

Image Statistics with supplied test image

Based on the test image supplied (`testImage.bmp`) and with the help of **Statistics and Machine Learning Toolbox** 10 image statistics were calculated in **MATLAB**. In order to achieve the following results, the image was converted to **greyscale** using **rgb2gray**. Please, see the achieved results below:



A screenshot of a MATLAB command window. On the left, there is a vertical grey bar. To its right, 10 numerical values are listed, each on a new line. At the bottom of the list is the MATLAB prompt `fx >>`.

| |
|----------|
| 205 |
| 0.8039 |
| 0.8367 |
| 66.0763 |
| 123.3943 |
| 82.9792 |
| 103.4029 |
| 122.5000 |
| 116.2541 |
| 123.2447 |

`fx >>`

Fig1: Achieved Results

| Statistic | Formula | Value(s) |
|------------------------|--|------------|
| Range | $C_{range} = L_{max} - L_{min}$ | = 205 |
| Normalised Range | $C_{normRange} = \frac{L_{max} - L_{min}}{2^t - 1}$ | = 0.8039 |
| Michelson Contrast | $C_{mich} = \frac{L_{max} - L_{min}}{L_{max} + L_{min}}$ | = 0.8367 |
| RMS Contrast | $C_{rms} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{MN} \sum_{i=1}^M \sum_{j=1}^N (L_{i,j} - \bar{L})^2}$ | = 66.0763 |
| Simple Arithmetic Mean | $\bar{L} = \frac{1}{MN} \sum_{i=1}^M \sum_{j=1}^N L_{i,j}$ | = 123.3943 |
| Harmonic Mean | $\bar{L}_{harm} = (MN) / \sum_{i=1}^M \sum_{j=1}^N \frac{1}{L_{i,j}}$ | = 82.9792 |
| Geometric Mean | $\bar{L}_{geom} = \left(\prod_{i=1}^M \prod_{j=1}^N L_{i,j} \right)^{\frac{1}{MN}}$ $= \exp \left(\frac{1}{MN} \sum_{i=1}^M \sum_{j=1}^N \ln(L_{i,j}) \right)$ | = 103.4029 |
| Midrange | $C_{midrange} = L_{max} + L_{min} / 2$ | = 122.50 |
| 10% Winsorised Mean | $\bar{L}_{wk} = \frac{1}{n} \{ (k+1)L_{(k+1)} + \sum_{i=k+2}^{n-k-1} L_i + (k+1)L_{(n-k)} \}$ | = 116.2541 |
| 10% Trimmed Mean | $\bar{L}_{tk} = (1/n - 2k) \sum_{i=k+1}^{n-k} L_i$ | = 123.2447 |