

```
import torch

import torch.nn as nn

import torch.nn.functional as F
```

```
class ANNC(nn.Module):

    def __init__(self, emb_size=64, **kwargs):

        """CNN based analogy classifier model.
```

It generates a value between 0 and 1 (0 for invalid, 1 for valid) based on four input vectors.

1st layer (convolutional): 128 filters (= kernels) of size  $h \times w = 1 \times 2$  with strides (1, 2) and relu activation.

2nd layer (convolutional): 64 filters of size (2, 2) with strides (2, 2) and relu activation.

3rd layer (dense, equivalent to linear for PyTorch): one output and sigmoid activation.

Argument:

emb\_size -- the size of the input vectors"""

```
super().__init__()
```

```
self.emb_size = emb_size
```

```
self.conv1 = nn.Conv2d(1, 128, (1,2), stride=(1,2))
```

```
self.conv2 = nn.Conv2d(128, 64, (2,2), stride=(2,2))
```

```
self.linear = nn.Linear(64*(emb_size//2), 1)
```

```
def flatten(self, t):
```

```
    """Flattens the input tensor."""
```

```
    t = t.reshape(t.size()[0], -1)
```

```
return t
```

```
def forward(self, a, b, c, d, p=0):
```

```
    """
```

```
    Expected input shape:
```

```
    - a, b, c, d: [batch_size, emb_size]
```

```
    """
```

```
    image = torch.stack([a, b, c, d], dim = 2)
```

```
    # apply dropout
```

```
    if p>0:
```

```
        image=F.dropout(image, p)
```

```
    x = self.conv1(image.unsqueeze(-3))
```

```
    x = F.relu(x)
```

```
    x = self.conv2(x)
```

```
    x = F.relu(x)
```

```
    x = self.flatten(x)
```

```
    x = self.linear(x)
```

```
    output = torch.sigmoid(x)
```

```
    return output
```

Link of the dataset on drive :

<https://drive.google.com/file/d/1PHsk1CElUQwPSOwkl6q0GdxWa82tbKa/view?usp=sharing>