## MA677 HW3

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1. library(dplyr) ## ## Attaching package: 'dplyr' ## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats': ## ## filter, lag ## The following objects are masked from 'package:base': ## ## intersect, setdiff, setequal, union library(ggplot2) library(plotly) ## ## Attaching package: 'plotly' ## The following object is masked from 'package:ggplot2': ## ## last\_plot ## The following object is masked from 'package:stats': ## ## ## The following object is masked from 'package:graphics': ## ## layout library(tidyverse) ## -- Attaching packages ---------- tidyverse 1.2.1 --## v tibble 1.4.2 v purrr 0.2.4 ## v tidyr 0.8.0 v stringr 1.3.0 ## v readr 1.1.1 v forcats 0.3.0 ## -- Conflicts ---------- tidyverse\_conflicts() --## x plotly::filter() masks dplyr::filter(), stats::filter() ## x dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag() library(magrittr) ## ## Attaching package: 'magrittr' ## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr': ## ## set\_names

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:tidyr':
##
##
       extract
library(readr)
library(RCurl)
## Loading required package: bitops
## Attaching package: 'RCurl'
## The following object is masked from 'package:tidyr':
##
##
       complete
library(ACSWR)
df=read.table("maybe_uniform.txt")
## Warning in read.table("maybe_uniform.txt"): incomplete final line found by
## readTableHeader on 'maybe_uniform.txt'
test1=c(df$V1,df$V2,df$V3,df$V4,df$V5)
ks.test(test1,"punif")
##
##
    One-sample Kolmogorov-Smirnov test
##
## data: test1
## D = 0.18, p-value = 0.3501
## alternative hypothesis: two-sided
x < -seq(-5, 5, by=0.01)
fx \leftarrow ifelse(x > 0 & x <=0.5, 2/3,
   ifelse(x > 0.5 \& x < 1, 0.5, 0)
plot(x,fx)
     9.0
     9.0
凶
                                                              2
                                 -2
                                                0
                                                                           4
```

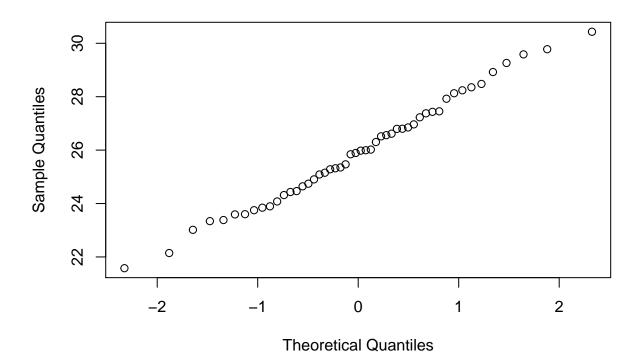
Х

```
## Warning in ks.test(fx, "punif"): ties should not be present for the
## Kolmogorov-Smirnov test
##
##
    One-sample Kolmogorov-Smirnov test
##
## data: fx
## D = 0.9011, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: two-sided
According to result of ks-test, these data is distributed as a Uniform distribution on [0,1]. Since in ks-test,
the D value of fx is less than that of data, the model below is better than the Uniform.
  2.
df2=read.table("maybe_normal.txt")
d=c(df2$V1,df2$V2,df2$V3,df2$V4,df2$V5)
test2=(c(df2$V1,df2$V2,df2$V3,df2$V4,df2$V5)-rep(26,50))/2
ks.test(test2,"pnorm")
##
##
    One-sample Kolmogorov-Smirnov test
##
## data: test2
## D = 0.06722, p-value = 0.9663
## alternative hypothesis: two-sided
```

ks.test(fx, "punif")

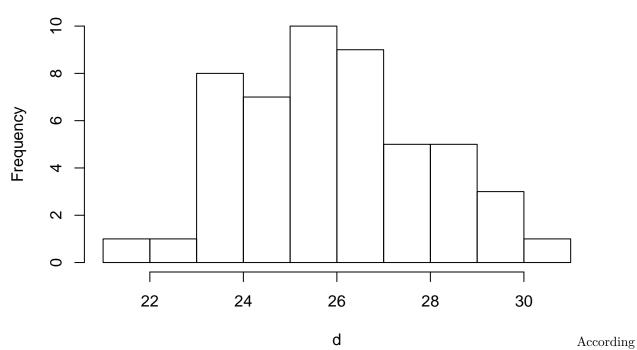
qqnorm(d)

### Normal Q-Q Plot



#### hist(d)

## Histogram of d



to Ks-test and qqnorm, the data generally follow normal disatribution.

##

```
3.
df3=read.table("maybe_same_1.txt")
## Warning in read.table("maybe_same_1.txt"): incomplete final line found by
## readTableHeader on 'maybe_same_1.txt'
x=c(df3$V1,df3$V2,df3$V3,df3$V4,df3$V5)
Df32=read.table("maybe_same_2.txt")
## Warning in read.table("maybe_same_2.txt"): incomplete final line found by
## readTableHeader on 'maybe_same_2.txt'
y=c(Df32$V1,Df32$V2,Df32$V3,Df32$V4,Df32$V5)
ks.test(x,y)
## Warning in ks.test(x, y): cannot compute exact p-value with ties
##
##
    Two-sample Kolmogorov-Smirnov test
##
## data: x and y
## D = 0.25, p-value = 0.491
## alternative hypothesis: two-sided
ks.test(x+2,y)
## Warning in ks.test(x + 2, y): cannot compute exact p-value with ties
```

```
## Two-sample Kolmogorov-Smirnov test
##
## data: x + 2 and y
## D = 0.65, p-value = 0.0001673
## alternative hypothesis: two-sided
```

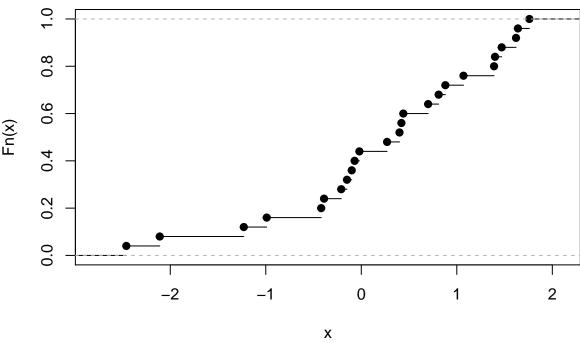
Since p-value of of ks.test(X,Y) is much larger than 0.05. Then we fail to reject the null hypotheses, thus X and Y are from the same distribution. Since p-value of of ks.test(X+2,Y) is much smaller than 0.05. Then we reject the null hypotheses, therefore X+2 and Y are not from the same distribution

4.

```
df4=readRDS("norm_sample.Rdata")
df4_ecdf=ecdf(df4)
summary(df4_ecdf)

## Empirical CDF: 25 unique values with summary
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## -2.4600 -0.2100 0.4000 0.2448 1.0700 1.7600
plot.ecdf(df4)
```

## ecdf(x)



```
us=rnorm(25)
ks.test(df4,us)
```

```
##
## Two-sample Kolmogorov-Smirnov test
##
## data: df4 and us
## D = 0.24, p-value = 0.4755
## alternative hypothesis: two-sided
```