

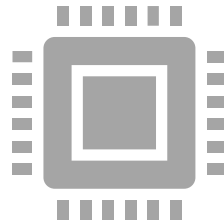


From Code to Cloud: DevOps Pipelines

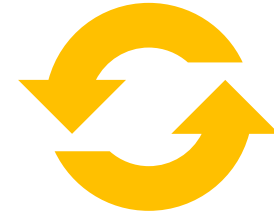
What is DevOps



Bridging the Gap Between
Development and Operations



It is set of best practices that combines
both Software Development(Dev) and
IT Operations(Ops)



It also delivers high quality in short
development cycle

Why DevOps

Challenges in Traditional Software Development:

- Slow release cycles
- Lack of collaboration between teams
- High failure rates in deployments



Benefits of DevOps:

- Faster time to market
- Improved collaboration and communication
- Higher quality and reliability of software

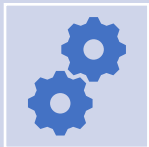
How DevOps Solves the Problem



Continuous Integration (CI):

Regularly integrating code changes into a shared repository

Automated testing to detect issues early



Continuous Deployment (CD):

Automated deployment of code to production

Reducing manual intervention and errors



Infrastructure as Code (IaC):

Managing and provisioning infrastructure through code

Ensuring consistency and repeatability

Tools Involved in DevOps

- **Version Control:** Git, GitHub
- **CI/CD:** Github Actions, Jenkins, Travis CI, CircleCI, ArgoCD
- **Configuration Management:** Terraform, Ansible, Puppet, Chef
- **Containerization:** Docker, Kubernetes
- **Monitoring and Logging:** Grafana, Loki, Prometheus, ELK Stack (Elasticsearch, Logstash, Kibana)

Impact of DevOps



On Development Teams:

Increased productivity and efficiency
Better quality of code and fewer bugs



On Operations Teams:

More stable and reliable systems
Faster recovery from failures



On Business:

Faster delivery of features and updates
Higher customer satisfaction

Case Study - OpenAI

- We've scaled Kubernetes clusters to 7,500 nodes, producing a scalable infrastructure for large models like GPT-3([opens in a new window](#)), CLIP, and DALL·E, but also for rapid small-scale iterative research such as Scaling Laws for Neural Language Models([opens in a new window](#)).
- We've found Kubernetes to be an exceptionally flexible platform for our research needs. It has the ability to scale up to meet the most demanding workloads we've put on it. There are many areas yet though where it needs improvement, and the Supercomputing team at OpenAI will continue to explore how Kubernetes can scale. If this kind of work seems interesting, you should consider applying at OpenAI!

References:

- <https://openai.com/index/scaling-kubernetes-to-7500-nodes/>
- <https://kubernetes.io/case-studies/openai/>

Conclusion



DevOps is essential for modern software development



It fosters collaboration, automation, and continuous improvement



Q&A

Floor is open for any questions from
the audience

