# Package 'PLFD'

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Type Package			
Title Portmanteau Local Feature Discrimination for Matrix-Variate Data			
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<b>Description</b> The portmanteau local feature discriminant approach first identifies the local discriminant features and their differential structures, then constructs the discriminant rule by pooling the identified local features together. This method is applicable to high-dimensional matrix-variate data.			
<b>Depends</b> R (>= 3.5.0)			
Imports Rcpp (>= 1.0.2), mathjaxr			
LinkingTo Rcpp (>= 1.0.2), RcppArmadillo (>= 0.9.800)			
<pre>URL https://gitee.com/xu-zc/PLFD</pre>			
<pre>BugReports https://gitee.com/xu-zc/PLFD/issues</pre>			
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R topics documented:			
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# **Description**

A portmanteau local feature discrimination (PLFD) approach to the classification with high-dimensional matrix-variate data.

#### Usage

```
plfd(x1, x2, r0, c0, blockList, blockMode = NULL, permNum = 100, alpha = 0)
```

# **Arguments**

x1	Array of $r \times c \times n_1$ , samples from group 1.
x2	Array of $r \times c \times n_2$ , samples from group 2.
r0, c0	Row and column size of blocks. See details.
blockList	List including the index set of pre-specified blocks. See details.
blockMode	How the differential structure of $M_1-M_2$ are detected. The default (blockMode=NULL) does NOT detect the structure of feature blocks. If blockMode="fd"(or "forward"), a forward stepwise procedure is conducted to detect the nonzero positions of feature blocks, wherein BIC serves as the stopping rule.
permNum	Round of permutation.
alpha	The upper- $\alpha$ quantile of the permutation statistic.

#### **Details**

There are two ways to specify the blocks under consideration. In the case that the matrix-variate is partition into non-overlapping blocks that share the common row size and column size, these sizes can be specified by r0 and c0. Otherwise, the blocks can be flexibly specified by parameter blockList, which should be a list in which each element includes rIdx and cIdx corresponding to the row and column index set of a block. See examples.

### Value

List,

- n1, n2, rDim, cDim, blockMode, permNum, alpha;
- blockNumber: the number of identified feature blocks.
- paras: list(list(rIdx,cIdx,B,M),...), list of the information of feature blocks.

#### References

Z. Xu, S. Luo and Z. Chen. (2021). A Portmanteau Local Feature Discrimination Approach to the Classification with High-dimensional Matrix-variate Data. Sankhya A. doi: 10.1007/s13171021-002552

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#### **Examples**

```
set.seed(2020)
rDim <- 20
cDim <- 20
n1 <- n2 <- 50
x1 <- array(rnorm(rDim*cDim*n1, mean=0.0), dim=c(rDim, cDim, n1))</pre>
x2 <- array(rnorm(rDim*cDim*n2, mean=1.0), dim=c(rDim, cDim, n2))</pre>
ntest <- 50
xtest <- array(rnorm(rDim*cDim*ntest, mean=1.0), dim=c(rDim, cDim, ntest))</pre>
ytest <- rep(2, ntest)</pre>
## Uniform partition
print( plfd(x1, x2, r0=5, c0=5) )
## Pre-specify feature blocks
blockList <- list(list(rIdx=1:5, cIdx=1:5),</pre>
                   list(rIdx=6:10, cIdx=1:5),
                   list(rIdx=3:9, cIdx=2:8))
print( plfd.model <- plfd(x1, x2, blockList=blockList) )</pre>
## Predict
predict(plfd.model, xtest, ytest)
```

predict.plfd

Predict Method for plfd

#### **Description**

Predict Method for plfd

# Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'plfd'
predict(object, x, y, ...)
```

# **Arguments**

```
object plfd object.

x Array, matrix-variate data to be predicted.

y Vector (optional), Labels of x with value 1 or 2.

... Ignored currently.
```

### Value

```
list(W,y.hat,mcr),
```

- W: discriminant scores;
- y.hat: predicted labels;
- mcr: misclassification rate if parameter y is available.

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