# TriadSim Vignette

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TriadSim is a package that can simulate genotypes for case-parent triads, case-control, and quantitative trait samples with realistic linkage diequilibrium structure and allele frequency distribution. For studies of epistasis one can simulate models that involve specific SNPs at specific sets of loci, which we will refer to as "pathways". TriadSim generates genotype data by resampling triad genotypes from existing data. It takes genotypes in PLINK format as the input files. The genotypes for the mothers, fathers, and children are in separate files. The mothers, fathers, and children must be from the same set of triad families although the ordering of the families can be different for the three sets of data. After reading in the genotypes, a sorting step will reorder the families so that the three individuals in each family can realign.

# Main function TriadSim

TriadSim is the main function to perform the simulations. The example function call below simulates genotype data for 1000 case-parent triads for 4 chromosomes (chromsomes 1, 8 17, 20) under a genetic main effect scenario with a baseline disease prevalence of P0=0.001 and genetic relative risks of 1.5 and 2 for carrying the first and the second pathway respectively. This function call will write output files in PLINK. The output file names and path to the directory are given by the parameter "out.put.file" and the chromosome number. Each set (.bim, .bed and .fam files) of PLINK files contain genotype data for one chromosome for all simulated samples. The name of the file is the concatenation of the value of the input parameter "out.put.file" and chromosome number. For example, if "out.put.file" is set to be "triad", the names of the output files will be triad1, triad8, triad17 and triad20 for our example. See R package documentation for more details.

```
library(TriadSim)
m.file <- file.path(system.file(package = "TriadSim"),'extdata/pop1_4chr_mom')</pre>
f.file <- file.path(system.file(package = "TriadSim"),'extdata/pop1_4chr_dad')</pre>
k.file <- file.path(system.file(package = "TriadSim"), 'extdata/pop1_4chr_kid')</pre>
 input.plink.file <- c(m.file, f.file, k.file)</pre>
TriadSim(input.plink.file, out.put.file=file.path(tempdir(), 'triad'), fr.desire=0.05,pathways=list(1:4
## [1] 21 118 121 140 155 168 218 383
## coercing object of mode numeric to SnpMatrix
## Writing FAM file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/triad1.fam
## Writing extended MAP file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/triad1.bim
## Writing BED file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/triad1.bed (SNP-major mode)
## coercing object of mode numeric to SnpMatrix
## Writing FAM file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/triad8.fam
## Writing extended MAP file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/triad8.bim
## Writing BED file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/triad8.bed (SNP-major mode)
## coercing object of mode numeric to SnpMatrix
## Writing FAM file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/triad17.fam
## Writing extended MAP file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/triad17.bim
## Writing BED file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/triad17.bed (SNP-major mode)
## coercing object of mode numeric to SnpMatrix
## Writing FAM file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/triad20.fam
## Writing extended MAP file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/triad20.bim
## Writing BED file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/triad20.bed (SNP-major mode)
```

The following call simulates a quantitative trait (by setting "qtl=T"). The function will create 4 sets of plink files, one for each chromosome.

```
TriadSim(input.plink.file, file.path(tempdir(), 'qtl'), fr.desire=0.3,pathways=list(1:4,5:8),n.ped=1000
```

```
## [1] 72 95 139 145 247 276 279 339
## coercing object of mode numeric to SnpMatrix
## Writing FAM file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/qt11.fam
## Writing extended MAP file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/qtl1.bim
## Writing BED file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/qtl1.bed (SNP-major mode)
## coercing object of mode numeric to SnpMatrix
## Writing FAM file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/qt18.fam
## Writing extended MAP file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/qt18.bim
## Writing BED file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/qt18.bed (SNP-major mode)
## coercing object of mode numeric to SnpMatrix
## Writing FAM file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/qtl17.fam
## Writing extended MAP file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/qtl17.bim
## Writing BED file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/qtl17.bed (SNP-major mode)
## coercing object of mode numeric to SnpMatrix
## Writing FAM file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/qt120.fam
## Writing extended MAP file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/qt120.bim
## Writing BED file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/qt120.bed (SNP-major mode)
```

The following call simulates a scenario that involves gene-environment interaction. The relative risk for the exposure main effect is 1.2. The relative risks for carrying the first and second pathway SNPs are 1.5 and 2 respectively for the exposed individuals and are 1 and 1 for the unexposed individuals.

TriadSim(input.plink.file, file.path(tempdir(), 'gxe'), fr.desire=0.3, pathways=list(1:4,5:8), n.ped=1000

```
## [1] 72 95 139 145 247 276 279 339
## coercing object of mode numeric to SnpMatrix
## Writing FAM file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/gxe1.fam
## Writing extended MAP file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/gxe1.bim
## Writing BED file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/gxe1.bed (SNP-major mode)
## coercing object of mode numeric to SnpMatrix
## Writing FAM file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/gxe8.fam
## Writing BED file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/gxe8.bed (SNP-major mode)
## coercing object of mode numeric to SnpMatrix
## Writing FAM file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/gxe17.fam
## Writing extended MAP file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/gxe17.bim
## Writing BED file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/gxe17.bed (SNP-major mode)
## coercing object of mode numeric to SnpMatrix
## Writing FAM file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/gxe20.fam
## Writing extended MAP file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/gxe20.bim
## Writing BED file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/gxe20.bed (SNP-major mode)
```

The following call simulates a stratified scenario that involves gene-environment interaction. The risk parameters are the same as the scenario above. The "input.plink.file" is a list of two character vectors. Each vector contains three character strings giving the directory and basename of the PLINK files in one subpopulation. The subpopulations are equally sized (pop1.frac=0.5). The baseline disease prevalence (disease prevalence in the unexposed who carries 0 copy of the risk pathway) is 0.001 in the first subpopulation while

that in the second subpopulation is 0.003 (0.001\*3). The exposure prevalence in the two subpopulations are 0.1 and 0.3 respectively.

```
library(TriadSim)
m.file <- file.path(system.file(package = "TriadSim"), 'extdata/pop1_4chr_mom')</pre>
f.file <- file.path(system.file(package = "TriadSim"),'extdata/pop1_4chr_dad')</pre>
k.file <- file.path(system.file(package = "TriadSim"), 'extdata/pop1 4chr kid')</pre>
m.file2 <- file.path(system.file(package = "TriadSim"),'extdata/pop2_4chr_mom')</pre>
f.file2 <- file.path(system.file(package = "TriadSim"),'extdata/pop2_4chr_dad')</pre>
k.file2 <- file.path(system.file(package = "TriadSim"), 'extdata/pop2_4chr_kid')</pre>
 input.plink.file2 <- list(c(m.file, f.file, k.file),c(m.file2, f.file2, k.file2))</pre>
TriadSim(input.plink.file2, out.put.file=file.path(tempdir(),'stratified') , fr.desire=0.3,pathways=li
## [1] 72 95 139 145 247 276 279 339
## coercing object of mode numeric to SnpMatrix
## Writing FAM file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/stratified1.fam
## Writing extended MAP file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/stratified1.bim
## Writing BED file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/stratified1.bed (SNP-major mode)
## coercing object of mode numeric to SnpMatrix
## Writing FAM file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/stratified8.fam
## Writing extended MAP file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/stratified8.bim
## Writing BED file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/stratified8.bed (SNP-major mode)
## coercing object of mode numeric to SnpMatrix
## Writing FAM file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/stratified17.fam
## Writing extended MAP file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/stratified17.bim
## Writing BED file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/stratified17.bed (SNP-major mode)
## coercing object of mode numeric to SnpMatrix
## Writing FAM file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/stratified20.fam
## Writing extended MAP file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/stratified20.bim
## Writing BED file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/stratified20.bed (SNP-major mode)
```

To simulate case-control data the function needs to be called twice, calls to simulate cases (is.case=TRUE) and controls (is.case=FALSE) respectively. The script below calls the function to simulate 1000 cases and 1000 controls and writes genotypes of the cases and controls into seperate sets of PLINK files.

```
## cases
TriadSim(input.plink.file,file.path(tempdir(),'case'), fr.desire=0.05,pathways=list(1:4,5:8),n.ped=10
## [1] 21 118 121 140 155 168 218 383
## coercing object of mode numeric to SnpMatrix
## Writing FAM file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/case1.fam
## Writing extended MAP file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/case1.bim
## Writing BED file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/case1.bed (SNP-major mode)
## coercing object of mode numeric to SnpMatrix
## Writing FAM file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/case8.fam
## Writing extended MAP file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/case8.bim
## Writing BED file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/case8.bed (SNP-major mode)
## coercing object of mode numeric to SnpMatrix
## Writing FAM file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/case17.fam
## Writing extended MAP file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/case17.bim
## Writing BED file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/case17.bed (SNP-major mode)
## coercing object of mode numeric to SnpMatrix
```

```
## Writing FAM file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/case20.fam
## Writing extended MAP file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/case20.bim
## Writing BED file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/case20.bed (SNP-major mode)
## controls
 TriadSim(input.plink.file, file.path(tempdir(), 'ctrl'), fr.desire=0.05,pathways=list(1:4,5:8),n.ped=10
## [1] 21 118 121 140 155 168 218 383
## coercing object of mode numeric to SnpMatrix
## Writing FAM file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/ctrl1.fam
## Writing extended MAP file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/ctrl1.bim
## Writing BED file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/ctrl1.bed (SNP-major mode)
## coercing object of mode numeric to SnpMatrix
## Writing FAM file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/ctrl8.fam
## Writing extended MAP file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/ctrl8.bim
## Writing BED file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/ctrl8.bed (SNP-major mode)
## coercing object of mode numeric to SnpMatrix
## Writing FAM file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/ctrl17.fam
\label{local-Temp-2-RtmpgjUBeu/ctrl17.bim} \parbox{$$\#$ Writing extended MAP file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/ctrl17.bim} \parbox{$$\#$ Writing extended MAP file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\N Writing extended MAP file to C:\White Writing extended MAP file to C:\Whit
## Writing BED file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/ctrl17.bed (SNP-major mode)
## coercing object of mode numeric to SnpMatrix
## Writing FAM file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/ctrl20.fam
## Writing extended MAP file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/ctrl20.bim
## Writing BED file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/ctrl20.bed (SNP-major mode)
```

### Some additional details

The source data may contain genotyping errors that cause non-Mendelian inheritance patterns. For these non-Mendelian families, genotypes of the three individuals in the family will be set to missing at the corresponding SNPs. We assume nonpaternity and adoption have both been ruled out in QC for the source data.

This function requires at least two pathway SNPs, eithe two SNPs in the one pathway or two pathways each involving one SNP. If the users are interested in a single SNP scenario one can trick the function by setting the number of pathway to 2, each with a single SNP in the pathway but only the SNP in the first pathway carries a risk while that in the second pathway does not change risk. See below for an example.

```
TriadSim(input.plink.file, file.path(tempdir(),'singleSNP'), fr.desire=0.05,pathways=list(1,2),n.ped=1
```

```
## [1] 118 140
## coercing object of mode numeric to SnpMatrix
## Writing FAM file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/singleSNP1.fam
## Writing extended MAP file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/singleSNP1.bim
## Writing BED file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/singleSNP1.bed (SNP-major mode)
## coercing object of mode numeric to SnpMatrix
## Writing FAM file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/singleSNP8.fam
## Writing extended MAP file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/singleSNP8.bim
## Writing BED file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/singleSNP8.bed (SNP-major mode)
## coercing object of mode numeric to SnpMatrix
## Writing FAM file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/singleSNP17.fam
## Writing extended MAP file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/singleSNP17.bim
## Writing BED file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/singleSNP17.bed (SNP-major mode)
## coercing object of mode numeric to SnpMatrix
## Writing FAM file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/singleSNP17.bed (SNP-major mode)
## coercing object of mode numeric to SnpMatrix
## Writing FAM file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/singleSNP20.fam
```

```
## Writing extended MAP file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/singleSNP20.bim
## Writing BED file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/singleSNP20.bed (SNP-major mode)
```

# Facility functions

The following set of functions is provided in case users want to have more control over the simulation parameters. They are called by the main function to generate simulations. Users do not need to call them directly.

#### pick\_target.snp

Users can manually pick the target SNPs in the pathway or use the facility function pick\_target.snp to pick the set of target SNPs in the pathway(s) based on a desired allele frequency. The example below uses the example files that come with the package to select 8 SNPs with allele frequencies close to 0.05. The function returns the selected target SNPs by giving the row numbers (i.e., the order) of the corresponding SNPs among all the SNPs in the associated "bim" file. For example a return of "1084 2044 3285 4016 5117 6067 7077 8187" means the SNPs at rows 1084 2044 3285 4016 5117 6067 7077 8187 are selected to be the target SNPs in the pathway.

```
m.file <- file.path(system.file(package = "TriadSim"),'extdata/pop1_4chr_mom')
f.file <- file.path(system.file(package = "TriadSim"),'extdata/pop1_4chr_dad')
picked.target <- pick_target.snp(c(m.file,f.file),0.05, 8)</pre>
```

```
## [1] 21 118 121 140 155 168 218 383
```

```
cat('Target SNPs picked:',picked.target[[2]],'\n')
```

```
## Target SNPs picked: 21 118 121 140 155 168 218 383
```

#### get.target.geno

The function get.target.geno retrieves genotypes of the target SNPs and returns the genotypes of the triads in a list of three elements: the observed genotypes of the mothers from family 1 to family n repeated twice, genotypes of the fathers from family 1 to family n repeated twice and genotypes of children from family 1 to n followed by (stacking on top of) genotypes of the complements in the same family order.

```
target.snp <- picked.target[[2]]
m.file <- file.path(system.file(package = "TriadSim"),'extdata/pop1_4chr_mom')
f.file <- file.path(system.file(package = "TriadSim"),'extdata/pop1_4chr_dad')
k.file <- file.path(system.file(package = "TriadSim"),'extdata/pop1_4chr_kid')
# the preloaded data frame snp.all2 contains the data frame read from the corresponding .bim file.
target.geno <- get.target.geno(c(m.file,f.file,k.file), target.snp,snp.all2)</pre>
```

The output target.geno is a list of three elements, each being a matrix of genotypes

```
length(target.geno)
```

```
## [1] 3
```

For this example the genotypes form a 2000 x 8 numerical matrix (2x1000 families and 8 SNPs)

```
mom.target <- target.geno[[1]]
dad.target <- target.geno[[2]]
kid.target <- target.geno[[3]]
str(mom.target)</pre>
```

```
## num [1:2000, 1:8] 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 0 ...
```

To increase diversity, TriadSim introduces break points at each chromosome, selecting them independently for each triad being simulated. The break points can be picked manually or using the function get.brks. The function tends to pick the break points at recombination hotspots if such data are passed in as an input parameter rcmb.rate.

```
found.brks <- get.brks(N.brk=3,n.ped=1000, snp.all2, target.snp,rcmb.rate=rcmb.rate)
breaks <- found.brks[[1]]
family.position <- found.brks[[2]]</pre>
```

This function returns a list of two items. The first is a 1000 x 17 matrix of integers showing where the chromosomal breaks are to take place (in terms of the order of the SNPs in the PLINK files) for each individual in the simulated trios. Each chromosome has 3 breaks, adding to that is the number of breaks between chromosomes, i.e., 3, and the first and the last SNPs, and this is where the 17 comes from. Here 1000 denotes the number of triads in the simulated data as defined by the n.ped input parameter.

```
dim(breaks)
```

## [1] 1000 19

```
head(breaks)
```

```
##
         [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6]
                                           [,7] [,8] [,9] [,10] [,11] [,12] [,13]
                                                                                   324
## [1,]
                 41
                     119
                           129
                                147
                                      159
                                            173
                                                  181
                                                       215
                                                              257
                                                                     297
                                                                            300
## [2,]
            0
                102
                     120
                           123
                                 143
                                      165
                                            173
                                                  197
                                                        215
                                                              266
                                                                     297
                                                                            311
                                                                                   326
## [3,]
            0
                 21
                     118
                           123
                                143
                                      166
                                            173
                                                  183
                                                        228
                                                              256
                                                                     297
                                                                            300
                                                                                   332
## [4,]
            0
                 76
                     118
                           137
                                 146
                                      162
                                            173
                                                  192
                                                        248
                                                              266
                                                                     297
                                                                            313
                                                                                   324
## [5,]
            0
                 27
                     118
                           123
                                151
                                      161
                                            173
                                                  183
                                                        243
                                                                            313
                                                                                   326
                                                              259
                                                                     297
## [6,]
            0
               101
                     118
                           137
                                147
                                      164
                                            173
                                                  202
                                                       245
                                                              262
                                                                     297
                                                                            306
                                                                                   322
##
               [,15] [,16] [,17] [,18]
                                           [,19]
         [,14]
## [1,]
           338
                  355
                         360
                                377
                                      407
                                             412
## [2,]
           346
                  355
                         360
                                377
                                      407
                                             412
## [3,]
           337
                  355
                         362
                                376
                                      407
                                             412
## [4,]
           349
                  355
                         360
                                384
                                      408
                                             412
## [5,]
           347
                  355
                         360
                                381
                                      404
                                             412
## [6,]
           338
                  355
                         361
                                377
                                      408
                                             412
```

The second one is a 1000 x 8 matrix showing the chromosomal segments out of which each target SNP is selected for each simulated trio.

```
dim(family.position)
```

```
## [1] 1000 8
```

# head(family.position)

```
##
               [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6] [,7]
## [1,]
             1
                    2
                                4
                                      5
                                            6
                                                        17
                          3
## [2,]
             1
                    2
                          3
                                4
                                      5
                                             6
                                                   9
                                                        17
## [3,]
             1
                    2
                          3
                                4
                                      5
                                            6
                                                   8
                                                        17
## [4,]
             1
                    2
                          3
                                      5
                                             6
                                                        16
## [5,]
                    2
                          3
                                            6
                                                        17
             1
                                4
                                      5
                                                   8
## [6,]
                          3
                                      5
                                                        17
```

#### fit.risk.model.par

fit.risk.model.par is a function that resamples families based on the specified risk model. It can simulate a homogenous scenario or a stratified scenario with two subpopulations. The risk model can involve exposure main effects as well as gene by exposure interactions. This function is parallelized to shorten the running time. An example call for simulating a binary phenotype is given below.

```
betas <- c(-6.4, 3.2, 5.8)
pwy <- list(1:4,5:8)
## scenarios of genetic main effects only for a binary phenotype
fitted.model1 <- fit.risk.model.par(n.ped=1000,brks=breaks,target.snp,fam.pos=family.position,
mom.tar=mom.target,dad.tar=dad.target, kid.tar=kid.target, pathways=pwy,
betas, e.fr=NA, betas,pop1.frac= NA,rate.beta=NA,qtl= FALSE,out.put.file=file.path(tempdir(),'riskmodel</pre>
```

This function returns a list of five items. For a scenario involving a binary trait in a homogeneous population and no gene-environment interaction only the first two items contain the data needed. The first is a 1000 x 16 matrix of integers showing which source families are picked for each chromosomal segments in each of the 1000 simulated trios.

```
sel.fam <- fitted.model1[[1]]
colnames(sel.fam) <- paste('seg',1:ncol(sel.fam),sep="_")
rownames(sel.fam) <- paste('fam',1:nrow(sel.fam),sep="_")
dim(sel.fam)</pre>
```

## [1] 1000 18

```
head(sel.fam)
```

```
##
          seg_1 seg_2 seg_3 seg_4 seg_5 seg_6 seg_7 seg_8 seg_9 seg_10 seg_11
            816
                   102
                          107
                                      1055
                                              683
                                                   1865
                                                          1960
                                                                 1817
                                                                         1240
                                                                                 1894
## fam_1
                                956
            252
                          498
                                                                                  280
## fam 2
                  1619
                                332
                                       965
                                             1822
                                                     403
                                                           292
                                                                 1368
                                                                          529
           1723
                  1130
                          976
                                733
                                       290
                                             1513
                                                   1565
                                                          1943
                                                                 1592
                                                                          156
                                                                                  522
## fam_3
## fam_4
            212
                    50
                        1524
                               1965
                                       906
                                              626
                                                     503
                                                           504
                                                                  493
                                                                           38
                                                                                  927
                        1582
                                              253
                                                           289
                                                                                  620
## fam_5
           1844
                 1161
                                189
                                      1211
                                                   1789
                                                                  826
                                                                          463
           1157
                  1643
                        1831
                               1851
                                       276
                                              608
                                                     242
                                                           188
                                                                 1609
                                                                          818
                                                                                  488
##
   fam_6
##
          seg_12 seg_13 seg_14 seg_15 seg_16 seg_17 seg_18
                    1217
                                    1866
## fam_1
             884
                            1212
                                           1322
                                                    1820
                                                            948
## fam_2
             721
                     119
                             378
                                    1766
                                           1868
                                                   1384
                                                           1768
             283
                     389
                             877
                                     949
                                           1340
                                                     492
                                                            753
## fam 3
## fam_4
             429
                     349
                            1031
                                    1147
                                            622
                                                   1522
                                                            426
                            1921
                                                   1098
                                                            413
## fam 5
            1340
                     210
                                     553
                                           1386
            1528
                            1723
                                    1307
                                           1285
                                                     986
                                                           1659
## fam_6
                    1572
```

The second one is a 1000 x 8 matrix showing the genotypes at the 8 target SNPs.

```
sim.pathway.geno <- fitted.model1[[2]]
colnames(sim.pathway.geno) <- paste('target.snp',1:ncol(sim.pathway.geno),sep="_")
rownames(sim.pathway.geno) <- paste('fam',1:nrow(sim.pathway.geno),sep="_")
dim(sim.pathway.geno)</pre>
## [1] 3000 8
```

```
head(sim.pathway.geno)
```

```
target.snp_1 target.snp_2 target.snp_3 target.snp_4 target.snp_5
                     2
                                   2
                                                               2
## fam_1
                                                 2
## fam_2
                     2
                                   2
                                                 2
                                                               2
                                                                             2
                     2
                                   2
                                                 2
                                                               2
                                                                             2
## fam 3
                                   2
                                                 2
                                                                             2
## fam_4
## fam_5
                     2
                                   2
                                                 2
                                                               2
                                                                             2
## fam 6
                     2
                                   2
                                                 2
##
         target.snp_6 target.snp_7 target.snp_8
                     2
                                   2
## fam 1
                                                 2
                     2
                                   2
                                                 2
## fam 2
                     2
                                   2
                                                 2
## fam 3
## fam_4
                     2
                                   2
                                                 2
## fam_5
                     2
                                   2
                                                 2
## fam_6
```

The following is an example call for a scenario involving gene-environment interaction for a binary phenotype.

```
## a scenario of gene-environment interaction for a binary phenotype
betas.e <- c(-6.4, 3.9, 6.5)

fitted.model2 <- fit.risk.model.par(n.ped=1000,brks=breaks,target.snp,fam.pos=family.position,
mom.tar=mom.target,dad.tar=dad.target, kid.tar=kid.target, pathways=pwy,
betas, e.fr= 0.2, betas.e,pop1.frac= NA,rate.beta=NA, qtl= FALSE,out.put.file=file.path(tempdir(),'risk)</pre>
```

For this scenario the third returned item contains exposure data.

```
exposure <- fitted.model2[[3]]
table(exposure)

## exposure
## 0 1
## 781 219</pre>
```

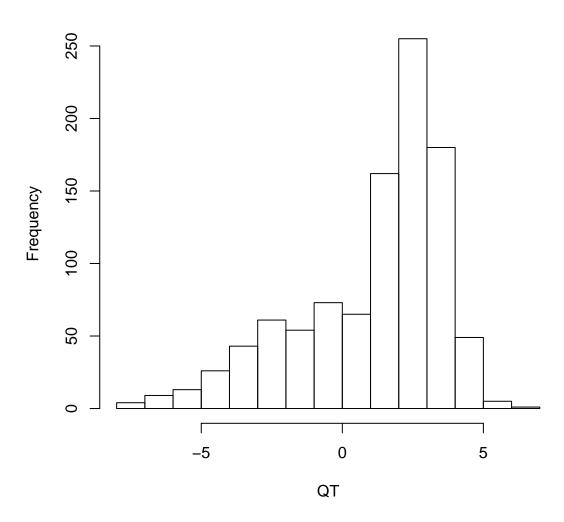
The following is an example call for a quantitative trait scenario.

```
## scenarios of a quantitative trait phenotype
fitted.model3 <- fit.risk.model.par(n.ped=1000,brks=breaks,target.snp,fam.pos=family.position,
mom.tar=mom.target,dad.tar=dad.target, kid.tar=kid.target, pathways=pwy,
betas, e.fr=NA, betas,pop1.frac= NA,rate.beta=NA,qtl=TRUE,out.put.file=file.path(tempdir(),'riskmodel3')</pre>
```

For this scenario the fifth returned item contains data for the quantitative phenotype.

```
qt.pheno <- fitted.model3[[5]]
hist(qt.pheno,main='Histogram of Simulated Quantitative Trait',xlab='QT')</pre>
```

# **Histogram of Simulated Quantitative Trait**



# glue.chr.segment.par

glue.chr.segment.par is a function that splices the triad chromosomal segments into "complete" trios. The spliced trio sets are written into separate plink files chromosome by chromosome. It is parallelized and if no "no\_cores" value is given half of the total number of CPUs available will be used in the parallelization.

```
glue.chr.segment.par(c(m.file,f.file,k.file),file.path(tempdir(),'triad'), breaks,sel.fam,snp.all2,sim.
```

```
## coercing object of mode numeric to SnpMatrix
## Writing FAM file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/triad1.fam
## Writing extended MAP file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/triad1.bim
## Writing BED file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/triad1.bed (SNP-major mode)
```

```
## coercing object of mode numeric to SnpMatrix
## Writing FAM file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/triad8.fam
## Writing extended MAP file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/triad8.bim
## Writing BED file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/triad8.bed (SNP-major mode)
## coercing object of mode numeric to SnpMatrix
## Writing FAM file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/triad17.fam
## Writing extended MAP file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/triad17.bim
## Writing BED file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/triad17.bed (SNP-major mode)
## coercing object of mode numeric to SnpMatrix
```

## Writing FAM file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/triad20.fam

## Writing extended MAP file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/triad20.bim

## Writing BED file to C:\Users\shi2\AppData\Local\Temp\2\RtmpgjUBeu/triad20.bed (SNP-major mode)