ICESat-2 Atlas Products

This second vignette relies on the computation of time specific orbits (as was the case in the first vignette too) and explains how to use the 'atl06' ATLAS OpenAltimetry product (additional use cases can be found in the Examples section of the R package documentation). We'll restrict the Area of Interest (AOI) to one of the Global glaciated areas and specifically to the Greenland Ice Sheet, which is the second-largest ice body in the world, after the Antarctic ice sheet.

Based on the OpenAltimetry documentation for the ATL06 (ATLAS/ICESat-2 L3A Land Ice Height, Version 4) Product, "This data set (ATL06) provides geolocated, land-ice surface heights (above the WGS 84 ellipsoid, ITRF2014 reference frame), plus ancillary parameters that can be used to interpret and assess the quality of the height estimates."

We'll use 2 different time periods of the year (winter and summer) to observe potential differences on the East part of the 'Greenland Ice Sheet' using the Land Ice Height (ATL06) Product and specifically we'll use,

- for the winter (2020, 2021) the RGT_cycle_9 and RGT_cycle_10 (from 2020-12-15 to 2021-02-15)
- for the summer (2021) the RGT_cycle_11 and RGT_cycle_12 (from 2021-06-15 to 2021-08-15)

First, we'll compute the time specific orbits for both periods,

```
# The .zip file of 'RGT_cycle_9' will be downloaded ...
# -----
  % Total % Received % Xferd Average Speed Time
                                                      Time
                                                               Time Current
#
                                Dload Upload Total Spent
                                                               Left Speed
# 100 140M 100 140M 0 0 3662k 0 0:00:39 0:00:39 --:--- 2904k
# The downloaded .zip file will be extracted in the '/tmp/RtmpPleeLI/RGT_cycle_9' directory .
# Download and unzip the RGT_cycle_9 .zip file: Elapsed time: O hours and O minutes and 41 sec
# 138 .kml files will be processed ...
# Parallel processing of 138 .kml files using 8 threads starts ...
# The 'description' column of the output data will be processed ...
# The temproary files will be removed ...
# Processing of cycle 'RGT_cycle_9': Elapsed time: O hours and 1 minutes and 9 seconds.
# The .zip file of 'RGT_cycle_10' will be downloaded ...
  % Total % Received % Xferd Average Speed Time
                                                      Time
                                                              Time Current
                               Dload Upload Total Spent
                                                             Left Speed
# 100 140M 100 140M 0
                             0 3795k 0 0:00:37 0:00:37 --:-- 3841k
# The downloaded .zip file will be extracted in the '/tmp/RtmpPleeLI/RGT_cycle_10' directory .
# Download and unzip the RGT_cycle_10 .zip file: Elapsed time: O hours and O minutes and 40 sec
# 824 .kml files will be processed ...
# Parallel processing of 824 .kml files using 8 threads starts ...
# The 'description' column of the output data will be processed ...
# The temproary files will be removed ...
# Processing of cycle 'RGT_cycle_10': Elapsed time: 0 hours and 7 minutes and 53 seconds.
# Total Elapsed time: O hours and 10 minutes and 25 seconds.
rgt_winter
```

```
# Simple feature collection with 91390 features and 14 fields
# Geometry type: POINT
# Dimension:
# Bounding box: xmin: -179.9029 ymin: -87.66478 xmax: 179.9718 ymax: 87.32805
               4326
# CRS:
# First 10 features:
# Name timestamp begin end altitudeMode tessellate extrude visibility drawOrder icon RGT
# 1
             <NA> <NA> <NA> clampToGround
                                              -1 O
                                                                 1
                                                                          NA <NA> 1250
# 2
                                                       0
             <NA> <NA> <NA> clampToGround
                                               -1
                                                                  1
                                                                         NA <NA> 1250
# 3
             <NA> <NA> <NA> clampToGround
                                               -1
                                                       0
                                                                 1
                                                                         NA <NA> 1250
# 4
             <NA> <NA> <NA> clampToGround
                                               -1
                                                       0
                                                                         NA <NA> 1250
                                                                 1
# 5
             <NA> <NA> <NA> clampToGround
                                                -1
                                                       0
                                                                 1
                                                                         NA <NA> 1250
                                                      0
                                                                1
# 6
             <NA> <NA> <NA> clampToGround
                                               -1
                                                                         NA <NA> 1250
# 7
             <NA> <NA> <NA> clampToGround
                                               -1
                                                       0
                                                                 1
                                                                         NA <NA> 1250
# 8
             <NA> <NA> <NA> clampToGround
                                               -1
                                                       0
                                                                 1
                                                                         NA <NA> 1250
# 9
             <NA> <NA> <NA> clampToGround
                                                -1
                                                        0
                                                                  1
                                                                         NA <NA> 1250
# 10
             <NA> <NA> <NA> clampToGround
                                               -1
                                                        0
                                                                        NA <NA> 1250
```

for the winter period, it took approximately 10 min. to download and process the 962 .kml files utilizing 8 threads and then return an 'sf' (simple features) object. We'll do the same for the summer period,

```
#.....# summer (2021)
```

```
#......
start date s = "2021-06-15"
end date s = "2021-08-15"
rgt_summer = time_specific_orbits(date_from = start_date_s,
                             date_to = end_date_s,
                             RGT_cycle = NULL,
                             download method = 'curl',
                             threads = parallel::detectCores(),
                             verbose = TRUE)
# ICESAT-2 orbits: 'Earliest-Date' is '2018-10-13' 'Latest-Date' is '2022-06-21'
# -----
# The .zip file of 'RGT_cycle_11' will be downloaded ...
# -----
# % Total % Received % Xferd Average Speed Time
                                                   Time
                                                          Time Current
                              Dload Upload Total Spent Left Speed
# 100 140M 100 140M 0 0 3440k 0 0:00:41 0:00:41 --:-- 4227k
# The downloaded .zip file will be extracted in the '/tmp/RtmpPleeLI/RGT_cycle_11' directory .
# Download and unzip the RGT_cycle_11 .zip file: Elapsed time: O hours and O minutes and 44 sec
# 142 .kml files will be processed ...
# Parallel processing of 142 .kml files using 8 threads starts ...
# The 'description' column of the output data will be processed ...
# The temproary files will be removed ...
# Processing of cycle 'RGT_cycle_11': Elapsed time: 0 hours and 1 minutes and 30 seconds.
# The .zip file of 'RGT_cycle_12' will be downloaded ...
# % Total % Received % Xferd Average Speed Time Time
                                                          Time Current
                             Dload Upload Total Spent Left Speed
# 100 140M 100 140M 0
                           0 3204k 0:00:44 0:00:44 --:-- 2333k
\# The downloaded .zip file will be extracted in the '/tmp/RtmpPleeLI/RGT_cycle_12' directory .
# Download and unzip the RGT_cycle_12 .zip file: Elapsed time: O hours and O minutes and 47 sec
# 820 .kml files will be processed ...
# Parallel processing of 820 .kml files using 8 threads starts ...
# The 'description' column of the output data will be processed ...
# The temproary files will be removed ...
# Processing of cycle 'RGT_cycle_12': Elapsed time: 0 hours and 8 minutes and 20 seconds.
# Total Elapsed time: O hours and 11 minutes and 22 seconds.
rgt_summer
# Simple feature collection with 89965 features and 14 fields
# Geometry type: POINT
# Dimension: XY
# Bounding box: xmin: -179.9861 ymin: -87.66478 xmax: 179.9393 ymax: 87.32805
# CRS:
# First 10 features:
# Name timestamp begin end altitudeMode tessellate extrude visibility drawOrder icon RGT
           # 1
# 2
            <NA> <NA> <NA> clampToGround
                                             -1
                                                     0
                                                              1
                                                                      NA <NA> 1256
                                                              1 NA <NA> 1256
                                          -1 0
          <NA> <NA> <NA> clampToGround
# 3
```

```
# 4
               <NA> <NA> <NA> clampToGround
                                                                                  NA <NA> 1256
# 5
               <NA> <NA> <NA> clampToGround
                                                     -1
                                                              0
                                                                         1
                                                                                  NA <NA> 1256
# 6
               <NA> <NA> <NA> clampToGround
                                                     -1
                                                              0
                                                                         1
                                                                                  NA <NA> 1256
# 7
                                                                                  NA <NA> 1256
               <NA> <NA> <NA> clampToGround
                                                     -1
                                                              0
                                                                         1
# 8
               <NA> <NA> <NA> clampToGround
                                                     -1
                                                              0
                                                                         1
                                                                                  NA <NA> 1256
# 9
               <NA> <NA> <NA> clampToGround
                                                     -1
                                                              0
                                                                         1
                                                                                  NA <NA> 1256
# 10
               <NA> <NA> <NA> clampToGround
                                                     -1
                                                                         1
                                                                                  NA <NA> 1256
```

for the summer it took approximately the same time as for winter to process the 962 .kml files of the 2 Reference Ground Track (RGT) cycles. We'll proceed to find the intersection of these 2 time periods (winter, summer) with the area of the East 'Greenland Ice Sheet',

```
#...
# load the 'Greenland Ice Sheet'
#...

data(ne_10m_glaciated_areas)

greenl_sh = subset(ne_10m_glaciated_areas, name == "Greenland Ice Sheet")
greenl_sh
```

We'll continue with one of the 2 Greenland Ice Sheet parts ('East')

```
greenl_sh_east = greenl_sh[2, ]
# mapview::mapview(greenl_sh_east, legend = F)

#....
# create the bounding of the selected area because
# it's required for the 'OpenAltimetry' functions this
# will increase the size of the initial east area
#....

bbx_greenl_sh_east = sf::st_bbox(obj = greenl_sh_east)
sfc_bbx_greenl_sh_east = sf::st_as_sfc(bbx_greenl_sh_east)
# mapview::mapview(sfc_bbx_greenl_sh_east, legend = F)
```

```
# Simple feature collection with 1079 features and 14 fields
# Geometry type: POINT
# Dimension:
                XY
# Bounding box:
                xmin: -53.06014 ymin: 61.26295 xmax: -19.23143 ymax: 80.40264
                4326
# First 10 features:
     Name timestamp begin end altitudeMode tessellate extrude visibility drawOrder icon RGT
# 117
               <NA> <NA> <NA> clampToGround
                                                     -1
                                                              0
                                                                         1
                                                                                  NA <NA> 1251
# 207
               <NA> <NA> <NA> clampToGround
                                                     -1
                                                              0
                                                                                  NA <NA> 1252
                                                                         1
# 208
               <NA> <NA> <NA> clampToGround
                                                     -1
                                                              0
                                                                         1
                                                                                  NA <NA> 1252
               <NA> <NA> <NA> clampToGround
# 209
                                                     -1
                                                              0
                                                                         1
                                                                                  NA <NA> 1252
               <NA> <NA> <NA> clampToGround
                                                              0
# 210
                                                     -1
                                                                         1
                                                                                  NA <NA> 1252
               <NA> <NA> <NA> clampToGround
                                                     -1
                                                              0
# 211
                                                                         1
                                                                                  NA <NA> 1252
# 212
               <NA> <NA> <NA> clampToGround
                                                     -1
                                                              0
                                                                         1
                                                                                  NA <NA> 1252
# 977
               <NA> <NA> <NA> clampToGround
                                                              0
                                                     -1
                                                                         1
                                                                                  NA <NA> 1260
# 978
               <NA> <NA> <NA> clampToGround
                                                     -1
                                                              0
                                                                                  NA <NA> 1260
                                                                         1
# 979
                <NA> <NA> <NA> clampToGround
                                                      -1
                                                               0
                                                                                  NA <NA> 1260
```

From the initial 91390 coordinate points, 1079 of the winter period intersect with the bounding box of our Area of Interest (AOI). We'll do the same for the summer period,

```
#......
# intersection with the computed "summer" RGT's
#......
inters_summer = sf::st_intersects(x = sfc_bbx_greenl_sh_east,
                               y = sf::st_geometry(rgt_summer),
                               sparse = TRUE)
#.......
# matched (RGT) tracks
#......
df_inters_summer = data.frame(inters_summer)
rgt_subs_summer = rgt_summer[df_inters_summer$col.id, , drop = FALSE]
rgt_subs_summer
# Simple feature collection with 1066 features and 14 fields
# Geometry type: POINT
# Dimension:
# Bounding box: xmin: -53.06014 ymin: 61.26295 xmax: -19.23143 ymax: 80.40264
# CRS:
               4326
# First 10 features:
      Name timestamp begin end altitudeMode tessellate extrude visibility drawOrder icon RGT
# 407
               <NA> <NA> <NA> clampToGround
                                                  -1
                                                          0
                                                                    1
                                                                            NA <NA> 1260
                                                  -1
                                                          0
                                                                            NA <NA> 1260
# 408
               <NA> <NA> <NA> clampToGround
                                                                    1
# 409
               <NA> <NA> <NA> clampToGround
                                                  -1
                                                          0
                                                                    1
                                                                            NA <NA> 1260
                                                          0
                                                                    1
# 410
               <NA> <NA> <NA> clampToGround
                                                  -1
                                                                            NA <NA> 1260
# 411
               <NA> <NA> <NA> clampToGround
                                                  -1
                                                          0
                                                                    1
                                                                            NA <NA> 1260
# 412
               <NA> <NA> <NA> clampToGround
                                                  -1
                                                          0
                                                                    1
                                                                            NA <NA> 1260
# 1062
                                                  -1
                                                          0
                                                                    1
                                                                            NA <NA> 1267
               <NA> <NA> <NA> clampToGround
# 1063
               <NA> <NA> <NA> clampToGround
                                                          0
                                                                            NA <NA> 1267
```

for the summer period, the intersected points are 1066. Based on these 2 intersected objects of winter and summer we'll also have to find the common RGT's that we'll use for comparison purposes,

```
#.............
# compute the unique RGT's for summer and winter
#.....
unq_rgt_winter = unique(rgt_subs_winter$RGT)
unq_rgt_summer = unique(rgt_subs_summer$RGT)
dif_rgt = setdiff(unique(rgt_subs_winter$RGT), unique(rgt_subs_summer$RGT))
cat(glue::glue("Number of RGT winter: {length(unq_rgt_winter)}"), '\n')
# Number of RGT winter: 230
cat(glue::glue("Number of RGT summer: {length(unq_rgt_summer)}"), '\n')
# Number of RGT summer: 227
cat(glue::glue("Difference in RGT: {length(dif rgt)}"), '\n')
# Difference in RGT: 3
#.......
# find the intersection
#.......
inters_rgts = intersect(unq_rgt_winter, unq_rgt_summer)
# create the subset data RGT's for summer and winter
#......
idx_w = which(rgt_subs_winter$RGT %in% inters_rgts)
subs_rgt_winter = rgt_subs_winter[idx_w, , drop = F]
idx_s = which(rgt_subs_summer$RGT %in% inters_rgts)
subs_rgt_summer = rgt_subs_summer[idx_s, , drop = F]
```

Then we have to verify that the intersected time specific orbit RGT's match the OpenAltimetry Tracks for both winter and summer,

```
#...
# we keep the relevant columns and remove duplicated
# Dates and RGTs to iterate over each pair of observations
#....
# winter
#.....
```

```
subs_rgt_w_trc = subs_rgt_winter[, c('RGT', 'Date_time')]
subs_rgt_w_trc$Date_time = as.character(as.Date(subs_rgt_w_trc$Date_time))
dups_w = which(duplicated(sf::st_drop_geometry(subs_rgt_w_trc)))
subs_rgt_w_trc = subs_rgt_w_trc[-dups_w, ]
ver_trc_winter = verify_RGTs(nsidc_rgts = subs_rgt_w_trc,
                            bbx_aoi = bbx_greenl_sh_east,
                            verbose = TRUE)
# split(ver_trc_winter, by = 'Date_time')
colnames(ver_trc_winter) = c('date_winter', 'RGT_OpenAlt', 'RGT_NSIDC')
#.....
# summer
#.....
subs_rgt_s_trc = subs_rgt_summer[, c('RGT', 'Date_time')]
subs_rgt_s_trc$Date_time = as.character(as.Date(subs_rgt_s_trc$Date_time))
dups_s = which(duplicated(sf::st_drop_geometry(subs_rgt_s_trc)))
subs_rgt_s_trc = subs_rgt_s_trc[-dups_s, ]
ver_trc_summer = verify_RGTs(nsidc_rgts = subs_rgt_s_trc,
                            bbx_aoi = bbx_greenl_sh_east,
                            verbose = TRUE)
colnames(ver_trc_summer) = c('date_summer', 'RGT_OpenAlt', 'RGT_NSIDC')
#......
# merge by RGT
#......
rgts_ws = merge(ver_trc_winter[, 1:2], ver_trc_summer[, 1:2], by = 'RGT_OpenAlt')
colnames(rgts_ws) = c('RGT', 'date_winter', 'date_summer')
rgts_ws
#
       RGT date winter date summer
  1: 2 2020-12-24 2021-06-23
#
  2: 10 2020-12-24 2021-06-24
#
       11 2020-12-24 2021-06-24
#
  3:
#
  4: 17 2020-12-25 2021-06-24
  5: 18 2020-12-25 2021-06-24
# 226: 1366 2020-12-22 2021-06-22
# 227: 1367 2020-12-22 2021-06-22
# 228: 1373 2020-12-23 2021-06-22
# 229: 1374 2020-12-23 2021-06-22
# 230: 1382 2020-12-23 2021-06-23
```

Now that we have the available RGT's for the winter and summer Dates we have to create the 5-degree grid of the Greenland Ice sheet bounding box, because the 'atl06' OpenAltimetry product allows queries up to 5x5 degrees. Rather than a 5-degree grid, we will create a 4.5-degree to avoid any 'over limit' OpenAltimetry API errors,

In the beginning, we created the bounding box of the East 'Greenland Ice Sheet' (the bbx_greenl_sh_east object), which automatically increased the dimensions of the Area of Interest (AOI). Now, that we have the up to 5x5 degree grid we can keep the grid cells that intersect with our initial area,

```
inters_init = sf::st_intersects(sf::st_geometry(greenl_sh_east), greenl_grid)
inters init = data.frame(inters init)
inters_init = inters_init$col.id
greenl_grid_subs = greenl_grid[inters_init, , drop = F]
# Simple feature collection with 27 features and 1 field
# Geometry type: POLYGON
# Dimension:
                XY
# Bounding box: xmin: -53.10888 ymin: 60.11961 xmax: -17.10888 ymax: 82.61961
# CRS:
                EPSG:4326
# First 10 features:
                           geometry
# 1 POLYGON ((-53.10888 60.1196... 116709.30 [km^2]
# 2 POLYGON ((-48.60888 60.1196... 116709.30 [km^2]
# 3 POLYGON ((-44.10888 60.1196... 116709.30 [km^2]
# 9 POLYGON ((-53.10888 64.6196... 98928.06 [km^2]
# 10 POLYGON ((-48.60888 64.6196... 98928.06 [km^2]
# 11 POLYGON ((-44.10888 64.6196... 98928.06 [km^2]
# 12 POLYGON ((-39.60888 64.6196... 98928.06 [km^2]
# 13 POLYGON ((-35.10888 64.6196... 98928.06 [km^2]
# 14 POLYGON ((-30.60888 64.6196... 98928.06 [km^2]
# 15 POLYGON ((-26.10888 64.6196... 98928.06 [km^2]
```

We also have to make sure that the winter and summer data intersect with the up to 5x5 degree grid,

```
# Geometry set for 9 features
# Geometry type: POLYGON

# Dimension: XY
# Bounding box: xmin: -53.10888 ymin: 60.11961 xmax: -17.10888 ymax: 82.61961

# CRS: EPSG:4326

# First 5 geometries:
# POLYGON ((-53.10888 60.11961, -48.60888 60.1196...

# POLYGON ((-48.60888 60.11961, -44.10888 60.1196...

# POLYGON ((-44.10888 60.11961, -39.60888 60.1196...

# POLYGON ((-26.10888 73.61961, -21.60888 73.6196...

# POLYGON ((-21.60888 73.61961, -17.10888 73.6196...
```

```
#......
# summer join
#.....
subs_join_s = sf::st_join(x = greenl_grid_subs,
                         y = subs_rgt_s_trc,
                          join = sf::st_intersects,
                         left = FALSE)
subs_join_s = sf::st_as_sfc(unique(sf::st_geometry(subs_join_s)), crs = 4326)
subs_join_s
# Geometry set for 9 features
# Geometry type: POLYGON
# Dimension:
# Bounding box: xmin: -53.10888 ymin: 60.11961 xmax: -17.10888 ymax: 82.61961
# CRS:
                EPSG:4326
# First 5 geometries:
# POLYGON ((-53.10888 60.11961, -48.60888 60.1196...
# POLYGON ((-48.60888 60.11961, -44.10888 60.1196...
# POLYGON ((-44.10888 60.11961, -39.60888 60.1196...
# POLYGON ((-26.10888 73.61961, -21.60888 73.6196...
# POLYGON ((-21.60888 73.61961, -17.10888 73.6196...
```

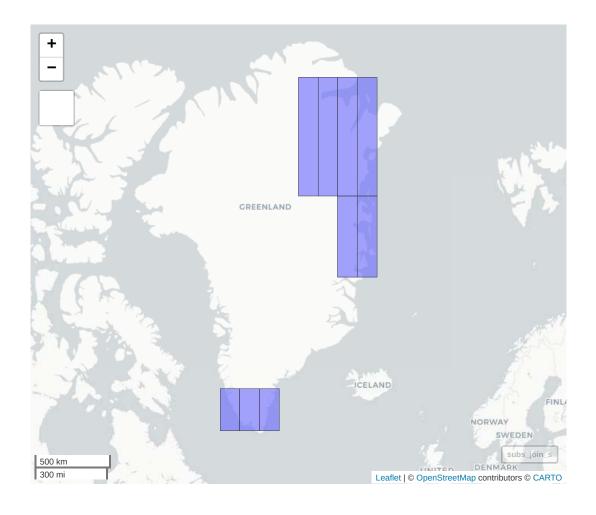
Since the winter and summer intersected spatial data are identical,

```
identical(subs_join_w, subs_join_s)
# [1] TRUE
```

we'll iterate only over one of the two 'sfc' objects.

We can also visualize the available areas after the *sf-join* between the *winter and summer spatial data* and the *East 'Greenland Ice Sheet'*,

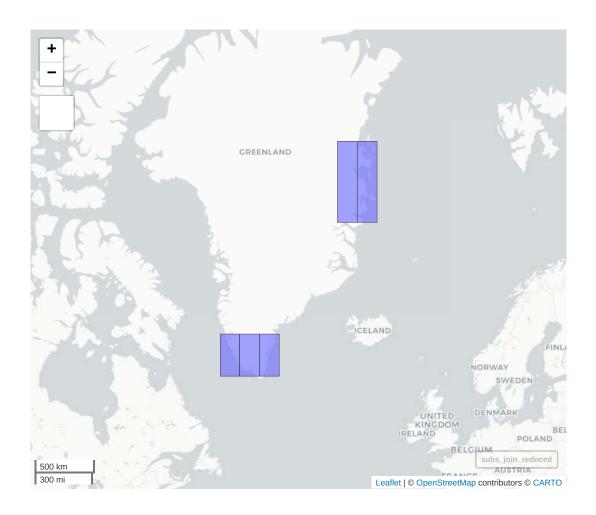
```
mapview::mapview(subs_join_s, legend = F)
```



We can proceed that way and download the available 'atl06' Land Ice Height data using the get_level3a_data() function that takes a time interval and a bounding box as input (the bounding box will consist of up to a 5x5 degree grid cells). To reduce the computation time in this vignette we'll restrict

the for-loop to the first 5 Greenland Grid Cells,

```
join_geoms = 1:5
subs_join_reduced = subs_join_s[join_geoms]
mapview::mapview(subs_join_reduced, legend = F)
```



and to the following RGTs,

| RGT | N_rows_winter | N_rows_summer | index | greenland_cell |
|-------|---------------|---------------|---------------------------------|----------------|
| 33 | 113,257 | 101,784 | $geom_idx_3_RGT_3$ | 3 |
| 41 | 68,947 | 10,932 | $geom_idx_1_RGT_41$ | 1 |
| 56 | 109,744 | 106,088 | $geom_idx_3_RGT_56$ | 3 |
| 94 | 135, 225 | 75,514 | $geom_idx_2_RGT_94$ | 2 |
| 108 | 114,447 | 53,456 | $geom_idx_5_RGT_108$ | 5 |
| 284 | 148,999 | 126,945 | $geom_idx_4_RGT_284$ | 4 |
| 421 | 145,755 | 103, 124 | $geom_idx_5_RGT_421$ | 5 |
| 422 | 133,465 | 198 | ${\rm geom_idx_2_RGT_422}$ | 2 |
| 437 | 103,590 | 17,765 | $geom_idx_3_RGT_437$ | 3 |
| 460 | 116,873 | 36,559 | $geom_idx_1_RGT_460$ | 1 |
| 475 | 71,502 | 109,423 | $geom_idx_3_RGT_475$ | 3 |
| 521 | 95,862 | 50,574 | ${\rm geom_idx_1_RGT_521}$ | 1 |
| 544 | 107,391 | 77,639 | $geom_idx_1_RGT_544$ | 1 |
| 658 | 145,388 | 9,776 | $geom_idx_2_RGT_658$ | 2 |
| 681 | 148, 162 | 82,325 | $geom_idx_2_RGT_681$ | 2 |
| 787 | 152,420 | 34,339 | $geom_idx_4_RGT_787$ | 4 |
| 794 | 142,902 | 125,643 | $geom_idx_4_RGT_794$ | 4 |
| 1,290 | 152, 562 | 152,052 | $geom_idx_4_RGT_1290$ | 4 |
| 1,366 | 134,507 | 69,385 | ${\rm geom_idx_5_RGT_1366}$ | 5 |
| 1,373 | 113, 191 | 103,279 | geom_idx_5_RGT_1373 | 5 |

```
# keep a subset of RGTs and Greenland Grid cells
#......
RGTs = c(33, 41, 56, 94, 108, 284,
       421, 422, 437, 460, 475,
       521, 544, 658, 681, 787,
       794, 1290, 1366, 1373)
#.......
# update the input data
#.......
rgts_ws_reduced = subset(rgts_ws, RGT %in% RGTs)
rgts_ws_RGT = rgts_ws_reduced$RGT
#.............
# we'll loop over the RGT's for the Date start and Date end
#.............
# length(unique(rgts_ws_reduced$RGT)) == nrow(rgts_ws_reduced)
                                                      # check for duplicated RGT's
rgts_ws_reduced$date_summer = as.Date(rgts_ws_reduced$date_summer)
rgts_ws_reduced$date_winter = as.Date(rgts_ws_reduced$date_winter)
min_max_dates = apply(rgts_ws_reduced[, -1], 2, function(x) c(min(x), max(x)))
start_w = as.character(min_max_dates[1, 'date_winter'])
end_w = as.character(min_max_dates[2, 'date_winter'])
start_s = as.character(min_max_dates[1, 'date_summer'])
```

```
end_s = as.character(min_max_dates[2, 'date_summer'])
dat_out_w = dat_out_s = logs_out = list()
LEN = length(subs_join_reduced)
LEN_rgt = length(rgts_ws_RGT)
t_start = proc.time()
for (idx grid in 1:LEN) {
  geom_iter = subs_join_reduced[idx_grid]
  bbx_iter = sf::st_bbox(obj = geom_iter, crs = 4326)
  for (j in 1:LEN_rgt) {
    message("Greenland Geom: ",
            idx_grid, "/",
            LEN, " RGT-index: ",
            j, "/",
            LEN_rgt, "\r",
            appendLF = FALSE)
    utils::flush.console()
    track_i = rgts_ws_RGT[j]
    name_iter = glue::glue("geom_idx_{idx_grid}_RGT_{track_i}")
    iter_dat_winter = get_level3a_data(minx = as.numeric(bbx_iter['xmin']),
                                       miny = as.numeric(bbx_iter['ymin']),
                                       maxx = as.numeric(bbx_iter['xmax']),
                                       maxy = as.numeric(bbx_iter['ymax']),
                                       startDate = start_w,
                                       endDate = end_w,
                                       trackId = track_i,
                                       beamName = NULL,
                                                              # return data of all 6 beams
                                       product = 'atl06',
                                       client = 'portal',
                                       outputFormat = 'csv',
                                       verbose = FALSE)
    iter_dat_summer = get_level3a_data(minx = as.numeric(bbx_iter['xmin']),
                                       miny = as.numeric(bbx_iter['ymin']),
                                       maxx = as.numeric(bbx_iter['xmax']),
                                       maxy = as.numeric(bbx_iter['ymax']),
                                       startDate = start_s,
                                       endDate = end_s,
                                       trackId = track_i,
                                       beamName = NULL,
                                                              # return data of all 6 beams
                                       product = 'atl06',
                                       client = 'portal',
                                       outputFormat = 'csv',
                                       verbose = FALSE)
    NROW_w = nrow(iter_dat_winter)
```

We then sort and observe the output LOGs,

```
logs_out_dtbl = data.table::rbindlist(logs_out)
logs_out_dtbl$index = names(dat_out_w)
```

| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | | |
|--|-------|---------------|---------------|
| 787 152, 420 34, 339 284 148, 999 126, 945 681 148, 162 82, 325 421 145, 755 103, 124 658 145, 388 9, 776 794 142, 902 125, 643 94 135, 225 75, 514 1, 366 134, 507 69, 385 422 133, 465 198 460 116, 873 36, 559 108 114, 447 53, 456 33 113, 257 101, 784 1, 373 113, 191 103, 279 56 109, 744 106, 088 544 107, 391 77, 639 437 103, 590 17, 765 521 95, 862 50, 574 475 71, 502 109, 423 41 68, 947 10, 932 41 47, 950 2, 877 33 36, 639 26, 796 108 11, 600 104 475 3, 951 <td>RGT</td> <td>N_rows_winter</td> <td>N_rows_summer</td> | RGT | N_rows_winter | N_rows_summer |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 1,290 | 152, 562 | 152,052 |
| 681 148, 162 82, 325 421 145, 755 103, 124 658 145, 388 9, 776 794 142, 902 125, 643 94 135, 225 75, 514 1, 366 134, 507 69, 385 422 133, 465 198 460 116, 873 36, 559 108 114, 447 53, 456 33 113, 257 101, 784 1, 373 113, 191 103, 279 56 109, 744 106, 088 544 107, 391 77, 639 437 103, 590 17, 765 521 95, 862 50, 574 475 71, 502 109, 423 41 68, 947 10, 932 41 47, 950 2, 877 33 36, 639 26, 796 108 11, 600 104 475 3, 951 3, 650 284 3, 572 3, 564 | 787 | 152,420 | 34, 339 |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 284 | 148,999 | 126,945 |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 681 | 148, 162 | 82,325 |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 421 | 145,755 | |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 658 | 145,388 | 9,776 |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 794 | 142,902 | 125,643 |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 94 | 135, 225 | 75,514 |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 1,366 | 134,507 | 69,385 |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 422 | 133,465 | 198 |
| 33 113, 257 101, 784 1, 373 113, 191 103, 279 56 109, 744 106, 088 544 107, 391 77, 639 437 103, 590 17, 765 521 95, 862 50, 574 475 71, 502 109, 423 41 68, 947 10, 932 41 47, 950 2, 877 33 36, 639 26, 796 108 11, 600 104 475 3, 951 3, 650 284 3, 572 3, 564 | 460 | 116,873 | 36,559 |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 108 | 114,447 | 53,456 |
| 56 109,744 106,088 544 107,391 77,639 437 103,590 17,765 521 95,862 50,574 475 71,502 109,423 41 68,947 10,932 41 47,950 2,877 33 36,639 26,796 108 11,600 104 475 3,951 3,650 284 3,572 3,564 | 33 | 113, 257 | 101,784 |
| 544 107, 391 77, 639 437 103, 590 17, 765 521 95, 862 50, 574 475 71, 502 109, 423 41 68, 947 10, 932 41 47, 950 2, 877 33 36, 639 26, 796 108 11, 600 104 475 3, 951 3, 650 284 3, 572 3, 564 | 1,373 | 113, 191 | 103,279 |
| 437 103,590 17,765 521 95,862 50,574 475 71,502 109,423 41 68,947 10,932 41 47,950 2,877 33 36,639 26,796 108 11,600 104 475 3,951 3,650 284 3,572 3,564 | 56 | 109,744 | 106,088 |
| 521 95,862 50,574 475 71,502 109,423 41 68,947 10,932 41 47,950 2,877 33 36,639 26,796 108 11,600 104 475 3,951 3,650 284 3,572 3,564 | 544 | 107,391 | 77,639 |
| 475 71,502 109,423 41 68,947 10,932 41 47,950 2,877 33 36,639 26,796 108 11,600 104 475 3,951 3,650 284 3,572 3,564 | | 103,590 | 17,765 |
| 41 68,947 10,932 41 47,950 2,877 33 36,639 26,796 108 11,600 104 475 3,951 3,650 284 3,572 3,564 | 521 | 95,862 | 50,574 |
| 41 47,950 2,877 33 36,639 26,796 108 11,600 104 475 3,951 3,650 284 3,572 3,564 | 475 | 71,502 | , |
| 33 36,639 26,796 108 11,600 104 475 3,951 3,650 284 3,572 3,564 | 41 | 68,947 | 10,932 |
| 108 11,600 104 475 3,951 3,650 284 3,572 3,564 | | 47,950 | 2,877 |
| 475 3,951 3,650 284 3,572 3,564 | 33 | 36,639 | 26,796 |
| 284 	 3,572 	 3,564 | 108 | * | 104 |
| | 475 | , | , |
| 94 2,110 1,963 | 284 | , | 3,564 |
| | 94 | 2,110 | 1,963 |

We'll first process and visualize one of Greenland's geometries and RGT,

```
#.........
# we pick one with approx. same
# rows for both summer and winter
#.....
# names(dat_out_w)
Greenland_Geom_index = 4
RGT = 1290
sublist_name = glue::glue("geom_idx_{Greenland_Geom_index}_RGT_{RGT}")
#.....
# winter sublist
#.....
w_subs = dat_out_w[[sublist_name]]
w_subs

      1: 2020-12-17
      566420 -22.43278 78.11961 553.5237

      2: 2020-12-17
      566421 -22.43294 78.11943 553.5601

#
                                                                       0 1290 gt1l
                                                                       0
                                                                           1290 gt1l
#
# 3: 2020-12-17 566422 -22.43310 78.11926 553.5809
                                                                       0 1290 gt1l
```

```
4: 2020-12-17
                         566423 -22.43326 78.11908 553.5331
                                                                                         1290 qt1l
#
                                                                                   0
                                                                                         1290 gt1l
       5: 2020-12-17
                         566424 -22.43341 78.11891 553.5400
#
# 152558: 2020-12-17
                         591901 -25.70488 73.62039 1640.8195
                                                                                   0
                                                                                         1290 qt3r
# 152559: 2020-12-17
                         591902 -25.70496 73.62021 1650.2201
                                                                                   0
                                                                                         1290 qt3r
# 152560: 2020-12-17
                         591903 -25.70505 73.62003 1657.0470
                                                                                   0
                                                                                         1290 gt3r
# 152561: 2020-12-17
                         591904 -25.70514 73.61985 1665.8877
                                                                                   0
                                                                                         1290 gt3r
# 152562: 2020-12-17
                         591905 -25.70523 73.61968 1675.1165
                                                                                         1290 gt3r
```

```
#......
# summer sublist
#......
s_subs = dat_out_s[[sublist_name]]
s_subs
#
                date segment_id longitude latitude
                                                        h_li atl06_quality_summary track_id beam
#
       1: 2021-06-17
                         566420 -22.43270 78.11961
                                                    554.1851
                                                                                  0
                                                                                        1290 gt1l
#
       2: 2021-06-17
                         566421 -22.43286 78.11943
                                                    554.2042
                                                                                  0
                                                                                        1290 gt1l
#
                         566422 -22.43302 78.11925
                                                                                  0
       3: 2021-06-17
                                                    554.1635
                                                                                        1290 gt1l
                                                    554.1546
#
                         566423 -22.43318 78.11908
                                                                                  0
                                                                                        1290 gt1l
       4: 2021-06-17
#
       5: 2021-06-17
                         566424 -22.43334 78.11890
                                                    554.2347
                                                                                  0
                                                                                        1290 qt1l
# 152048: 2021-06-17
                         591901 -25.70511 73.62039 1638.9667
                                                                                  0
                                                                                        1290 qt3r
# 152049: 2021-06-17
                         591902 -25.70521 73.62022 1646.6494
                                                                                  0
                                                                                        1290 qt3r
# 152050: 2021-06-17
                         591903 -25.70530 73.62004 1654.2173
                                                                                  0
                                                                                        1290 qt3r
                                                                                  0
# 152051: 2021-06-17
                         591904 -25.70539 73.61986 1663.3259
                                                                                        1290 qt3r
# 152052: 2021-06-17
                         591905 -25.70548 73.61968 1673.2574
                                                                                        1290 qt3r
```

The OpenAltimetry Data Dictionary includes the definitions for the column names of the output data.tables (except for the beam column which appears in the 'level3a' product of the OpenAltimetry API website),

- segment_id: "Segment number, counting from the equator. Equal to the segment_id for the second of the two 20m ATL03 segments included in the 40m ATL06 segment"
- h_li: "Standard land-ice segment height determined by land ice algorithm, corrected for first-photon bias, representing the median-based height of the selected 'signal photon events' (PEs)"
- atl06_quality_summary: "The ATL06_quality_summary parameter indicates the best-quality subset of all ATL06 data. A 0.0 (zero) in this parameter implies that no data-quality tests have found a problem with the segment, a 1.0 (one) implies that some potential problem has been found. Users who select only segments with zero values for this flag can be relatively certain of obtaining high-quality data, but will likely miss a significant fraction of usable data, particularly in cloudy, rough, or low-surface-reflectance conditions."
- beam: the 6 (six) beams 'gt1l', 'gt1r', 'gt2l', 'gt2r', 'gt3l' or 'gt3r'

The Date of the selected sublist for winter is '2020-12-17' whereas for summer is '2021-06-17'. We'll

- exclude the low-quality observations using the 'atl06' quality summary' column
- keep specific columns ('date', 'segment_id', 'longitude', 'latitude', 'h_li', 'beam')
- rename the winter and summer columns by adding the '_winter' and '_summer' extension
- merge the remaining observations (winter, summer) based on the 'segment_id' and 'beam' columns
- create an additional column (' dif_height ') with the difference in height between the ' h_li_winter ' and ' h_li_summer '

```
cols_keep = c('date', 'segment_id', 'longitude', 'latitude', 'h_li', 'beam')
w_subs_hq = subset(w_subs, at106_quality_summary == 0)
w subs hq = w subs hq[, ..cols keep]
colnames(w_subs_hq) = glue::glue("{cols_keep}_winter")
s_subs_hq = subset(s_subs, at106_quality_summary == 0)
s subs hq = s subs hq[, ..cols keep]
colnames(s_subs_hq) = glue::glue("{cols_keep}_summer")
sw_hq_merg = merge(x = w_subs_hq,
                  y = s_subs_hq,
                  by.x = c('segment_id_winter', 'beam_winter'),
                  by.y = c('segment_id_summer', 'beam_summer'))
sw_hq_merg$dif_height = sw_hq_merg$h_li_winter - sw_hq_merg$h_li_summer
summary(sw_hq_merg$dif_height)
     Min. 1st Qu. Median
                                Mean 3rd Qu.
                                                  Max.
# -42.6563 -0.4222 -0.0854 -0.1567 0.0537 26.4173
```

the following code snippet will create the visualizations for the beams "gt1l" and "gt1r" for the selected subset,

```
cols_viz = c('segment_id_winter', 'beam_winter', 'h_li_winter', 'h_li_summer')
ws_vis = sw_hq_merg[, ..cols_viz]

ws_vis_mlt = reshape2::melt(ws_vis, id.vars = c('segment_id_winter', 'beam_winter'))
ws_vis_mlt = data.table::data.table(ws_vis_mlt, stringsAsFactors = F)
ws_vis_mlt_spl = split(ws_vis_mlt, by = 'beam_winter')
# BEAMS = names(ws_vis_mlt_spl)  # plot all beams
```

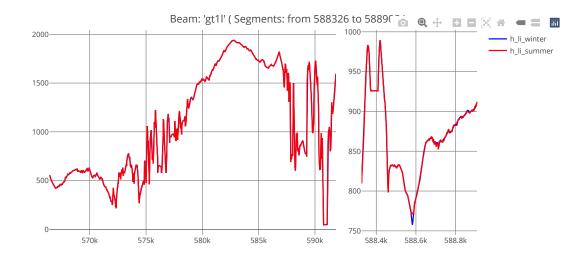
```
fig_lns = plot_ly(data = subs_iter,
                     x = ~segment_id_winter,
                     y = ~value,
                      color = ~variable,
                      colors = c("blue", "red"),
                     line = list(width = 2),
                     text =~glue::glue("land-ice-height: {value} Segment-id: {segment_id_winter}"),
                     hoverinfo = "text",
                     width = left_width,
                     height = left_height) %>%
   plotly::layout(xaxis = list(gridcolor = "grey", showgrid = T),
                   yaxis = list(gridcolor = "grey", showgrid = T)) %>%
   plotly::add_lines()
  # plot for a subset of segments
  #...........
  segm_ids = 588326:588908 # this subset of segments show a big difference betw. summer and winter
  plt_title = glue::glue("Beam: '{beam}' ( Segments: from {min(segm_ids)} to {max(segm_ids)} )")
  subs_iter_segm = subset(subs_iter, segment_id_winter %in% segm_ids)
   fig_spl = plot_ly(data = subs_iter_segm,
                 x = ~segment_id_winter,
                 y = \text{~value},
                 color = ~variable,
                 colors = c("blue", "red"),
                 line = list(width = 2),
                 text =~glue::glue("land-ice-height: {value} Segment-id: {segment_id_winter}"),
                 hoverinfo = "text",
                 width = right_width,
                 height = right_height) %>%
   plotly::layout(xaxis = list(gridcolor = "grey", showgrid = T),
                  yaxis = list(gridcolor = "grey", showgrid = T)) %>%
   plotly::add_lines(showlegend = FALSE)
  both_plt = plotly::subplot(list(fig_lns, fig_spl), nrows=1, margin = 0.03, widths = c(0.7, 0.3)) %%
   plotly::layout(title = plt_title)
  # plotly::export(p = both_plt, file = glue::glue('{beam}.png'))
 return(both_plt)
}
```

The output left plot shows all segment-id's for the "gt1l" and "gt1r" beams, whereas the right plot is restricted only to the segment-id's from 588326 to 588908 to highlight potential differences in land-ice-height between the winter and summer periods,

```
left_width = 1800,
left_height = 800,
right_width = 900,
right_height = 400)
```

Plot for Beam 'gt11' will be created ...

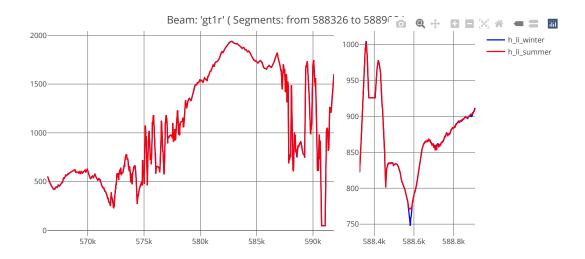
plt_gt1l



```
left_width = 1800,
left_height = 800,
right_width = 900,
right_height = 400)
```

Plot for Beam 'gt1r' will be created ...

plt_gt1r



Finally, we can also add the elevation of the AOI for comparison purposes. We'll choose another Greenland Grid cell, RGT, and beams,

```
Greenland_Geom_index = 2
RGT = 33
sublist_name = glue::glue("geom_idx_{Greenland_Geom_index}_RGT_{RGT}")
w subs = dat out w[[sublist name]]
s_subs = dat_out_s[[sublist_name]]
cols keep = c('date', 'segment id', 'longitude', 'latitude', 'h li', 'beam')
w_subs_hq = subset(w_subs, at106_quality_summary == 0)
w_subs_hq = w_subs_hq[, ..cols_keep]
colnames(w_subs_hq) = glue::glue("{cols_keep}_winter")
s_subs_hq = subset(s_subs, at106_quality_summary == 0)
s_subs_hq = s_subs_hq[, ..cols_keep]
colnames(s_subs_hq) = glue::glue("{cols_keep}_summer")
sw_hq_merg = merge(x = w_subs_hq,
                   y = s_subs_hq,
                   by.x = c('segment id winter', 'beam winter'),
                   by.y = c('segment_id_summer', 'beam_summer'))
```

After merging the winter and summer data for the specific Grid Cell and RGT, I have to keep only one pair of (latitude, longitude) coordinates for visualization purposes. I'll compute the distance between the winter and summer coordinates (of each row) for the same $segment_id$ and beam and I'll continue with the beams and observations that have the lowest difference in distance (for a fair comparison),

```
# compute the pair-wise distance
#...........
sw_hq_merg$dist_dif = geodist::geodist(x = sw_hq_merg[, c('longitude_winter', 'latitude_winter')],
                                 y = sw_hq_merg[, c('longitude_summer', 'latitude_summer')],
                                 paired = TRUE,
                                 measure = 'geodesic')
#......
# split by beam
#......
spl_beam = split(sw_hq_merg, by = 'beam_winter')
#.............
# compute the summary of the distance to observe
# the beams with the lowest distance difference
#...........
sm_stats = lapply(spl_beam, function(x) {
 summary(x$dist_dif)
})
# $gt1l
```

```
Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu.
# 0.006829 1.568755 2.107793 2.083547 2.654482 3.911961
# $qt1r
                         Median
#
      Min.
              1st Qu.
                                     Mean
                                             3rd Qu.
                                                          Max.
# 0.0008427 0.2483260 0.5219864 0.5766648 0.8521821 2.0041663
# $qt2l
#
              1st Qu.
                         Median
                                     Mean
                                             3rd Qu.
       Min.
                                                          Max.
# 0.0002195 0.3001418 0.6112493 0.6753225 0.9860298 2.2545978
# $qt2r
     Min. 1st Qu.
                   Median
                             Mean 3rd Qu.
                                              Max.
           4.697
    3.170
                    5.356
                            5.300
                                    5.931
                                             7.170
# $qt3l
     Min. 1st Qu.
                   Median
                             Mean 3rd Qu.
                                             Max.
    1.197
          2.679
                    3.115
                            3.155
                                     3.621
                                             5.069
# $qt3r
     Min. 1st Qu.
                   Median
                             Mean 3rd Qu.
                                              Max.
                            5.498
    3.881
            5.066
                    5.488
                                   5.949
                                             7.114
```

We observe that the beams 'gt1r' and 'gt2l' return the lowest difference in distance (approximately 2.0 and 2.25 meters) for the coordinates between the 'winter' and 'summer' observations, therefore we continue with these 2 beams. Moreover, the 'gt1r' and 'gt2l' beams are separated by approximately 3 kilometers from each other.

```
#............
# keep only the 'gt1r' and 'gt2l' beams
#.....
sw_hq_merg_beams = subset(sw_hq_merg, beam_winter %in% c('gt1r', 'gt21'))
#.....
# keep only a pair of coordinates and rename the columns
#......
sw_hq_merg_beams = sw_hq_merg_beams[, c('segment_id_winter', 'beam_winter', 'longitude_winter',
                                    'latitude_winter', 'h_li_winter', 'h_li_summer')]
colnames(sw_hq_merg_beams) = c('segment_id', 'beam', 'longitude',
                            'latitude', 'h_li_winter', 'h_li_summer')
#
       segment_id beam longitude latitude h_li_winter h_li_summer
#
          351810 gt1r -44.10891 63.26390
    1:
                                         2724.035
                                                    2725.023
#
    2:
          351811 gt1r -44.10895 63.26408
                                         2724.004
                                                    2725.155
#
          351812 gt1r -44.10900 63.26426
                                                    2725.298
    3:
                                         2724.445
#
          351813 gt1r -44.10904 63.26444
                                                    2725.461
    4:
                                         2724.530
#
          351814 gt1r -44.10908 63.26462
                                         2725.084
                                                    2725.650
    5:
# 8700:
          359399 gt1r -44.44637 64.61873
                                         2777.249
                                                    2777.390
# 8701:
          359400 gt1r -44.44642 64.61891
                                         2777.136
                                                    2777.297
# 8702:
          359401 gt1r -44.44647 64.61908
                                         2777.081
                                                    2777.192
# 8703:
          359402 gt1r -44.44651 64.61926
                                         2776.936
                                                    2777.076
                                                    2776.968
# 8704:
          359403 gt1r -44.44656 64.61944
                                         2776.818
```

Then we'll download the 30-meter raster DEM (Digital Elevation Model) for the AOI using the Copernicus-

DEM R package,

```
sf aoi = sf::st as sf(sw hq merg beams, coords = c('longitude', 'latitude'), crs = 4326)
bbx_aoi = sf::st_bbox(sf_aoi)
sfc_aoi = sf::st_as_sfc(bbx_aoi)
dem_dir = tempdir()
dem_dir
dem30 = CopernicusDEM::aoi_geom_save_tif_matches(sf_or_file = sfc_aoi,
                                            dir_save_tifs = dem_dir,
                                            resolution = 30,
                                            crs_value = 4326,
                                            threads = parallel::detectCores(),
                                            verbose = TRUE)
if (nrow(dem30$csv_aoi) > 1) {
                                    # create a .VRT file if I have more than 1 .tif files
 file_out = file.path(dem_dir, 'VRT_mosaic_FILE.vrt')
 vrt_dem30 = CopernicusDEM::create_VRT_from_dir(dir_tifs = dem_dir,
                                            output_path_VRT = file_out,
                                            verbose = TRUE)
}
if (nrow(dem30$csv_aoi) == 1) {
                                  # if I have a single .tif file keep the first index
 file_out = list.files(dem_dir, pattern = '.tif', full.names = T)[1]
#......
# crop the raster to the bounding box of the coordinates
#.............
rst_inp = terra::rast(x = file_out)
vec_crop = terra::vect(x = sfc_aoi)
rst_crop = terra::crop(x = rst_inp,
                    y = vec_crop,
                    snap = "out")
                                     # snap = "in" gives NA's
pth_egm = file.path(dem_dir, 'copernicus_dem_egm2008.tif')
terra::writeRaster(x = rst_crop, filename = pth_egm)
rst_dem = terra::rast(pth_egm)
rst_dem
CRS_dem = terra::crs(rst_dem, proj = TRUE)
RES dem = as.character(terra::res(rst dem))
EXT_dem = as.vector(terra::ext(rst_dem))
EXT_dem = c(EXT_dem['xmin'], EXT_dem['ymin'], EXT_dem['xmax'], EXT_dem['ymax'])
EXT_dem = as.character(EXT_dem)
#.....
# The Copernicus DEM has a "horizontal" CRS (Coordinate Reference System) of WGS84-G1150 (EPSG 4326)
```

```
# and a "vertical" CRS of EGM2008 (EPSG 3855) - geoid. Therefore, a transformation of the vertical
# CRS is required to match the ellipsoid CRS of the ICESat-2 data
# The Table 1 (page 10 of 37) of the following weblink includes more information:
# https://spacedata.copernicus.eu/documents/20126/0/GE01988-CopernicusDEM-SPE-002_ProductHandbook_I1.00
# The 2.5 minute gooid grid .gtx file of EGM2008 was downloaded from the following "osgeo" url:
# http://download.osgeo.org/proj/vdatum/egm08_25/
pth_gtx = file.path(dem_dir, 'egm08_25.gtx')
download.file(url = 'http://download.osgeo.org/proj/vdatum/egm08_25/egm08_25.gtx',
             destfile = pth_gtx,
             method = 'curl')
pth_dem_transformed = file.path(dem_dir, 'copernicus_dem_egm2008_transformed.tif')
convrt = sf::gdal_utils(
 util = "warp",
 source = pth_egm,
 destination = pth_dem_transformed,
 options = c("-s_srs", glue::glue("{CRS_dem} +geoidgrids={pth_gtx}"),
             "-t_srs", CRS_dem,
             "-tr", RES_dem,
             "-te", EXT_dem),
 quiet = FALSE)
#...........
# load the transformed Copernicus DEM
#...........
rst_crop_transformed = terra::rast(x = pth_dem_transformed)
# we also have to find the closest elevation
# value to the 'winter' and 'summer' coordinates
# using the raster resolution
#.....
ter_dtbl = data.table::as.data.table(x = rst_crop_transformed, xy = TRUE, cells = TRUE)
colnames(ter_dtbl) = c("cell", "lon_dem30", "lat_dem30", "dem30")
# length(unique(ter_dtbl$cell)) == nrow(ter_dtbl)
xy = as.matrix(sw_hq_merg_beams[, c('longitude', 'latitude')])
sw_cells = terra::cellFromXY(object = rst_crop_transformed, xy = xy)
sw_hq_merg_beams$cell = sw_cells
# length(unique(sw_hq_merq_beams$cell)) < nrow(sw_hq_merq_beams)</pre>
merg_cells = merge(x = sw_hq_merg_beams, y = ter_dtbl, by = 'cell')
```

Based on the included 30-meter DEM there is a mean distance of 11.1490 and a maximum distance of 20.5394 meters between the *beam* and *DEM* coordinates. The following 3-dimensional interactive line plot shows,

- in blue color the elevation based on the DEM (compared to the 2 beams as these are separated by a 3-km distance)
- in orange color the land-ice-height measurements of the summer period (separately for 'gt1r' and 'gt2l')
- in green color the land-ice-height measurements of the winter period (separately for 'gt1r' and 'gt2l')

```
cols_viz_dem = c('beam', 'longitude', 'latitude', 'h_li_winter', 'h_li_summer', 'dem30')
merg_cells_viz = merg_cells[, ..cols_viz_dem]
```

```
merg_cells_viz_mlt = reshape2::melt(merg_cells_viz, id.vars = c('beam', 'longitude', 'latitude'))
merg_cells_viz_mlt = data.table::data.table(merg_cells_viz_mlt, stringsAsFactors = F)
colnames(merg_cells_viz_mlt) = c('beam', 'longitude', 'latitude', 'variable', 'height')
fig_height = plotly::plot_ly(merg_cells_viz_mlt,
                              x = \text{-longitude},
                              y = ~latitude,
                              z = \text{-height},
                              split = ~beam,
                                                      # split by beam
                              type = 'scatter3d',
                              mode = 'lines',
                              color = ~variable,
                              line = list(width = 10),
                              width = 1000,
                              height = 900)
fig_height
```

