jss: A Document Class for Publications in the Journal of Statistical Software

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April 7, 2008

1 Introduction

The LATEX 2_{ε} document class **jss** is an extension of the standard LATEX 2_{ε} **article** class for publications in the Journal of Statistical Software (JSS, http://www.jstatsoft.org/). It provides infrastructure for all four kinds of publications in JSS: regular articles, code snippets, book reviews and software reviews. Each document requires several declarations to be made in the header (before \begin{document}\begin{document}\) which are described in Section 2 separately for articles/code snippets and book/software reviews along with some general commands which can be used in all documents.

The final version of JSS papers should be prepared using this JSS style file; the submission of the final version needs to include the full sources (.tex, .bib, and all graphics). A quick check for the most important aspects of the JSS style is given in Section 2.1; authors should make sure that all of them are addressed in the final version.

All documents need to be processed by pdfTEX, some useful information on this is provided in Section 3, which also contains some information on using BibTEX. BibTEX together with the style file jss.bst produces references and citations in the required format.

The actual code for the batch file (jss.ins), the driver (jss.drv) and the class (jss.cls) are briefly described in Section 4. Note, that usually you do not have to read that section when you want to prepare a submission for JSS.

2 Instructions for authors

To use the JSS styles, you have to include the class file jss.cls, the logo jsslogo.jpg and the BibTeX style jss.bst in your search path. This can either be your local working directory or in your texmf or localtexmf tree.

The LATEX documents have to include the jss.cls first by

 $\documentclass[type]{jss}$

where type can be article (which is the default), codesnippet, bookreview or softwarereview. Templates with brief instructions are provided in article.tex, codesnippet.tex, bookreview.tex and softwarereview.tex respectively. The corresponding commands used for the header declarations are described in more detail in the following.

By using jss.cls, the packages graphicx, a4wide, color, hyperref, ae, fancyverb and natbib are loaded automatically. Authors may, of course, include further packages but should not change the page layout or change the font or font encoding. If the package thumbpdf is available, its inclusion is encouraged

The titles of JSS publications are capitalized, i.e., in title style, but the section headers are not and should be in sentence-style.

Acknowledgments should be included at the end of the paper before the references in a separate section set up via \section*{Acknowledgments}.

Hint. If you want to use markup in section headers you will usually have to escape it for the PDF bookmarks by giving the text for the bookmark explicitly without markup, e.g.,

 $\colon[Calling C++ from R]{Calling \proglang{C++} from \proglang{R}}$

Hint. If compilation with pdfTEX fails with an error at \begin{document} the reason is almost surely that some of the declarations in the header have not been made properly. For example, \Plainauthor, \Plaintitle or \Plainkeywords might be missing or still containing markup.

Hint. If you want to use the JSS style for a non-JSS paper (or a modification of an JSS paper, e.g., in a vignette), you can set the option nojss in the \documentclass statement to suppress JSS-specific layout.

2.1 Style checklist

A quick check for the most important aspects of the JSS style is given below. Authors should make sure that all of them are addressed in the final version. More details can be found in the remainder of this manual.

- The manuscript can be compiled by pdfT_FX.
- \proglang, \pkg and \code has been used for highlighting throughout the paper (including references).
- References are provided in a .bib BibTEX database and included in the text by \cite, \citep, \citet, etc.
- Titles and headers are formatted properly:
 - − \title in title style,
 - \section etc. in sentence style,
 - all titles in the BibTeX file in title style.
- Figures, tables and equations are marked with a \label and referred to by \ref, e.g., "Figure"\ref{...}".
- Software packes are \cite{}d properly.

2.2 Articles and code snippets

For JSS articles and code snippets respectively, the following declarations have to be made in the header of the TEX sources (before \begin{document}}). See also the template article.tex or codesnippet.tex respectively.

\author

The command \author specifies the list of authors. The name of each author should be followed by a linebreak and his affiliation (only the university, in a single line). The authors should be separated by \And (instead of \and), e.g.,

\author{Achim Zeileis\\Wirtschaftsuniversit\"at Wien \And Second Author\\Plus Affiliation}

If not all authors fit into a single line, \AND (instead of \And) should be used in front of authors that should go into the next line.

\Plainauthor The list of authors without affiliations. It needs to be comma-separated and must not contain any markup (bold fonts etc.), e.g.,

\Plainauthor{Achim Zeileis, Second Author}

\title The title of the paper. It should be capitalized and may contain further markup (in particular markup such as \pkg and \proglang), e.g.,

\title{A Capitalized Title for a Package \pkg{foo}}

\Plaintitle The full title without any markup. The default is to use \title, therefore it needs to be specified only if it is different from \title, e.g.,

\Plaintitle{A Capitalized Title for a Package foo}

\Shorttitle A shorter version of the title to be used for page headings. The default is to use \title, therefore it needs to be specified only if it is different from \title, e.g.,

\Shorttitle{A Capitalized Title}

\Abstract Enter the abstract for your article here, e.g.,

```
\Abstract{
    The abstract of the article.
```

\Keywords A comma-separated list of (at least one) keyword(s) which should not be capitalized, e.g., \Keywords{keywords, comma-separated, not capitalized}.

\PlainkeywordsThe list of keywords without any markup. The default is to use \Keywords, therefore it needs to be specified only if it is different from \Keywords.

\Volume The JSS volume number in which the article is published, e.g., \Volume{11}. Note: This information will be provided upon acceptance or added by the technical editor. Prior to acceptance, do not use this command.

\Issue The JSS issue number in which the article is published, e.g., \Issue{9}. Note: This information will be provided upon acceptance or added by the technical editor. Prior to acceptance, do not use this command.

\Month The month in which the article is published, e.g., \Month{September}. Note: This information will be provided upon acceptance or added by the technical editor. Prior to acceptance, do not use this command.

Year The year in which the article is published, e.g., Year{2004}. Note: This information will be provided upon acceptance or added by the technical editor. Prior to acceptance, do not use this command.

\Submitdate The date of submission for the article, e.g., \Submitdate{2004-09-29}. Note: This information will be provided upon acceptance or added by the technical editor. Prior to acceptance, do not use this command.

\Acceptdate The date of acceptance for the article, e.g., \Acceptdate{2004-09-29}. Note: This information will be provided upon acceptance or added by the technical editor. Prior to acceptance, do not use this command.

\Address The address of (at least) one author should be given in the following format

```
\Address{
   Achim Zeileis\\
   Department of Statistics and Mathematics\\
   Wirtschaftsuniversit\"at Wien\\
   1090 Wien, Austria\\
   E-mail: \email{Achim.Zeileis@wu-wien.ac.at}\\
   URL: \url{http://statmath.wu-wien.ac.at/~zeileis/}
}
```

It is also possible to include your telephone and fax number, by adding them in the format

```
Telephone: +43/1/31336-5053
Fax: +43/1/31336-734
```

before the e-mail address.

Furthermore, if the document is prepared using the Sweave functions in R, something like the following line

```
%% need no \usepackage{Sweave.sty}
```

(with '%%') needs to be included in the header.

2.3 Book and software reviews

For JSS book and software respectively, the following declarations have to be made in the header of the TEX sources (before \begin{document}}). See also the template bookreview.tex or softwarereview.tex respectively. Note that some commands might differ between book and software reviews, this is always stated explicitly below.

\Reviewer

The command \Reviewer specifies the name of the reviewer followed by a linebreak and his affiliation (only the university, in a single line), e.g.,

```
\Reviewer{Frederic Udina\\Pompeu Fabra University}
```

\PlainreviewerThe name of the reviewer without affiliation. It must not contain any markup (bold fonts etc.), e.g.,

```
\Plainauthor{Frederic Udina}
```

The following five commands are just required for book reviews.

\Booktitle The title of the book. It should be capitalized and may contain further markup (in particular markup such as \pkg and \proglang), e.g.,

\Booktitle{Visualizing Categorical Data}

\Bookauthor Author(s) of the book, e.g.,

\Bookauthor{Michael Friendly}

If there are several authors they should be comma-separated, and the last author separated by and, e.g., \Bookauthor{A and B} or \Bookauthor{A, B and C}.

\Pubyear Year of publication, e.g., \Pubyear{2000}.

\ISBN ISBN number, e.g., \ISBN{1-58025-660-0}.

\Pages Number of pages, both arabic and roman (if available), e.g., \Pages{456} or \Pages{xvi + 145}.

The following command is just required for software reviews.

\SoftwaretitleThe title of the software. It should be capitalized and may contain further markup (in particular markup such as \pkg and \proglang), e.g.,

\Softwaretitle{\pkg{Aabel} 1.5.7}

The remaining commands are again required for both book and software reviews.

\Publisher of the book/software, e.g., \Publisher{SAS Institute Inc.} or \Publisher{Gigawiz Ltd. Co.}.

\Pubaddress Address of the publisher of the book/software, e.g., \Pubaddress{Carey, NC}.

\Price Price of the book/software. For books this might simply be \Price{USD 69.95} or \Price{USD 69.95 (P)}, but could also distinguish between hardcover and paperback versions \Price{USD 69.95 (P), USD 89.95 (H)}. Analogously, for a software it could be \Price{USD 349 (standard), USD 249 (academic)}.

\URL A URL for the book or software, e.g.,

\URL{http://www.math.yorku.ca/SCS/vcd/}

If no URL is available, use \URL{}.

\Plaintitle The full book or software title without any markup (line breaks, bold fonts etc.). The default is to use \Booktitle or \Softwaretitle respectively, therefore it needs to be specified only if it is different from \Booktitle or \Softwaretitle, e.g.,

\Plaintitle{Visualizing Categorical Data}

\Shorttitle A shorter version of the book or software title to be used for page headings. The default is to use \Booktitle or \Softwaretitle respectively, therefore it needs to be specified only if it is different from \Booktitle or \Softwaretitle, e.g.,

\Shorttitle{Visualizing Categorical Data}

\Volume The JSS volume number in which the review is published, e.g., \Volume{11}. Note: This information will be provided upon acceptance or added by the technical editor.

\Issue The JSS issue number in which the review is published, e.g., \Issue{9}. Note: This information will be provided upon acceptance or added by the technical editor.

\Month The month in which the review is published, e.g., \Month{September}. Note: This information will be provided upon acceptance or added by the technical editor.

Year The year in which the review is published, e.g., \Year{2004}. Note: This information will be provided upon acceptance or added by the technical editor.

\Submitdate The date of publication for the review, e.g., \Submitdate{2004-09-29}. Note: This information will be provided upon acceptance or added by the technical editor.

\Address The address of (at least) one author should be given in the following format

\Address{

```
Achim Zeileis\\
Department f\"ur Statistik \& Mathematik\\
Wirtschaftsuniversit\"at Wien\\
1090 Wien, Austria\\
E-mail: \email{Achim.Zeileis@wu-wien.ac.at}\\
URL: \url{http://statmath.wu-wien.ac.at/~zeileis/}
}
```

It is also possible to include your telephone and fax number, by adding them in the format

Telephone: +43/1/31336-5053 Fax: +43/1/31336-734

before the e-mail address.

2.4 Further commands

The **jss** package provides several commands for typesetting names related to software (programming languages, packages, code) and mathematical formulae.

Writing about software

\proglang

This should be used for typesetting the names of programming languages, e.g., \proglang{Java}, \proglang{C++} or \proglang{R}. This applies also to programmable environments which also have a GUI like \proglang{SAS}, \proglang{Stata} or \proglang{S-PLUS}.

\pkg

This should be used for typesetting the names of packages, e.g., \pkg{CMregr}, \pkg{MATCH} or \pkg{strucchange}.

\code

This should be used for typesetting code chunks within the text, e.g., \code{plot(1:10)}. Currently, this simply uses a typewriter font. Although it escapes most special characters, it might still lead to problems with some special characters. In such cases the code can also be set using \verb, e.g., \verb/print("hello world")/.

Layout of code

jss.cls only provides very simple means of including code which are mostly borrowed from Sweave. There are three verbatim environments for code: Code, CodeInput and CodeOutput. Furthermore, there is an environment CodeChunk which can be put around sequences of CodeInputs and CodeOutputs to (hopefully) keep LATEX from page-breaking in the middle of a code chunk. In short, there are two options: a) if no distinction between input and output is necessary, the code is placed between \begin{Code} and \end{Code}. b) If input and output should be distinguished, this can be done like in the following example.

```
\begin{CodeChunk}
\begin{CodeInput}
first input first line
first input second line
\end{CodeInput}
\begin{CodeOutput}
output of first input
\end{CodeOutput}
\begin{CodeInput}
second input
\end{CodeInput}
\begin{CodeInput}
\second input
\end{CodeInput}
\begin{CodeOutput}
\begin{CodeOutput}
\end{CodeInput}
\end{CodeOutput}
\
```

```
second output
\end{CodeOutput}
\end{CodeChunk}
```

An example what this could look like, is the following R code. The first three lines are the input, the rest is output.

```
\begin{CodeChunk}
\begin{CodeInput}
R> data(cars)
R> fm <- lm(dist ~ speed, data = log(cars))
R> summary(fm)
\end{CodeInput}
\begin{CodeOutput}
Call:
lm(formula = dist ~ speed, data = log(cars))
Residuals:
    Min
             1Q Median
                                3Q
                                        Max
-1.00215 -0.24578 -0.02898 0.20717 0.88289
Coefficients:
           Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) -0.7297 0.3758 -1.941 0.0581
            1.6024
                        0.1395 11.484 2.26e-15 ***
speed
Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
Residual standard error: 0.4053 on 48 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-Squared: 0.7331, Adjusted R-squared: 0.7276
F-statistic: 131.9 on 1 and 48 DF, p-value: 2.259e-15
\end{CodeOutput}
\end{CodeChunk}
```

If you prepare your paper using **Sweave** (which is recommended if you describe an R package) do *not* include **Sweave.sty** into your document, the necessary commands are already available within <code>jss.cls</code>. To prevent **Sweave** from including **Sweave.sty** automatically you need to include a line like

```
%% need no \usepackage{Sweave.sty}
```

(with '%%') into the header of your document.

If this basic infrastructure for typesetting your code is not sufficient, you can also use other LATEX packages like the **listings** package.

Mathematical formulae

Commonly used operators like E, VAR, COV, and P should be set using the commands \E, \VAR, \COV and \Prob. Beyond this, **jss** does not provide (or enforce) a certain mathematical notation. However, using the **statex** package (e.g., available from CTAN and in TEX Live) could be useful.

3 Using pdfTFX and BibTFX

Using pdfTeX

A LATEX document (foo.tex, say) using jss.cls needs to be compiled using pdfTeX, typically this will be done using either of the following commands:

```
pdflatex foo.tex
texi2dvi --pdf foo.tex
texi2pdf foo.tex
```

If you are not using command line tools but some integrated GUI editor for LATEX documents you will have to press the 'pdfLATEX' button (as opposed to the 'LATEX' button).

All graphics included into the document have to be in a format pdfTEX can deal with, i.e., PDF for vector graphics or JPG/PNG/etc. for bitmaps/raster graphics. If you cannot produce PDF graphics directly but only PS/EPS, these can be converted using ps2pdf or epstopdf (usually preferred).

Hint. If you are used to compiling your documents with standard IATEX and then getting automatic reloads of the resulting DVI document in your DVI viewer, which is not possible with PDF documents in many PDF viewers: you might want to look at **xpdf** (Linux) or **gsview** (Windows, see http://www.cs.wisc.edu/~ghost/gsview/) which have a reload function.

Hint. If you want to use markup in section headers you will usually have to escape it for the PDF bookmarks by giving the text for the bookmark explicitly without markup, e.g.,

```
\label{ling C++} $$\operatorname{Calling \Pr[Calling \Pr[C++] from \Pr[R]}(R)$$
```

Hint. If you know how to produce LATEX documents that can be processed with both LATEX and pdfTEX, you can do so if you provide an EPS substitute for jsslogo.jpg (e.g. an empty or converted jsslogo.eps). Note, however, that the final document needs to be processed with pdfTEX. Neither this manual nor the JSS encourage or support compilation of JSS documents with standard LATEX.

References with BIBTEX

The format for references (e.g., articles, books, software, proceedings) should look like this

Brown RL, Durbin J, Evans JM (1975). "Techniques for Testing the Constancy of Regression Relationships over Time." *Journal of the Royal Statistical Society B*, **37**, 149–163.

Friendly M (2000). Visualizing Categorical Data. SAS Insitute, Carey, NC.

R Development Core Team (2004). R: A Language and Environment for Statistical Computing. R Foundation for Statistical Computing, Vienna, Austria. ISBN 3-900051-00-3, URL http://www.R-project.org/.

Urbanek S, Theus M (2003). "iPlots – High Interaction Graphics for R." In K Hornik, F Leisch, A Zeileis (eds.), "Proceedings of the 3rd International Workshop on Distributed Statistical Computing, Vienna, Austria," ISSN 1609-395X, URL http://www.ci.tuwien.ac.at/Conferences/DSC-2003/Proceedings/.

Important. Note, that also the titles of papers are in title style (as opposed to sentence style), i.e., they are capitalized. The first word after a colon ':' is always capitalized. Furthermore,

commands like \proglang and \pkg should also be used for the references. The names of journals or proceeding volumes should not be abbreviated.

The easiest way to achieve this is to use BIBTEX together with the style file jss.bst. To do so, the references just have to be included in a BIBTEX file, foo.bib say, which has to be included at the end of the LATEX document by \bibliography{foo}. Note, that to obtain references in the format above, the title field in your bib file, needs to be capitalized (contrary to the folklore, there are BIBTEX styles that rely on this even for @Article entries), i.e. the entry title = {Visualizing Categorical Data} is correct, while entries like title = {Visualizing categorical data} or (even worse) title = {{Visualizing categorical data}} are not.

The default in jss.cls is to use the **natbib** package with options authoryear, round and longnamesfirst. If you cite any article with six or more authors the latter option should be turned off. This can be done by using the option shortnames when loading the jss.cls class

\documentclass[article,shortnames]{jss}

4 The code

4.1 The batch file

First comes the code for creating the batch file jss.ins which in turn can be used for producing the package and driver files.

4.2 The driver

Next comes the documentation driver file for T_EX , i.e., the file that will produce the documentation you are currently reading. It will be extracted from this file by the docstrip program. Since it is the first code in the file one can alternatively process this file directly with $\text{LAT}_EX\ 2_E$ to obtain the documentation.

```
15 (*driver)
16 \documentclass[a4paper]{ltxdoc}
17 \providecommand{\file}[1]{\texttt{#1}}
18 \providecommand{\pkg}[1]{{\fontseries{b}\selectfont #1}}
19 \usepackage{color, hyperref, a4wide}
20 \oddsidemargin1.2cm
21 \textwidth14.2cm
22 \textheight23.3cm
23 \topmargin-.7cm
24 \setlength{\parskip}{0.7ex plus0.1ex minus0.1ex}
25 \setlength{\parindent}{0em}
26 \begin{document}
     \OnlyDescription
27
     \DocInput{jss.dtx}
28
29 \end{document}
30 (/driver)
```

4.3 The class

Next is the main part, the code for the class file.

It requires LATEX 2ε

```
31 \langle *class \rangle
32 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
33 \ProvidesClass{jss}[\filedate\space\fileversion\space jss class by Achim Zeileis]
34 \langle /class \rangle
```

and is based on the article class. But before we load the class we declare and process some options. These reflects wether we want to write an article, code snippet, a book re-

view or software review. The shortnames option is for loading natbib without the option longnamesfirst. The nojss option suppresses JSS header and footer.

```
35 \langle *class \rangle
36 %% options
37 \newif\if@article
38 \newif\if@codesnippet
39 \newif\if@bookreview
40 \newif\if@softwarereview
41 \newif\if@review
42 \newif\if@shortnames
43 \neq 0
45 \@articletrue
46 \@codesnippetfalse
47 \@bookreviewfalse
48 \@softwarereviewfalse
49 \@reviewfalse
50 \@shortnamesfalse
51 \@nojssfalse
53 \DeclareOption{article}{\@articletrue%
   \@codesnippetfalse \@bookreviewfalse \@softwarereviewfalse}
55 \DeclareOption{codesnippet}{\@articlefalse%
56 \@codesnippettrue \@bookreviewfalse \@softwarereviewfalse}
57 \DeclareOption{bookreview}{\@articlefalse%
58 \@codesnippetfalse \@bookreviewtrue \@softwarereviewfalse}
59 \DeclareOption{softwarereview}{\@articlefalse%
60 \@codesnippetfalse \@bookreviewfalse \@softwarereviewtrue}
61 \DeclareOption{shortnames}{\@shortnamestrue}
62 \DeclareOption{nojss}{\@nojsstrue}
64 \ProcessOptions
65 \LoadClass[11pt,a4paper,twoside]{article}
66 (/class)
A few packages are required and the font encoding is specified.
67 (*class)
68 %% required packages
69 \RequirePackage{graphicx,a4wide,color,ae,fancyvrb}
70 \RequirePackage[T1]{fontenc}
71 \IfFileExists{upquote.sty}{\RequirePackage{upquote}}{}
72 (/class)
In addition, hyperref is included later on. The bibliography is generated using natbib and
the BibTeX style jss.bst.
73 (*class)
74 %% bibliography
75 \if@shortnames
   \usepackage[authoryear,round]{natbib}
    \usepackage[authoryear,round,longnamesfirst]{natbib}
79 \fi
80 \bibpunct{(}{)}{;}{a}{}{,}
81 \verb|\bibliographystyle{jss}|
82 (/class)
Paragraphs are not indented, instead \parskip is increased.
83 (*class)
84 %% paragraphs
```

```
85 \setlength{\parskip}{0.7ex plus0.1ex minus0.1ex}
  86 \setlength{\parindent}{0em}
  87 (/class)
  To process the meta information we need some new commands: for all publications,
  88 (*class)
  89 %% for all publications
  90 \newcommand{\Address}[1]{\def\@Address{#1}}
  91 \newcommand{\Plaintitle}[1]{\def\@Plaintitle{#1}}
  92 \newcommand{\Shorttitle}[1]{\def\@Shorttitle{#1}}
  93 \newcommand{\Plainauthor}[1]{\def\@Plainauthor{#1}}
  94 \newcommand{\Volume}[1]{\def\@Volume{#1}}
  95 \newcommand{\Year}[1]{\def\@Year{#1}}
  96 \newcommand{\Month}[1]{\def\@Month{#1}}
  97 \newcommand{\Issue}[1]{\def\@Issue{#1}}
  98 \newcommand{\Submitdate}[1]{\def\@Submitdate{#1}}
  99 (/class)
  for articles and code snippets,
101 %% for articles and code snippets
102 \newcommand{\Acceptdate}[1]{\def\@Acceptdate{#1}}
103 \newcommand{\Abstract}[1]{\def\@Abstract{#1}}
104 \newcommand{\Keywords}[1]{\def\@Keywords{#1}}
105 \newcommand{\Plainkeywords}[1]{\def\@Plainkeywords{#1}}
106 (/class)
  for book and software reviews,
107 (*class)
108 %% for book and software reviews
109 \newcommand{\Reviewer}[1]{\def\@Reviewer{#1}}
110 \newcommand{\Booktitle}[1]{\def\@Booktitle{#1}}
111 \newcommand{\Bookauthor}[1]{\def\@Bookauthor{#1}}
112 \mbox{\parbox{$1$}} 112 \mbox{\parbox{$2$}}
113 \mbox{\parbox{$\sim$}[1]{\def\@Pubaddress{\#1}}}
114 \newcommand{\Pubyear}[1]{\def\@Pubyear{#1}}
115 \newcommand{\ISBN}[1]{\def\@ISBN{#1}}
116 \newcommand{\Pages}[1]{\def\@Pages{#1}}
117 \newcommand{\Price}[1]{\def\@Price{#1}}
118 \newcommand{\Plainreviewer}[1]{\def\@Plainreviewer{#1}}
119 \newcommand{\Softwaretitle}[1]{\def\@Softwaretitle{#1}}
120 \end{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\
121 (/class)
  and for internal use only.
122 (*class)
123 %% for internal use
124 \newcommand{\Seriesname}[1]{\def\@Seriesname{#1}}
125 \newcommand{\Hypersubject}[1]{\def\@Hypersubject{#1}}
126 \newcommand{\Hyperauthor}[1]{\def\@Hyperauthor{#1}}
127 \newcommand{\Footername} [1] {\def\@Footername\#1}}
128 \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Newcommand{\label{lambda}}} [1] {\mbox{\sc Newcommand{\sc Newcommand
129 \newcommand{\Seconddate}[1]{\def\@Seconddate{#1}}
130 \newcommand{\Reviewauthor}[1]{\def\@Reviewauthor{#1}}
131 (/class)
  Some defaults for theses commands are specified, which are (hopefully) a useful guidance
  when using the jss.cls.
132 (*class)
```

```
133 %% defaults
134 \author{Firstname Lastname\\Affiliation}
135 \title{Title}
136 \Abstract{---!!!---an abstract is required---!!!---}
137 \Plainauthor{\@author}
138 \Volume{VV}
139 \Year{YYYY}
140 \Month{MMMMMM}
141 \Issue{II}
142 \Submitdate{yyyy-mm-dd}
143 \Acceptdate{yyyy-mm-dd}
144 \Address{
145 Firstname Lastname\\
146 Affiliation\\
147 Address, Country\\
148 E-mail: \email{name@address}\\
149 URL: \url{http://link/to/webpage/}
150 }
151
152 \Reviewer{Firstname Lastname\\Affiliation}
153 \Plainreviewer{Firstname Lastname}
154 \Booktitle{Book Title}
155 \Bookauthor{Book Author}
156 \Publisher{Publisher}
157 \Pubaddress{Publisher's Address}
158 \Pubyear{YYY}
159 \ISBN{x-xxxxx-xxx-x}
160 \Pages{xv + 123}
161 \Price{USD 69.95 (P)}
162 \URL{http://link/to/webpage/}
163 (/class)
Conditional on the type of document several other defaults and some meta information is
stored.
164 (*class)
165 \if@article
166
     \Seriesname{Issue}
     \Hypersubject{Journal of Statistical Software}
     \Plaintitle{\@title}
169
     \Shorttitle{\@title}
170
     \Plainkeywords{\@Keywords}
171 \fi
172
173 \if@codesnippet
    \Seriesname{Code Snippet}
174
     \Hypersubject{Journal of Statistical Software -- Code Snippets}
175
176
     \Plaintitle{\@title}
     \Shorttitle{\@title}
177
     \Plainkeywords{\@Keywords}
178
179 \fi
180
181 \if@bookreview
182
     \Seriesname{Book Review}
     \Hypersubject{Journal of Statistical Software -- Book Reviews}
183
     \Plaintitle{\@Booktitle}
184
     \Shorttitle{\@Booktitle}
185
     \Reviewauthor{\@Bookauthor\\
186
                    \verb|\QPublisher|, \QPubaddress|, \QPubyear.||
187
                    ISBN~\@ISBN. \@Pages~pp. \@Price.\\
188
                    \url{\@URL}}
189
```

```
\Plainkeywords{}
190
     \@reviewtrue
191
192 \fi
193
194 \if@softwarereview
     \Seriesname{Software Review}
195
196
     \Hypersubject{Journal of Statistical Software -- Software Reviews}
197
     \Plaintitle{\@Softwaretitle}
     \Shorttitle{\@Softwaretitle}
198
     \Booktitle{\@Softwaretitle}
199
     \Reviewauthor{\@Publisher, \@Pubaddress. \@Price.\\
200
                    \url{\@URL}}
201
202
     \Plainkeywords{}
203
     \@reviewtrue
204 \fi
205
206 \if@review
207 \Hyperauthor{\@Plainreviewer}
208
     \Keywords{}
     \Footername{Reviewer}
209
     \Firstdate{\textit{Published:} \@Submitdate}
210
     \Seconddate{}
211
212 \else
213
     \Hyperauthor{\@Plainauthor}
214
     \Keywords{---!!!---at least one keyword is required---!!!---}
     \Footername{Affiliation}
     \Firstdate{\textit{Submitted:} \@Submitdate}
     \Seconddate{\textit{Accepted:} \@Acceptdate}
218 \fi
219 (/class)
For typesetting of code some basic infrastructure along the lines of Sweave is provided. First,
the Sweave commands are provided explicitly,
220 \langle *class \rangle
221 %% Sweave(-like)
222 \DefineVerbatimEnvironment{Sinput}{Verbatim}{fontshape=sl}
223 \DefineVerbatimEnvironment{Soutput}{Verbatim}{}
224 \DefineVerbatimEnvironment{Scode}{Verbatim}{fontshape=sl}
225 \newenvironment{Schunk}{}{}
226 (/class)
and analogous commands with more neutral names for general pieces of code.
227 (*class)
228 \DefineVerbatimEnvironment{Code}{Verbatim}{}
229 \DefineVerbatimEnvironment{CodeInput}{Verbatim}{fontshape=sl}
230 \DefineVerbatimEnvironment{CodeOutput}{Verbatim}{}
231 \newenvironment{CodeChunk}{}{}
232 \setkeys{Gin}{width=0.8\textwidth}
233 (/class)
The header and footer of JSS publications displays the logo, the publication information
and some further links. Here, we define the footer first (because it must be included before
hyperref in TEXlive). It contains the somewhat extended publication information (from the
header), preceded by the address of the author/reviewer.
234 (*class)
235 %% footer
236 \newlength{\footerskip}
```

237 \setlength{\footerskip}{2.5\baselineskip plus 2ex minus 0.5ex}

238

```
239 \newcommand{\makefooter}{%
    \vspace{\footerskip}
240
241
242
     \if@nojss
243
       \begin{samepage}
244
       \textbf{\large \@Footername: \nopagebreak}\\[.3\baselineskip] \nopagebreak
245
       \@Address \nopagebreak
246
       \end{samepage}
     \else
247
       \begin{samepage}
248
       \textbf{\large \@Footername: \nopagebreak}\\[.3\baselineskip] \nopagebreak
249
       \@Address \nopagebreak
250
251
       \vfill
252
       \hrule \nopagebreak
       \vspace{.1\baselineskip}
253
       {\fontfamily{pzc} \fontsize{13}{15} \selectfont Journal of Statistical Software}
254
255
256
       \url{http://www.jstatsoft.org/}\\ \nopagebreak
257
       published by the American Statistical Association
258
       \url{http://www.amstat.org/}\\[.3\baselineskip] \nopagebreak
259
       {Volume~\@Volume, \@Seriesname~\@Issue}
260
261
       \hfill
262
       \@Firstdate\\ \nopagebreak
263
       {\@Month{} \@Year}
264
       \hfill
265
       \@Seconddate \nopagebreak
266
       \vspace{.3\baselineskip}
267
       \hrule
       \end{samepage}
268
    \fi
269
270 }
271 (/class)
We include the footer at the end of the document.
272 (*class)
273 \AtEndDocument{\makefooter}
274 (/class)
After defining this, we can require the hyperref package.
275 (*class)
276 %% required packages
277 \RequirePackage{hyperref}
278 (/class)
and proceed to define the header.
The header for all JSS publications has the logo jsslogo.jpg along with the publication
information.
279 (*class)
280 \% new \maketitle
281 \def\@myoddhead{
    {\color{white} JSS}\\[-1.42cm]
282
     283
     \parbox[b][23mm]{118mm}{\hrule height 3pt
284
285
      \center{
      {\fontfamily{pzc} \fontsize{28}{32} \selectfont Journal of Statistical Software}
286
287
      {\it \small \@Month{} \@Year, Volume~\@Volume, \@Seriesname~\@Issue.%
288
289
               \hfill \href{http://www.jstatsoft.org/}{http://www.jstatsoft.org/}}\\[0.1cm]
```

```
\hrule height 3pt}}
290
291 (/class)
 This header is then used in the re-defined \maketitle:
292 (*class)
293 \if@review
            \renewcommand{\maketitle}{
294
            \if@noiss
295
                 %% \oddhead(\oddhead)\\[3\baselineskip]
296
297
                 \@oddhead{\@myoddhead}\\[3\baselineskip]
298
299
                 {\large
300
                  \noindent
301
302
                 Reviewer: \@Reviewer
303
                 \vspace{\baselineskip}
                 \hrule
304
                 \vspace{\baselineskip}
305
                 \textbf{\@Booktitle}
306
                 \begin{quotation} \noindent
307
308
                 \@Reviewauthor
309
                 \end{quotation}
                 \vspace{0.7\baselineskip}
310
                 \hrule
311
312
                 \vspace{1.3\baselineskip}
313
314
                 \thispagestyle{empty}
315
                 \if@nojss
316
                      \markboth{\centerline{\@Shorttitle}}{\centerline{\@Hyperauthor}}
317
318
                      \markboth{\centerline{\@Shorttitle}}{\centerline{\@Hypersubject}}
319
320
321
                  \pagestyle{myheadings}
322
            }
323 \ensuremath{\setminus} else
324
            \def\maketitle{
325
            \if@nojss
                 %% \oddhead{\Omega} \par
326
            \else
327
                 \@oddhead{\@myoddhead} \par
328
329
            \fi
330
               \begingroup
                    \def\thefootnote{\fnsymbol{footnote}}
331
                    \def\@makefnmark{\hbox to Opt{$^{\@thefnmark}$\hss}}
332
333
                    \long\def\@makefntext##1{\parindent 1em\noindent
334
                                                                                 \hbox to1.8em{\hss m@th ^{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\e
335
                    \@maketitle \@thanks
336
               \endgroup
               \setcounter{footnote}{0}
337
               \thispagestyle{empty}
338
                 \if@nojss
339
                       \markboth{\centerline{\@Shorttitle}}{\centerline{\@Hyperauthor}}
340
341
                       \markboth{\centerline{\@Shorttitle}}{\centerline{\@Hypersubject}}
342
343
344
               \pagestyle{myheadings}
345
               \let\maketitle\relax \let\@maketitle\relax
346
               \gdef\@thanks{}\gdef\@author{}\gdef\@title{}\let\thanks\relax
347
```

```
}
348
349
     \def\@maketitle{\vbox{\hsize\textwidth \linewidth\hsize}
350
     \if@nojss
351
       %% \vskip 1in
352
353
     \else
354
       \vskip 1in
355
     \fi
356
      {\centering
      {\LARGE\bf \@title\par}
357
      \vskip 0.2in plus 1fil minus 0.1in
358
359
360
          \def\and{\unskip\enspace{\rm and}\enspace}%
361
          \def\And{\end{tabular}\hss \egroup \hskip 1in plus 2fil
             362
363
          \def\AND{\end{tabular}\hss\egroup \hfil\hfil\egroup
             \vskip 0.1in plus 1fil minus 0.05in
364
365
             \hbox to \linewidth\bgroup\rule{\z@}{10pt} \hfil\hfil
             \hbox to Opt\bgroup\hss \begin{tabular}[t]{c}\large\bf\rule{\z@}{24pt}\ignorespaces}
366
367
          \hbox to \linewidth\bgroup\rule{\z0}{10pt} \hfil\hfil
          \hbox to Opt\bgroup\hss \begin{tabular}[t]{c}\large\bf\rule{\z0}{24pt}\@author
368
          \end{tabular}\hss\egroup
369
      \hfil\hfil\egroup}
370
      \vskip 0.3in minus 0.1in
371
      \hrule
372
373
      \begin{abstract}
374
      \@Abstract
375
      \end{abstract}}
376
      \textit{Keywords}:~\@Keywords.
377
      \vskip 0.1in minus 0.05in
378
      \hrule
      \vskip 0.2in minus 0.1in
379
   }}
380
381 \fi
382 (/class)
The appearance of sections, subsections and subsubsections is controlled by
383 (*class)
384 %% sections, subsections, and subsubsections
385 \newlength{\preXLskip}
386 \newlength{\preLskip}
387 \newlength{\preMskip}
388 \newlength{\preSskip}
389 \newlength{\postMskip}
390 \newlength{\postSskip}
391 \setlength{\preXLskip}{1.8\baselineskip plus 0.5ex minus 0ex}
392 \setlength{\preLskip}{1.5\baselineskip plus 0.3ex minus 0ex}
393 \setlength{\preMskip}{1\baselineskip plus 0.2ex minus 0ex}
394 \setlength{\preSskip}{.8\baselineskip plus 0.2ex minus 0ex}
395 \setlength{\postMskip}{.5\baselineskip plus Oex minus 0.1ex}
396 \setlength{\postSskip}{.3\baselineskip plus 0ex minus 0.1ex}
397
398
399 \newcommand{\jsssec}[2][default]{\vskip \preXLskip%
     \pdfbookmark[1]{#1}{Section.\thesection.#1}%
400
     \refstepcounter{section}%
401
     \centerline{\textbf{\Large \thesection. #2}} \nopagebreak
     \vskip \postMskip \nopagebreak}
403
404 \newcommand{\jsssecnn}[1]{\vskip \preXLskip%
    \centerline{\textbf{\Large #1}} \nopagebreak
```

```
406
     \vskip \postMskip \nopagebreak}
407
408 \newcommand{\jsssubsec}[2][default]{\vskip \preMskip%
409
     \pdfbookmark[2]{#1}{Subsection.\thesubsection.#1}%
     \refstepcounter{subsection}%
410
     \textbf{\large \thesubsection. #2} \nopagebreak
411
     \vskip \postSskip \nopagebreak}
412
413 \newcommand{\jsssubsecnn}[1]{\vskip \preMskip%
     \textbf{\large #1} \nopagebreak
414
     \vskip \postSskip \nopagebreak}
415
416
417 \newcommand{\jsssubsubsec}[2][default]{\vskip \preSskip%
     \pdfbookmark[3]{#1}{Subsubsection.\thesubsubsection.#1}%
418
419
     \refstepcounter{subsubsection}%
420
     {\large \textit{#2}} \nopagebreak
     \vskip \postSskip \nopagebreak}
422 \newcommand{\jsssubsubsecnn}[1]{\vskip \preSskip%
     {\textit{\large #1}} \nopagebreak
424
     \vskip \postSskip \nopagebreak}
425
426 \newcommand{\jsssimplesec}[2][default]{\vskip \preLskip%
427 %% \pdfbookmark[1]{#1}{Section.\thesection.#1}%
     \refstepcounter{section}%
428
429
     \textbf{\large #1} \nopagebreak
     \vskip \postSskip \nopagebreak}
431 \newcommand{\jsssimplesecnn}[1]{\vskip \preLskip%
     \textbf{\large #1} \nopagebreak
433
     \vskip \postSskip \nopagebreak}
434
435 \if@review
     \renewcommand{\section}{\secdef \jsssimplesec \jsssimplesecnn}
436
     \renewcommand{\subsection}{\secdef \jsssimplesec \jsssimplesecnn}
437
     \renewcommand{\subsubsection}{\secdef \jsssimplesec \jsssimplesecnn}
438
439 \else
     \renewcommand{\section}{\secdef \jsssec \jsssecnn}
440
     \renewcommand{\subsection}{\secdef \jsssubsec \jsssubsecnn}
     \renewcommand{\subsubsection}{\secdef \jsssubsubsec \jsssubsubsecnn}
443 \fi
444 (/class)
The hypersetup uses some modified colors
445 \langle *class \rangle
446 %% colors
447 \det\{rgb\}\{0.5,0,0\}
448 \definecolor{Blue}{rgb}{0,0,0.5}
449 (/class)
and is then defined by
450 (*class)
451 \if@review
     \hypersetup{%
453
       hyperindex = {true},
454
       colorlinks = {true},
455
       linktocpage = {true},
456
       plainpages = {false},
457
       linkcolor = {Blue},
       citecolor = {Blue},
458
       urlcolor = {Red},
459
       pdfstartview = {Fit},
460
       pdfpagemode = {None},
461
```

```
pdfview = {XYZ null null null}
462
463
     }
464 \ensuremath{\setminus} \text{else}
465
     \hypersetup{%
       hyperindex = {true},
466
467
       colorlinks = {true},
468
       linktocpage = {true},
       plainpages = {false},
469
       linkcolor = {Blue},
470
       citecolor = {Blue},
471
       urlcolor = {Red},
472
       pdfstartview = {Fit},
473
       pdfpagemode = {UseOutlines},
474
       pdfview = {XYZ null null null}
475
    }
476
477 \fi
478 (/class)
The information for the hyper summary requires some information which has not been pro-
cessed before the beginning of the document. Therefore, we need a second \hypersetup.
479 (*class)
480 \if@nojss
     \AtBeginDocument{
481
       \hypersetup{%
482
         pdfauthor = {\@Hyperauthor},
483
          pdftitle = {\@Plaintitle},
484
          pdfkeywords = {\@Plainkeywords}
485
486
487
     }
488 \ensuremath{\setminus} else
489
     \AtBeginDocument{
490
       \hypersetup{%
         pdfauthor = {\@Hyperauthor},
491
          pdftitle = {\@Plaintitle},
492
         pdfsubject = {\@Hypersubject},
493
          pdfkeywords = {\@Plainkeywords}
494
495
    }
496
497 \fi
498 (/class)
We put the header at the beginning of the document (for footer see above).
499 (*class)
500 \AtBeginDocument{\maketitle}
501 (/class)
Finally, some additional commands are provided for writing about software (code, program-
ming languages, packages),
502 (*class)
503 %% commands
504 \makeatletter
505 \newcommand\code{\bgroup\@makeother\_\@makeother\^\@makeother\$\@codex}
506 \def\@codex#1{{\normalfont\ttfamily\hyphenchar\font=-1 #1}\egroup}
507 \makeatother
508 %%\let\code=\texttt
509 \let\proglang=\textsf
510 \newcommand{\pkg}[1]{{\fontseries{b}\selectfont #1}}
511 (/class)
```

for specifying e-mail addresses,

```
512 (*class)
513 \newcommand{\email}[1]{\href{\mailto:#1}{\normalfont\texttt{#1}}}
514 \( /\class \)
digital object identifiers (DOIs),

515 \( *\class \)
516 \newcommand{\doi}[1]{\href{\http://dx.doi.org/#1}{\normalfont\texttt{doi:#1}}}
517 \( /\class \)
and for mathematical notation.

518 \( *\class \)
519 \newcommand{\E}{\mathsf{E}}}
520 \newcommand{\VAR}{\mathsf{VAR}}
521 \newcommand{\COV}{\mathsf{COV}}
522 \newcommand{\Prob}{\mathsf{P}}
523 \( /\class \)
```