Examples from Multilevel Software Comparative Reviews

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Abstract

The Center for Multilevel Modelling at the Institute of Education, London maintains a web site of "Software reviews of multilevel modeling packages". The data sets discussed in the reviews are available at this web site. We have incorporated these data sets in the <code>lme4</code> package for R and, in this vignette, provide the results of fitting several models to these data sets.

1 Introduction

2 Two-level normal models

The Exam data set is used in fitting examples of two-level normal multilevel models.

```
> data(Exam)
> str(Exam)
`data.frame':
                    4059 obs. of 10 variables:
$ school : Factor w/ 65 levels "1", "2", "3", "4", ...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
 $ normexam: num 0.261 0.134 -1.724 0.968 0.544 ...
 $ schgend : Factor w/ 3 levels "mixed", "boys",..: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
 $ schavg : num 0.166 0.166 0.166 0.166 ...
          : Factor w/ 3 levels "bottom 25%", "mi..",..: 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
$ intake : Factor w/ 3 levels "bottom 25%", "mi..", ..: 1 2 3 2 2 1 3 2 2 3 ...
 $ standLRT: num 0.619 0.206 -1.365 0.206 0.371 ..
         : Factor w/ 2 levels "F", "M": 1 1 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 2 ...
$ sex
          : Factor w/ 2 levels "Mxd", "Sngl": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
 $ type
 $ student : Factor w/ 650 levels "1","2","3","4",...: 143 145 142 141 138 155 158 115 117 113 ...
```

```
> sysqc.time(Em1 <- lme(normexam ~ standLRT + sex + schqend,
      Exam, ~1 | school), gc = TRUE)
[1] 0.16 0.00 0.17 0.00 0.00
> summary(Em1)
Linear mixed-effects model fit by REML
Fixed: normexam ~ standLRT + sex + schgend
 Data: Exam
      AIC
                BIC
                        logLik
 9361.673 9405.834 -4673.837
Random effects:
 Groups Name
                       Variance Std.Dev.
          (Intercept) 0.085829 0.29297
 school
                        0.562534 0.75002
 Residual
# of obs: 4059, groups: school, 65
Fixed effects:
                  Estimate Std. Error DF t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) -1.0493e-03 5.5569e-02 4054 -0.0189 0.98494
               5.5975e-01 1.2450e-02 4054 44.9601 < 2.2e-16
standLRT

      sexM
      -1.6739e-01
      3.4100e-02
      4054
      -4.9089
      9.519e-07

      schgendboys
      1.7769e-01
      1.1347e-01
      4054
      1.5659
      0.11745

      schgendgirls
      1.5900e-01
      8.9403e-02
      4054
      1.7784
      0.07541

Correlation of Fixed Effects:
             (Intr) stnLRT sexM schgndb
             -0.014
standLRT
             -0.316 0.061
schgendboys -0.395 -0.003 -0.145
schgendgrls -0.622 0.009 0.197 0.245
> sysgc.time(Em2 <- lme(normexam ~ standLRT * sex + schgend,
      Exam, ~1 | school), gc = TRUE)
[1] 0.09 0.01 0.10 0.00 0.00
> summary(Em2)
Linear mixed-effects model fit by REML
Fixed: normexam ~ standLRT * sex + schgend
 Data: Exam
      AIC
                BIC
                        logLik
 9369.204 9419.673 -4676.602
Random effects:
 Groups Name
                        Variance Std.Dev.
 school
         (Intercept) 0.085856 0.29301
 Residual
                        0.562666 0.75011
# of obs: 4059, groups: school, 65
Fixed effects:
                  Estimate Std. Error DF t value Pr(>|t|)
               -8.4349e-04 5.5586e-02 4053 -0.0152 0.98789
(Intercept)
                5.5745e-01 1.6662e-02 4053 33.4572 < 2.2e-16
standLRT
               -1.6733e-01 3.4105e-02 4053 -4.9064 9.638e-07
sexM
schgendboys
               1.7765e-01 1.1349e-01 4053 1.5653 0.11759
schgendgirls 1.5879e-01 8.9422e-02 4053 1.7757
                                                          0.07586
standLRT:sexM 5.1121e-03 2.4584e-02 4053 0.2079
```

```
Correlation of Fixed Effects:
           (Intr) stnLRT sexM
                                schgndb schgndg
standLRT
           -0.022
           -0.316 0.040
sexM
schgendboys -0.395 -0.001 -0.145
schgendgrls -0.622 0.014 0.196 0.245
stndLRT:sxM 0.018 -0.664 0.008 -0.002 -0.011
> sysgc.time(Em3 <- lme(normexam ~ standLRT * sex + schgend,
     Exam, ~standLRT | school), gc = TRUE)
[1] 0.12 0.00 0.22 0.00 0.00
> summary(Em3)
Linear mixed-effects model fit by REML
Fixed: normexam ~ standLRT * sex + schgend
Data: Exam
     ATC:
             BTC
                     logLik
9328.242 9391.329 -4654.121
Random effects:
Groups Name
                     Variance Std.Dev. Corr
school
        (Intercept) 0.083723 0.28935
         standLRT
                    0.015250 0.12349
Residual
                     0.550374 0.74187
# of obs: 4059, groups: school, 65
Fixed effects:
                Estimate Std. Error DF t value Pr(>|t|)
            -2.1277e-02 5.3279e-02 4053 -0.3993
(Intercept)
                                                   0.68966
standLRT
              5.5713e-01 2.4349e-02 4053 22.8812 < 2.2e-16
sexM
             -1.6859e-01 3.3844e-02 4053 -4.9814 6.576e-07
schgendboys
              1.7751e-01 1.0211e-01 4053 1.7384
                                                   0.08221
             1.7790e-01 8.2104e-02 4053 2.1668
schgendgirls
                                                    0.03031
standLRT:sexM -6.8757e-03 2.9540e-02 4053 -0.2328
                                                   0.81596
Correlation of Fixed Effects:
           (Intr) stnLRT sexM
                               schandb schanda
standLRT
            0.200
           -0.337 0.026
sexM
schgendboys -0.354 -0.048 -0.148
schgendgrls -0.600 0.116 0.225 0.218
stndLRT:sxM 0.067 -0.559 0.010 0.094
                                       -0.181
```

There are some interesting aspects of data management that show up in the analysis of these data. The **student** variable is an identifier of the student within the **school**. It would be best to combine the indicators of school and student to get a unique identifier of the student.

```
$ intake : Factor w/ 3 levels "bottom 25%","mi..",..: 1 2 3 2 2 1 3 2 2 3 ...
$ standLRT: num  0.619  0.206 -1.365  0.206  0.371 ...
$ sex : Factor w/ 2 levels "F","M": 1 1 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 2 ...
$ type : Factor w/ 2 levels "Mxd","Sngl": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
$ student : Factor w/ 650 levels "1","2","3","4",..: 143 145 142 141 138 155 158 115 117 113 ...
$ ids : Factor w/ 4055 levels "1.143","1.145",..: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
```

Notice that there are 4059 observations but only 4055 unique levels of student within school. We can check the ones that are duplicated

```
> Exam$ids[which(duplicated(Exam$ids))]
[1] 43.86 50.39 52.2 52.21
4055 Levels: 1.143 1.145 1.142 1.141 1.138 1.155 1.158 1.115 1.117 ... 65.56
```

One of these duplicated cases is particularly interesting. One of the students with the duplicated student id 86 in school 43 is the only male student in this mixed school. This is probably a case of a misrecorded school.

3 Three-level Normal Models

```
Data from the 1997 A-level Chemistry exam are available as Chem97.
```

```
> str(Chem97)
                    31022 obs. of 8 variables:
          : Factor w/ 131 levels "1","2","3","4",..: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
           : Factor w/ 2410 levels "1", "2", "3", "4", ...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
$ student : Factor w/ 31022 levels "1","2","3","4",..: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
           : num 4 10 10 10 8 10 6 8 4 10 ...
$ score
          : Factor w/ 2 levels "M", "F": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
           : num 3 -3 -4 -2 -1 4 1 4 3 0 ...
$ age
$ gcsescore: num 6.62 7.62 7.25 7.50 6.44 ...
 $ gcsecnt : num 0.339 1.339 0.964 1.214 0.158 ...
> sysgc.time(mC1 <- lme(score ~ 1, Chem97, ~1 | lea/school))
[1] 2.01 0.02 2.04 0.00 0.00
> summary(mC1)
Linear mixed-effects model fit by REML
Fixed: score ~ 1
Data: Chem97
     AIC
             BIC
                   logLik
157881.8 157915.2 -78936.9
Random effects:
Groups Name
                     Variance Std.Dev.
school
         (Intercept) 2.74872 1.65793
lea
         (Intercept) 0.15349 0.39178
                    8.51609 2.91823
Residual
# of obs: 31022, groups: school, 2410; lea, 131
Fixed effects:
             Estimate Std. Error
                                    DF t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 5.3190e+00 5.8108e-02 31021 91.536 < 2.2e-16
```

```
> sysgc.time(mC2 <- lme(score ~ gcsecnt, Chem97, ~1 | lea/school))
[1] 2.58 0.04 2.64 0.00 0.00
> summary(mC2)
Linear mixed-effects model fit by REML
Fixed: score ~ gcsecnt
Data: Chem97
   AIC
          BIC
                  logLik
141707 141748.7 -70848.5
Random effects:
                    Variance Std.Dev.
Groups Name
         (Intercept) 1.166198 1.07991
school
lea
         (Intercept) 0.014766 0.12151
Residual
                   5.154202 2.27029
# of obs: 31022, groups: school, 2410; lea, 131
Fixed effects:
                                  DF t value Pr(>|t|)
             Estimate Std. Error
(Intercept) 5.6355e+00 3.1235e-02 31020 180.42 < 2.2e-16
           2.4726e+00 1.6904e-02 31020 146.27 < 2.2e-16
Correlation of Fixed Effects:
       (Intr)
gcsecnt 0.058
```

4 Two-level models for binary data

The data frame Contraception provides data from the Bangladesh fertility survey.

```
> data(Contraception)
> str(Contraception)
`data.frame':
                   1934 obs. of 6 variables:
$ woman : Factor w/ 1934 levels "1","2","3","4",..: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
 $ district: Factor w/ 60 levels "1","2","3","4",..: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
       : Factor w/ 2 levels "N","Y": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
$ use
$ livch
         : Factor w/ 4 levels "0", "1", "2", "3+": 4 1 3 4 1 1 4 4 2 4 ...
          : num 18.44 -5.56 1.44 8.44 -13.56 ...
 $ age
 $ urban : Factor w/ 2 levels "N", "Y": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
> summary(Contraception[, -1])
   district
                       livch
              use
                                     age
      : 118
              N:1175
                       0:530
                               Min. :-13.560000
                                                    N:1372
              Y: 759 1:356
                              1st Qu.: -7.559900
       : 117
                                                    Y: 562
 46
      : 86
                       2:305 Median: -1.559900
       : 67
                       3+:743 Mean : 0.002198
      : 65
                                3rd Qu.: 6.440000
 30
                                Max. : 19.440000
 (Other):1420
> sysgc.time(mB1 <- GLMM(use ~ urban + age + livch, binomial,
     Contraception, ~1 | district))
[1] 0.90 0.02 0.94 0.00 0.00
> summary(mB1)
```

Generalized Linear Mixed Model Family: binomial family with logit link Fixed: use ~ urban + age + livch Data: Contraception AIC BIC logLik 2429.664 2474.203 -1206.832 Random effects: Variance Std.Dev. Groups Name district (Intercept) 0.21518 0.46387 # of obs: 1934, groups: district, 60 Estimated scale (compare to 1) 0.9844111 Fixed effects: Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)(Intercept) -1.6606460 0.1452147 -11.4358 < 2.2e-16 0.7193097 0.1183317 6.0788 1.211e-09 urbanY -0.0261558 0.0078152 -3.3468 0.0008176 age livch1 1.0921026 0.1565011 6.9782 2.989e-12 7.8314 4.824e-15 livch2 1.3545533 0.1729641 livch3+ 1.3241531 0.1773558 7.4661 8.262e-14 Correlation of Fixed Effects: (Intr) urbanY age livch1 livch2 urbanY -0.300 age 0.446 -0.046 livch1 -0.589 0.059 -0.211 livch2 -0.631 0.094 -0.378 0.488 livch3+ -0.748 0.098 -0.674 0.539 0.619 > sysgc.time(mB2 <- GLMM(use ~ urban + age + livch, binomial, Contraception, ~1 | district, method = "Laplace")) Using optimizer nlm [1] 53.79 0.10 57.45 0.00 0.00 > summary(mB2) Generalized Linear Mixed Model Family: binomial family with logit link Fixed: use ~ urban + age + livch Data: Contraception

Random effects:

AIC BIC

2417.616 2428.750 -1206.808

Groups Name Variance Std.Dev. district (Intercept) 0.21239 0.46086 # of obs: 1934, groups: district, 60

logLik

Estimated scale (compare to 1) 0.9859618

Fixed effects:

Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|) (Intercept) -1.6897106 0.1459307 -11.5789 < 2.2e-16 urbanY 0.7329915 0.1192198 6.1482 7.835e-10 age -0.0265950 0.0078773 -3.3762 0.000735

```
1.1091842 0.1576922 7.0339 2.009e-12
livch1
livch2
            1.3763954 0.1743349
                                  7.8951 2.900e-15
livch3+
            1.3452344 0.1787129 7.5274 5.178e-14
Correlation of Fixed Effects:
       (Intr) urbanY age livch1 livch2
urbanY -0.301
age
        0.448 -0.046
livch1 -0.589 0.059 -0.210
livch2 -0.631 0.094 -0.378 0.487
livch3+ -0.749 0.099 -0.674 0.538 0.618
> sysgc.time(mB3 <- GLMM(use ~ urban + age + livch, family = binomial,
     data = Contraception, random = ~urban | district))
[1] 0.92 0.00 0.94 0.00 0.00
> summary(mB3)
Generalized Linear Mixed Model
Family: binomial family with logit link
Fixed: use ~ urban + age + livch
Data: Contraception
     AIC
           BIC
                     logLik
 2225.720 2281.394 -1102.860
Random effects:
Groups Name
                     Variance Std.Dev. Corr
district (Intercept) 0.38774 0.62269
                    0.66745 0.81698 -0.793
         urbanY
# of obs: 1934, groups: district, 60
Estimated scale (compare to 1) 0.9759564
Fixed effects:
            Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
(Intercept) -1.6665200 0.1572532 -10.5977 < 2.2e-16
urbanY
          0.7914232 0.1681257 4.7073 2.510e-06
           -0.0258502 0.0079082 -3.2688 0.00108
1.0987723 0.1580051 6.9540 3.550e-12
age
livch1
livch2
           1.3342511 0.1745854 7.6424 2.132e-14
livch3+
           1.3227367 0.1795440 7.3672 1.743e-13
Correlation of Fixed Effects:
                          livch1 livch2
       (Intr) urbanY age
urbanY -0.481
        0.416 -0.036
livch1 -0.548 0.038 -0.211
livch2 -0.586 0.068 -0.378 0.487
livch3+ -0.695 0.062 -0.674 0.537 0.616
```

5 Growth curve model for repeated measures data

```
> data(Oxboys)
> str(Oxboys)
```

```
list()
 - attr(*, "data")=`data.frame':
                                      234 obs. of 4 variables:
 ..$ Subject : Ord.factor w/ 26 levels "10"<"26"<"25"<...: 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 15 ...
            : num [1:234] -1.0000 -0.7479 -0.4630 -0.1643 -0.0027 ...
 ..$ age
 ..$ height : num [1:234] 140 143 145 147 148 ...
 ..$ Occasion: Ord.factor w/ 9 levels "1"<"2"<"3"<"4"<..: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 ...
 ..- attr(*, "FUN")=function (x)
 .. ..- attr(*, "source")= chr "function (x) max(x, na.rm = TRUE)"
 - attr(*, "formula")=Class 'formula' length 3 height ~ age | Subject
  .. ..- attr(*, ".Environment")=length 29 <environment>
 - attr(*, "outer")=Class 'formula' length 2 ~0
 .. ..- attr(*, ".Environment")=length 3 <environment>
 - attr(*, "inner")=Class 'formula' length 2 ~0
 .. ..- attr(*, ".Environment")=length 3 <environment>
- attr(*, "labels")=List of 2
 ..$ y: chr "Height"
 ..$ x: chr "Centered age"
 - attr(*, "units")=List of 1
 ..$ y: chr "(cm)"
- attr(*, "class")= atomic [1:1] groupedData
 ..- attr(*, "package")= chr "lme4"
> sysgc.time(mX1 <- lme(height ~ age + I(age^2) + I(age^3) +
     I(age^4), Oxboys, ~age + I(age^2) | Subject), gc = TRUE
[1] 0.29 0.00 0.29 0.00 0.00
> summary(mX1)
Linear mixed-effects model fit by REML
Fixed: height ~ age + I(age^2) + I(age^3) + I(age^4)
Data: Oxboys
           BIC
     AIC
                   logLik
651.9081 693.372 -313.9541
Random effects:
                     Variance Std.Dev. Corr
Groups Name
 Subject (Intercept) 64.03464 8.00216
                     2.86418 1.69239 0.614
         age
                     0.67429 0.82115 0.215 0.658
         I(age^2)
Residual
                      0.21737 0.46623
# of obs: 234, groups: Subject, 26
Fixed effects:
            Estimate Std. Error DF t value Pr(>|t|)
0.35650 229 17.3187 < 2.2e-16
            6.17418
age
I(age^2)
             1.12823
                        0.35144 229 3.2103 0.001516
                       0.16246 229 2.7937 0.005653
I(age^3)
            0.45385
I(age^4)
            -0.37690
                        0.30018 229 -1.2556 0.210552
Correlation of Fixed Effects:
        (Intr) age
                    I(g^2) I(g^3)
         0.572
age
I(age^2) 0.076 0.264
I(age<sup>3</sup>) -0.001 -0.340 0.025
I(age<sup>4</sup>) 0.021 0.016 -0.857 -0.021
> sysgc.time(mX2 <- lme(height ~ poly(age, 4), Oxboys, ~age +
     I(age^2) | Subject), gc = TRUE)
```

```
[1] 0.17 0.00 0.17 0.00 0.00
> summary(mX2)
Linear mixed-effects model fit by REML
Fixed: height ~ poly(age, 4)
Data: Oxboys
     AIC
              BIC
                     logLik
 640.8686 682.3324 -308.4343
Random effects:
Groups Name
                     Variance Std.Dev. Corr
 Subject (Intercept) 64.03464 8.00216
                     2.86418 1.69239 0.614
         age
         I(age^2)
                     0.67429 0.82115 0.215 0.658
Residual
                      0.21737 0.46623
# of obs: 234, groups: Subject, 26
Fixed effects:
             Estimate Std. Error DF t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 149.51976 1.59031 229 94.0194 < 2.2e-16
poly(age, 4)1 64.54095
                          3.32787 229 19.3941 < 2.2e-16
poly(age, 4)2
              4.20322
                         1.02361 229 4.1063 5.597e-05
poly(age, 4)3 1.29077
                          0.46628 229 2.7682 0.006098
poly(age, 4)4 -0.58547
                        0.46630 229 -1.2556 0.210552
Correlation of Fixed Effects:
           (Intr) p(,4)1 p(,4)2 p(,4)3
poly(ag,4)1 0.631
poly(ag,4)2 0.230 0.583
poly(ag,4)3 0.000 0.000 0.000
poly(ag,4)4 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000
      Cross-classification model
6
> data(ScotsSec)
> str(ScotsSec)
`data.frame':
                    3435 obs. of 6 variables:
 $ verbal : num 11 0 -14 -6 -30 -17 -17 -11 -9 -19 ...
 $ attain : num 10 3 2 3 2 2 4 6 4 2 ...
 $ primary: Factor w/ 148 levels "1","2","3","4",..: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
 $ sex : Factor w/ 2 levels "M", "F": 1 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 ...
 $ social : num 0 0 0 20 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ second : Factor w/ 19 levels "1","2","3","4",..: 9 9 9 9 9 9 1 1 9 9 ...
> sysgc.time(mS1 <- lme(attain ~ sex, ScotsSec, ~1 | primary +
     second))
[1] 0.12 0.01 0.12 0.00 0.00
> summary(mS1)
Linear mixed-effects model fit by REML
Fixed: attain ~ sex
Data: ScotsSec
```

AIC

Random effects:

BIC 17137.91 17168.62 -8563.956

```
Groups Name Variance Std.Dev.
primary (Intercept) 1.10962 1.0534
second (Intercept) 0.36966 0.6080
Residual 8.05511 2.8382
# of obs: 3435, groups: primary, 148; second, 19
```

Fixed effects:

Estimate Std. Error DF t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 5.2552e+00 1.8432e-01 3433 28.5108 < 2.2e-16
sexF 4.9851e-01 9.8255e-02 3433 5.0737 4.109e-07

Correlation of Fixed Effects:

(Intr) sexF -0.264