

Class Activity - 2/10/23

**Define what a lambda function does and how it's related to lambda calculus.**

Lambda functions are also called anonymous functions. Lambda functions are often used in functional programming languages and are usually used as a shortcut for defining small functions inline. Lambda functions can also be used within functions. They can be created and used as a way to pass a function as an argument to another function. They are shorter to write compared to defined functions (no need for “def” and “return” for function) and can be written in a single line (ex- `add = lambda x, y: x + y`).

Lambda functions relate to lambda calculus because all functions in lambda calculus are anonymous. In lambda calculus, a lambda function is a function that can take one or more arguments and return a result. Lambda functions are similar. The lambda functions also take a similar notation to that of lambda calculus. For example, lambda calculus  $f(x) = M$  or  $(\lambda x.M)$  looks like this - `lambda x: M` - in python. Though lambda functions are based on the concepts of lambda calculus, they are not necessarily used in the same way or purposes.