Vignette ecospat package

Contents

Load data				
Pre	Pre-Modelling Analysis			
2.1	Spatial Auto-correlation	5		
2.2	Predictor Variable Selection	6		
2.3	Climate Analogy Tools	6		
2.4	Phylogenetic Diversity Measures	8		
2.5	Niche Quantification and Comparison with Ordination techniques	10		
2.6	Biotic Interactions	17		
2.7	Data Preparation	20		
Cor	Core Niche Modelling			
3.1	Model Evaluation	23		
3.2	Spatial Predictions and Projections	24		
3.3	Spatial prediction of communities	29		
3.4	SESAM framework with $ecospat.SESAM.prr()$	29		
Post-Modelling				
4.1	Spatial Predictions of species assamblages	29		
	Pre 2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 Con 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 Pos	Pre-Modelling Analysis 2.1 Spatial Auto-correlation 2.2 Predictor Variable Selection 2.3 Climate Analogy Tools 2.4 Phylogenetic Diversity Measures 2.5 Niche Quantification and Comparison with Ordination techniques 2.6 Biotic Interactions 2.7 Data Preparation Core Niche Modelling 3.1 Model Evaluation 3.2 Spatial Predictions and Projections 3.3 Spatial prediction of communities 3.4 SESAM framework with ecospat.SESAM.prr() Post-Modelling		

Valeria Di Cola, Olivier Broennimann, Blaise Petitpierre, Manuela D'Amen, Frank Breiner & Antoine Guisan ##### 08 November, 2017

Miscellaneous methods and utilities for spatial ecology analysis, written by current and former members and collaborators of the ecospat group of Antoine Guisan, Department of Ecology and Evolution (DEE) & Institute of Earth Surface Dynamics (IDYST), University of Lausanne, Switzerland.

ecospat offers the possibility to perform Pre-modelling Analysis, such as Spatial autocorrelation analysis, MESS (Multivariate Environmental Similarity Surfaces) analyses, Phylogenetic diversity Measures, Biotic Interactions. It also provides functions to complement biomod2 in preparing the data, calibrating and evaluating (e.g. boyce index) and projecting the models. Complementary analysis based on model predictions (e.g. co-occurrences analyses) are also provided.

In addition, the *ecospat* package includes Niche Quantification and Overlap functions that were used in Broennimann et al. 2012 and Petitpierre et al. 2012 to quantify climatic niche shifts between the native and invaded ranges of invasive species.

1 Load data

```
library(ecospat)
citation("ecospat")
```

```
##
## To cite package 'ecospat' in publications use:
##
##
     Olivier Broennimann, Valeria Di Cola and Antoine Guisan (2022).
##
     ecospat: Spatial Ecology Miscellaneous Methods. R package version
##
##
     http://www.unil.ch/ecospat/home/menuguid/ecospat-resources/tools.html
##
## A BibTeX entry for LaTeX users is
##
##
     @Manual{,
##
       title = {ecospat: Spatial Ecology Miscellaneous Methods},
##
       author = {Olivier Broennimann and Valeria {Di Cola} and Antoine Guisan},
##
       year = \{2022\},\
##
       note = {R package version 3.3},
       url = {http://www.unil.ch/ecospat/home/menuguid/ecospat-resources/tools.html},
##
##
```

1.0.1 Test data for the ecospat library

ecospat.testData()

```
data(ecospat.testData)
names(ecospat.testData)
```

```
"long"
##
    [1] "numplots"
##
    [3] "lat"
                                         "ddeg"
## [5] "mind"
                                         "srad"
## [7] "slp"
                                         "topo"
## [9] "Achillea_atrata"
                                         "Achillea_millefolium"
## [11] "Acinos_alpinus"
                                         "Adenostyles_glabra"
## [13] "Aposeris_foetida"
                                         "Arnica_montana"
## [15] "Aster_bellidiastrum"
                                         "Bartsia_alpina"
## [17] "Bellis_perennis"
                                         "Campanula_rotundifolia"
## [19] "Centaurea_montana"
                                         "Cerastium_latifolium"
## [21] "Cruciata_laevipes"
                                         "Doronicum_grandiflorum"
## [23] "Galium_album"
                                         "Galium_anisophyllon"
## [25] "Galium_megalospermum"
                                         "Gentiana_bavarica"
## [27] "Gentiana_lutea"
                                         "Gentiana_purpurea"
## [29] "Gentiana_verna"
                                         "Globularia_cordifolia"
## [31] "Globularia_nudicaulis"
                                         "Gypsophila_repens"
## [33] "Hieracium_lactucella"
                                         "Homogyne_alpina"
## [35] "Hypochaeris_radicata"
                                         "Leontodon autumnalis"
## [37] "Leontodon_helveticus"
                                         "Myosotis_alpestris"
## [39] "Myosotis_arvensis"
                                         "Phyteuma_orbiculare"
## [41] "Phyteuma_spicatum"
                                         "Plantago_alpina"
## [43] "Plantago_lanceolata"
                                         "Polygonum_bistorta"
## [45] "Polygonum_viviparum"
                                         "Prunella_grandiflora"
## [47] "Rhinanthus_alectorolophus"
                                         "Rumex_acetosa"
## [49] "Rumex_crispus"
                                         "Vaccinium_gaultherioides"
## [51] "Veronica_alpina"
                                         "Veronica_aphylla"
## [53] "Agrostis_capillaris"
                                         "Bromus_erectus_sstr"
```

```
## [55] "Campanula_scheuchzeri"
                                         "Carex_sempervirens"
## [57] "Cynosurus_cristatus"
                                         "Dactylis_glomerata"
## [59] "Daucus_carota"
                                         "Festuca_pratensis_sl"
## [61] "Geranium_sylvaticum"
                                         "Leontodon_hispidus_sl"
## [63] "Potentilla_erecta"
                                         "Pritzelago_alpina_sstr"
## [65] "Prunella_vulgaris"
                                         "Ranunculus_acris_sl"
                                         "Soldanella_alpina"
## [67] "Saxifraga_oppositifolia"
## [69] "Taraxacum_officinale_aggr"
                                         "Trifolium_repens_sstr"
## [71] "Veronica_chamaedrys"
                                         "Parnassia_palustris"
## [73] "glm_Agrostis_capillaris"
                                         "glm_Leontodon_hispidus_sl"
## [75] "glm_Dactylis_glomerata"
                                         "glm_Trifolium_repens_sstr"
## [77] "glm_Geranium_sylvaticum"
                                         "glm_Ranunculus_acris_sl"
## [79] "glm_Prunella_vulgaris"
                                         "glm_Veronica_chamaedrys"
## [81] "glm_Taraxacum_officinale_aggr"
                                         "glm_Plantago_lanceolata"
## [83] "glm_Potentilla_erecta"
                                         "glm_Carex_sempervirens"
## [85] "glm_Soldanella_alpina"
                                         "glm_Cynosurus_cristatus"
## [87] "glm_Campanula_scheuchzeri"
                                         "glm_Festuca_pratensis_sl"
## [89] "glm_Bromus_erectus_sstr"
                                         "glm_Saxifraga_oppositifolia"
## [91] "glm_Daucus_carota"
                                         "glm_Pritzelago_alpina_sstr"
## [93] "gbm_Bromus_erectus_sstr"
                                         "gbm_Saxifraga_oppositifolia"
## [95] "gbm_Daucus_carota"
                                         "gbm_Pritzelago_alpina_sstr"
```

1.0.2 Test data for the Niche Overlap Analysis

ecospat.testNiche.inv()

```
data(ecospat.testNiche.inv)
names(ecospat.testNiche.inv)
##
   [1] "x"
                       "v"
                                       "aetpet"
                                                     "gdd"
                                                                     "q"
                                                                     "tmp"
   [6] "pet"
                       "stdp"
                                       "tmax"
                                                     "tmin"
## [11] "species_occ" "predictions"
ecospat.testNiche.nat()
data(ecospat.testNiche.nat)
names(ecospat.testNiche.nat)
                       "y"
                                                                     "q"
   [1] "x"
                                       "aetpet"
                                                     "gdd"
## [6] "pet"
                       "stdp"
                                       "tmax"
                                                     "tmin"
                                                                     "tmp"
## [11] "species_occ" "predictions"
```

1.0.3 Test tree for Phylogenetic Diversity Analysis

ecospat.testTree()

```
fpath <- system.file("extdata", "ecospat.testTree.tre", package="ecospat")
fpath</pre>
```

[1] "C:/Users/obroenni/AppData/Local/Temp/RtmpQNKExv/Rinstf3cc4aa75062/ecospat/extdata/ecospat.te

```
library(ape)
```

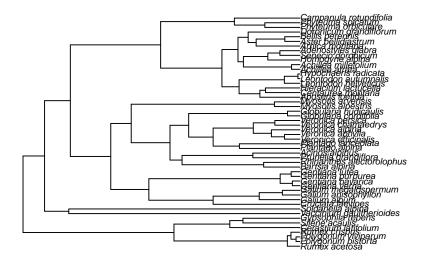
Warning: package 'ape' was built under R version 4.1.3

tree<-read.tree(fpath) tree\$tip.label</pre>

```
##
    [1] "Rumex_acetosa"
                                     "Polygonum_bistorta"
    [3] "Polygonum_viviparum"
                                     "Rumex_crispus"
##
    [5] "Cerastium_latifolium"
                                     "Silene_acaulis"
##
   [7] "Gypsophila_repens"
                                     "Vaccinium_gaultherioides"
## [9] "Soldanella_alpina"
                                     "Cruciata_laevipes"
## [11] "Galium_album"
                                     "Galium_anisophyllon"
## [13] "Galium_megalospermum"
                                     "Gentiana_verna"
## [15] "Gentiana_bavarica"
                                     "Gentiana_purpurea"
## [17] "Gentiana_lutea"
                                     "Bartsia_alpina"
## [19] "Rhinanthus_alectorolophus"
                                     "Prunella_grandiflora"
## [21] "Acinos alpinus"
                                     "Plantago alpina"
## [23] "Plantago_lanceolata"
                                     "Veronica_officinalis"
## [25] "Veronica_aphylla"
                                     "Veronica_alpina"
## [27] "Veronica chamaedrys"
                                     "Veronica persica"
## [29] "Globularia_cordifolia"
                                     "Globularia nudicaulis"
## [31] "Myosotis_alpestris"
                                     "Myosotis_arvensis"
                                     "Centaurea_montana"
## [33] "Aposeris_foetida"
## [35] "Hieracium_lactucella"
                                     "Leontodon_helveticus"
                                     "Hypochaeris_radicata"
## [37] "Leontodon_autumnalis"
                                     "Achillea_millefolium"
## [39] "Achillea_atrata"
## [41] "Homogyne_alpina"
                                     "Senecio_doronicum"
## [43] "Adenostyles_glabra"
                                     "Arnica montana"
## [45] "Aster_bellidiastrum"
                                     "Bellis_perennis"
                                     "Phyteuma_orbiculare"
## [47] "Doronicum_grandiflorum"
## [49] "Phyteuma_spicatum"
                                     "Campanula_rotundifolia"
```

Plot tree

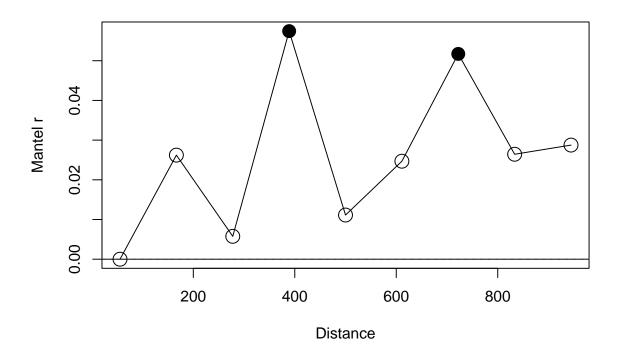
```
plot(tree, cex=0.6)
```



2 Pre-Modelling Analysis

2.1 Spatial Auto-correlation

 ${\bf 2.1.1} \quad {\bf Mantel~Correlogram~with~\it ecospat.mantel.correlogram()}$



The graph indicates that spatial autocorrelation (SA) is minimal at a distance of 180 meters. Note however that SA is not significantly different than zero for several distances (open circles).

2.2 Predictor Variable Selection

2.2.1 Number of Predictors with Pearson Correlation ecospat.npred()

```
colvar <- ecospat.testData[c(4:8)]
x <- cor(colvar, method="pearson")
ecospat.npred (x, th=0.75)</pre>
```

[1] 4

2.2.2 Number of Predictors with Spearman Correlation ecospat.npred()

```
x <- cor(colvar, method="spearman")
ecospat.npred (x, th=0.75)</pre>
```

[1] 4

2.3 Climate Analogy Tools

2.3.1 Climate Analogy with ecospat.climan()

```
x <- ecospat.testData[c(4:8)]
p<- x[1:90,] #A projection dataset.
ref<- x[91:300,] # A reference dataset</pre>
```

```
ecospat.climan(ref,p)
```

```
## [1] 0.185415746 -0.028290993 -0.032909931 -0.009237875 -0.034642032
## [6] -0.209006928 -0.084295612 -0.103622863 0.355220600 -0.136258661
## [11] -0.087182448 -0.209006928 -0.143187067 -0.124711316 -0.114844720
## [21] -0.113883908 -0.204653076 -0.001154734 -0.132217090 -0.100461894
## [26] 0.464738681 -0.416578541 -0.044457275 -0.018475751 -0.122225532
## [31] -0.137611720 -0.050808314 0.254605027 -0.062012319 0.238294633
## [41] 0.390781314 0.175132571 0.401892929 0.843703731 0.286155800
## [46] 0.321142114 0.668511130 0.252253209 0.440050672 0.177247206
## [51] 0.831525456 0.303710525 0.197182304 0.219273698 0.196637663
## [56] 0.195300816 0.142395786 0.176988160 -0.051991905 0.265163111
## [61] -0.020785219 -0.017898383 0.553965995 0.409635110 0.323633285
## [66] 0.468693064 0.124983005 -0.032909931 0.165642783 0.147046687
## [71] 0.202895471 0.341992334 0.225508458 0.133254065 0.485295264
## [76] -0.047344111 -0.012282931 0.165429659 0.134199992 0.216655251
## [81] 0.139419127 0.121254775 0.098782992 0.591393741 0.110866239
## [86] 0.146010655 0.095562156 0.093353356 0.081712342 0.160531262
```

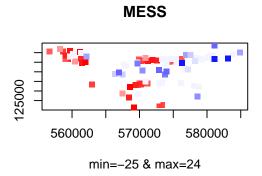
2.3.2 Extrapolation detection, creating a MESS object with ecospat.mess()

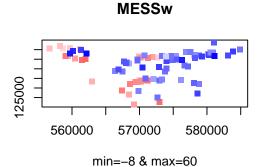
```
x <- ecospat.testData[c(2,3,4:8)]
proj<- x[1:90,] #A projection dataset.
cal<- x[91:300,] #A calibration dataset</pre>
```

```
mess.object<-ecospat.mess (proj, cal, w="default")</pre>
```

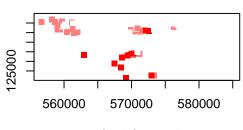
2.3.3 Plot MESS with ecospat.plot.mess()

```
ecospat.plot.mess (mess.object, cex=1, pch=15)
```





#MESSneg



min=0 & max=2

In the MESS plot pixels in red indicate sites where at least one environmental predictor has values outside of the range of that predictor in the calibration dataset. In the MESSw plot, same as previous plot but with weighted by the number of predictors. Finally, the MESSneg plot shows at each site how many predictors have values outside of their calibration range.

2.4 Phylogenetic Diversity Measures

##

[19]

```
fpath <- system.file("extdata", "ecospat.testTree.tre", package="ecospat")
library(ape)
tree <- read.tree(fpath)
data <- ecospat.testData[9:52]</pre>
```

2.4.1 Calculate Phylogenetic Diversity Measures ecospat.calculate.pd

29.0894143 89.9839758 27.4135569 40.2827035

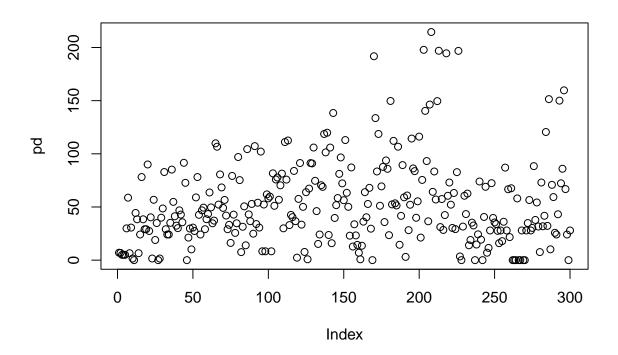
```
pd<- ecospat.calculate.pd(tree, data, method = "spanning", type = "species", root = TRUE, average =
## Progress (. = 100 pixels calculated):
## ... [300]
## All 300 pixels done.
pd
##
     [1]
           6.9782188
                       6.7981743
                                   4.9964700
                                                4.9964700
                                                            4.9964700
                                                                       29.8820547
##
     [7]
          58.7451752
                       6.5223035
                                  30.6152478
                                                1.5258335
                                                            0.0000000 44.3661803
##
          38.4155607
                       6.5223035
                                  24.0929443 78.1607950
                                                           38.4155607
                                                                       29.0894143
    [13]
```

1.5258335 56.7686202

```
##
    [25]
          18.9535475
                      34.8871800
                                    0.0000000
                                                 1.5258335
                                                            39.9291325
                                                                         48.5997861
##
    [31]
          82.8763723
                      29.0894143
                                   24.0929443
                                                24.0929443
                                                            35.0949481
                                                                         85.1406422
##
    [37]
          54.7974724
                       41.2817284
                                   32.4100269
                                                30.0984781
                                                            46.8247511
                                                                         42.8358475
    [43]
          35.6223697
                       91.5539224
                                   72.7022527
                                                 0.0000000
                                                            21.1862293
                                                                         29.7320308
##
##
    [49]
          10.1187868
                       30.6152478
                                   27.4135569
                                                59.0015345
                                                            78.1536692
                                                                         42.6423378
    [55]
                                                29.0894143
                                                            38.5290848
                                                                         43.3611373
##
          24.0929443
                       46.8050070
                                   49.3924266
##
    [61]
          63.6397674
                       49.6097169
                                   34.6522309
                                                37.1871282 109.8813371 106.6971561
                                                49.1362998
##
    [67]
          52.2512132
                       80.6221671
                                   68.3867818
                                                            56.6138690
                                                                         41.9283257
##
    [73]
          29.0894143
                       33.2026673
                                   16.1897593
                                                79.1938213
                                                            42.8115427
                                                                         25.6187778
##
    [79]
          34.6805724
                       96.9902366
                                   75.2672695
                                                 7.5313673
                                                            31.4078882
                                                                         50.5865673
##
    [85]
          13.9570775 104.4121025
                                   43.0464918
                                                36.6693230
                                                            52.8590823
                                                                         24.8855847
                                   54.0048319
##
    [91] 107.2302322
                       33.9358604
                                                30.6152478 102.0983385
                                                                          8.3170826
##
    [97]
          52.3071062
                        8.3170826
                                   61.8562896
                                                58.1179346
                                                            59.7939424
                                                                          8.3170826
## [103]
                      51.1054635
                                   75.8701970
                                                77.6947419
                                                            56.7929250
                                                                         70.3693202
          81.6495398
##
   [109]
          81.3965205
                       29.9118877 111.0790432
                                                75.7518798
                                                           112.5482496
                                                                         32.9763735
##
   [115]
          42.5644761
                       40.4507005
                                   83.8955419
                                                36.6693230
                                                             2.3184739
                                                                         57.5978451
                       33.3983912
                                   50.1351419
                                                 7.7084002
                                                            63.9227817
                                                                          0.7926404
##
  [121]
          91.3453370
## [127]
          67.2813325
                      91.2965996
                                   90.9578739 105.9024741
                                                            74.6128871
                                                                         46.1321553
## [133]
          15.2479619
                       24.0929443
                                   70.4802708
                                                68.8949899 118.6657550 101.3545260
## [139] 119.8539056
                       23.6602184 105.8968281
                                                15.9336325 138.4059855
                                                                         39.6674173
                      58.4119283
                                                96.6048825
                                                            72.2156025
                                                                         56.3601992
## [145]
          51.7391372
                                   81.1388699
                                                            87.1886965
                                   50.1594468
                                                23.0021994
## [151] 112.9489963
                       63.3258805
                                                                         12.7714946
## [157]
          33.7421666
                       23.2537702
                                   14.3226164
                                                 6.9752071
                                                             0.7926404
                                                                         13.5641350
## [163]
          36.2007616
                      63.9227817
                                   40.3310946
                                                52.8264129
                                                            67.9956878
                                                                         29.5843437
                                                83.3977825 118.6711630
## [169]
           0.0000000 191.7818606 133.6077875
                                                                         51.1512871
## [175]
          69.3838811
                      87.7066616 35.8005270
                                                93.7797077
                                                            85.8984840
                                                                         23.4933413
## [181] 149.7094684
                      52.4451847 112.1873673
                                                53.4479612
                                                            51.4341108 106.6959500
## [187]
          14.4361405
                       41.6547546
                                   89.4018733
                                                59.1068292
                                                             3.0516670
                                                                         60.7852739
                                                            83.7092232
## [193]
          28.1850877
                      52.1002690 114.3651475
                                                86.2640717
                                                                         39.8499777
  [199]
          55.3514065 116.1795597
                                   21.2346203
                                                75.4593878 197.8157358 140.3806968
   [205]
          93.2192350
                      36.5337815 146.3370747 214.5450205
                                                            64.2439145
                                                                         83.3740177
##
  [211]
          57.0440643 149.5697614 196.9415036
                                                31.0984631
                                                            57.4769230
                                                                         28.4014469
          42.3978747 194.5384819
                                   60.5204195
                                                73.0060715
                                                            52.1628582
                                                                         30.2801165
## [217]
## [223]
          63.1752097
                       29.1789484
                                   82.7662787 196.8309769
                                                             3.4666557
                                                                          0.0000000
## [229]
                                   43.3334929
          31.5688084
                       60.5650008
                                                62.5952411
                                                            13.9570775
                                                                         18.9495667
## [235]
          35.2646601
                       32.6155790
                                    0.0000000
                                                14.6693623
                                                            24.2745827
                                                                         73.9480832
## [241]
          19.2825866
                        0.0000000
                                   40.6115985
                                                68.9862341
                                                             6.9782188
                                                                         11.5030881
## [247]
          27.9105497
                       72.4020225
                                   39.6781995
                                                35.4596364
                                                            33.9160835
                                                                         27.5735165
## [253]
          15.9619740
                       27.9105497
                                   17.8628493
                                                36.0936777
                                                            87.0440848
                                                                         27.9105497
                                                             0.0000000
## [259]
          66.6907987
                       21.6475811
                                   67.5969904
                                                 0.0000000
                                                                          0.0000000
## [265]
          58.0542370
                        0.0000000
                                    0.0000000
                                                27.9105497
                                                             0.0000000
                                                                          0.0000000
## [271]
          27.9105497
                       34.8887684
                                   56.5556633
                                                27.9105497
                                                            30.3097595
                                                                         88.4296666
## [277]
          37.8150727
                       54.2397810
                                   31.6243116
                                                 7.5799087
                                                            73.0136833
                                                                         31.8638035
## [283]
          41.7172212 120.5228857
                                   32.2001243 151.4545228
                                                                         70.8133537
                                                            10.1544492
## [289]
          59.3255687
                       25.7211220
                                   24.1115267
                                                43.1500941 150.0299191
                                                                         72.2758570
## [295]
          85.9498096 159.7242106
                                   66.8328159
                                                24.0929443
                                                              0.0000000
                                                                         27.9105497
```

plot(pd)

2.4.1.1 Plot the results (correlation of phylogenetic diversity with species richness)



2.5 Niche Quantification and Comparison with Ordination techniques

Loading test data for the niche dynamics analysis in the invaded range

```
inv <- ecospat.testNiche.inv</pre>
```

Loading test data for the niche dynamics analysis in the native range

nat <- ecospat.testNiche.nat</pre>

2.5.1 PCA-ENVIRONMENT

The PCA is calibrated on all the sites of the study area, including both native and invaded ranges (same as PCAenv in Broenniman et al. 2012)

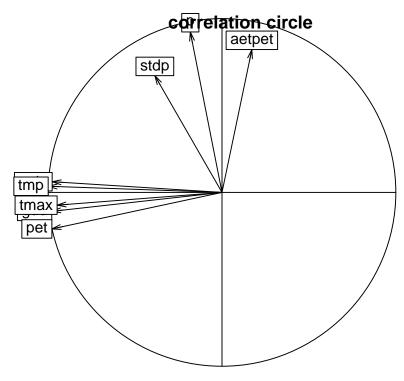
```
library(ade4)
```

Warning: package 'ade4' was built under R version 4.1.3

```
pca.env <- dudi.pca(rbind(nat,inv)[,3:10],scannf=F,nf=2)</pre>
```

Plot Variables Contribution with ecospat.plot.contrib()

ecospat.plot.contrib(contrib=pca.env\$co, eigen=pca.env\$eig)



axis1 = 61.14 % axis2 = 25.09 %

The correlation circle indicate the contribution of original predictors to the PCA axes.

Predict the scores on the axes

```
# PCA scores for the whole study area
scores.globclim <- pca.env$li

# PCA scores for the species native distribution
scores.sp.nat <- suprow(pca.env,nat[which(nat[,11]==1),3:10])$li

# PCA scores for the species invasive distribution
scores.sp.inv <- suprow(pca.env,inv[which(inv[,11]==1),3:10])$li

# PCA scores for the whole native study area
scores.clim.nat <- suprow(pca.env,nat[,3:10])$li

# PCA scores for the whole invaded study area
scores.clim.inv <- suprow(pca.env,inv[,3:10])$li</pre>
```

2.5.2 Calculate the Occurrence Densities Grid with ecospat.grid.clim.dyn()

For a species in the native range (North America)

```
## Registered S3 methods overwritten by 'adehabitatMA':
## method from
```

```
## print.SpatialPixelsDataFrame sp
## print.SpatialPixels sp
```

For a species in the invaded range (Australia)

2.5.3 Calculate Niche Overlap with ecospat.niche.overlap()

```
# Compute Schoener's D, index of niche overlap
D.overlap <- ecospat.niche.overlap (grid.clim.nat, grid.clim.inv, cor = TRUE)$D
D.overlap</pre>
```

```
## [1] 0.224586
```

The niche overlap between the native and the invaded range is 22%.

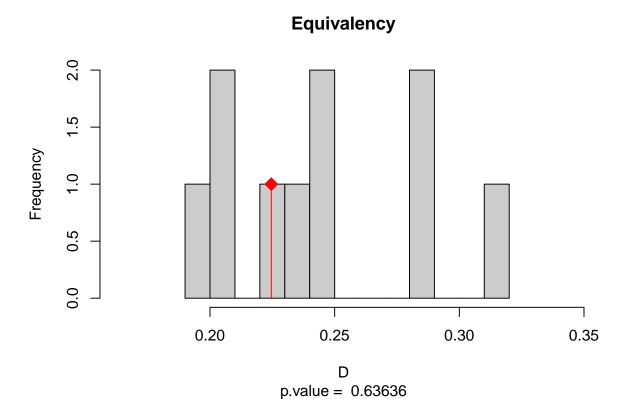
2.5.4 Perform the Niche Equivalency Test with ecospat.niche.equivalency.test() according to Warren et al. (2008)

It is recommended to use at least 1000 replications for the equivalency test. As an example we used rep = 10, to reduce the computational time.

Niche equivalency test H1: the observed overlap between the native and invaded niche is higher than if the two niches are randomized, the niche expansion of the invaded niche is lower, the niche stability is higher and the niche unfilling is lower than if the two niches are randomized.

Plot Equivalency test

```
ecospat.plot.overlap.test(eq.test, "D", "Equivalency")
```



2.5.5 Perform the Niche Similarity Test with ecospat.niche.similarity.test()

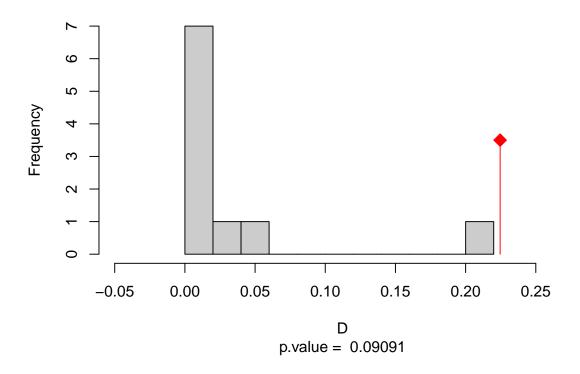
Shifts randomly on niche (here the invasive niche) in the study area It is recomended to use at least 1000 replications for the similarity test. As an example we used rep = 10, to reduce the computational time.

Niche similarity test H1: the observed overlap between the native and invaded is higher than randomly shifted invasive niches in the invaded study area, the niche expansion of the invaded niche is lower, the niche stability is higher and the niche unfilling is lower than if the two niches are randomized.

Plot Similarity test

```
ecospat.plot.overlap.test(sim.test, "D", "Similarity")
```

Similarity

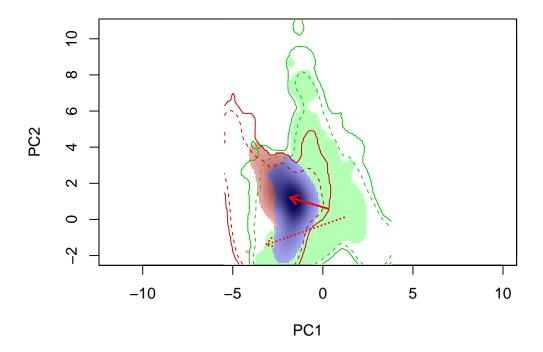


2.5.6 Delimiting niche categories and quantifying niche dynamics in analogue climates with ecospat.niche.dyn.index()

```
niche.dyn <- ecospat.niche.dyn.index (grid.clim.nat, grid.clim.inv, intersection = 0.1)</pre>
```

2.5.6.1 Visualizing niche categories, niche dynamics and climate analogy between ranges with ecospat.plot.niche.dyn() Plot niche overlap

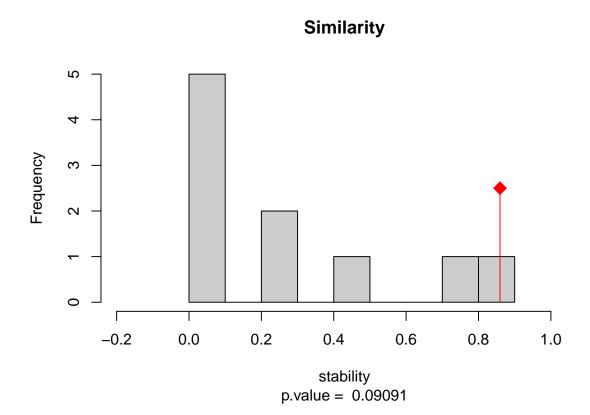




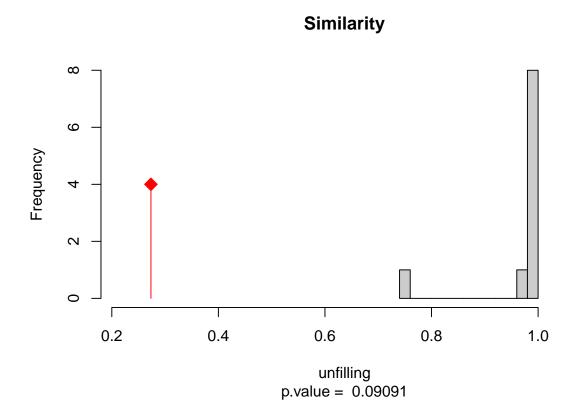
Plot Similarity test for niche expansion, stability and unfilling

ecospat.plot.overlap.test(sim.test, "expansion", "Similarity")

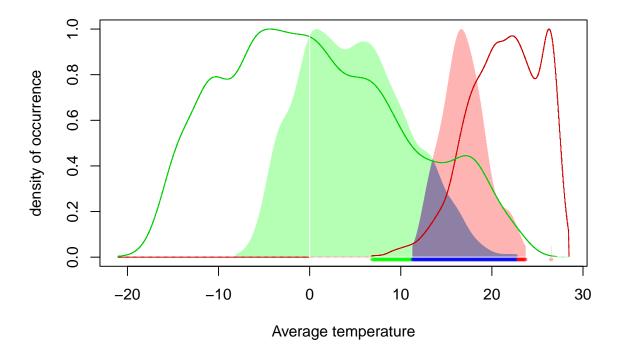
Similarity Similarity Similarity Similarity 0.0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.0 1.2 expansion p.value = 0.09091



ecospat.plot.overlap.test(sim.test, "unfilling", "Similarity")



2.5.6.2 Plot the niche dynamics along one gradient (here temperature) with ecospat.plot.niche.dyn()



2.6 Biotic Interactions

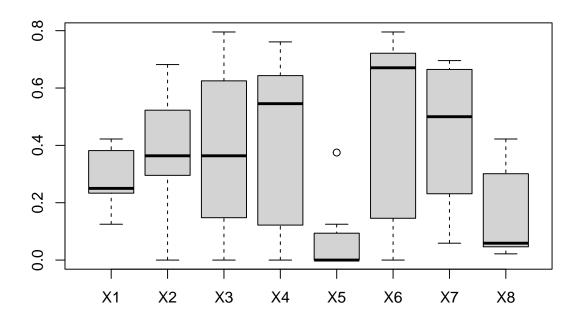
2.6.1 Species Co-occurrences Analysis with a Presence-absence matrix using the function $ecospat.co_occurrences()$

```
data <- ecospat.testData[c(9:16,54:57)]
```

For each pair of species (sp1, sp2), the number (N) of plots where both species were present is divided by the number of plots where the rarest of the two species is present. This index ranges from 0 (no co-occurrence) to 1 (always in co-occurrence) as given in eq. 1.

where N(S1 intersects S2) is the number of times species S1 and S2 co-occur, while Min(NS1, NS2) is the number of times species S1 and S2 co-occur, while is the occurrence frequency of the rarest of the two species.

ecospat.co_occurrences (data)



##		Aposeris_foetida A	Arnica_montana Aster	_bellidiastrum	
##	Aposeris_foetida	1.0000000	0.3636364	0.25000000	
##	Arnica_montana	0.3636364	1.0000000	0.36363636	
##	Aster_bellidiastrum	0.2500000	0.3636364	1.00000000	
##	Bartsia_alpina	0.222222	0.5454545	0.59090909	
##	Bromus_erectus_sstr	0.1250000	0.0000000	0.0000000	
##	Campanula_scheuchzeri	0.244444	0.6818182	0.79545455	
##	Carex_sempervirens	0.4000000	0.5000000	0.65909091	
##	Cynosurus_cristatus	0.4222222	0.2272727	0.04545455	
##		Bartsia_alpina Bro	omus_erectus_sstr Ca	mpanula_scheuchzeri	
##	Aposeris_foetida	0.2222222	0.1250	0.2444444	
##	Arnica_montana	0.54545455	0.0000	0.68181818	
	Aster_bellidiastrum	0.59090909	0.0000	0.79545455	
##	Bartsia_alpina	1.00000000	0.0000	0.76086957	
##	Bromus_erectus_sstr	0.00000000	1.0000	0.00000000	
##	Campanula_scheuchzeri	0.76086957	0.0000	1.00000000	
##	Carex_sempervirens	0.69565217	0.0625	0.67058824	
##	Cynosurus_cristatus	0.02173913	0.3750	0.04705882	
##		Carex_sempervirens	ens Cynosurus_cristatus		
##	Aposeris_foetida	0.4000000	0.4222222	22	
##	Arnica_montana	0.50000000	0.2272727	'3	
##	Aster_bellidiastrum	0.65909091	0.0454545	55	
##	Bartsia_alpina	0.69565217	7 0.0217391	.3	
##	Bromus_erectus_sstr	0.06250000	0.3750000	00	

```
## Campanula_scheuchzeri 0.67058824 0.04705882
## Carex_sempervirens 1.0000000 0.05882353
## Cynosurus_cristatus 0.05882353 1.00000000
```

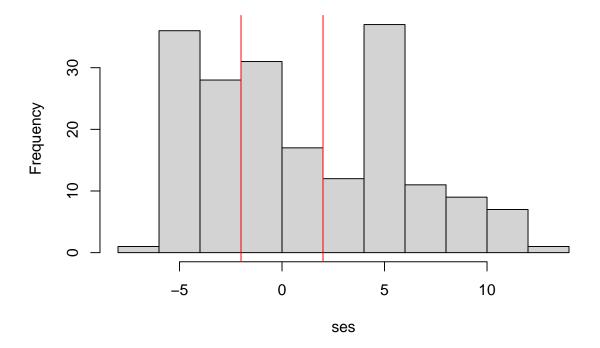
2.6.2 Pairwise co-occurrence Analysis with calculation of the C-score index using the function ecospat. Cscore()

This function allows to apply a pairwise null model analysis to a presence-absence community matrix to determine which species associations are significant across the study area. The strength of associations is quantified by the C-score index and a 'fixed-equiprobable' null model algorithm is applied.

It is recomended to use at least 10000 permutations for the test. As an example we used nperm = 100, to reduce the computational time.

```
data<- ecospat.testData[c(53,62,58,70,61,66,65,71,69,43,63,56,68,57,55,60,54,67,59,64)]
nperm <- 100
outpath <- getwd()
ecospat.Cscore(data, nperm, outpath)</pre>
```

Histogram of standardized effect size



```
## $0bsCscoreTot
## [1] 2675.468
##
## $SimCscoreTot
## [1] 2466.398
##
## $PVal.less
## [1] 1
##
## $PVal.greater
## [1] 0.00990099
```

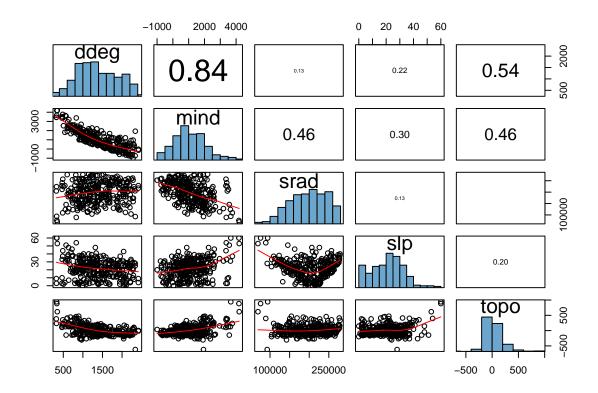
```
## $SES.Tot
## [1] 62.11974
```

The function returns the C-score index for the observed community (ObsCscoreTot), p.value (PValTot) and standardized effect size (SES.Tot). It saves also a table in the working directory where the same metrics are calculated for each species pair (only the table with species pairs with significant p-values is saved in this version)

2.7 Data Preparation

2.7.1 Correlation Plot of Variables with ecospat.cor.plot()

```
data <- ecospat.testData[,4:8]
ecospat.cor.plot(data)</pre>
```



A scatter plot of matrices, with bivariate scatter plots below the diagonal, histograms on the diagonal, and the Pearson correlation above the diagonal. Useful for descriptive statistics of small data sets (better with less than 10 variables).

2.7.2 Calibration And Evaluation Dataset

```
## $eval
##
     yeval yeval
## 1
        NA
              91
## 2
        NA
              87
## 3
        NA
              NA
## 4
        281
              233
## 5
        51
              199
## 6
        250
              295
## 7
        11
              253
## 8
        171
              246
## 9
        34
             23
## 10
        114
              261
## 11
        16
              44
## 12
        214
              200
## 13
        232
              263
## 14
        84
              189
## 15
        177
              255
## 16
        67
              296
## 17
        206
              110
## 18
        239
              297
## 19
              275
        145
## 20
        225
              283
## 21
        288
              5
## 22
        53
              293
## 23
        274
              276
## 24
              188
        120
## 25
        243
              206
## 26
        178
              17
## 27
        182
              212
## 28
              270
        8
## 29
              217
        267
## 30
        210
              245
## 31
        116
              152
## 32
        123
              84
## 33
        271
              34
##
## $cal
##
     ycal ycal
## 1
       86
           NA
## 2
       NA
           227
## 3
       197
            NA
## 4
       10
            82
## 5
        25
            NA
## 6
           NA
       NA
## 7
       NA
           NA
## 8
       220
           244
## 9
       222
           219
## 10 268
           133
## 11 217
           114
## 12
       21
            204
## 13 133
            53
## 14
        3
           258
## 15
      212
           171
## 16
       219
            37
## 17
      185
           294
      228
## 18
           134
## 19 259
           116
## 20 273 265
```

```
## 21
       290
            147
## 22
        49
             240
## 23
       247
             36
## 24
             286
        20
## 25
       205
             234
## 26
       186
             278
## 27
             300
       152
             242
## 28
       211
## 29
       193
             231
## 30
        18
             266
## 31
       154
             241
## 32
       169
             75
## 33
        43
             30
## 34
       252
            267
## 35
         4
             196
##
   36
       262
             221
## 37
       238
            254
## 38
       204
             155
## 39
        94
             279
## 40
         2
             166
## 41
        24
             250
## 42
        95
             139
## 43
       289
             222
## 44
       134
             121
## 45
        33
             106
             249
## 46
        17
## 47
       260
             223
## 48
       230
             291
## 49
       241
             251
## 50
       264
             288
## 51
             27
       180
## 52
       244
             168
## 53
       235
             14
## 54
        36
             45
## 55
       256
              24
## 56
       192
             229
## 57
        56
             79
## 58
        31
             185
## 59
        15
               3
       265
## 60
               2
## 61
       292
             85
             57
## 62
       184
## 63
       113
             205
## 64
       100
             181
## 65
       229
             67
             292
## 66
       269
## 67
       188
             22
       300
## 68
             115
## 69
             150
        55
## 70
             156
       198
## 71
       248
             203
## 72
             236
        85
## 73
       245
             140
## 74
             237
       201
## 75
       157
             224
## 76
       299
             71
## 77
       270
             272
```

We obtained an evaluation and calibration dataset with a desired ratio of disaggregation.

3 Core Niche Modelling

3.1 Model Evaluation

3.1.1 Presence-only Evaluation Indices- Boyce Index

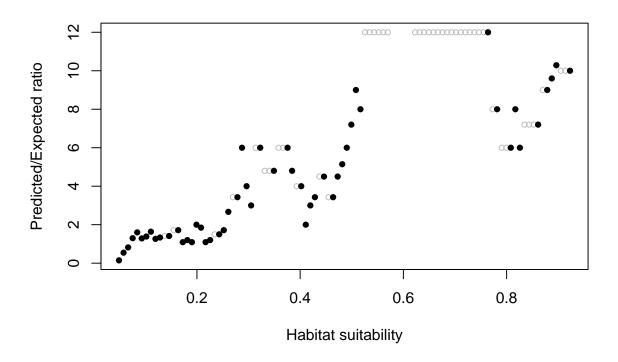
The argument fit is a vector containing the predicted suitability values

```
fit <- ecospat.testData$glm_Saxifraga_oppositifolia</pre>
```

The argument obs is a vector containing the predicted suitability values of the validation points (presence records)

```
obs<-ecospat.testData$glm_Saxifraga_oppositifolia[which(ecospat.testData$Saxifraga_oppositifolia==1)
```

Calculate and plot Boyce Index with ecospat.boyce



[1] 0.91

Here the boyce index is 0.91. If the rank of predicted expected ratio would be completely ordered along habitat suitability axis then boyce index would be 1.

3.1.2 Accuracy of Community Prediction

```
Indices of accuracy of community predictions ecospat. Community Eval()
```

```
eval<-ecospat.testData[c(53,62,58,70,61,66,65,71,69,43,63,56,68,57,55,60,54,67,59,64)]
pred<-ecospat.testData[c(73:92)]

CommunityEval<-ecospat.CommunityEval (eval, pred, proba = TRUE, ntir=5,verbose = T)

## trial 1 on 5
## trial 2 on 5
## trial 3 on 5</pre>
```

3.2 Spatial Predictions and Projections

3.2.1 ESM Ensemble of Small Models

trial 4 on 5 ## trial 5 on 5

```
library(biomod2)
## Warning: package 'biomod2' was built under R version 4.1.3
## biomod2 3.5.1 loaded.
## Type browseVignettes(package='biomod2') to access directly biomod2 vignettes.
# species
# occurrences
xy <- inv[,1:2]</pre>
head(xy)
##
          X
## 1 142.25 -10.25
## 2 142.25 -10.75
## 3 131.25 -11.25
## 4 132.25 -11.25
## 5 142.25 -11.25
## 6 142.75 -11.25
sp_occ <- inv[11]</pre>
# env
current <- inv[3:7]</pre>
head(current)
##
        aetpet
                  gdd
                                   pet
                                            stdp
## 1 0.3180346 7965.1 1595.7 1950.320 137.8134
## 2 0.2807616 7888.9 1693.7 1991.475 156.3950
## 3 0.2638533 8165.3 1595.0 2179.968 127.0621
## 4 0.2790938 8195.6 1346.0 1919.897 114.7686
## 5 0.3030646 7858.1 1711.1 1795.255 158.3286
## 6 0.3217786 7888.5 1711.1 1788.220 151.8030
```

```
## BIOMOD
t1 <- Sys.time()
sp<-1
### Formating the data with the BIOMOD_FormatingData() function form the package biomod2
myBiomodData <- BIOMOD_FormatingData( resp.var = as.numeric(sp_occ[,sp]),</pre>
                                 expl.var = current,
                                 resp.xy = xy,
                                 resp.name = colnames(sp_occ)[sp])
##
## Response variable name was converted into species.occ
## > No pseudo absences selection !
##
       ! No data has been set aside for modeling evaluation
## -----Done -----Done -----
myBiomodOption <- Print_Default_ModelingOptions()</pre>
##
##
  Defaut modeling options. copy, change what you want paste it as arg to BIOMOD_ModelingOptions
##
##
## GLM = list( type = 'quadratic',
##
            interaction.level = 0,
            myFormula = NULL,
##
##
            test = 'AIC',
##
            family = binomial(link = 'logit'),
##
            mustart = 0.5,
            control = glm.control(epsilon = 1e-08, maxit = 50, trace = FALSE
##
## ) ),
##
##
## GBM = list( distribution = 'bernoulli',
##
            n.trees = 2500,
##
            interaction.depth = 7,
##
            n.minobsinnode = 5,
##
            shrinkage = 0.001,
##
            bag.fraction = 0.5,
##
            train.fraction = 1,
            cv.folds = 3,
##
##
            keep.data = FALSE,
##
            verbose = FALSE,
##
            perf.method = 'cv',
##
            n.cores = 1),
##
## GAM = list( algo = 'GAM_mgcv',
            type = 's_smoother',
##
            k = -1,
##
##
            interaction.level = 0,
```

myFormula = NULL,

##

```
##
               family = binomial(link = 'logit'),
##
               method = 'GCV.Cp',
##
               optimizer = c('outer', 'newton'),
##
               select = FALSE,
               knots = NULL,
##
               paraPen = NULL,
##
               control = list(nthreads = 1, irls.reg = 0, epsilon = 1e-07
## , maxit = 200, trace = FALSE, mgcv.tol = 1e-07, mgcv.half = 15
## , rank.tol = 1.49011611938477e-08
## , nlm = list(ndigit=7, gradtol=1e-06, stepmax=2, steptol=1e-04, iterlim=200, check.analyticals=0)
## , optim = list(factr=1e+07)
## , newton = list(conv.tol=1e-06, maxNstep=5, maxSstep=2, maxHalf=30, use.svd=0)
## , outerPIsteps = 0, idLinksBases = TRUE, scalePenalty = TRUE, efs.lspmax = 15
## , efs.tol = 0.1, keepData = FALSE, scale.est = fletcher, edge.correct = FALSE
## ) ),
##
##
## CTA = list( method = 'class',
               parms = 'default',
               cost = NULL,
##
               control = list(xval = 5, minbucket = 5, minsplit = 5, cp = 0.001
## , maxdepth = 25)),
##
##
## ANN = list( NbCV = 5,
##
               size = NULL,
##
               decay = NULL,
               rang = 0.1,
##
               maxit = 200),
##
##
## SRE = list( quant = 0.025),
## FDA = list( method = 'mars',
##
               add_args = NULL),
## MARS = list( type = 'simple',
##
                interaction.level = 0,
##
                myFormula = NULL,
                nk = NULL,
##
##
                penalty = 2
                thresh = 0.001,
##
##
                nprune = NULL,
                pmethod = 'backward'),
##
##
## RF = list( do.classif = TRUE,
              ntree = 500,
##
              mtry = 'default',
##
##
              nodesize = 5,
##
              maxnodes = NULL),
##
## MAXENT.Phillips = list( path_to_maxent.jar = 'C:/Users/obroenni/AppData/Local/Temp/RtmpQNKExv/Rbu
##
                  memory_allocated = 512,
##
                  background_data_dir = 'default',
##
                  maximumbackground = 'default',
##
                  maximumiterations = 200,
##
                  visible = FALSE,
##
                  linear = TRUE,
##
                  quadratic = TRUE,
```

```
##
                product = TRUE,
##
                threshold = TRUE,
##
                hinge = TRUE,
##
                lq2lqptthreshold = 80,
##
                121qthreshold = 10,
##
                hingethreshold = 15,
##
                beta_threshold = -1,
##
                beta categorical = -1,
##
                beta_lqp = -1,
##
                beta_hinge = -1,
##
                betamultiplier = 1,
##
                defaultprevalence = 0.5),
##
   MAXENT.Phillips.2 =
##
##
     list(
##
       myFormula = NULL,
##
       regmult = 1,
       regfun = <function>
##
##
## )
myBiomodOption@GLM$test = 'none'
myBiomodOption@GBM$interaction.depth = 2
### Calibration of simple bivariate models
# remove insivible(capture.output)) to print output in the console
# this is just to keep the vignette short
invisible(capture.output(my.ESM <- ecospat.ESM.Modeling( data=myBiomodData,</pre>
                             models=c('GLM'),
                             models.options=myBiomodOption,
                             NbRunEval=1.
                             DataSplit=70,
                             weighting.score=c("AUC"),
                             parallel=F)
       )
### Evaluation and average of simple bivariate models to ESMs
my.ESM_EF <- ecospat.ESM.EnsembleModeling(my.ESM, weighting.score=c("SomersD"), threshold=0)
### Projection of simple bivariate models into new space
my.ESM_proj_current <- ecospat.ESM.Projection(ESM.modeling.output=my.ESM,
                                          new.env=current)
##
           ##
       ! 'do.stack' arg is always set as TRUE for data.frame/matrix dataset
##
## > Projecting ESM.BIOMOD.1_AllData_RUN2_GLM ...
## ----- Done ----- Done -----
## -----= Do Models Projections -------
##
       ! 'do.stack' arg is always set as TRUE for data.frame/matrix dataset
## > Projecting ESM.BIOMOD.2_AllData_RUN2_GLM ...
```

```
! 'do.stack' arg is always set as TRUE for data.frame/matrix dataset
 > Projecting ESM.BIOMOD.4_AllData_RUN2_GLM ...
## ----- Done ----- Done -----
##
! 'do.stack' arg is always set as TRUE for data.frame/matrix dataset
 > Projecting ESM.BIOMOD.5_AllData_RUN2_GLM ...
## ----- Done ----- Done -----
##
    ! 'do.stack' arg is always set as TRUE for data.frame/matrix dataset
##
  > Projecting ESM.BIOMOD.6_AllData_RUN2_GLM ...
## ----- Done ----- Done -----
##
! 'do.stack' arg is always set as TRUE for data.frame/matrix dataset
##
 > Projecting ESM.BIOMOD.7_AllData_RUN2_GLM ...
  ! 'do.stack' arg is always set as TRUE for data.frame/matrix dataset
## > Projecting ESM.BIOMOD.8_AllData_RUN2_GLM ...
## -----= Do Models Projections ------
##
##
    ! 'do.stack' arg is always set as TRUE for data.frame/matrix dataset
## > Projecting ESM.BIOMOD.9_AllData_RUN2_GLM ...
## ----- Done ----- Done -----
##
    ! 'do.stack' arg is always set as TRUE for data.frame/matrix dataset
## > Projecting ESM.BIOMOD.10_AllData_RUN2_GLM ...
## ----- Done ----- Done -----
### Projection of calibrated ESMs into new space
my.ESM_EFproj_current <- ecospat.ESM.EnsembleProjection(ESM.prediction.output=my.ESM_proj_current,
                                ESM. EnsembleModeling.output=my.ESM EF)
```

----- Done ----- Done -----

------ Do Models Projections ------

------ Done ----- Done -----

-----= Do Models Projections ------

> Projecting ESM.BIOMOD.3_AllData_RUN2_GLM ...

##

! 'do.stack' arg is always set as TRUE for data.frame/matrix dataset

3.3 Spatial prediction of communities

Input data for the first argument (proba) as data frame of rough probabilities from SDMs for all species in columns in the considered sites in rows.

```
proba <- ecospat.testData[,73:92]</pre>
```

Input data for the second argument (sr) as data frame with richness value in the first column and sites.

```
sr <- as.data.frame(rowSums(proba))</pre>
```

3.4 SESAM framework with ecospat.SESAM.prr()

```
prr<-ecospat.SESAM.prr(proba, sr)
head(prr)[,1:4]</pre>
```

```
##
     glm_Agrostis_capillaris glm_Leontodon_hispidus_sl glm_Dactylis_glomerata
## 1
## 2
                                                          0
                             1
                                                                                   1
                                                          0
## 3
                                                                                   1
                                                          0
## 4
                             1
                                                                                   1
## 5
                             1
                                                          0
                                                                                   1
## 6
                                                                                   1
##
     glm_Trifolium_repens_sstr
## 1
## 2
                                1
## 3
                                1
## 4
## 5
                                1
## 6
```

4 Post-Modelling

4.1 Spatial Predictions of species assamblages

4.1.1 Co-occurrence analysis & Environmentally Constrained Null Models

Input data as a matrix of plots (rows) x species (columns). Input matrices should have column names (species names) and row names (sampling plots).

```
presence <-ecospat.testData[c(53,62,58,70,61,66,65,71,69,43,63,56,68,57,55,60,54,67,59,64)]
pred <-ecospat.testData[c(73:92)]
```

Define the number of permutations. It is recomended to use at least 10000 permutations for the test. As an example we used nperm = 100, to reduce the computational time.

```
nbpermut <- 100
```

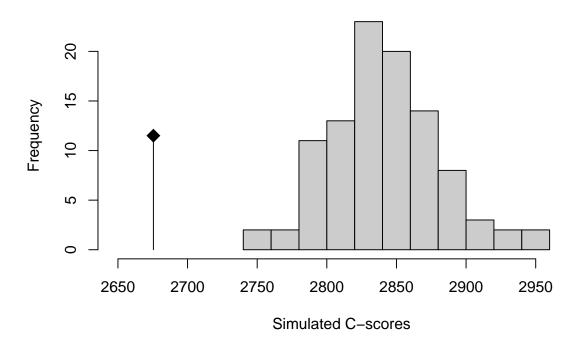
Define the outpath

outpath <- getwd()</pre>

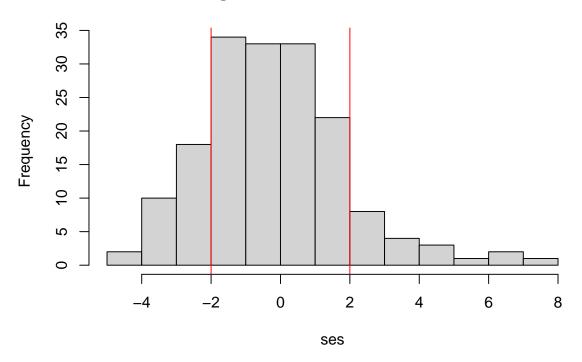
Run the function ecospat.cons_Cscore

The function tests for non-random patterns of species co-occurrence in a presence-absence matrix. It calculates the C-score index for the whole community and for each species pair. An environmental constraint is applied during the generation of the null communities.

ecospat.cons_Cscore(presence, pred, nbpermut, outpath)



Histogram of standardized effect size



```
## $0bsCscoreTot
## [1] 2675.468
##
## $SimCscoreTot
## [1] 2840.677
##
## $PVal.less
## [1] 0.00990099
##
## $PVal.greater
## [1] 1
##
## $SES.Tot
## [1] -4.224402
```

The function returns - the C-score index for the observed community (ObsCscoreTot), - the mean of C-score for the simulated communities (SimCscoreTot), - the p.values (PVal.less and PVal.greater) to evaluate the significance of the difference between the former two indices. - the standardized effect size for the whole community (SES.Tot). A SES that is greater than 2 or less than -2 is statistically significant with a tail probability of less than 0.05 (Gotelli & McCabe 2002 - Ecology). If a community is structured by competition, we would expect the C-score to be large relative to a randomly assembled community (positive SES). In this case the observed C-score is significantly lower than expected by chance, this meaning that the community is dominate by positive interactions (aggregated pattern).

A table is saved in the path specified where the same metrics are calculated for each species pair (only the table with species pairs with significant p.values is saved).