SEERaBomb Overview

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Introduction

SEERaBomb is for SEER and Japanese A-bomb survivor data analysts. It contributes speed to SEER analyses by reducing file sizes to contain only items of interest. This document assumes that the data has been downloaded into folders off of the root called /data/SEER and /data/abomb. To obtain the data please visit the links in gettingData.pdf. Use cases are given in R scripts in the courses and papers directories.

SEER Data R Binaries

The incidence directory of the SEER dataset contains a SAS file that defines the field names, their starting positions, and their fixed widths. This file can be used to read the SEER data into SAS, but it is used here to: 1) present the field choices (see fieldNames.html and the output of getFields()); and 2) given user choices, automatically determine the sequence of widths needed to extract the data of interest using the speedy R package LaF. getFields() has one parameter, seerHome="/data/SEER", which should be overridden if the SEER data lives elsewhere. Its data frame output and the SEER file seerdic.pdf in the SEER incidence directory must be thorougly examined to determine which fields will be useful. Once this is determined, the output and list of field choices, the default of which is

```
picks=c("casenum","reg","race","sex","agedx","yrbrth",
"seqnum","yrdx","histo2","histo3","radiatn","agerec",
"ICD9","histrec","numprims","COD","surv"),
```

must then be inputted into pickFields().

The output of pickFields() contains not only pulled rows from the input, but also inserted rows with widths computed to fill the gaps of no interest. Knowing these gap sizes enables fast file reading by LaF in mkSEER(). This function produces R Data binaries in SEER dataset subdirectories of seerHome such as "/data/SEER/00" for SEER18 data (which was collected since 2000).

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- > library(SEERaBomb)
- > df=getFields()
- > (df=pickFields(df))

	start	width	names	desc typ
casenum	1	8	casenum	Patient ID number intege
reg	9	10	reg	Registry ID intege
3	19	1		strin
race	20	2	race	Race/Ethnicity intege
5	22	2		strin
sex	24	1	sex	Sex intege
agedx	25	3	agedx	Age at diagnosis intege
yrbrth	28	4	yrbrth	Year of birth intege
9	32	3		strin
seqnum	35	2	seqnum	Sequence NumberCentral intege
11	37	2		strin
yrdx	39	4	yrdx	Year of diagnosis intege
13	43	5		strin
histo2	48	4	histo2	Histology (92-00) ICD-0-2 intege
15	52	1		strin
histo3	53	4	histo3	Histologic Type ICD-0-3 intege
17	57	110		strin
radiatn	167	1	radiatn	RX SummRadiation intege
19	168	24		strin
agerec	192	2	agerec	Age Recode <1 Year olds intege
21	194	10		strin
ICD9	204	4	ICD9	Recode ICD-0-2 to 9 intege
23	208	18		strin
histrec	226	2	histrec	Histology RecodeBroad Groupings intege
25	228	15		strin
numprims	243		numprims	Number of primaries intege
27	245	10	200	strin
COD	255	5	COD	Cause of death to SEER site recode intege
29	260	41		strin
surv	301	4	surv	Survival months intege
31	305	27		strin

> #mkSEER(df,dataset="92") #places 1992-2010 binaries in /data/SEER/92