Birth Data - Bivariate Binary GEE

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The Birth data are loaded.

- > library(catdata)
- > data(birth)
- > attach(birth)

The original variable "Intensive" is converted into the binary variable "Intensive" indicating whether the child spent time in intensive care or not. In addition, "Previous" is reduced to 3 categories by merging two and more previous pregnancies to level "2".

```
> intensive <- rep(0,length(Intensive))</pre>
```

- > intensive[Intensive>0] <- 1</pre>
- > Intensive <- intensive
- > previous <- Previous
- > previous[previous>1] <- 2</pre>
- > Previous <- previous

For the GEE the package "gee" will be used.

> library(gee)

For comparison again the binary regression model "bivar logit" including odds ratios is fitted $\,$

```
> library(VGAM)
```

- $\verb| > Birth <- as.data.frame(na.omit(cbind(Intensive, Cesarean, Sex, Weight, Previous, Cesarean, Cesa$
- + AgeMother)))
- > detach(birth)
- > bivarlogit <- vglm(cbind(Intensive , Cesarean) ~ Weight + AgeMother +</pre>
- + as.factor(Sex) + as.factor(Previous), binom2.or(zero=NULL), data=Birth)
- > summary(bivarlogit)

Call:

```
vglm(formula = cbind(Intensive, Cesarean) ~ Weight + AgeMother +
    as.factor(Sex) + as.factor(Previous), family = binom2.or(zero = NULL),
    data = Birth)
```

Pearson Residuals:

```
Min 1Q Median 3Q Max logit(mu1) -1.1892 -0.339340 -0.24901 -0.16355 10.8180
```

```
logit(mu2) -1.3821 -0.523377 -0.41772 -0.24756 5.9127
log(oratio) -4.1883 0.032603 0.10362 0.16753 47.6346
Coefficients:
                             Value Std. Error t value
(Intercept):1
                       3.65190637 1.03698818 3.52165
(Intercept):2
                     -1.05842667 0.80533323 -1.31427
(Intercept):3
                      6.10129618 2.84800650 2.14230
Weight:1
                      -0.00190433 0.00021486 -8.86333
                      -0.00069100 0.00015499 -4.45840
Weight:2
Weight:3
                      -0.00051623 0.00056926 -0.90684
as.factor(Previous)1:1 -0.61120129 0.37696127 -1.62139
as.factor(Previous)1:2 -0.59240779 0.25570077 -2.31680
as.factor(Previous)1:3 1.39860448 0.90585414 1.54396
as.factor(Previous)2:1 0.51357284 0.49384286 1.03995
as.factor(Previous)2:2 -2.22655737 0.78057966 -2.85244
as.factor(Previous)2:3 4.12731711 2.15090281 1.91888
Number of linear predictors: 3
Names of linear predictors: logit(mu1), logit(mu2), log(oratio)
Dispersion Parameter for binom2.or family:
Residual Deviance: 1165.207 on 2304 degrees of freedom
Log-likelihood: -582.6033 on 2304 degrees of freedom
Number of Iterations: 8
   To fit the bivariate GEE the covariates have to be created separately for
both response variables.
> n <- dim(Birth)[1]
> ID <- rep(1:n,2)
> InterceptInt <- InterceptCes <- rep(1, 2*n)
> InterceptInt[(n+1):(2*n)] <- InterceptCes[1:n] <- 0</pre>
> AgeMotherInt <- AgeMotherCes <- rep(Birth$AgeMother,2)</pre>
> AgeMotherInt[(n+1):(2*n)] <- AgeMotherCes[1:n] <- 0
> SexInt <- SexCes <- rep(Birth$Sex,2)
> SexInt[SexInt==1] <- SexCes[SexCes==1] <- 0</pre>
> SexInt[SexInt==2] <- SexCes[SexCes==2] <- 1
> SexInt[(n+1):(2*n)] <- SexCes[1:n] <- 0
```

> PrevBase <- rep(Birth\$Previous,2)

```
> PreviousInt1 <- PreviousCes1 <- PreviousInt2 <- PreviousCes2 <- rep(0, 2*n)
> PreviousInt1[PrevBase==1] <- PreviousCes1[PrevBase==1] <- 1
> PreviousInt2[PrevBase>=2] <- PreviousCes2[PrevBase>=2] <- 1
> PreviousInt1[(n+1):(2*n)] <- PreviousInt2[(n+1):(2*n)] <- PreviousCes1[1:n] <-
   PreviousCes2[1:n] <- 0</pre>
> WeightInt <- WeightCes <- rep(Birth$Weight,2)</pre>
> WeightInt[(n+1):(2*n)] <- WeightCes[1:n] <- 0
  The created covariates are collected in the data set "GeeDat" that will be
used for the GEE.
> GeeDat <- as.data.frame(cbind(ID, InterceptInt, InterceptCes, SexInt , SexCes ,
+ WeightInt , WeightCes , PreviousInt1 , PreviousInt2, PreviousCes1,
+ PreviousCes2, AgeMotherInt , AgeMotherCes, Response=
+ c(Birth$Intensive, Birth$Cesarean)))
  Finally the GEE is fitted.
> gee1 <- gee (Response ~ -1 + InterceptInt + InterceptCes + WeightInt + WeightCes
               + AgeMotherInt + AgeMotherCes + SexInt + SexCes +
+ PreviousInt1 + PreviousCes1 + PreviousInt2 + PreviousCes2,
+ family=binomial(link=logit), id=ID, data=GeeDat)
 InterceptInt InterceptCes
                                WeightInt
                                               WeightCes AgeMotherInt
 4.1611826653 \ -0.9929137831 \ -0.0020290732 \ -0.0007054943 \ \ 0.0070738838
 AgeMotherCes
                     SexInt
                                   SexCes PreviousInt1 PreviousCes1
 0.0798125019 -0.2088611472 -0.3090803092 -0.4575262451 -0.5952351867
 PreviousInt2 PreviousCes2
 0.6364197683 -2.1368749421
> summary(gee1)
 GEE: GENERALIZED LINEAR MODELS FOR DEPENDENT DATA
 gee S-function, version 4.13 modified 98/01/27 (1998)
Model:
Link:
                            Logit
 Variance to Mean Relation: Binomial
 Correlation Structure:
                            Independent
Call:
gee(formula = Response ~ -1 + InterceptInt + InterceptCes + WeightInt +
    WeightCes + AgeMotherInt + AgeMotherCes + SexInt + SexCes +
    PreviousInt1 + PreviousCes1 + PreviousInt2 + PreviousCes2,
    id = ID, data = GeeDat, family = binomial(link = logit))
Summary of Residuals:
                            Median
        Min
                    1Q
                                              3Q
                                                         Max
```

-0.61166617 -0.18131300 -0.09247164 -0.03057809 0.99309207

Coefficients:

```
Estimate Naive S.E.
                                          Naive z Robust S.E.
                                                                  Robust z
InterceptInt 4.1611827620 1.1893516631 3.4986984 1.0980489941 3.7896148
InterceptCes -0.9929137832 0.8948093120 -1.1096373 0.9048002144 -1.0973846
WeightInt
            -0.0020290733 0.0002485633 -8.1632059 0.0002434651 -8.3341443
WeightCes
            -0.0007054943 0.0001722637 -4.0954324 0.0001755088 -4.0197100
AgeMotherInt 0.0070738835 0.0327707303 0.2158598 0.0302942401 0.2335059
AgeMotherCes 0.0798125019 0.0257718465 3.0968872 0.0240419660 3.3197161
SexInt
             -0.2088611520 0.2779137670 -0.7515322 0.2477987089 -0.8428662
            -0.3090803092 0.2113448480 -1.4624454 0.1886648873 -1.6382503
SexCes
PreviousInt1 -0.4575262960 0.4116192918 -1.1115278 0.3607913058 -1.2681190
{\tt PreviousCes1 -0.5952351867 \ 0.2837726547 \ -2.0975777 \ 0.2645692797 \ -2.2498273}
PreviousInt2 0.6364197771 0.5441641497 1.1695364 0.5891295223 1.0802714
PreviousCes2 -2.1368749910 0.8293275925 -2.5766356 0.7959708139 -2.6846148
```

Estimated Scale Parameter: 1.216606

Number of Iterations: 1

Working Correlation

[,1] [,2]

[1,] 1 0

[2,] 0 0

Here the respective coefficients from the bivariate regression model and from the GEE can be compared.

```
> coefficients(bivarlogit)[1:2]
```

(Intercept):1 (Intercept):2 3.651906 -1.058427

> coefficients(gee1)[1:2]

InterceptInt InterceptCes
 4.1611828 -0.9929138

> coefficients(bivarlogit)[4:5]

Weight:1 Weight:2 -0.0019043334 -0.0006910031

> coefficients(gee1)[3:4]

WeightInt WeightCes -0.0020290733 -0.0007054943

> coefficients(bivarlogit)[7:8]

AgeMother:1 AgeMother:2 0.01181496 0.07957626

> coefficients(gee1)[5:6]

```
AgeMotherInt AgeMotherCes 0.007073884 0.079812502
```

- > coefficients(bivarlogit)[10:11]
- as.factor(Sex)2:1 as.factor(Sex)2:2 -0.1650479 -0.2609304
- > coefficients(gee1)[7:8]

SexInt SexCes -0.2088612 -0.3090803

- > coefficients(bivarlogit)[13:14]
- as.factor(Previous)1:1 as.factor(Previous)1:2 -0.6112013 -0.5924078
- > coefficients(gee1)[9:10]

PreviousInt1 PreviousCes1 -0.4575263 -0.5952352

- > coefficients(bivarlogit)[16:17]
- as.factor(Previous)2:1 as.factor(Previous)2:2 0.5135728 -2.2265574
- > coefficients(gee1)[11:12]

PreviousInt2 PreviousCes2 0.6364198 -2.1368750