Preference for Political Parties - Multinomial Logit Model

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The dataset "partydat" is built by reading the data as a matrix given in "partypref".

```
> partypref <- matrix(data=c(114, 10, 53,224,134,9,42,226,114,8,23,174,339,30,13,
+ 414,42,5,44,161,88,10, 60,171,90,8,31,168,413,23,14,375), nrow=8, byrow=TRUE)
> partydat<-data.frame(
+ party=c(rep("CDU",sum(partypref[,1])),rep("SPD",sum(partypref[,4])),
+ rep("The Liberals",sum(partypref[,2])),rep("The Greens",sum(partypref[,3]))),
+ sex=c(rep(0,sum(partypref[1:4,1])),rep(1,sum(partypref[5:8,1])),
+ rep(0,sum(partypref[1:4,4])),rep(1,sum(partypref[5:8,4])),
+ rep(0,sum(partypref[1:4,2])),rep(1,sum(partypref[5:8,2])),
+ rep(0,sum(partypref[1:4,3])),rep(1,sum(partypref[5:8,3]))),
+ age=c(rep(c(1:4,1:4), partypref[,1]),rep(c(1:4,1:4), partypref[,4]),
+ rep(c(1:4,1:4), partypref[,2]),rep(c(1:4,1:4), partypref[,3])))</pre>
```

For the fitting of a multinomial logit model the function "multinom" from the "nnet"—package is used.

> library(nnet)

The reference category for the multinomial logit model is taken alphabetically so in this case "CDU" is the reference category.

```
> datmat<-as.matrix(table(partydat$sex,partydat$party))</pre>
> tparty<-data.frame("CDU"=datmat[,1], "SPD"=datmat[,2], "Green"=datmat[,3],
+ "Liberals"=datmat[,4], "sex"=0:1)
> tparty
  CDU SPD Green Liberals sex
0 701 1038 131
                    57
1 633 875
           149
                       46
> logitParty <- multinom(cbind(CDU,SPD,Green,Liberals)~sex, data=tparty)</pre>
# weights: 12 (6 variable)
initial value 5032.248531
iter 10 value 3655.091249
iter 20 value 3642.353995
final value 3642.182612
converged
```

```
> summary(logitParty)
multinom(formula = cbind(CDU, SPD, Green, Liberals) ~ sex, data = tparty)
Coefficients:
         (Intercept)
SPD
           0.3925429 -0.06878949
Green
          -1.6773106 0.23078689
Liberals -2.5094579 -0.11237152
Std. Errors:
         (Intercept)
SPD
          0.04888685 0.07150217
          0.09518466 0.13172435
Green
Liberals 0.13773312 0.20564370
Residual Deviance: 7284.365
AIC: 7296.365
> exp(coef(logitParty))
         (Intercept)
SPD
           1.4807414 0.9335232
Green
           0.1868759 1.2595908
           0.0813123 0.8937122
Liberals
  From the model with "CDU" as reference category the corresponding param-
eters for "SPD" are easily derived:
> coefSPD <- matrix(data = c(-coefficients(logitParty)[3,1],</pre>
+ coefficients(logitParty)[1,1] - coefficients(logitParty)[3,1],
+ coefficients(logitParty)[2,1] - coefficients(logitParty)[3,1],
+ -coefficients(logitParty)[3,2],
+ coefficients(logitParty)[1,2] - coefficients(logitParty)[3,2],
+ coefficients(logitParty)[2,2] - coefficients(logitParty)[3,2]),
+ nrow=3, ncol=2)
> coefSPD
          Γ.17
                     [,2]
[1,] 2.5094579 0.11237152
[2,] 2.9020008 0.04358204
[3,] 0.8321473 0.34315842
> exp(coefSPD)
          [,1]
                   [,2]
[1,] 12.298262 1.118928
[2,] 18.210545 1.044546
[3,] 2.298248 1.409392
```