

## Closures (In JavaScript and Beyond)

A closure is a function that accesses a variable "outside" itself. For example:

```
JavaScript
var message = 'The British are coming.';
function sayMessage(){
   alert(message); // here we have access to message,
   // even though it's declared outside this function!
}
```

We'd say that message is "closed over" by sayMessage().

One useful thing to do with a closure is to create something like an "instance variable" that can change over time and can affect the behavior of a function.

Why did we put nextGeneratedId in an immediately-executed anonymous function? It makes nextGeneratedId private, which prevents accidental changes from the outside world:

```
JavaScript
// function for getting the id of a dom element,
// giving it a new, unique id if it doesn't have an id yet
var nextGeneratedId = 0;
var getUniqueId = function(element) {
    if (!element.id) {
        element.id = 'generated-uid-' + nextGeneratedId;
        nextGeneratedId++;
    return element.id;
};
// somewhere else in the codebase...
// WHOOPS--FORGOT I WAS ALREADY USING THIS FOR SOMETHING
nextGeneratedId = 0;
```

## **Closure Coding Interview Questions**

17**✓** JavaScript Scope »

There's something tricky going on with scope in this JavaScript. Can you guess what will get logged to the console? keep reading »

(/question/js-scope)

## 18 What's Wrong with This JavaScript? »

There's a tricky bug in this JavaScript. Can you find it? keep reading »

(/question/js-whats-wrong)

All Questions → (/all-questions)

Want more coding interview help?

Check out **interviewcake.com** for more advice, guides, and practice questions.