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// Programmer:
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// Filename:
              MzHarmonicSpectrum.cpp
// URL:
              http://sv.mazurka.org.uk/src/MzHarmonicSpectrum.cpp
// Documentation: http://sv.mazurka.org.uk/MzHarmonicSpectrum
             ANSI99 C++; vamp plugin
// Syntax:
//
// Description: Display a harmonic spectrum
//
#include "MzHarmonicSpectrum.h"
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string>
#include <math.h>
#define METHOD_MAGNITUDE_PRODUCT 1
#define METHOD MAGNITUDE SUMMATION 2
#define METHOD_COMPLEX_SUMMATION 3
// Vamp Interface Functions
//
// MzHarmonicSpectrum::MzHarmonicSpectrum -- class constructor.
MzHarmonicSpectrum::MzHarmonicSpectrum(float samplerate) :
    MazurkaPlugin(samplerate) {
  mz harmonics = 5;
  mz transformsize = 16384;
  mz_minbin
           = 0;
  mz maxbin
                = 511;
  mz_compress
                = 0;
// MzHarmonicSpectrum::~MzHarmonicSpectrum -- class destructor.
MzHarmonicSpectrum::~MzHarmonicSpectrum() {
  // do nothing
// parameter functions --
// MzHarmonicSpectrum::getParameterDescriptors -- return a list of
      the parameters which can control the plugin.
11
MzHarmonicSpectrum::ParameterList
MzHarmonicSpectrum::getParameterDescriptors(void) const {
```

```
pdlist;
ParameterList
ParameterDescriptor pd;
// first parameter: The number of samples in the audio window
              = "windowsamples";
pd.description = "Window size";
              = "samples";
pd.unit
pd.minValue = 2.0;
pd.maxValue = 10000;
pd.defaultValue = 1500.0;
pd.isQuantized = true;
pd.quantizeStep = 1.0;
pdlist.push_back(pd);
// second parameter: The step size between analysis windows.
              = "stepsamples";
pd.description = "Step size";
              = "samples";
pd.unit
pd.minValue
              = 2.0;
pd.maxValue = 30000.0;
pd.defaultValue = 512.0;
pd.isQuantized = true;
pd.quantizeStep = 1.0;
pdlist.push_back(pd);
// third parameter: The number of harmonics to consider
pd.name
            = "harmonics";
pd.description = "Harmonics";
pd.unit
            = "";
pd.minValue = 2.0;
pd.maxValue = 20.0;
pd.defaultValue = 5.0;
pd.isOuantized = true;
pd.quantizeStep = 1.0;
pdlist.push_back(pd);
// fourth parameter: The minimum pitch to consider
pd.name = "minpitch";
pd.description = "Min pitch";
pd.unit = "MIDI data";
pd.minValue = 0.0;
pd.maxValue = 127.0;
generateMidiNoteList(pd.valueNames, 0, 127);
pd.defaultValue = 36.0;
pd.isOuantized = true;
pd.quantizeStep = 1.0;
pdlist.push_back(pd);
pd.valueNames.clear();
// fifth parameter: The maximum pitch to consider
pd.name
              = "maxpitch";
pd.description = "Max pitch";
pd.unit
            = "MIDI data";
pd.minValue
            = 0.0;
pd.maxValue = 127.0;
generateMidiNoteList(pd.valueNames, 0, 127);
pd.defaultValue = 84.0;
pd.isQuantized = true;
pd.quantizeStep = 1.0;
pdlist.push_back(pd);
pd.valueNames.clear();
// sixth parameter: The method for harmonic correlation
pd.name
               = "method";
```

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pd.description = "Method";
                 = "";
  pd.unit
  pd.minValue
                 = 1.0;
  pd.maxValue
                 = 3.0;
  pd.valueNames.push_back("Magnitude Product");
  pd.valueNames.push_back("Magnitude Summation");
  pd.valueNames.push_back("Complex Summation");
  pd.defaultValue = 1.0;
  pd.isQuantized = true;
  pd.quantizeStep = 1.0;
  pdlist.push_back(pd);
  pd.valueNames.clear();
  // seventh parameter: Magnitude range compression.
  pd.name
                = "compress";
  pd.description = "Compress range";
  pd.unit
                = "";
  pd.minValue
               = 0.0;
  pd.maxValue
                = 1.0;
  pd.defaultValue = 0.0;
  pd.valueNames.push_back("no");
  pd.valueNames.push back("yes");
  pd.isQuantized = true;
  pd.quantizeStep = 1.0;
  pdlist.push back(pd);
  pd.valueNames.clear();
  return pdlist;
// optional polymorphic functions inherited from PluginBase:
// MzHarmonicSpectrum::getPreferredStepSize -- overrides the
//
      default value of 0 (no preference) returned in the
      inherited plugin class.
11
//
size_t MzHarmonicSpectrum::getPreferredStepSize(void) const {
  return getParameterInt("stepsamples");
// MzHarmonicSpectrum::qetPreferredBlockSize -- overrides the
//
      default value of 0 (no preference) returned in the
//
      inherited plugin class.
//
size_t MzHarmonicSpectrum::getPreferredBlockSize(void) const {
  int transformsize = getParameterInt("transformsamples");
  int blocksize = getParameterInt("windowsamples");
  if (blocksize > transformsize) {
     blocksize = transformsize;
```

```
return blocksize;
// required polymorphic functions inherited from PluginBase:
//
std::string MzHarmonicSpectrum::getName(void) const
  { return "mzharmonicspectrum"; }
std::string MzHarmonicSpectrum::getMaker(void) const
  { return "The Mazurka Project"; }
std::string MzHarmonicSpectrum::getCopyright(void) const
  { return "2006 Craig Stuart Sapp"; }
std::string MzHarmonicSpectrum::getDescription(void) const
  { return "Harmonic Spectrogram"; }
int MzHarmonicSpectrum::getPluginVersion(void) const {
                 "200606190"
  #define P_VER
   #define P_NAME "MzHarmonicSpectrum"
  const char *v = "@@VampPluginID@" P_NAME "@" P_VER "@" __DATE__ "@@";
  if (v[0] != '@') { std::cerr << v << std::endl; return 0; }
  return atol(P_VER);
// required polymorphic functions inherited from Plugin:
// MzHarmonicSpectrum::qetInputDomain -- the host application needs
     to know if it should send either:
11
11
                 == Time samples from the audio waveform.
// TimeDomain
// FrequencyDomain == Spectral frequency frames which will arrive
//
                    in an array of interleaved real, imaginary
                    values for the complex spectrum (both positive
//
                    and negative frequencies). Zero Hz being the
11
//
                    first frequency sample and negative frequencies
//
                    at the far end of the array as is usually done.
11
                    Note that frequency data is transmitted from
11
                    the host application as floats. The data will
11
                    be transmitted via the process() function which
                    is defined further below.
11
MzHarmonicSpectrum::InputDomain MzHarmonicSpectrum::getInputDomain(void) const {
  return TimeDomain;
// MzHarmonicSpectrum::getOutputDescriptors -- return a list describing
     each of the available outputs for the object. OutputList
```

```
is defined in the file vamp-sdk/Plugin.h:
//
                    == short name of output for computer use. Must not
// .name
//
                        contain spaces or punctuation.
// .description
                    == long name of output for human use.
// .unit
                    == the units or basic meaning of the data in the
                       specified output.
// .hasFixedBinCount == true if each output feature (sample) has the
//
                       same dimension.
                    == when hasFixedBinCount is true, then this is the
// .binCount
                       number of values in each output feature.
//
                       binCount=0 if timestamps are the only features,
//
                       and they have no labels.
                    == optional description of each bin in a feature.
// .binNames
// .hasKnownExtent == true if there is a fixed minimum and maximum
                       value for the range of the output.
// .minValue
                    == range minimum if hasKnownExtent is true.
// .maxValue
                    == range maximum if hasKnownExtent is true.
// .isQuantized
                    == true if the data values are quantized. Ignored
                       if binCount is set to zero.
// .quantizeStep
                    == if isQuantized, then the size of the quantization,
                       such as 1.0 for integers.
// .sampleType
                    == Enumeration with three possibilities:
// OD::OneSamplePerStep -- output feature will be aligned with
//
                               the beginning time of the input block data.
//
    OD::FixedSampleRate
                           -- results are evenly spaced according to
//
                               .sampleRate (see below).
//
    OD::VariableSampleRate -- output features have individual timestamps.
                    == samples per second spacing of output features when
// .sampleRate
                        sampleType is set toFixedSampleRate.
                        Ignored if sampleType is set to OneSamplePerStep
//
11
                        since the start time of the input block will be used.
//
                        Usually set the sampleRate to 0.0 if VariableSampleRate
//
                        is used; otherwise, see vamp-sdk/Plugin.h for what
11
                       positive sampleRates would mean.
MzHarmonicSpectrum::OutputList
MzHarmonicSpectrum::getOutputDescriptors(void) const {
                   odlist;
   OutputList
  OutputDescriptor od;
   std::string s;
  char buffer[1024] = \{0\};
  int val;
  // First output channel: harmonic spectrogram
  od.name
                      = "spectrogram";
  od.description
                      = "Spectrogram";
  od.unit
                      = "bin";
  od.hasFixedBinCount = true;
                     = mz maxbin - mz minbin + 1;
  for (int i=mz minbin; i<=mz maxbin; i++) {
     val = int((i+0.5) * getSrate() / mz transformsize + 0.5);
     sprintf(buffer, "%d:%d", i, val);
     s = buffer;
     od.binNames.push_back(s);
  if (mz_compress) {
     od.hasKnownExtents = true;
     od minValue
                         = 0 0;
     od.maxValue
                         = 1.0;
    else {
     od.hasKnownExtents = false;
```

```
od.isOuantized
                      = false;
  // od.quantizeStep = 1.0;
  od.sampleType
                      = OutputDescriptor::OneSamplePerStep;
   // od.sampleRate
                      = 0.0;
  odlist.push_back(od);
  od.binNames.clear();
  // Second output channel: Spectral Power
                      = "spectralpower";
  od.name
                      = "Spectral power";
  od.description
  od.unit
  od.hasFixedBinCount = true;
  od.binCount
                      = 1;
  od.hasKnownExtents = false;
                                // could set to true.
  // od.minValue
                      = 0.0;
  // od.maxValue
                      = 1.0;
  od.isQuantized
                      = false;
  // od.quantizeStep = 1.0;
  od.sampleType
                      = OutputDescriptor::OneSamplePerStep;
  // od.sampleRate
                      = 0.0;
  odlist.push back(od);
  // Third output channel: Maximum value as central frequency of max bin.
                      = "rawpitch";
  od.name
  od.description
                      = "HS raw pitch estimate";
  od.unit
  od.hasFixedBinCount = true;
  od.binCount
                      = 1;
  od.hasKnownExtents = false; // could set to true.
  // od.minValue
                      = 0.0;
  // od.maxValue
                      - 1 n:
  od.isQuantized
                      = false;
  // od.quantizeStep = 1.0;
  od.sampleType
                      = OutputDescriptor::OneSamplePerStep;
  // od.sampleRate
                      = 0.0;
  odlist.push_back(od);
  od.binNames.clear();
  // output channel: refined pitch estimate
  // to be added
  return odlist;
// MzHarmonicSpectrum::initialise -- this function is called once
      before the first call to process().
//
//
bool MzHarmonicSpectrum::initialise(size t channels, size t stepsize,
     size_t blocksize) {
  if (channels < getMinChannelCount() || channels > getMaxChannelCount()) {
     return false;
   // step size and block size should never be zero
  if (stepsize <= 0 || blocksize <= 0) {
     return false;
```

```
setStepSize(stepsize);
  setBlockSize(blocksize);
  setChannelCount(channels);
   if (getBlockSize() > mz_transformsize) {
     setBlockSize(mz_transformsize);
  mz method
                  = getParameterInt("method");
  mz_harmonics
                  = getParameterInt("harmonics");
                  = getParameterInt("compress");
  mz_compress
  double minfreq, maxfreq, a440interval;
   a440interval = getParameter("minpitch") - 69.0;
  minfreg = 440.0 * pow(2.0, a440interval / 12.0);
  mz_minbin = int(minfreq * mz_transformsize / getSrate());
   a440interval = getParameter("maxpitch") - 69.0;
  maxfreq = 440.0 * pow(2.0, a440interval / 12.0);
  mz_maxbin = int(maxfreq * mz_transformsize / getSrate() + 0.999);
  if (mz_minbin > mz_maxbin) {
     std::swap(mz_minbin, mz_maxbin);
  if (mz maxbin >= mz transformsize) {
     std::cerr << "MzHarmonicSpectrum::initialize: maxbin size problem"
               << std::endl;
     std::cerr << "MzHarmonicSpectrum::initialize: maxbin = "</pre>
               << mz maxbin << std::endl;
     std::cerr << "MzHarmonicSpectrum::initialize: transformsize = "</pre>
               << mz transformsize << std::endl;
     return false;
  if (mz minbin < 0) {
     std::cerr << "MzHarmonicSpectrum::initialize: minbin size problem"
               << std::endl;
     std::cerr << "MzHarmonicSpectrum::initialize: minbin = "</pre>
               << mz minbin << std::endl;
     return false;
  mz transformer.setSize(mz transformsize);
  mz transformer.zeroSignal();
  mz_windower.setSize(getBlockSize());
  mz_windower.makeWindow("Hann");
  return true;
// MzHarmonicSpectrum::process -- This function is called sequentially on the
     input data, block by block. After the sequence of blocks has been
     processed with process(), the function getRemainingFeatures() will
//
     be called.
//
// Here is a reference chart for the Feature struct:
// .hasTimestamp == If the OutputDescriptor.sampleType is set to
11
                     VariableSampleRate, then this should be "true".
```

```
// .timestamp
                   == The time at which the feature occurs in the time stream.
                   == The float values for the feature. Should match
// .values
                      OD::binCount.
//
// .label
                   == Text associated with the feature (for time instants).
#define sigmoidscale(x,c,w) (1.0/(1.0+exp(-((x)-(c))/((w)/8.0))))
#define NONPEAKFACTOR 0.2
MzHarmonicSpectrum::FeatureSet MzHarmonicSpectrum::process(float **inputbufs,
     Vamp::RealTime timestamp) {
  if (getStepSize() <= 0) {
     std::cerr << "ERROR: MzHarmonicSpectrum::process: "
                << "MzHarmonicSpectrum has not been initialized"
                << std::endl;
     return FeatureSet();
   FeatureSet returnFeatures;
  Feature feature;
  feature.hasTimestamp = false;
  mz_windower.windowNonCausal(mz_transformer, inputbufs[0], getBlockSize());
  mz transformer.doTransform();
   int bincount = mz_maxbin - mz_minbin + 1;
   feature.values.resize(bincount);
   int spectrumsize = mz_transformsize / 2;
   std::vector<double> magnitudespectrum(spectrumsize);
   std::vector<mz complex> complexspectrum(spectrumsize);
   std::vector<int>
                      harmoniccount(bincount);
  int i, j;
   for (i=0; i<bincount; i++) {
     harmoniccount[i] = 0;
   int topbin = mz maxbin * mz harmonics;
   if (topbin >= spectrumsize) {
      topbin = spectrumsize - 1;
  int index;
  std::vector<int> maxpeak(spectrumsize);
  mz_complex complexsum;
  mz complex&cs = complexsum;
  int maxvaluebin = 0;
  double spectralpower = 0.0;
   switch (mz_method) {
      case METHOD_MAGNITUDE_SUMMATION:
         for (i=0; i<spectrumsize; i++) {
           magnitudespectrum[i] = mz_transformer.getSpectrumMagnitude(i);
            if (i > topbin) {
               // won't need the rest of the magnitude spectrum
              break;
```

```
for (i=mz minbin; i<=mz maxbin; i++) {
      feature.values[i - mz minbin] = 0.0;
      for (j=1; j<=mz_harmonics; j++) {</pre>
         index = i*j;
         if (index > spectrumsize) {
            break;
         feature.values[i - mz_minbin] += magnitudespectrum[index];
        harmoniccount[i - mz_minbin]++;
   // convert the harmonic spectrum to db
   for (i=0; i<bincount; i++) {
      if (feature.values[i] <= 0.0) {
         feature.values[i] = -120.0;
      } else {
         spectralpower += feature.values[i] / harmoniccount[i];
         feature.values[i] = 20.0
               * log10(feature.values[i] / harmoniccount[i]);
      if (feature.values[i] > feature.values[maxvaluebin]) {
         maxvaluebin = i;
   break;
case METHOD COMPLEX SUMMATION:
   for (i=0; i<spectrumsize; i++) {
      complexspectrum[i] = mz_transformer.getSpectrum(i);
      if (i > topbin) {
         // won't need the rest of the magnitude spectrum
        break;
   for (i=mz_minbin; i<=mz_maxbin; i++) {</pre>
      complexsum.re = 0.0;
      complexsum.im = 0.0;
      for (j=1; j<=mz_harmonics; j++) {</pre>
         index = i*j;
         if (index > spectrumsize) {
            break;
         complexsum.re += complexspectrum[index].re;
         complexsum.im += complexspectrum[index].im;
        harmoniccount[i - mz_minbin]++;
      feature.values[i - mz_minbin] = sqrt(cs.re*cs.re + cs.im*cs.im);
   // convert the harmonic spectrum to db
   for (i=0; i<bincount; i++) {
      if (feature.values[i] <= 0.0) {
         feature.values[i] = -120.0;
         spectralpower += feature.values[i] / harmoniccount[i];
         feature.values[i] = 20.0
               * log10(feature.values[i] / harmoniccount[i]);
      if (feature.values[i] > feature.values[maxvaluebin]) {
         maxvaluebin = i;
```

```
break;
   case METHOD_MAGNITUDE_PRODUCT:
   default:
      for (i=0; i<spectrumsize; i++) {
         magnitudespectrum[i] = mz_transformer.getSpectrumMagnitude(i);
         if (i > topbin) {
            // won't need the rest of the magnitude spectrum
            break;
      for (i=mz_minbin; i<=mz_maxbin; i++) {</pre>
         feature.values[i - mz_minbin] = 1.0;
         for (j=1; j<=mz harmonics; j++) {
            index = i*j;
            if (index > spectrumsize) {
               break;
            feature.values[i - mz_minbin] *= magnitudespectrum[index];
            harmoniccount[i - mz_minbin]++;
      // convert the harmonic spectrum to db
      for (i=0; i<bincount; i++) {
         if (feature.values[i] <= 0.0) {
            feature.values[i] = -120.0;
            spectralpower += pow(feature.values[i], 1.0/harmoniccount[i]);
            feature.values[i] = 20.0 / harmoniccount[i]
                                * log10(feature.values[i]);
         if (feature.values[i] > feature.values[maxvaluebin]) {
            maxvaluebin = i;
double cen;
if (mz compress) {
   for (i=0; i<bincount; i++) {
      cen = -40.0 * i / bincount;
      feature.values[i] =
            sigmoidscale(feature.values[i], cen, 60);
returnFeatures[0].push_back(feature);
// process the second output from the plugin:
feature.hasTimestamp = false;
feature.values.clear();
feature.values.push_back(spectralpower / (mz_maxbin - mz_minbin + 1));
returnFeatures[1].push back(feature);
```

```
// process the third output from the plugin:
  float pitchestimate = float(maxvaluebin * getSrate() / mz_transformsize);
  feature.hasTimestamp = false;
  feature.values.clear();
  feature.values.push_back(pitchestimate);
  returnFeatures[2].push_back(feature);
  return returnFeatures;
// MzHarmonicSpectrum::getRemainingFeatures -- This function is called
     after the last call to process() on the input data stream has
     been completed. Features which are non-causal can be calculated
     at this point. See the comment above the process() function
//
     for the format of output Features.
//
MzHarmonicSpectrum::FeatureSet MzHarmonicSpectrum::getRemainingFeatures(void) {
  \ensuremath{//} no remaining features, so return a dummy feature
  return FeatureSet();
// MzHarmonicSpectrum::reset -- This function may be called after data
     processing has been started with the process() function. It will
     be called when processing has been interrupted for some reason and
    the processing sequence needs to be restarted (and current analysis
     output thrown out). After this function is called, process() will
     start at the beginning of the input selection as if initialise()
     had just been called. Note, however, that initialise() will NOT
     be called before processing is restarted after a reset().
void MzHarmonicSpectrum::reset(void) {
  // no actions necessary to reset this plugin
// Non-Interface Functions
//
// generateMidiNoteList -- Create a list of pitch names for the
    specified MIDI key number range.
//
void MzHarmonicSpectrum::generateMidiNoteList(std::vector<std::string>& alist,
       int minval, int maxval) {
  alist.clear();
  if (maxval < minval) {
```

```
std::swap(maxval, minval);
int i;
int octave;
int pc;
char buffer[32] = \{0\};
for (i=minval; i<=maxval; i++) {
  octave = i / 12;
  pc = i - octave * 12;
  octave = octave - 1; // Make middle C (60) = C4
  switch (pc) {
     case 0: sprintf(buffer, "C%d", octave); break;
     case 1: sprintf(buffer, "C#%d", octave); break;
      case 2: sprintf(buffer, "D%d", octave); break;
      case 3:
               sprintf(buffer, "D#%d", octave); break;
      case 4:
               sprintf(buffer, "E%d", octave); break;
               sprintf(buffer, "F%d", octave); break;
      case 5:
               sprintf(buffer, "F#%d", octave); break;
      case 7:
               sprintf(buffer, "G%d", octave); break;
      case 8: sprintf(buffer, "G#%d", octave); break;
      case 9: sprintf(buffer, "A%d", octave); break;
     case 10: sprintf(buffer, "A#%d", octave); break;
      case 11: sprintf(buffer, "B%d", octave); break;
     default: sprintf(buffer, "x%d", i);
  alist.push back(buffer);
```