How to expand TR8

Gionata Bocci Pisa (ITALY) boccigionata@gmail.com

December 14, 2016

This document briefly explains how users can include their functions for downloading traits in to the TR8 package.

Beware: this document assumes that the reader has a good knowledge of the R programming language and has experience in writing R packages.

The best way to proceed is to clone the github repository (at https://github.com/GioBo/TR8) and try to work on that.

Suppose that the user has created a function called funct_tr which retrieves the following traits

- Height
- Dispersal type
- Clonality

from a database called New_db which is available on the Internet.

1 Adapt your function to TR8

The function should be structured in such a way that:

- it accepts the following parameters
 - species_list the list of species names provided by the user (without authors' names);
 - TRAITS the list of traits chosen by the user among those made available by New_db (either passing them to the tr8 function or choosing them through the GUI);
 - rest a number which establishes the Sys.sleep pause before each new
 query to New_db (TR8 uses Sys.sleep in order not to overload remote
 servers: please always conform to this policy in writing extensions to
 TR8).

• within the function an object of class results is created (the definition of this S4 class is defined inside TR8)

```
> res<-new("results")</pre>
```

• if TRAIT is NULL, then res@results should be set to NULL (it means that these traits were not required by the user)

```
> res@results<-NULL
```

- OR, if TRAIT is not NULL then the selected traits for the requested species should be retrieved from New_db and a dataframe species*trait is created (let's call it datatraits); NA must be used for data which are not available (thus a plant species which is not present in New_db should have all NAs in such a dataframe)
- the dataframe species*traits is included in the @result slot of the object

```
> res@results<-datatraits
```

 a string representing the correct bibliographic citation is put in the slot @bibliography

```
> res@bibliography<-"Di Sarli, C. and Troilo, A., 2014.
```

- + TRAITS: A new web traitbase for the flora of Argentina.
- http://www.pichuco.edu"
- funct_tr returns the whole object
 - > return(res)

2 Adjust tr8() function

Then a call to funct_tr should be put in TR8/R/tr8.R inside the tr8() definition (eg. after the call to it_flowering) and its results saved into an object:

```
> it_flowering<-get_italian_flowering(species_list,
```

+ TRAITS=traits_list\$Pignatti,rest=rest)

> my_exp<-funct_tr(species_list,TRAITS=traits_list\$New_db,rest=rest)

please note that the variables passed as parameters are created within the tr8 function, thus the call to funct_tr should be just like it has been shown here (do not change names).

Then the my_exp name should be added to those already existing in in the following cycle (toward the end of tr8()):

3 Adjust other variables

The available traits should be added to the TR8/data/column_list.R list; this is a list of vectors in the form of

 $[[code_for_trait]] == c("short_code", "shortdescription", "Traitbase")$

This dataframe is used by tr8 to build the GUI and to pass traits to all the sub-functions which actually retrieve data frome remote servers.

Convert column_list to a dataframe (retaining the short code, the short de-

Convert column_list to a dataframe (retaining the short code, the short description and the database columns) and save it as available_tr8.Rd in TR8/data:

```
> library(plyr)
> tp<-ldply(column_list)[2:4]
> names(tp)<-c("short_code","description","db")
> save(tp,file="TR8/man/available_tr8.Rd")
```

4 A last remark

This workflow is working for TR8 version 0.9.xx: the inner work of the package is likely to be changed in future versions, thus users are invited to always check the latest version of the documentation.