# A Handbook of Statistical Analyses Using ${\sf R}$

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#### CHAPTER 11

### Analysing Longitudinal Data II – Generalised Estimation Equations: Treating Respiratory Illness and Epileptic Seizures

#### 11.1 Introduction

#### 11.2 Generalised Estimating Equations

#### 11.3 Analysis Using R

11.3.1 Beat the Blues Revisited

To use the gee function, package gee (Carey et al., 2006) has to be installed and attached:

```
R> library("gee")
```

The gee function is used in a similar way to the lme function met in Chapter 10, with the addition of the features of the glm function that specify the appropriate error distribution for the response and the implied link function, and an argument to specify the structure of the working correlation matrix. Here we will fit an independence structure and then an exchangeable structure. The R code for fitting generalised estimation equations to the BtheB\_long data (as constructed in Chapter 10, with idenity working correlation matrix is as follows (note that the gee function assumes the rows of the data.frame BtheB\_long to be ordered with respect to subjects)

The summary method can be used to inspect the fitted models; the results are shown in Figures 11.1 and 11.2

```
R> summary(btb_gee)
 GEE: GENERALIZED LINEAR MODELS FOR DEPENDENT DATA
 gee S-function, version 4.13 modified 98/01/27 (1998)
Model:
 Link:
                           Identity
 Variance to Mean Relation: Gaussian
 Correlation Structure:
                           Independent
gee(formula = bdi ~ bdi.pre + treatment + length + drug, id = subject,
    data = BtheB_long, family = gaussian, corstr = "independence")
Summary of Residuals:
                            Median
                    10
-21.6497810 -5.8485100
                         0.1131663
                                     5.5838383 28.1871039
Coefficients:
                Estimate Naive S.E.
                                     Naive z Robust S.E.
(Intercept)
               3.5686314 1.4833349 2.405816 2.26947617
               bdi.pre
                          1.1295569 -2.865928 1.77459534
1.1380277 1.280916 1.48255866
treatmentBtheB -3.2372285
               1.4577182
lenath>6m
                          1.1766321 -3.179667 1.78271179
              -3.7412982
drugYes
                Robust z
(Intercept)
bdi.pre
                6.3545274
treatmentBtheB -1.8242066
length>6m
               0.9832449
drugYes
              -2.0986557
Estimated Scale Parameter: 79.25813
Number of Iterations: 1
Working Correlation
     [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4]
[1,]
            0
                      0
                 0
                      0
[2,]
            1
                 0
[3,]
        0
             0
                 0
```

Figure 11.1 R output of the summary method for the btb\_gee model.

#### 11.3.2 Respiratory Illness

The baseline status, i.e., the status for month == 0, will enter the models as an explanatory variable and thus we have to rearrange the *data.frame* respiratory in order to create a new variable baseline:

```
R> data("respiratory", package = "HSAUR")
R> resp <- subset(respiratory, month > "0")
R> resp$baseline <- rep(subset(respiratory, month == "0")$status, rep(4, 111))
R> resp$nstat <- as.numeric(resp$status == "good")</pre>
```

The new variable **nstat** is simply a dummy coding for a poor respiratory status. Now we can use the data **resp** to fit a logistic regression model and GEE models with an independent and an exchangeable correlation structure as follows;

#### R> summary(btb\_gee1) GEE: GENERALIZED LINEAR MODELS FOR DEPENDENT DATA gee S-function, version 4.13 modified 98/01/27 (1998) Model: Link: Tdentity Variance to Mean Relation: Gaussian Correlation Structure: Exchangeable gee(formula = bdi ~ bdi.pre + treatment + length + drug, id = subject, data = BtheB\_long, family = gaussian, corstr = "exchangeable") Summary of Residuals: Median -23.955980 -6.643864 -1.109741 4.257688 25.452310 Coefficients: Estimate Naive S.E. Naive z Robust S.E. 3.0231602 2.30390185 1.31219140 2.23204410 (Intercept) 0.6479276 0.08228567 7.87412417 0.08351405 bdi.pre treatmentBtheB -2.1692863 1.76642861 -1.22806339 1.73614385 length>6m -0.1112910 1.73091679 -0.06429596 1.55092705 length>6m -2.9995608 1.82569913 -1.64296559 1.73155411 drugYes Robust z 1.3544357 (Intercept) bdi.pre 7.7583066 treatmentBtheB -1.2494854 length>6m -0.0717577 -1.7322940drugYes Estimated Scale Parameter: 81.7349 Number of Iterations: 5 Working Correlation [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [1,] 1.0000000 0.6757951 0.6757951 0.6757951 [2,] 0.6757951 1.0000000 0.6757951 0.6757951 [3,] 0.6757951 0.6757951 1.0000000 0.6757951 [4,] 0.6757951 0.6757951 0.6757951 1.0000000

Figure 11.2 R output of the summary method for the btb\_gee1 model.

```
R> summary(resp_glm)
Call:
glm(formula = status ~ centre + treatment + sex + baseline +
   age, family = "binomial", data = resp)
Deviance Residuals:
             1Q Median
                               3Q
   Min
                                      Max
-2.3146 -0.8551
                         0.8953 1.9246
                  0.4336
Coefficients:
                  (Intercept)
centre2
                                       5.486 4.12e-08 ***
treatmenttreatment 1.299216
                             0.236841
                                       0.405 0.68572
7.800 6.20e-15 ***
sexmale
                  0.119244
                             0.294671
baselinegood
                   1.882029
                             0.241290
                  Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
(Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
Null deviance: 608.93 on 443 degrees of freedom
Residual deviance: 483.22 on 438 degrees of freedom
AIC: 495.22
Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
```

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Figure~11.3 & {\sf R}~output~of~the~summary~method~for~the~resp\_glm~model.} \end{tabular}$ 

0

[4,]

0

0

```
R> summary(resp_gee1)
 GEE: GENERALIZED LINEAR MODELS FOR DEPENDENT DATA
 gee S-function, version 4.13 modified 98/01/27 (1998)
Model:
 Link:
                                Logit
 Variance to Mean Relation: Binomial
 Correlation Structure:
                                Independent
gee(formula = nstat ~ centre + treatment + sex + baseline + age,
   id = subject, data = resp, family = "binomial", corstr = "independence",
   scale.fix = TRUE, scale.value = 1)
Summary of Residuals:
         Min
                      10
                                 Median
-0.93134415 -0.30623174 0.08973552 0.33018952 0.84307712
Coefficients:
                         Estimate Naive S.E.
                                                    Naive z
(Intercept)
                      -0.90017133 0.337653052 -2.665965
                      0.67160098 0.239566599 2.803400
1.29921589 0.236841017 5.485603
centre2
treatmenttreatment 1.29921589 0.236841017
                      0.11924365 0.294671045 0.404667
sexmale
baseline good
                       1.88202860 0.241290221 7.799854
                      -0.01816588 0.008864403 -2.049306
age
                      Robust S.E.
                                     Robust z
(Intercept)
                      0.46032700 -1.9555041
centre2 0.35681913 1.8821889
treatmenttreatment 0.35077797 3.7038127
                       0.35077797 3.7038127
0.44320235 0.2690501
sexmale
                       0.35005152 5.3764332
baselinegood
                       0.01300426 -1.3969169
Estimated Scale Parameter: 1
Number of Iterations: 1
Working Correlation
      [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4]
               0
                     0
[2,]
         0
               1
                     0
                           0
               0
[3,]
         0
                           0
```

Figure 11.4 R output of the summary method for the resp\_gee1 model.

#### R> summary(resp\_gee2)

```
GEE: GENERALIZED LINEAR MODELS FOR DEPENDENT DATA
 gee S-function, version 4.13 modified 98/01/27 (1998)
Model:
 Link .
                                Logit
 Variance to Mean Relation: Binomial
 Correlation Structure:
                               Exchangeable
gee(formula = nstat ~ centre + treatment + sex + baseline + age,
id = subject, data = resp, family = "binomial", corstr = "exchangeable",
scale.fix = TRUE, scale.value = 1)
Summary of Residuals:
        Min
                       10
                                Median
-0.93134415 -0.30623174 0.08973552 0.33018952 0.84307712
Coefficients:
                        Estimate Naive S.E.
(Intercept)
                     -0.90017133 0.4784634 -1.8813796
centre2
                      0.67160098 0.3394723 1.9783676
treatmenttreatment 1.29921589 0.3356101 3.8712064
                      0.11924365 0.4175568 0.2855747
sexmale
                      1.88202860 0.3419147 5.5043802
baselinegood
                     -0.01816588 0.0125611 -1.4462014
age
                     Robust S.E.
                                     Robust z
                      0.46032700 -1.9555041
(Intercept)
centre2
                      0.35681913 1.8821889
treatmenttreatment 0.35077797 3.7038127
sexmale 0.44320235 0.2690501
                      0.35005152 5.3764332
baselinegood
                      0.01300426 -1.3969169
Estimated Scale Parameter: 1
Number of Iterations: 1
Working Correlation
           [,1]
                       [,2]
[1,] 1.0000000 0.3359883 0.3359883 0.3359883
[2,] 0.3359883 1.0000000 0.3359883 0.3359883 [3,] 0.3359883 0.3359883 1.0000000 0.3359883
[4,] 0.3359883 0.3359883 0.3359883 1.0000000
```

Figure 11.5 R output of the summary method for the resp\_gee2 model.

The estimated treatment effect taken from the exchangeable structure GEE model is 1.299 which, using the robust standard errors, has an associated 95% confidence interval

These values reflect effects on the log-odds scale. Interpretation becomes simpler if we exponentiate the values to get the effects in terms of odds. This gives a treatment effect of 3.666 and a 95% confidence interval of

R> data("epilepsy", package = "HSAUR")

The odds of achieving a 'good' respiratory status with the active treatment is between about twice and seven times the corresponding odds for the placebo.

#### 11.3.3 Epilepsy

Moving on to the count data in epilepsy from Table ??, we begin by calculating the means and variances of the number of seizures for all treatment / period interactions

```
R> itp <- interaction(epilepsy$treatment, epilepsy$period)
R> tapply(epilepsy$seizure.rate, itp, mean)

placebo.1 Progabide.1 placebo.2 Progabide.2 placebo.3
 9.357143 8.580645 8.285714 8.419355 8.785714

Progabide.3 placebo.4 Progabide.4
 8.129032 7.964286 6.709677

R> tapply(epilepsy$seizure.rate, itp, var)
```

```
placebo.1 Progabide.1 placebo.2 Progabide.2 placebo.3 102.75661 332.71828 66.65608 140.65161 215.28571 Progabide.3 placebo.4 Progabide.4 193.04946 58.18386 126.87957
```

Some of the variances are considerably larger than the corresponding means, which for a Poisson variable may suggest that overdispersion may be a problem, see Chapter ??.

We can now fit a Poisson regression model to the data assuming independence using the  ${\tt glm}$  function. We also use the GEE approach to fit an independence structure, followed by an exchangeable structure using the following R code:

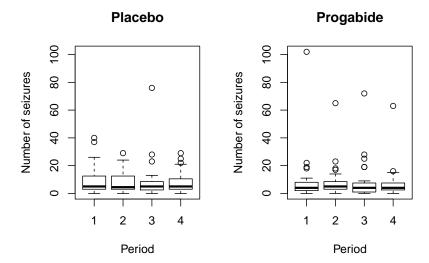
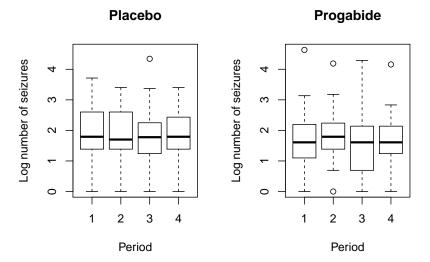


Figure 11.6 Boxplots of numbers of seizures in each two-week period post randomisation for placebo and active treatments.



**Figure 11.7** Boxplots of log of numbers of seizures in each two-week period post randomisation for placebo and active treatments.

```
+ id = subject, corstr = "exchangeable", scale.fix = FALSE,
+ scale.value = 1)
```

As usual we inspect the fitted models using the summary method, the results are given in Figures 11.8, 11.9, 11.10, and 11.11.

#### R> summary(epilepsy\_glm)

Figure 11.8 R output of the summary method for the epilepsy\_glm model.

#### R> summary(epilepsy\_gee1)

```
GEE: GENERALIZED LINEAR MODELS FOR DEPENDENT DATA
 gee S-function, version 4.13 modified 98/01/27 (1998)
Model:
                           Logarithm
Link:
 Variance to Mean Relation: Poisson
 Correlation Structure:
                           Independent
Summary of Residuals:
      Min
                  10
                         Median
-4.9195387 0.1808059 1.7073405 4.8850644 69.9658560
Coefficients:
                     Estimate
                               Naive S.E.
                                              Naive z
(Intercept)
                   -0.13061561 0.1356191185 -0.9631062
base
                   0.02265174 0.0005093011 44.4761250
age 0.02274013 0.0040239970 5.6511312 treatmentProgabide -0.15270095 0.0478051054 -3.1942393
                  Robust S.E. Robust z
(Intercept)
                  0.365148155 -0.3577058
                  0.001235664 18.3316325
base
age
                  0.011580405 1.9636736
treatmentProgabide 0.171108915 -0.8924196
Estimated Scale Parameter: 1
Number of Iterations: 1
Working Correlation
     [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4]
          0
                 0
                      0
[2,]
[3,]
                 0
        0
            7
                      0
             0
        0
                      0
        0
             0
                 0
[4,]
```

Figure 11.9 R output of the summary method for the epilepsy\_gee1 model.

#### R> summary(epilepsy\_gee2)

```
GEE: GENERALIZED LINEAR MODELS FOR DEPENDENT DATA
 gee S-function, version 4.13 modified 98/01/27 (1998)
Model:
                                Logarithm
 Link.
 Variance to Mean Relation: Poisson
 Correlation Structure:
                               Exchangeable
gee(formula = fm, id = subject, data = epilepsy, family = "poisson",
corstr = "exchangeable", scale.fix = TRUE, scale.value = 1)
Summary of Residuals:
        Min
                      10
                              Median
-4.9195387 0.1808059 1.7073405 4.8850644 69.9658560
Coefficients:
                         Estimate Naive S.E.
                                                       Naive z
(Intercept)
                      -0.13061561 0.2004416507 -0.6516391
base
                       0.02265174 0.0007527342 30.0926122
age 0.02274013 0.0059473665 3.8235638 treatmentProgabide -0.15270095 0.0706547450 -2.1612270
                     Robust S.E. Robust z
(Intercept)
                      0.365148155 -0.3577058
                      0.001235664 18.3316325
base
age
                      0.011580405 1.9636736
treatmentProgabide 0.171108915 -0.8924196
Estimated Scale Parameter: 1
Number of Iterations: 1
Working Correlation
            [,1]
                       [,2]
[1,] 1.0000000 0.3948033 0.3948033 0.3948033
[2,] 0.3948033 1.0000000 0.3948033 0.3948033 [3,] 0.3948033 0.3948033 1.0000000 0.3948033
[4,] 0.3948033 0.3948033 0.3948033 1.0000000
```

Figure 11.10 R output of the summary method for the epilepsy\_gee2 model.

#### R> summary(epilepsy\_gee3)

```
GEE: GENERALIZED LINEAR MODELS FOR DEPENDENT DATA
 gee S-function, version 4.13 modified 98/01/27 (1998)
Model:
                              Logarithm
Link:
 Variance to Mean Relation: Poisson
 Correlation Structure:
                             Exchangeable
Summary of Residuals:
       Min
                    10
                            Median
-4.9195387 0.1808059 1.7073405 4.8850644 69.9658560
Coefficients:
                       Estimate Naive S.E.
                                                 Naive z
                    -0.13061561 0.45219954 -0.2888451 0.02265174 0.00169818 13.3388301
(Intercept)
base
age 0.02274013 0.01341735 1.6948302 treatmentProgabide -0.15270095 0.15939823 -0.9579840
                    Robust S.E. Robust z
(Intercept)
                    0.365148155 -0.3577058
                    0.001235664 18.3316325
base
age
                    0.011580405 1.9636736
treatmentProgabide 0.171108915 -0.8924196
Estimated Scale Parameter: 5.089608
Number of Iterations: 1
Working Correlation
           [,1]
                     [,2]
[1,] 1.0000000 0.3948033 0.3948033 0.3948033
[2,] 0.3948033 1.0000000 0.3948033 0.3948033 [3,] 0.3948033 0.3948033 1.0000000 0.3948033 [4,] 0.3948033 0.3948033 0.3948033 1.0000000
```

Figure 11.11 R output of the summary method for the epilepsy\_gee3 model.



## Bibliography

Carey, V. J., Lumley, T., and Ripley, B. D. (2006), gee: Generalized Estimation Equation Solver, URL http://CRAN.R-project.org, R package version 4.13-13.