Dynatrace Training Module



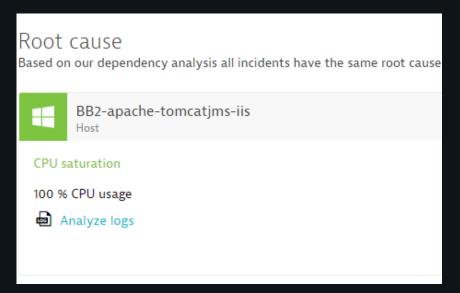
Agenda

- Value
- Architecture
- Permissions
- Analysis
- Custom Log Events
- Log Analytics Free Tier
- Log Analytics Paid Tier

Value

Why create a log analytics software?

- Use log content as monitoring data source
 - Search inside of log messages using query strings
 - Generate problem notifications based on patterns
- Enhance troubleshooting
 - Use log information within root cause drill down
 - Add more context with event logs
- Lots of applications rely on logging for diagnostics
 - Provide DevOps with information they are used to having
 - Easy insights into unsupported technologies



Use Cases

- Reactive log search
 - Similar to classic enterprise log management tools
 - Realized via Log Viewer interface
 - Select scope, query, timeframe
- Proactive pattern-based notification
 - User defines scope and pattern
 - Pattern presence generates event
 - Event is integrated with AI on process/host level
- Contextual drilldown to log data
 - Biggest competitive advantage
 - Allows quick access to log content in context of problem analysis
 - Can be executed from problem, host, PGI and PG reports

Competitive differentiators

- No additional agent required
- Automatic log discovery
 - Manual also available
- Easy to learn, intuitive pattern language
- Log information and monitoring information available in same place in context
- Support for OS and docker log files
- Automatic support for rotated logs
- Basic approach requires no additional license cost

Architecture <

Permissions

Problem Logs

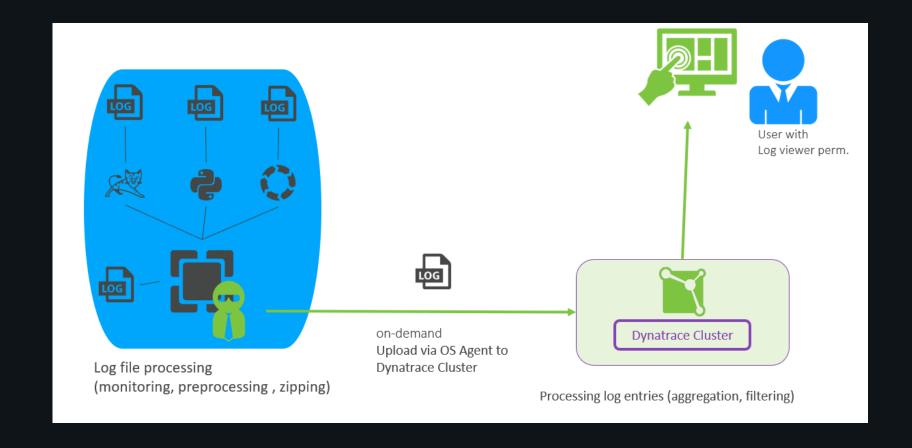
Host Logs

Process Logs

Troubleshooting

Log Monitoring

Architecture



Permissions

Architecture

Permissions **4**

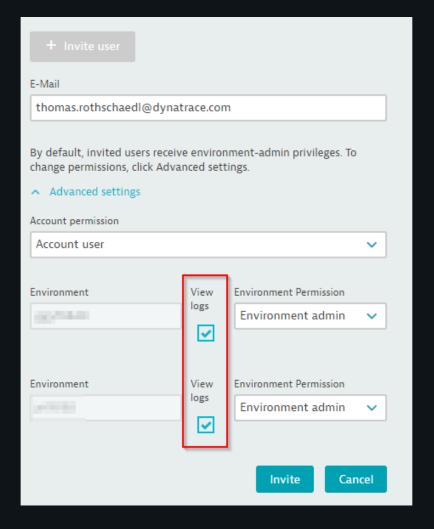
Problem Logs

Host Logs

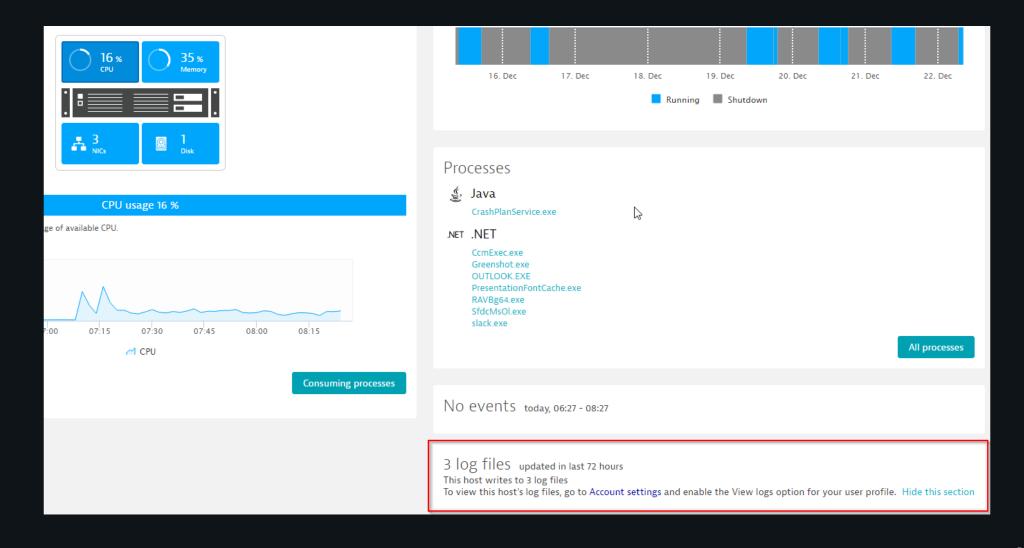
Process Logs

Troubleshooting

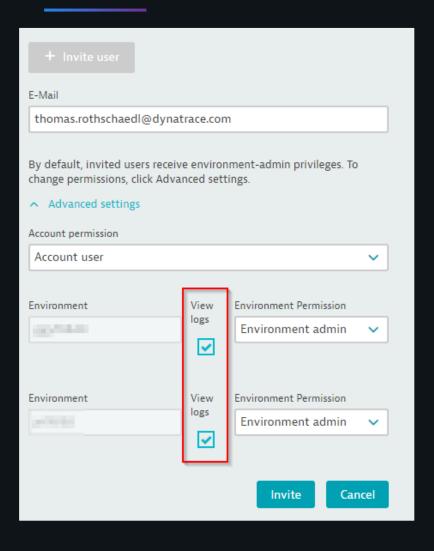
Log Monitoring



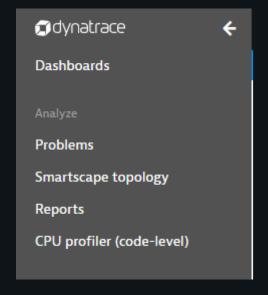
Permissions per User



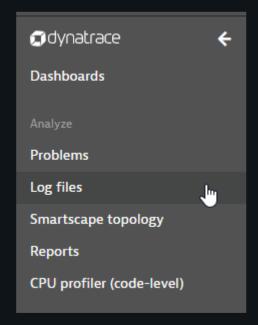
Permissions per User



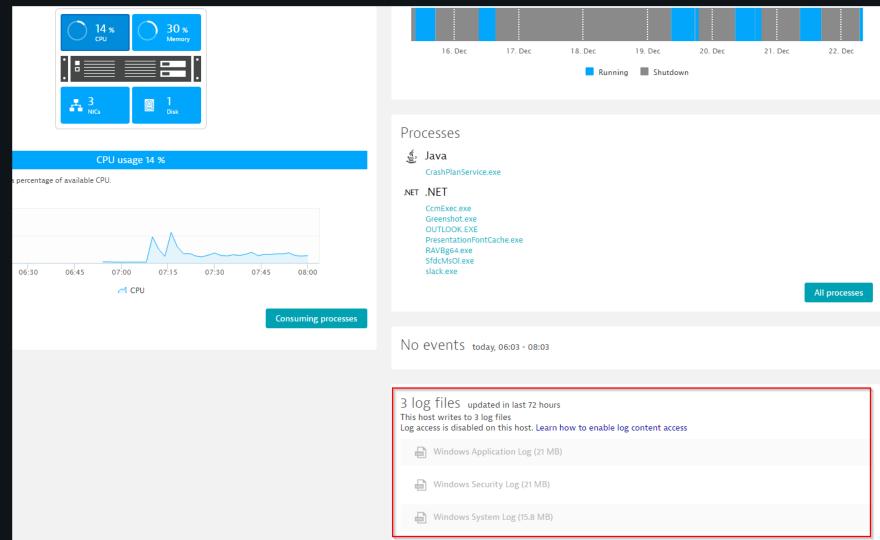
Without Log viewer permission



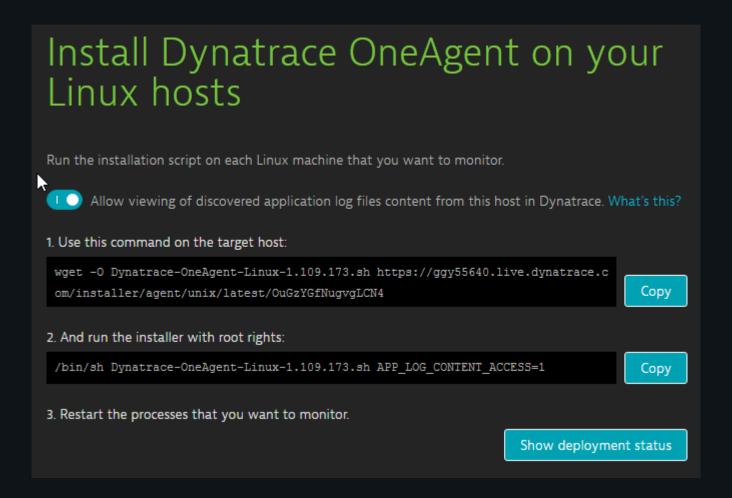
With Log viewer permission



Permissions per Host



Permissions per Host – during Installation



Architecture

Permissions

Problem Logs <

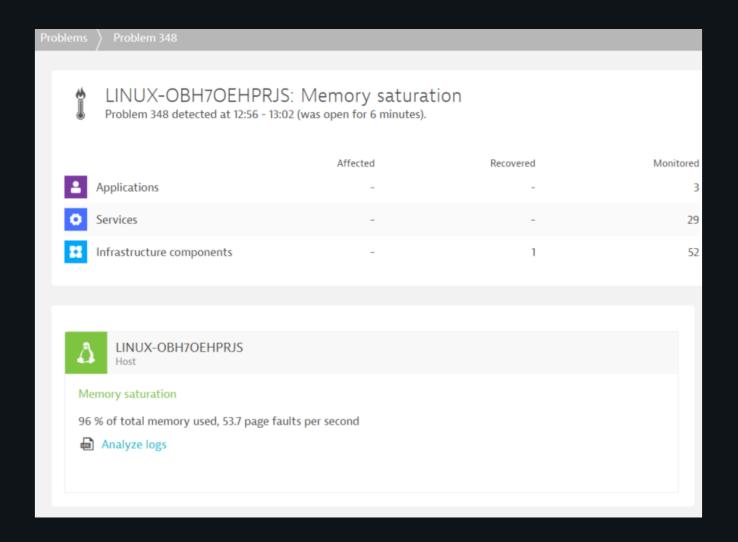
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Architecture

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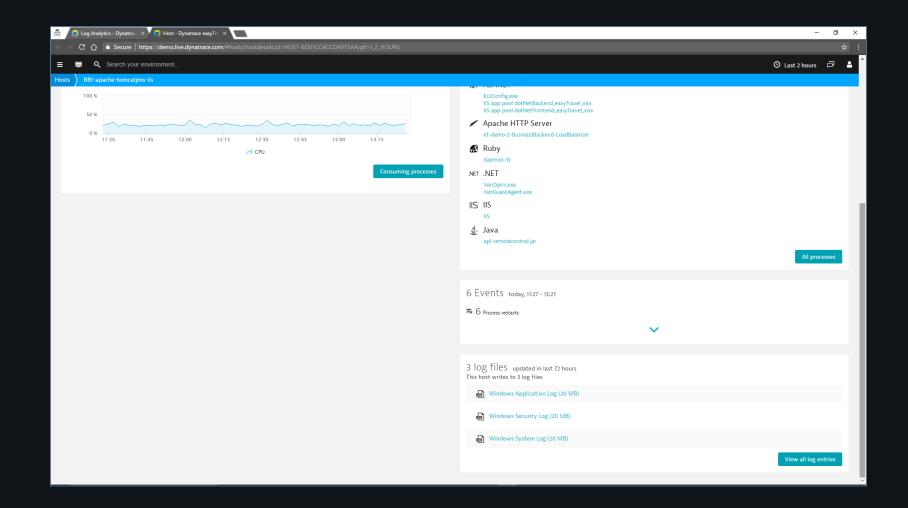
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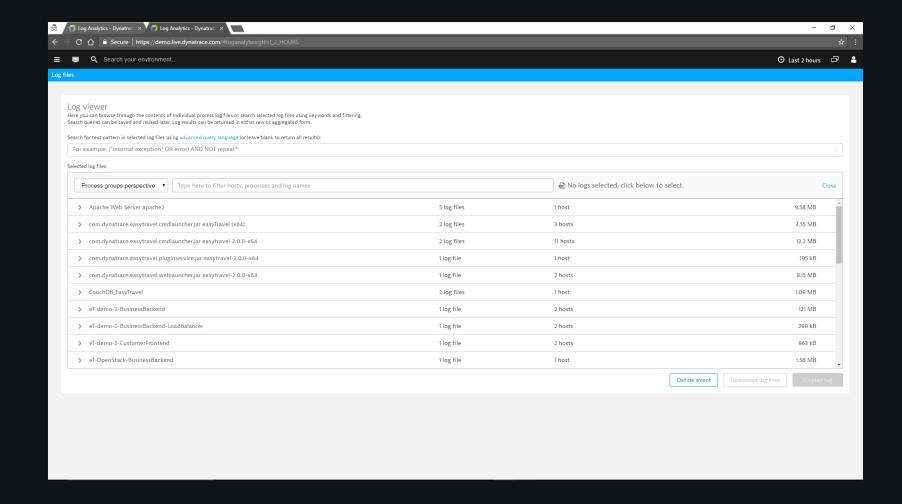
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Log Troubleshooting - On Demand

- On demand log file viewing for troubleshooting
- Logfiles must comply with specific row patterns (Timestamp, type,...)
- Log files are available for analysis only as long as they are stored on a host
- You can examine a maximum of 500MB of log data.
- You can examine the log files for only the past seven days.
- You can examine log files one at a time in the context of your topology.

Architecture

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Log Monitoring

Log Monitoring – Centralized Storage

- You can analyze significant log events
 - across multiple logs
 - across parts of the environment (production)
 - potentially over a longer time frame.
- For immediate notification, consider setting alerts for monitored logs. You specify
 the log files to be stored on the Dynatrace server, enabling you to analyze longer
 time frames or to perform analysis across multiple log files.
- Important Characteristics
 - Transferred log data to the Dynatrace server is measured.
 - The initial quota is a total of 5GB of log data transfer.
 - You can retain data for as little as 5 days and up to 90 days.
 - You can create alerts based on text pattern occurrences across monitored logs.
 - You can bookmark search queries on multiple monitored logs.
 - You can parse columns and examine the top N occurrences.
 - You have access to the application programming interface (API) for these log files.

Log storage requirements

Dynatrace SaaS

- Log files are stored in Amazon Elastic File System in the zone where your Dynatrace environment resides
- You don't have to worry about storage performance, availability, or free space
- Disk storage costs are included in your Log Analytics subscription and are based on the average volume of your cloud-based log storage

Dynatrace Managed

- To store log files centrally on your Dynatrace Managed cluster, you must provide a common Network File System (NFS) mount point (path) that is identical and available from all cluster nodes
- With this approach, it's your responsibility to ensure appropriate levels of performance, availability, and free space on the mounted NFS volume
- Costs for Premium (> 5GiB) are calculated based only on the amount of ingress log data, not total storage size, so retention time doesn't influence storage costs

Log Analytics Data Storage for Monitored Logs

- Set your desired retention period and alternatively decide what logs you want to store or not store on central log disk storage
- Then review your expected usage

Log data storage The chart below shows an estimate of how much log data you will store over the next 90 days. Estimates are based on current usage. Retention time indicates how long log files are stored before they are automatically overwritten by newer log files. Estimated yearly averages Based on current log data storage usage < 1 GB Log storage size (monthly projected) 191 MB May '18 Jun '18 Jul '18 Aug '18 Storage size ☑ What data storage advantages does Log analytics provide? Before enabling Log analytics storage, contact Dynatrace Sales so we can set up your log data storage space. Settings Store log-data files for 30 days 90 days By default, Dynatrace auto-detects and stores all your log files. You can include/exclude specific log files from storage using the setting below. Your estimated costs will be adjusted accordingly. Include all log files

Licensing for Log Monitoring

- Managed Ingress of logs
 - To store log files centrally on your Dynatrace Managed cluster, you must provide a common Network File System (NFS) mount point (path) that is identical throughout the cluster and available from all cluster nodes. With this approach, it's your responsibility to ensure appropriate levels of performance, availability, and free space on the mounted NFS volume. Costs are calculated based only on the amount of ingress log data (GB/day), not total storage size, so retention time doesn't influence storage costs.
- SaaS Storage volume
 - Average daily ingress of log data over licensing period multiplied by retention period
 - For example, that your Log Monitoring agreement is configured for 90 days and you've arranged for 450 GiB of annual daily average storage. The anticipated average daily ingestion of log data in this case would be 5 GiB.

 450 (GiB; base quota of annual average storage) / 90 (days) = 5 (GiB; anticipated average daily ingestion)

Questions?



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