A tutorial dbEmpLikeGOF R package

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Contents

1	Introduction	2
2	Examples	2

1 Introduction

The dbEmplikeGOF package provides a function dbEmplikeGOF to be used for density based empirical likelihood (EL) goodness-of-fit tests based on sample entropy, as well as to perform the two sample EL ratio test for distribution equality. The function provides the test statistic and associated p-values. The p-value can be calculated by Monte-Carlo methods or estimated based on pre-calculated tables of selected sample sizes and alpha values. For details and algorithms:

Vexler A, Gurevich G, Empirical likelihood ratios applied to goodness-of-fit tests based on sample entropy. Computational Statistics and Data Analysis 54(2010) 531-545.

Gurevich G, Vexler A, A two-sample empirical likelihood ratio test based on sample entropy. Statistics and Computing, 2011.

2 Examples

The following performs a density-based empirical likelihood based goodness-of-fit tests based on sample entropy and calculates the p-value based on Monte-Carlo methods. The examples examine three null hypothesis, 1) data follows a normal distribution with unknown mean and standard deviation, 2) data follows a uniform distribution on 0 to 1 and 3) data from two samples are from the same distribution. The example below tests the data (normData) against the normal distribution.

```
> library(dbEmpLikeGOF)
> normData = rnorm(25)
> dbEmpLikeGOF(x = normData, testcall = "normal", pvl.Table = FALSE)
...Working on teststat
...Working on p-value
$teststat
[1] 6.005696

$pvalue
[1] 0.439
```

The p-value can be estimated based on precalulated tables rather than preforming Monte-Carlo methods. This is controlled by the argument pvl.Table. To estimate based on tables pvl.Table argument is TRUE, which is the default setting.

```
> dbEmpLikeGOF(x = normData, testcall = "normal", pvl.Table = TRUE)
```

```
...Working on teststat
estimating pvalue based on table
$teststat
[1] 6.005696
$pvalue
[1] 0.423743
   Similar calculations can be made to test data against a uniform distribution
on zero to one.
> unifData = runif(30)
> dbEmpLikeGOF(x = unifData, testcall = "uniform", pvl.Table = FALSE)
...Working on teststat
...Working on p-value
$teststat
[1] 7.630396
$pvalue
[1] 0.128
> dbEmpLikeGOF(x = unifData, testcall = "uniform", pvl.Table = TRUE)
...Working on teststat
estimating pvalue based on table
$teststat
[1] 7.630396
$pvalue
[1] 0.1282425
   Notice the data in each of the above examples was designed to match the
proposed distribution. Below is an example where the data does not follow the
proposed distribution
> dbEmpLikeGOF(x = unifData, testcall = "normal", pvl.Table = TRUE)
...Working on teststat
estimating pvalue based on table
$teststat
[1] 11.05889
$pvalue
```

It is also possible to test for distribution equality between two samples. When specifying an x and y samples, the <code>dbEmpLikeGOF</code> function will test for distribution equality between the two samples.

[1] 0.01022117

```
> dbEmpLikeGOF(x = unifData, y = normData, pvl.Table = TRUE)
...Working on teststat
estimating pvalue based on table
$teststat
[1] 22.05952

$pvalue
[1] 0.001
> normDataSet2 = rnorm(40)
> dbEmpLikeGOF(x = normDataSet2, y = normData, pvl.Table = TRUE)
...Working on teststat
estimating pvalue based on table
$teststat
[1] 12.15502

$pvalue
[1] 0.3575003
```

Notice the sample vectors do not have to be of equal length.