ICESat-2 Virtual File System Orbits

In this third vignette I'll make use of the GDAL Virtual File Systems to download nominal and time specific orbit data (from the ICESat-2 Technical Specs website) for an Area of Interest (AOI). This will allow me to reduce the download and computation time once I make the requests to the OpenAltimetry API.

The area of interest is the **Himalayas mountain range** which has some of the *highest peaks* in the world, including *mount Everest*. The following map shows the bounding box area that I'll use in this vignette,

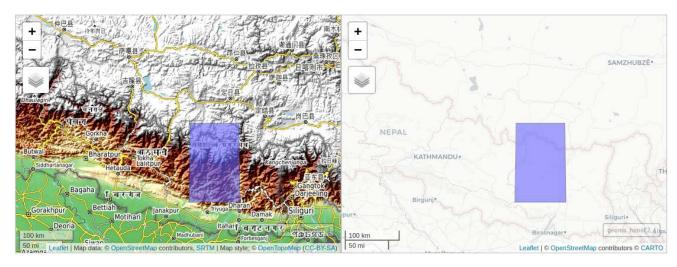


Figure 1: Area of Interest

First, we load the data,

```
pkgs = c('IceSat2R', 'magrittr', 'sf', 'mapview', 'leaflet')
load_pkgs = lapply(pkgs, require, character.only = TRUE) # load required R packages
geoms_himal_pth = system.file('data_files', 'vignette_data', 'himalayas.RDS', package = "IceSat2R")
geoms_himal = readRDS(geoms_himal_pth)
geoms_himal
# Simple feature collection with 2 features and 1 field
# Geometry type: POLYGON
# Dimension:
# Bounding box:
                 xmin: 86.35254 ymin: 26.95635 xmax: 87.29736 ymax: 28.25842
# CRS:
                 EPSG: 4326
    area\_size
                                    geometry
# 1
        small POLYGON ((86.36902 27.66164...
          big POLYGON ((86.35254 26.95635...
```

Since the *Himalayas mountain range* is located in the *Eastern Hemisphere* we'll pick this as an area when calling the *IceSat2R::vsi_nominal_orbits_wkt()* function. Moreover, we'll iterate over all 8 available repeats for the *Eastern Hemisphere* to retrieve the *Reference Ground Tracks (RGTs)* of the AOI based on the nominal orbits,

```
sf_wkt = sf::st_geometry(subset(geoms_himal, area_size == 'big'))
centr wkt = sf::st coordinates(sf::st centroid(sf wkt))
dat wkt = sf::st as text(sf wkt)
lst_out = list()
for (iter in 1:8) {
                           # iterate over all available repeats
  cat(paste0(iter, '.'))
 dat_iter = IceSat2R::vsi_nominal_orbits_wkt(orbit_area = 'eastern_hemisphere',
                                              track = 'GT7',
                                              rgt_repeat = iter,
                                              wkt_filter = dat_wkt,
                                              download_method = 'curl',
                                              download_zip = FALSE,
                                              verbose = TRUE)
 lst_out[[iter]] = dat_iter
# 1. The available Icesat-2 orbits will be red from 'https://icesat-2.gsfc.nasa.gov/ ...
# Access the data of the technical specs website ...
# Extract the .zip files and the corresponding titles ...
# Keep the relevant data from the url's and titles ...
# Process the nominal and time specific orbits separately ...
# Adjust the Dates of the time specific orbits ...
# Create the nominal orbits data.table ...
# Create the time specific orbits data.table ...
# Return a single data.table ...
# ......
# 8. The available Icesat-2 orbits will be red from 'https://icesat-2.qsfc.nasa.qov/ ...
# Access the data of the technical specs website ...
# Elapsed time: O hours and O minutes and 2 seconds.
# Data based on repeat and track will be kept ...
# Data based on repeat and track will be kept ...
# The file 'EasternHem repeat8 GT7.kmz' will be processed ...
# Total Elapsed time: O hours and O minutes and 5 seconds.
lst out = unlist(lst out, recursive = F)
unq_rgts = as.vector(unique(unlist(lapply(lst_out, function(x) x$RGT))))
unq_rgts
                                                 "866" "1041" "1308" "1247"
# [1] "96"
              "157" "363" "538"
                                   "599"
                                          "805"
```

For this specific use case we are interested in ICESat-2 data for a specific time period,

• from '2020-01-01' to '2021-01-01' (1-year's data)

Therefore, we'll make use of the *IceSat2R::vsi_time_specific_orbits_wkt()* function which queries all 15 *ICESat-2 RGTs cycles* (as of March 2022) to come to the RGTs intersection for the specified 1-year time interval,

```
date_start = '2020-01-01'
date_end = '2021-01-01'
orb_cyc_multi = IceSat2R::vsi_time_specific_orbits_wkt(date_from = date_start,
                                                    date_to = date_end,
                                                    RGTs = unq_rgts,
                                                    wkt_filter = dat_wkt,
                                                    verbose = TRUE)
# The available Icesat-2 orbits will be red from 'https://icesat-2.qsfc.nasa.qov/ ...
# Access the data of the technical specs website ...
\# Extract the .zip files and the corresponding titles ...
# Keep the relevant data from the url's and titles ...
# Process the nominal and time specific orbits separately ...
# Adjust the Dates of the time specific orbits ...
# Create the nominal orbits data.table ...
# Create the time specific orbits data.table ...
# Return a single data.table ...
# Elapsed time: O hours and O minutes and O seconds.
# In total there are 5 intersected dates for which data will be processed!
# The RGT cycles from which data will be processed are:
          RGT_cycle_6, RGT_cycle_7, RGT_cycle_8, RGT_cycle_9, RGT_cycle_10
# RGTs of cycle 'RGT_cycle_6' will be processed ...
# -----
# The 'sf' gdalinfo returned an empty character string! Attempt to read the url using
     the OS configured 'qdalinfo' function ...
# The internal type of the .zip file is 'kml'
\# The 'https://icesat-2.gsfc.nasa.gov/sites/default/files/page_files/IS2_RGTs_cycle6\dots'
      'zip' file includes 1387 'kml' files.
# Elapsed time: O hours and O minutes and 8 seconds.
# 6 out of 10 sublists were empty and will be removed!
# -----
# RGTs of cycle 'RGT_cycle_7' will be processed ...
# ......
# RGTs of cycle 'RGT_cycle_10' will be processed ...
# -----
# The 'sf' gdalinfo returned an empty character string! Attempt to read the url using th ...
       'qdalinfo' function ...
# The internal type of the .zip file is 'kml'
\# The 'https://icesat-2.gsfc.nasa.gov/sites/default/files/page_files/IS2_RGTs_cycle10_date \dots
       'zip' file includes 1387 'kml' files.
# Elapsed time: O hours and O minutes and 6 seconds.
# 6 out of 10 sublists were empty and will be removed!
# In total 5 RGT cycles will be included in the output 'sf' object (RGT_cycle_6, RGT_cycle_7,
      RGT_cycle_8, RGT_cycle_9, RGT_cycle_10)!
# output of 'RGT_cycle_6' will be re-formatted ...
# The 'description' column of the output data will be processed ...
# output of 'RGT_cycle_7' will be re-formatted ...
```

```
# The 'description' column of the output data will be processed ...
# output of 'RGT_cycle_8' will be re-formatted ...
# The 'description' column of the output data will be processed ...
# output of 'RGT_cycle_9' will be re-formatted ...
# The 'description' column of the output data will be processed ...
# output of 'RGT_cycle_10' will be re-formatted ...
# The 'description' column of the output data will be processed ...
# Total Elapsed time: O hours and 2 minutes and 37 seconds.
```

The query returns 18 different Date-Time matches for our defined 1-year time period,

```
orb_cyc_multi
# Simple feature collection with 18 features and 14 fields
# Geometry type: POINT
# Dimension:
               XY
# Bounding box: xmin: 86.45225 ymin: 27.09347 xmax: 87.22874 ymax: 27.11331
# CRS:
               EPSG:4326
# First 10 features:
    .... drawOrder icon RGT
                                    Date_time day_of_year cycle
                                                                                geometry
# 1 .... NA <NA> 96 2020-01-02 00:37:11 2 6 POINT (86.97015 27.10272)
# 2 ....
              NA <NA> 538 2020-01-30 23:13:14
                                                      30
                                                             6 POINT (87.22874 27.09347)
# 3 ....
              NA <NA> 599 2020-02-03 23:04:54
                                                     34 6 POINT (86.45225 27.11331)
                                                            6 POINT (86.71086 27.1045)
              NA <NA> 1041 2020-03-03 21:40:57
                                                      63
# 4 ....
# 5 ....
              NA <NA>
                        96 2020-04-01 20:17:02
                                                      92
                                                             7 POINT (87.09815 27.08729)
                                                            7 POINT (86.58026 27.09789)
# 6 ....
             NA <NA> 599 2020-05-04 18:44:45
                                                      125
             NA <NA> 1041 2020-06-02 17:20:48
NA <NA> 96 2020-07-01 15:56:55
# 7 ....
                                                      154
                                                            7 POINT (86.83886 27.08907)
# 8 ....
                                                      183
                                                            8 POINT (87.00215 27.09888)
             NA <NA> 538 2020-07-30 14:32:58
                                                      212
                                                            8 POINT (87.26075 27.08963)
# 9 ....
             NA <NA> 599 2020-08-03 14:24:38
                                                              8 POINT (86.48426 27.10947)
# 10 ....
                                                      216
```

We'll use the mapview R package to visualize our AOI bounding box with the intersected time-specific RGTs,

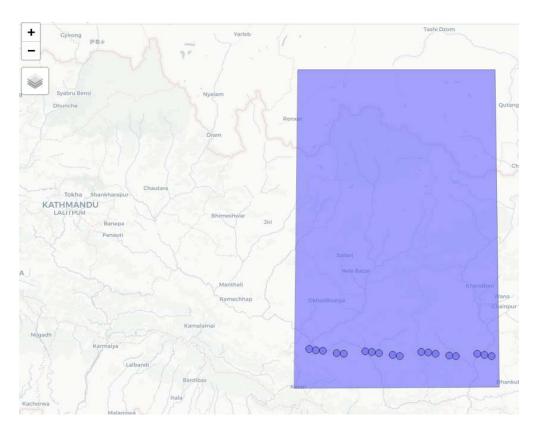


Figure 2: Intersected RGTs

The output of ' $vsi_time_specific_orbits_wkt()$ ' can be verified with the OpenAltimetry's 'getTracks()' function,

```
bbx_aoi = sf::st_bbox(obj = sf_wkt)
dtbl_rgts = verify_RGTs(nsidc_rgts = orb_cyc_multi,
                         bbx_aoi = bbx_aoi,
                         verbose = TRUE)
dtbl_rgts
       {\it Date\_time~RGT\_OpenAlt~RGT\_NSIDC}
#
  1: 2020-01-02
                           96
                                      96
#
  2: 2020-01-30
                          538
                                     538
                                     599
#
  3: 2020-02-03
                          599
#
  4: 2020-03-03
                                    1041
                         1041
#
  5: 2020-04-01
                           96
                                     96
  6: 2020-05-04
                          599
                                     599
#
#
  7: 2020-06-02
                         1041
                                    1041
  8: 2020-07-01
                           96
                                     96
  9: 2020-07-30
                          538
                                     538
# 10: 2020-08-03
                          599
                                    599
# 11: 2020-09-01
                         1041
                                    1041
# 12: 2020-09-30
                           96
                                     96
# 13: 2020-11-02
                          599
                                     599
# 14: 2020-12-01
                         1041
                                    1041
# 15: 2020-12-30
                           96
                                      96
```

# 16	6: 2021-01-28	538	538
# 1'	7: 2021-02-01	599	599
# 18	8: 2021-03-02	1041	1041