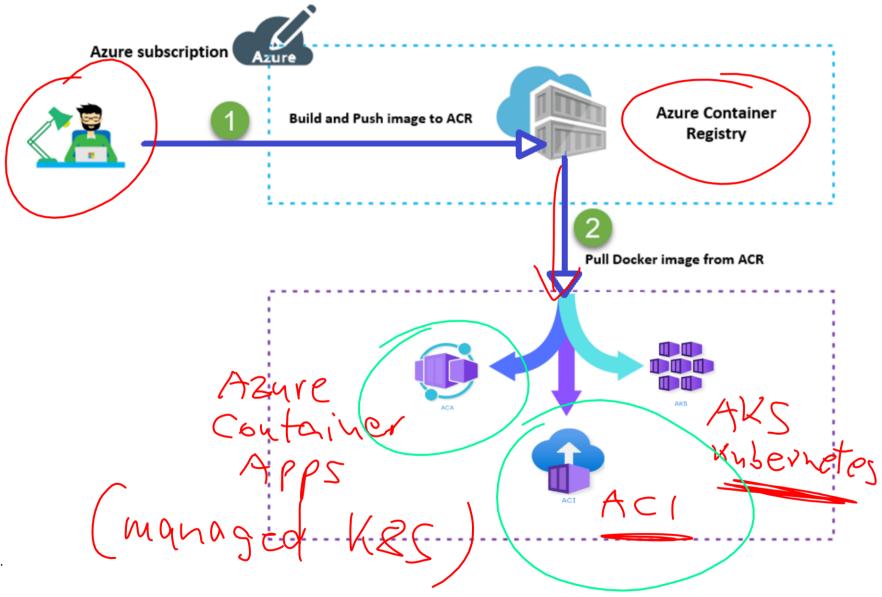
A container is a standardized "unit of software" that contains everything required for an application to run

Available on both Linux and Windows and can be hosted on Azure

[©] Copyright Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

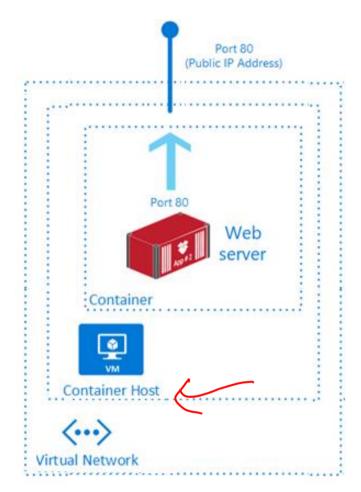
Understand Container Images

A container image is a lightweight, standalone, executable package of software that encapsulates everything needed to run an application.



Review Azure Container Instances

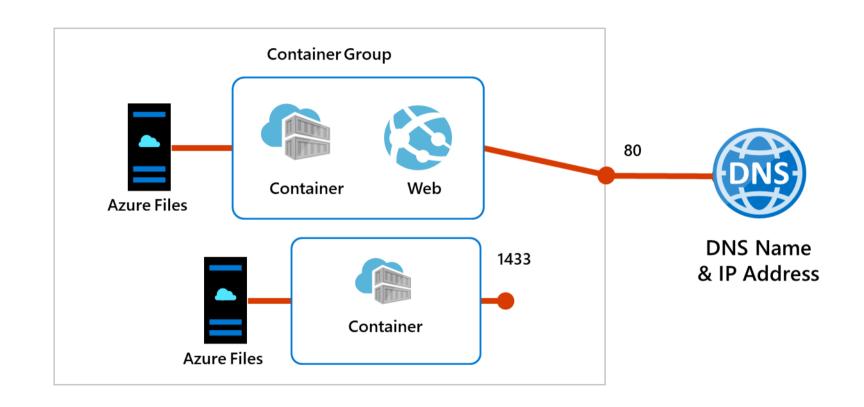
- PaaS Service
- Fast startup times
- Public IP connectivity and DNS name
- Custom sizes
- Persistent storage
- Linux and Windows Containers
- Co-scheduled Groups
- Virtual network Deployment



Fastest way to run a container in Azure without provisioning a VM

Implement Container Groups

- Top-level resource in Azure Container Instances
- A collection of containers that get scheduled on the same host
- The containers in the group share a lifecycle, resources, local network, and storage volumes



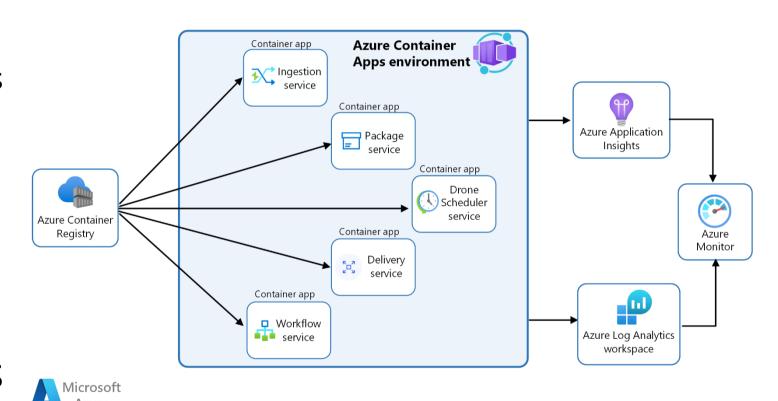
Compare container management solutions

	Azure Container Apps	Azure Kubernetes Service	
Overview	Simplifies the deployment and management of microservices-based applications by abstracting away the underlying infrastructure.	Simplifies deploying a managed Kubernetes cluster in Azure by offloading the operational overhead to Azure.	
Deployment	PaaS experience.	Offers more control and customization.	
Management	Fully managed by Azure.	Partially managed by Azure (control plane).	
Scalability	HTTP-based autoscaling and event-driven scaling.	Horizontal pod autoscaling and cluster autoscaling.	
Use Cases	Rapid scaling and simplified management.	Complex, long-running applications that require full Kubernetes features.	
Integration	Azure Logic Apps, Functions, and Event Grid for event-driven architecture.	Azure Policy for Kubernetes, Azure Monitor for containers, and Azure Defender for Kubernetes for comprehensive security and governance.	

[©] Copyright Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

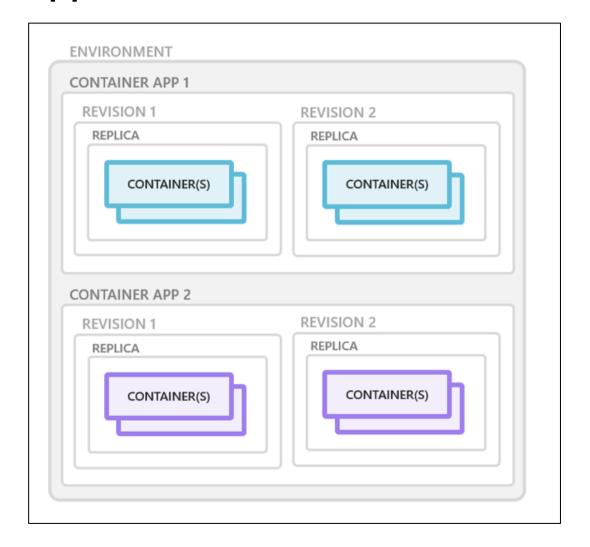
Manage Containers with Azure Container Apps

- Alternative to Azure
 Kubernetes Service manages
 container orchestration
- The Container App environment creates a secure boundary around the apps and jobs
- The Container App runtime manages the environment (OS upgrades, scaling, versioning, and failover)



Explore containers in Azure Container Apps

- Containers for an Azure Container App are grouped together in pods inside revision snapshots.
- Can define multiple containers in a single container app to implement the sidecar pattern.
- Deploy images hosted on private registries by providing credentials in the Container Apps configuration.

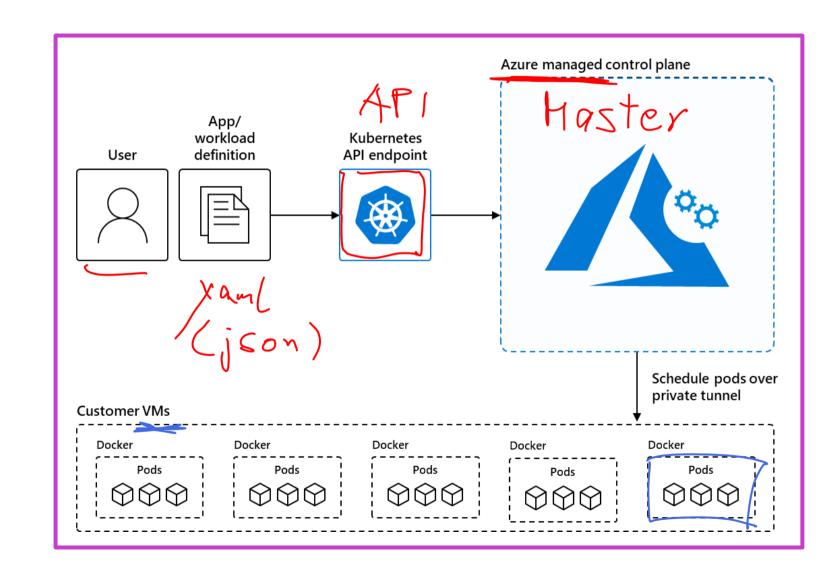


Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS)

 AKS simplifies Kubernetes management, providing high availability, scalability, and integration with DevOps tools.

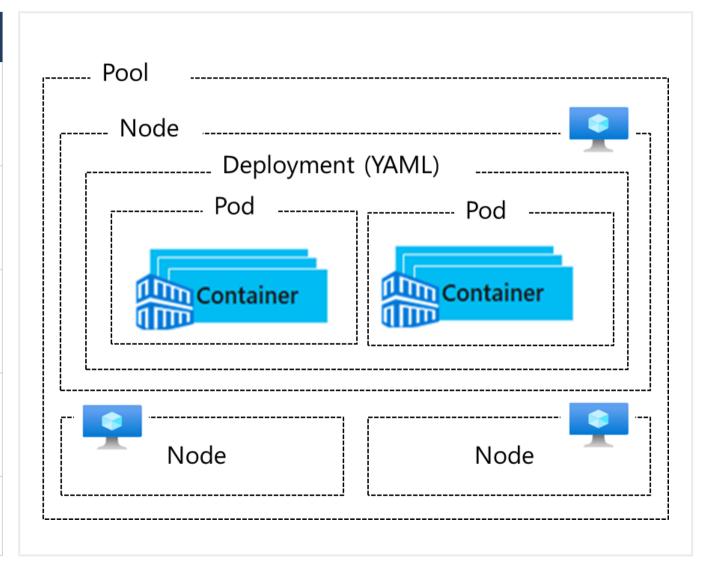
 Azure manages AKS control plane for free, focusing on health monitoring and maintenance; users pay for nodes.

 AKS use cases include microservices, secure DevOps, data streaming, and running Windows containers.



Understand AKS Terminology

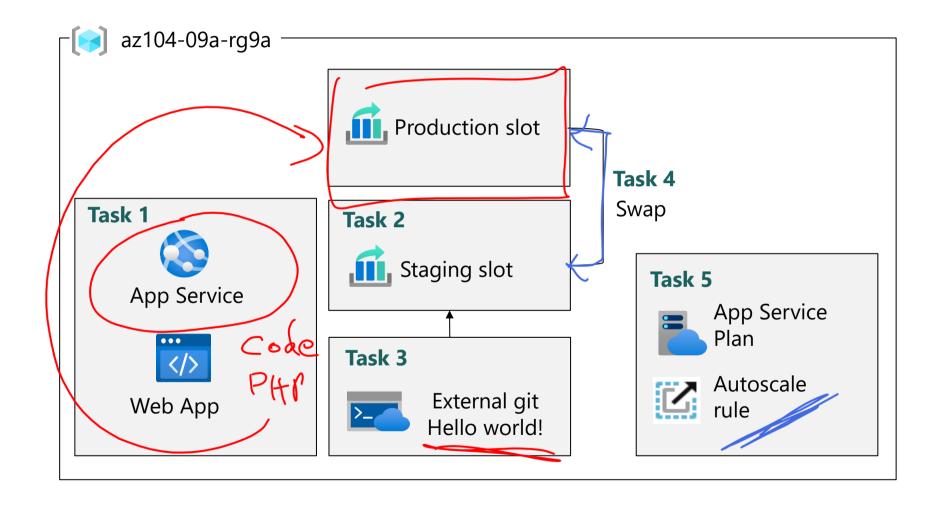
Term	Description
Pools	Groups of nodes with identical configurations
Nodes	Individual VMs running containerized applications
Pods	Single instance of an application. A pod can contain multiple containers
Deployment	One or more identical pods managed by Kubernetes
Manifest	YAML file describing a deployment



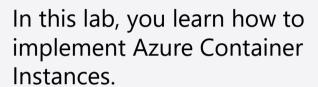
[©] Copyright Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.



Lab 09a – Web App Architecture Diagram



Lab 09b – Implement Azure Container Instances



You learn to deploy an Azure Container Instance to display a Hello World app.



Job Skills

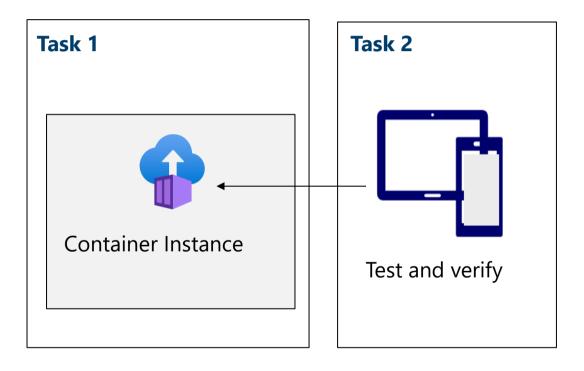
Task 1: Deploy an Azure Container Instance using a Docker image.

Task 2: Test and verify deployment of an Azure Container Instance.



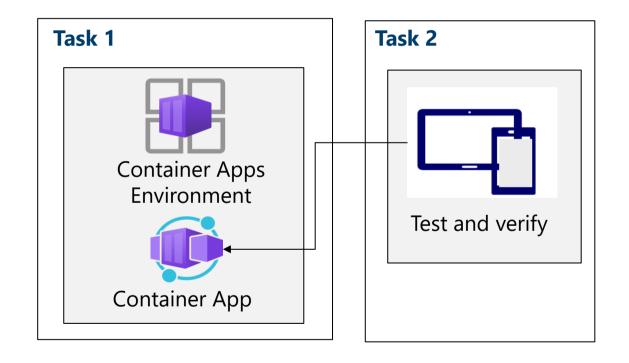
Lab 09b – Azure Container Instances Diagram

Azure Container Instances



Lab 09c – Azure Container Architecture Diagram

Azure Container Apps



End of presentation

