Various GLGM examples

Patrick Brown

May 5, 2020

```
library('mapmisc')

## Loading required package: sp
## Loading required package: raster
## map images will be cached in /tmp/RtmpHHcqUv/mapmiscCache
library("geostatsp")

## Loading required package: Matrix
data('swissRain')

havePackages = c(
    'INLA' = requireNamespace('INLA', quietly=TRUE)
)

print(havePackages)

## INLA
## FALSE

swissRain$lograin = log(swissRain$rain)
swissAltitudeCrop = raster::mask(swissAltitude,swissBorder)
```

number of cells... smaller is faster but less interesting

```
fact
## [1] 1
(Ncell = 25*fact)
## [1] 25
```

standard formula

```
if(all(havePackages)) {
 swissFit = glgm(
   formula = lograin~ CHE_alt,
   data = swissRain,
   grid = Ncell,
   buffer = 10*1000,
    covariates=swissAltitudeCrop,
   family="gaussian",
   prior = list(
     sd=c(2, 0.05),
     sd0bs = 1,
     range=c(500000, 0.5)),
   control.inla = list(strategy='gaussian')
 knitr::kable(swissFit$parameters$summary, digits=3)
 swissExc = excProb(
   x=swissFit, random=TRUE,
   threshold=0)
 plot(swissExc, breaks = c(0, 0.2, 0.8, 0.95, 1.00001),
    col=c('green','yellow','orange','red'))
 plot(swissBorder, add=TRUE)
 swissExcP = excProb(
    swissFit$inla$marginals.predict, 3,
      template=swissFit$raster)
 plot(swissExcP, breaks = c(0, 0.2, 0.8, 0.95, 1.00001),
    col=c('green','yellow','orange','red'))
 plot(swissBorder, add=TRUE)
 matplot(
    swissFit$parameters$sd$posterior[,'x'],
    swissFit$parameters$sd$posterior[,c('y','prior')],
    lty=1, col=c('black','red'), type='l',
    xlab='sd', ylab='dens', xlim = c(0,5))
 matplot(
    swissFit$parameters$range$posterior[,'x'],
    swissFit$parameters$range$posterior[,c('y','prior')],
```

```
lty=1, col=c('black','red'), type='l',
xlab='range', ylab='dens')
}
```

non-parametric elevation effect

```
altSeq = exp(seq(
    log(100), log(5000),
    by = \log(2)/5)
swissAltCut = raster::cut(
  swissAltitudeCrop,
 breaks=altSeq
names(swissAltCut) = 'bqrnt'
if(all(havePackages)) {
  swissFitNp = glgm(
    formula = lograin ~ f(bqrnt, model = 'rw2', scale.model=TRUE,
      values = 1:length(altSeq),
      prior = 'pc.prec', param = c(0.1, 0.01)),
    data=swissRain,
    grid = Ncell,
    covariates=swissAltCut,
    family="gaussian", buffer=20000,
    prior=list(
      sd=c(u = 0.5, alpha = 0.1),
      range=c(50000,500000),
      sd0bs = c(u=1, alpha=0.4)),
    control.inla=list(strategy='gaussian')
  knitr::kable(swissFitNp$parameters$summary, digits=3)
  matplot(
    altSeq,
    exp(swissFitNp$inla$summary.random$bqrnt[,
      c('0.025quant', '0.975quant', '0.5quant')]),
    log='xy',
    xlab ='elevation', ylab='rr',
  type='l',
    lty = 1,
    col=c('grey','grey','black')
```

```
swissExcP = excProb(swissFitNp$inla$marginals.predict,
    3, template=swissFitNp$raster)
plot(swissExcP, breaks = c(0, 0.2, 0.8, 0.95, 1.00001),
    col=c('green', 'yellow', 'orange', 'red'))
plot(swissBorder, add=TRUE)
}
```

intercept only, named response variable. legacy priors

```
if(all(havePackages)) {
  swissFit = glgm("lograin", swissRain, Ncell,
    covariates=swissAltitude, family="gaussian", buffer=20000,
    priorCI=list(sd=c(0.2, 2), range=c(50000,500000), sd0bs = 2),
    control.inla=list(strategy='gaussian')
  )

knitr::kable(swissFit$parameters$summary[,c(1, 3:5, 8)], digits=4)
}
```

intercept only, add a covariate just to confuse glgm.

```
if(all(havePackages)) {
 swissFit = glgm(
   formula=lograin~1,
   data=swissRain,
    grid=Ncell,
    covariates=swissAltitude,
    family="gaussian", buffer=20000,
   priorCI=list(sd=c(0.2, 2), range=c(50000,500000)),
    control.inla=list(strategy= 'gaussian'),
    control.family=list(hyper=list(prec=list(prior="loggamma", param=c(.1, .1))))
 )
 knitr::kable(swissFit$parameters$summary[,c(1, 3:5, 8)], digits=3)
 swissExc = excProb(
    swissFit$inla$marginals.random$space, 0,
   template=swissFit$raster)
 plot(swissExc, breaks = c(0, 0.2, 0.8, 0.95, 1.00001),
    col=c('green','yellow','orange','red'))
 plot(swissBorder, add=TRUE)
```

```
matplot(
swissFit$parameters$range$posterior[,'x'],
swissFit$parameters$range$posterior[,c('y','prior')],
lty=1, col=c('black','red'), type='l',
xlab='range', ylab='dens')
}
```

covariates are in data

```
newdat = swissRain
newdat$elev = extract(swissAltitude, swissRain)
if(all(havePackages)) {
 swissFit = glgm(lograin~ elev + land,
   newdat, Ncell,
    covariates=list(land=swissLandType),
   family="gaussian", buffer=40000,
    priorCI=list(sd=c(0.2, 2), range=c(50000,500000)),
    control.inla = list(strategy='gaussian'),
    control.family=list(hyper=list(prec=list(prior="loggamma",
          param=c(.1, .1))))
 knitr::kable(swissFit$parameters$summary, digits=3)
 plot(swissFit$raster[['predict.mean']])
  plot(swissBorder, add=TRUE)
   matplot(
    swissFit$parameters$range$posterior[,'x'],
    swissFit$parameters$range$posterior[,c('y','prior')],
    lty=1, col=c('black','red'), type='l',
    xlab='range', ylab='dens')
```

formula, named list elements

```
if(all(havePackages)) {
  swissFit = glgm(lograin~ elev,
    swissRain, Ncell,
    covariates=list(elev=swissAltitude),
    family="gaussian", buffer=20000,
    priorCI=list(sd=c(0.2, 2), range=c(50000,500000)),
```

categorical covariates

```
if(all(havePackages)) {
 swissFit = glgm(
    formula = lograin ~ elev + factor(land),
    data = swissRain, grid = Ncell,
    covariates=list(elev=swissAltitude,land=swissLandType),
    family="gaussian", buffer=20000,
    prior=list(sd=c(0.2, 2), range=c(50000,500000)),
    control.inla=list(strategy='gaussian'),
    control.family=list(hyper=list(
     prec=list(prior="loggamma",
          param=c(.1, .1))))
 )
 knitr::kable(swissFit$parameters$summary[,c(1,3,5)], digits=3)
 plot(swissFit$raster[['predict.mean']])
   plot(swissBorder, add=TRUE)
   matplot(
    swissFit$parameters$range$posterior[,'x'],
    swissFit$parameters$range$posterior[,c('y','prior')],
    lty=1, col=c('black','red'), type='l',
    xlab='range', ylab='dens')
```

put some missing values in covaritates also dont put factor() in formula

```
temp = values(swissAltitude)
temp[seq(10000,12000)] = NA
values(swissAltitude) = temp
if(all(havePackages)) {
```

covariates are in data, interactions

```
newdat = swissRain
newdat$elev = extract(swissAltitude, swissRain)
if(all(havePackages)) {
 swissFit = glgm(
   formula = lograin elev : land,
    data=newdat,
    grid=squareRaster(swissRain,50),
    covariates=list(land=swissLandType),
    family="gaussian", buffer=0,
    priorCI=list(sd=c(0.2, 2), range=c(50000,500000)),
    control.inla = list(strategy='gaussian'),
    control.family=list(hyper=list(prec=list(prior="loggamma",
          param=c(.1, .1))))
 )
 knitr::kable(swissFit$parameters$summary, digits=3)
 plot(swissFit$raster[['predict.mean']])
     plot(swissBorder, add=TRUE)
   matplot(
    swissFit$parameters$range$posterior[,'x'],
    swissFit$parameters$range$posterior[,c('y','prior')],
    lty=1, col=c('black','red'), type='l',
    xlab='range', ylab='dens')
```

these tests are time consuming, so only run them if the fact variable is set to a value above 1.

```
data('loaloa')
 rcl = rbind(
    # wedlands and mixed forests to forest
    c(5,2),c(11,2),
# savannas to woody savannas
    c(9,8),
    # croplands and urban changed to crop/natural mosaid
    c(12,14),c(13,14))
 ltLoaR = reclassify(ltLoa, rcl)
 levels(ltLoaR) = levels(ltLoa)
 elevationLoa = elevationLoa - 750
 elevLow = reclassify(elevationLoa, c(0, Inf, 0))
 elevHigh = reclassify(elevationLoa, c(-Inf, 0, 0))
 covList = list(elLow = elevLow, elHigh = elevHigh,
   land = ltLoaR, evi=eviLoa)
if(all(havePackages) & fact > 1) {
 loaFit = glgm(
    y ~ land + evi + elHigh + elLow +
     f(villageID, prior = 'pc.prec', param = c(log(2), 0.5),
      model="iid"),
   loaloa,
   Ncell.
    covariates=covList,
   family="binomial", Ntrials = loaloa$N,
    shape=2, buffer=25000,
   prior = list(
      sd=log(2),
     range = list(prior = 'invgamma', param = c(shape=2,rate=1))),
    control.inla = list(strategy='gaussian')
    )
 loaFit$par$summary[,c(1,3,5)]
 plot(loaFit$raster[['predict.exp']])
   matplot(
      loaFit$parameters$range$posterior[,'x'],
      loaFit$parameters$range$posterior[,c('y','prior')],
```

```
lty=1, col=c('black','red'), type='l',
xlab='range', ylab='dens')
}
```

```
if(all(havePackages) & fact > 1 ) {

# prior for observation standard deviation
    swissFit = glgm( formula="lograin", data=swissRain, grid=Ncell,
        covariates=swissAltitude, family="gaussian", buffer=20000,
        prior=list(sd=0.5, range=200000, sd0bs=1),
        control.inla = list(strategy='gaussian')
    )
}
```

a model with little data, posterior should be same as prior

```
data2 = SpatialPointsDataFrame(cbind(c(1,0), c(0,1)),
    data=data.frame(y=c(0,0), offset=c(-50,-50), x=c(-1,1)))
if(all(havePackages) & fact > 1) {
resNoData = res = glgm(
  data=data2, grid=Ncell,
    formula=y~1 + x+offset(offset),
    prior = list(sd=0.5, range=0.1),
    family="poisson",
    buffer=0.5,
    control.fixed=list(
      mean.intercept=0, prec.intercept=1,
      mean=0, prec=4),
    control.mode = list(theta = c(0.651, 1.61), restart=TRUE),
    control.inla = list(strategy='gaussian')
  )
# beta
  plot(res$inla$marginals.fixed[['x']], col='blue', type='l',
    xlab='beta',lwd=3)
  xseq = res$inla$marginals.fixed[['x']][,'x']
  lines(xseq, dnorm(xseq, 0, 1/2),col='red',lty=2,lwd=3)
  legend("topright", col=c("blue", "red"), lty=1, legend=c("prior", "post'r"))
```

```
# sd
   matplot(
      res$parameters$sd$posterior[,'x'],
      res$parameters$sd$posterior[,c('y','prior')],
      xlim = c(0, 4),
      type='1', col=c('red','blue'),xlab='sd',lwd=3, ylab='dens')
    legend("topright", col=c("blue", "red"), lty=1, legend=c("prior", "post'r"))
# range
   matplot(
      res$parameters$range$posterior[,'x'],
      res$parameters$range$posterior[,c('y','prior')],
      xlim = c(0, 1.5),
      type='1', col=c('red','blue'),xlab='range',lwd=3, ylab='dens')
    legend("topright", col=c("blue", "red"), lty=1, legend=c("prior", "post'r"))
        matplot(
      res$parameters$scale$posterior[,'x'],
      res$parameters$scale$posterior[,c('y','prior')],
      xlim = c(0, 2/res$parameters$summary['range','0.025quant']),
       ylim = c(0, 10^{-3}), xlim = c(0, 1000),
      type='1', col=c('red','blue'),xlab='scale',lwd=3, ylab='dens')
    legend("topright", col=c("red","blue"),lty=1,legend=c("post'r","prior"))
```

```
if(all(havePackages) & fact > 1) {

   resQuantile = res = glgm(
     data=data2,
     grid=25,
     formula=y~1 + x+offset(offset),
     prior = list(
        sd=c(lower=0.2, upper=2),
        range=c(lower=0.02, upper=0.5)),
   family="poisson", buffer=1,
     control.fixed=list(
        mean.intercept=0, prec.intercept=1,
        mean=0,prec=4),
     control.inla = list(strategy='gaussian')
)
```

```
# beta
 plot(res$inla$marginals.fixed[['x']], col='blue', type='l',
    xlab='beta',lwd=3)
 xseq = res$inla$marginals.fixed[['x']][,'x']
 lines(xseq, dnorm(xseq, 0, 1/2),col='red',lty=2,lwd=3)
 legend("topright", col=c("blue", "red"), lty=1, legend=c("prior", "post'r"))
# sd
   matplot(
      res$parameters$sd$posterior[,'x'],
      res$parameters$sd$posterior[,c('y','prior')],
      xlim = c(0, 4),
      type='l', col=c('red','blue'),xlab='sd',lwd=3, ylab='dens')
    legend("topright", col=c("blue", "red"), lty=1, legend=c("prior", "post'r"))
# range
    matplot(
      res$parameters$range$posterior[,'x'],
      res$parameters$range$posterior[,c('y','prior')],
      xlim = c(0, 1.2*res$parameters$summary['range','0.975quant']),
       xlim = c(0, 1), ylim = c(0, 5),
      type='1', col=c('red','blue'),xlab='range',lwd=3, ylab='dens')
    legend("topright", col=c("red","blue"),lty=1,legend=c("post'r","prior"))
# scale
    matplot(
      res$parameters$scale$posterior[,'x'],
      res$parameters$scale$posterior[,c('y','prior')],
      xlim = c(0, 2/res$parameters$summary['range','0.025quant']),
       ylim = c(0, 10^{-3}), xlim = c(0, 1000),
      type='1', col=c('red','blue'),xlab='scale',lwd=3, ylab='dens')
    legend("topright", col=c("red","blue"),lty=1,legend=c("post'r","prior"))
```

No data, legacy priors

```
if(all(havePackages) & fact > 1) {
resLegacy = res = glgm(data=data2,
    grid=20,
    formula=y~1 + x+offset(offset),
    priorCI = list(
```

```
sd=c(lower=0.3, upper=0.5),
      range=c(lower=0.25, upper=0.4)),
    family="poisson",
    buffer=0.5.
    control.fixed=list(
      mean.intercept=0,
     prec.intercept=1,
     mean=0, prec=4),
    control.inla = list(strategy='gaussian'),
    control.mode=list(theta=c(2, 2),restart=TRUE)
 )
# intercept
 plot(res$inla$marginals.fixed[['(Intercept)']], col='blue', type='l',
   xlab='intercept',lwd=3)
 xseq = res$inla$marginals.fixed[['(Intercept)']][,'x']
 lines(xseq, dnorm(xseq, 0, 1),col='red',lty=2,lwd=3)
 legend("topright", col=c("blue", "red"), lty=1, legend=c("prior", "post'r"))
# beta
 plot(res$inla$marginals.fixed[['x']], col='blue', type='l',
   xlab='beta'.lwd=3)
 xseq = res$inla$marginals.fixed[['x']][,'x']
 lines(xseq, dnorm(xseq, 0, 1/2),col='red',lty=2,lwd=3)
 legend("topright", col=c("blue", "red"), lty=1, legend=c("prior", "post'r"))
# sd
   matplot(
      res$parameters$sd$posterior[,'x'],
      res$parameters$sd$posterior[,c('y','prior')],
      type='1', col=c('red','blue'),xlab='sd',lwd=3, ylab='dens')
    legend("topright", col=c("blue", "red"), lty=1, legend=c("prior", "post'r"))
# range
   matplot(
      res$parameters$range$posterior[,'x'],
      res$parameters$range$posterior[,c('y','prior')],
      type='1', col=c('red','blue'),xlab='range',lwd=3, ylab='dens')
    legend("topright", col=c("blue", "red"), lty=1, legend=c("prior", "post'r"))
```

specifying spatial formula

```
swissRain$group = 1+rbinom(length(swissRain), 1, 0.5)
theGrid = squareRaster(swissRain, Ncell, buffer=10*1000)
if(all(havePackages)) {
 swissFit = glgm(
   formula = rain ~ 1,
   data=swissRain,
   grid=theGrid,
    family="gaussian",
    spaceFormula = ~ f(space, model='matern2d',
     nrow = nrow(theGrid), ncol = ncol(theGrid),
     nu = 1, replicate = group),
      control.inla = list(strategy='gaussian'),
if(!is.null(swissFit$inla$summary.random$space)) {
 swissFit$rasterTwo = setValues(
   raster::brick(swissFit$raster, nl=2),
    as.matrix(swissFit$inla$summary.random$space[
     ncell(theGrid)+values(swissFit$raster[['space']]),
      c('mean','0.5quant')]))
 plot(swissFit$raster[['random.mean']])
 plot(swissFit$rasterTwo[['mean']])
```