

ES_LPC82x

Errata sheet LPC82x

Rev. 1 — 18 September 2014

Errata sheet

Document information

Info	Content
Keywords	LPC824M201JHI33; LPC822M101JHI33; LPC824M201JDH20; LPC822M101JDH20; LPC82x errata
Abstract	<p>This errata sheet describes both the known functional problems and any deviations from the electrical specifications known at the release date of this document.</p> <p>Each deviation is assigned a number and its history is tracked in a table.</p>



Revision history

Rev	Date	Description
1	20140918	Initial version

Contact information

For more information, please visit: <http://www.nxp.com>

For sales office addresses, please send an email to: salesaddresses@nxp.com

1. Product identification

The LPC82x devices typically have the following top-side marking:

The LPC82x devices typically have the following top-side marking for HVQFN33 packages:

82xJ

xxxx xxxx

yywwxR

The last two letters in the last line (field 'xR') identify the boot code version and device revision.

Table 1. Device revision table

Revision identifier (xR)	Revision description
'1A'	Initial device revision

Field 'yy' states the year the device was manufactured. Field 'ww' states the week the device was manufactured during that year.

2. Errata overview

Table 2. Functional problems table

Functional problems	Short description	Revision identifier	Detailed description
DPD.2	Deep power-down mode is not functional outside certain voltage and temperature ranges.	'1A'	Section 3.1
SYSOSC.2	When using an external crystal oscillator, the V _{DD} supply voltage must be 1.9 V or above.	'1A'	Section 3.2
UART.1	The UART controller sets the Idle status bits for receive and transmit before the transmission of the stop bit is complete.	'1A'	Section 3.3

Table 3. AC/DC deviations table

AC/DC deviations	Short description	Detailed description
n/a	n/a	n/a

Table 4. Errata notes

Note	Short description	Detailed description
n/a	n/a	n/a

3. Functional problems detail

3.1 DPD.2

Introduction:

The LPC82x has a supply voltage (V_{DD}) from 1.8 V to 3.6 V and can operate from -40 °C to 105 °C. The LPC82x supports four reduced power modes (sleep, deep-sleep, power-down and deep power-down mode). Deep power-down mode allows for maximal power savings where the entire system is shut down except for the general purpose registers in the PMU and the self wake-up timer. Only the general purpose registers in the PMU maintain their internal states in deep power-down mode.

Problem:

At temperatures ≤ 25 °C, the deep power-down mode is not functional if the V_{DD} supply voltage is greater than 3.4 V. At temperatures > 25 °C, the deep power-down mode is not functional if the V_{DD} supply voltage is greater than 3.35 V.

Work-around:

For temperatures 25 °C and below, ensure that the supply voltage is not above 3.4 V ($V_{DD} = 1.8$ V to 3.4 V) when using deep power-down mode. For temperatures higher than 25 °C, ensure that the supply voltage is not above 3.35 V ($V_{DD} = 1.8$ V to 3.35 V) when using deep power-down mode.

3.2 SYSOSC.1

Introduction:

On the LPC82xM, the V_{DD} supply voltage range is from 1.8 V to 3.6 V. The LPC82xM has various clock sources such as the internal oscillator (IRC), system oscillator, CLKIN, and watchdog oscillator.

An external crystal oscillator can be connected between the XTALIN and XTALOUT pins to use the system oscillator as a clock source. The system oscillator can also be bypassed by setting the BYPASS bit in the SYSOSCCTRL register, and an external clock source can be fed directly to the XTALIN pin.

Problem:

An external crystal oscillator connected to the system oscillator does not function when the V_{DD} power supply is below 1.9 V.

Work-around:

The V_{DD} supply voltage must be 1.9 V or above when connecting an external crystal oscillator to the system oscillator. If the V_{DD} supply voltage is below 1.9 V, an external clock source can be fed to the XTALIN by bypassing the system oscillator or the other clock sources mentioned above can be used.

3.3 UART.1

Introduction:

In receive mode, the UART controller provides a status bit (the RXIDLE bit in the UART STAT register) to check whether the receiver is currently receiving data. If RXIDLE is set, the receiver indicates it is idle and does not receive data.

In transmit mode, the UART controller provides two status bits (TXIDLE and TXDISSTAT bits in the UART STAT register) to indicate whether the transmitter is currently transmitting data. The TXIDLE bit is set by the controller after the last stop bit has been transmitted. The TXDISSTAT bit is set by the controller after the transmitter has sent the last stop bit and has become fully idle following a transmit disable executed by setting the TXDIS bit in the UART CTRL register.

The status bits can be used to implement software flow control, but their setting does not affect normal UART operation.

Problem:

The RXIDLE bit is incorrectly set for a fraction of the clock cycle between the reception of the last data bit and the reception of the start bit of the next word, that is while the stop bit is received. RXIDLE is cleared at the beginning of the start bit.

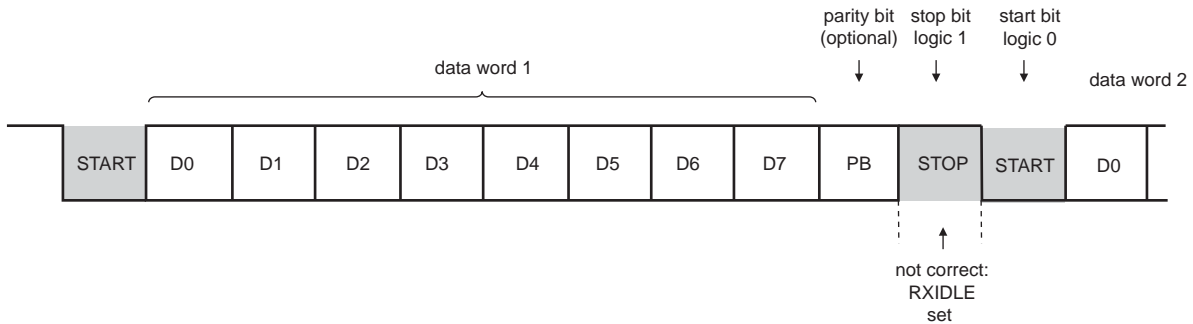


Fig 1. Incorrect setting of RXIDLE during UART receive

Both, TXIDLE and TXDISSTAT are set incorrectly between the last data bit and the stop bit while the transfer is still ongoing.

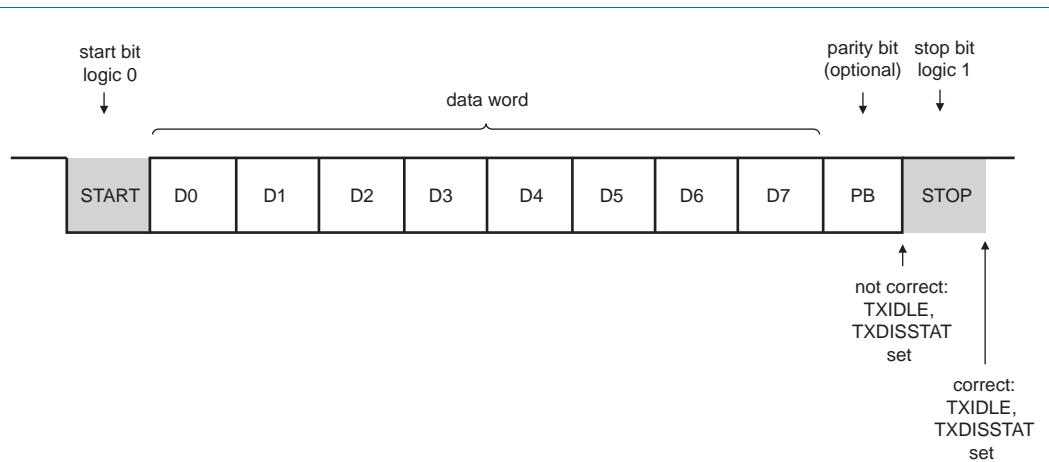


Fig 2. Incorrect setting of TXIDLE and TXDISSTAT during UART transmit

Work-around:

When writing code that checks for the setting of any of the status bits RXIDLE, TXIDLE, TXDISSTAT, check the value of the status bit in the STAT register:

- If status bit = 1, add a delay of one UART bit time (if STOPLEN = 0, one stop bit) or two bit times (if STOPLEN = 1, two stop bits) and check the value of the status bit again:
 - If status bit = 1, the receiver is idle.
 - If status bit = 0, the receiver is receiving data.
- If the status bit = 0, the receiver is receiving data.

4. AC/DC deviations detail

n/a

5. Errata notes

n/a

6. Legal information

6.1 Definitions

Draft — The document is a draft version only. The content is still under internal review and subject to formal approval, which may result in modifications or additions. NXP Semiconductors does not give any representations or warranties as to the accuracy or completeness of information included herein and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information.

6.2 Disclaimers

Limited warranty and liability — Information in this document is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, NXP Semiconductors does not give any representations or warranties, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of such information and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information. NXP Semiconductors takes no responsibility for the content in this document if provided by an information source outside of NXP Semiconductors.

In no event shall NXP Semiconductors be liable for any indirect, incidental, punitive, special or consequential damages (including - without limitation - lost profits, lost savings, business interruption, costs related to the removal or replacement of any products or rework charges) whether or not such damages are based on tort (including negligence), warranty, breach of contract or any other legal theory.

Notwithstanding any damages that customer might incur for any reason whatsoever, NXP Semiconductors' aggregate and cumulative liability towards customer for the products described herein shall be limited in accordance with the *Terms and conditions of commercial sale* of NXP Semiconductors.

Right to make changes — NXP Semiconductors reserves the right to make changes to information published in this document, including without limitation specifications and product descriptions, at any time and without notice. This document supersedes and replaces all information supplied prior to the publication hereof.

Suitability for use — NXP Semiconductors products are not designed, authorized or warranted to be suitable for use in life support, life-critical or safety-critical systems or equipment, nor in applications where failure or

malfunction of an NXP Semiconductors product can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury, death or severe property or environmental damage. NXP Semiconductors and its suppliers accept no liability for inclusion and/or use of NXP Semiconductors products in such equipment or applications and therefore such inclusion and/or use is at the customer's own risk.

Applications — Applications that are described herein for any of these products are for illustrative purposes only. NXP Semiconductors makes no representation or warranty that such applications will be suitable for the specified use without further testing or modification.

Customers are responsible for the design and operation of their applications and products using NXP Semiconductors products, and NXP Semiconductors accepts no liability for any assistance with applications or customer product design. It is customer's sole responsibility to determine whether the NXP Semiconductors product is suitable and fit for the customer's applications and products planned, as well as for the planned application and use of customer's third party customer(s). Customers should provide appropriate design and operating safeguards to minimize the risks associated with their applications and products.

NXP Semiconductors does not accept any liability related to any default, damage, costs or problem which is based on any weakness or default in the customer's applications or products, or the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). Customer is responsible for doing all necessary testing for the customer's applications and products using NXP Semiconductors products in order to avoid a default of the applications and the products or of the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). NXP does not accept any liability in this respect.

Export control — This document as well as the item(s) described herein may be subject to export control regulations. Export might require a prior authorization from competent authorities.

6.3 Trademarks

Notice: All referenced brands, product names, service names and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

7. Contents

1 **Product identification** 3

2 **Errata overview** 3

3 **Functional problems detail** 4

3.1 DPD.2 4

3.2 SYSOSC.1 5

3.3 UART.1 5

4 **AC/DC deviations detail** 7

5 **Errata notes** 7

6 **Legal information**..... 8

6.1 Definitions 8

6.2 Disclaimers 8

6.3 Trademarks 8

7 **Contents** 9

Please be aware that important notices concerning this document and the product(s) described herein, have been included in section 'Legal information'.