Examples from Multilevel Software Comparative Reviews

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Abstract

The Center for Multilevel Modelling at the Institute of Education, London maintains a web site of "Software reviews of multilevel modeling packages". The data sets discussed in the reviews are available at this web site. We have incorporated these data sets in the lme4 package for R and, in this vignette, provide the results of fitting several models to these data sets.

1 Introduction

2 Two-level normal models

The Exam data set is used in fitting examples of two-level normal multilevel models.

```
> system.time(mE1 <- lme(normexam ~ standlrt + gender + schgend,
      Exam, ~1 | school), gc = TRUE)
[1] 0.08 0.01 0.09 0.00 0.00
> summary(mE1)
Linear mixed-effects model fit by REML
Fixed: normexam ~ standlrt + gender + schgend
Data: Exam
     AIC
               BIC
                       logLik
 9361.673 9405.834 -4673.837
Random effects:
 Groups Name
                       Variance Std.Dev.
         (Intercept) 0.085829 0.29297
 school
 Residual
                       0.56253 0.75002
Fixed effects:
                Estimate Std. Error DF t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) -1.0493e-03 5.5569e-02 4054 -0.0189
                                                     0.98494
              5.5975e-01 1.2450e-02 4054 44.9601 < 2.2e-16
standlrt
             -1.6739e-01 3.4100e-02 4054 -4.9089 9.519e-07
genderM
schgendboys 1.7769e-01 1.1347e-01 4054 1.5659
schgendgirls 1.5900e-01 8.9403e-02 4054 1.7784
                                                      0.07541
Correlation of Fixed Effects:
            (Intr) stndlr gendrM schgndb
standlrt
            -0.014
genderM
            -0.316 0.061
schgendboys -0.395 -0.003 -0.145
schgendgrls -0.622 0.009 0.197 0.245
Number of Observations: 4059
Number of Groups: 65
> system.time(mE2 <- lme(normexam ~ standlrt * gender + schgend,
      Exam, ~1 | school), gc = TRUE)
[1] 0.05 0.00 0.05 0.00 0.00
> summary(mE2)
Linear mixed-effects model fit by REML
Fixed: normexam ~ standlrt * gender + schgend
Data: Exam
      AIC
               BIC
 9369.204 9419.673 -4676.602
Random effects:
 Groups Name
                       Variance Std.Dev.
 school
          (Intercept) 0.085856 0.29301
 Residual
                       0.56267 0.75011
Fixed effects:
                     Estimate Std. Error DF t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept)
                  -8.4349e-04 5.5586e-02 4053 -0.0152
                                                          0.98789
                   5.5745e-01 1.6662e-02 4053 33.4572 < 2.2e-16
standlrt
genderM
                  -1.6733e-01 3.4105e-02 4053 -4.9064 9.638e-07
                  1.7765e-01 1.1349e-01 4053 1.5653 0.11759
schgendboys

      schgendgirls
      1.5879e-01
      8.9422e-02
      4053
      1.7757
      0.07586

      standlrt:genderM
      5.1121e-03
      2.4584e-02
      4053
      0.2079
      0.83528
```

```
Correlation of Fixed Effects:
           (Intr) stndlr gendrM schgndb schgndg
           -0.022
standlrt
           -0.316 0.040
genderM
schgendboys -0.395 -0.001 -0.145
schgendgrls -0.622 0.014 0.196 0.245
stndlrt:gnM 0.018 -0.664 0.008 -0.002 -0.011
Number of Observations: 4059
Number of Groups: 65
> system.time(mE3 <- lme(normexam ~ standlrt * gender + schgend,
     Exam, ~standlrt | school), gc = TRUE)
[1] 0.06 0.00 0.06 0.00 0.00
> summary(mE3)
Linear mixed-effects model fit by REML
Fixed: normexam ~ standlrt * gender + schgend
Data: Exam
     AIC
             BIC
                     logLik
 9328.242 9391.329 -4654.121
Random effects:
Groups Name
                     Variance Std.Dev. Corr
        (Intercept) 0.083723 0.28935
 school
         standlrt
                     0.015250 0.12349 0.575
Residual
                     0.55037 0.74187
Fixed effects:
                   Estimate Std. Error DF t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept)
                -2.1277e-02 5.3279e-02 4053 -0.3993
                                                     0.68966
                 5.5713e-01 2.4349e-02 4053 22.8812 < 2.2e-16
standlrt
genderM
                -1.6859e-01 3.3844e-02 4053 -4.9814 6.576e-07
                 1.7751e-01 1.0211e-01 4053 1.7384
schgendboys
                                                     0.08221
schgendgirls
                 1.7790e-01 8.2104e-02 4053 2.1668
                                                      0.03031
standlrt:genderM -6.8757e-03 2.9540e-02 4053 -0.2328
                                                     0.81596
Correlation of Fixed Effects:
           (Intr) stndlr gendrM schgndb schgndg
standlrt
           0.200
genderM
           -0.337 0.026
schgendboys -0.354 -0.048 -0.148
schgendgrls -0.600 0.116 0.225 0.218
stndlrt:gnM 0.067 -0.559 0.010 0.094 -0.181
Number of Observations: 4059
Number of Groups: 65
```

There are some interesting aspects of data management that show up in the analysis of these data. The **student** variable is an identifier of the student within the **school**. It would be best to combine the indicators of school and student to get a unique identifier of the student.

```
> Exam$ids <- (Exam$school:Exam$student)[, drop = TRUE]
> str(Exam)
```

Notice that there are 4059 observations but only 4055 unique levels of student within school. We can check the ones that are duplicated

```
> Exam$ids[which(duplicated(Exam$ids))]
[1] 43:86 50:39 52:2 52:21
4055 Levels: 1:1 1:4 1:6 1:7 1:13 1:14 1:16 1:17 1:19 1:22 1:27 ... 65:155
```

One of these duplicated cases is particularly interesting. One of the students with the duplicated student id 86 in school 43 is the only male student in this mixed school. This is probably a case of a misrecorded school.

3 Three-level Normal Models

> data(Chem97)

Data from the 1997 A-level Chemistry exam are available as Chem97.

```
> str(Chem97)
`data.frame':
                    31022 obs. of 8 variables:
         : Factor w/ 131 levels "1","2","3","4",..: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
          : Factor w/ 2410 levels "1","2","3","4",..: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
 $ student : Factor w/ 31022 levels "1","2","3","4",..: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
           : num 4 10 10 10 8 10 6 8 4 10 ..
 $ gender : Factor w/ 2 levels "M","F": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
          : num 3 -3 -4 -2 -1 4 1 4 3 0 ...
 $ gcsescore: num 6.62 7.62 7.25 7.50 6.44 ...
 $ gcsecnt : num 0.339 1.339 0.964 1.214 0.158 ...
> system.time(mC1 <- lme(score ~ 1, Chem97, ~1 | lea/school))
[1] 0.84 0.05 0.89 0.00 0.00
> summary(mC1)
Linear mixed-effects model fit by REML
Fixed: score ~ 1
Data: Chem97
     AIC
              BIC
                    logLik
 157881.8 157915.2 -78936.9
Random effects:
                     Variance Std.Dev.
Groups Name
 school
         (Intercept) 2.74872 1.65793
 lea
          (Intercept) 0.15349 0.39178
```

```
Residual
                     8.5161 2.9182
Fixed effects:
             Estimate Std. Error
                                    DF t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 5.3190e+00 5.8108e-02 31021 91.536 < 2.2e-16
Number of Observations: 31022
Number of Groups:
school
 2410
         131
> system.time(mC2 <- lme(score ~ gcsecnt, Chem97, ~1 | lea/school))
[1] 0.92 0.03 0.95 0.00 0.00
> summary(mC2)
Linear mixed-effects model fit by REML
Fixed: score ~ gcsecnt
Data: Chem97
   AIC BIC logLik
141707 141748.7 -70848.5
Random effects:
Groups Name
                     Variance Std.Dev.
        (Intercept) 1.166198 1.07991
school
         (Intercept) 0.014766 0.12151
lea
Residual
                     5.1542 2.2703
Fixed effects:
             Estimate Std. Error
                                  DF t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 5.6355e+00 3.1235e-02 31020 180.42 < 2.2e-16
           2.4726e+00 1.6904e-02 31020 146.27 < 2.2e-16
Correlation of Fixed Effects:
       (Intr)
gcsecnt 0.058
Number of Observations: 31022
Number of Groups:
school
       lea
  2410
```

4 Two-level models for binary data

The data frame Contraception provides data from the Bangladesh fertility survey.

```
> data(Contraception)
> str(Contraception)

data.frame': 1934 obs. of 6 variables:
$ woman : Factor w/ 1934 levels "1","2","3","4",...: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
$ district: Factor w/ 60 levels "1","2","3","4",...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
$ use : Factor w/ 2 levels "N","Y": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
$ livch : Factor w/ 4 levels "0","1","2","3+": 4 1 3 4 1 1 4 4 2 4 ...
$ age : num 18.44 -5.56 1.44 8.44 -13.56 ...
$ urban : Factor w/ 2 levels "N","Y": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
```

```
> summary(Contraception[, -1])
   district
                        livch
               use
                                      age
                                                       urban
 14
                         0:530
                                 Min. :-13.560000
       : 118
               N:1175
                                                      N:1372
               Y: 759
                                 1st Qu.: -7.559900
                                                      Y: 562
1
        : 117
                        1:356
       : 86
                        2:305
                                 Median : -1.559900
 46
 25
        : 67
                         3+:743
                                 Mean : 0.002198
       : 65
 6
                                 3rd Qu.: 6.440000
 30
       : 61
                                 Max. : 19.440000
 (Other):1420
> system.time(mB1 <- GLMM(use ~ urban + age + livch, binomial,
     Contraception, ~1 | district))
Iteration 1 Termination Criterion: 0.3280704
Iteration 2 Termination Criterion: 0.04547198
Iteration 3 Termination Criterion: 0.0009326131
Iteration 4 Termination Criterion: 3.003239e-06
Iteration 5 Termination Criterion: 1.591316e-08
Iteration 6 Termination Criterion: 7.715577e-09
[1] 0.55 0.00 0.56 0.00 0.00
> summary(mB1)
Generalized Linear Mixed Model
Family: binomial family with logit link
Fixed: use ~ urban + age + livch
Data: Contraception
     AIC BIC
                      logLik
 2429.664 2474.203 -1206.832
Random effects:
Groups Name
                     Variance Std.Dev.
district (Intercept) 0.21518 0.46387
Estimated scale (compare to 1) 0.9844111
Fixed effects:
             Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
(Intercept) -1.6606460 0.1452147 -11.4358 < 2.2e-16
           0.7193097 0.1183317 6.0788 1.211e-09
-0.0261558 0.0078152 -3.3468 0.0008176
urbanY
age
            1.0921026 0.1565011
livch1
                                  6.9782 2.989e-12
            1.3545533 0.1729641
livch2
                                  7.8314 4.824e-15
livch3+
            1.3241531 0.1773558 7.4661 8.262e-14
Correlation of Fixed Effects:
       (Intr) urbanY age livch1 livch2
urbanY -0.300
age
        0.446 -0.046
livch1 -0.589 0.059 -0.211
livch2 -0.631 0.094 -0.378 0.488
livch3+ -0.748 0.098 -0.674 0.539 0.619
Number of Observations: 1934
Number of Groups: 60
> system.time(mB2 <- GLMM(use ~ urban + age + livch, binomial,
     Contraception, ~1 | district, method = "Laplace"))
```

```
Iteration 1 Termination Criterion: 0.3280704
Iteration 2 Termination Criterion: 0.04547198
Iteration 3 Termination Criterion: 0.0009326131
Iteration 4 Termination Criterion: 3.003239e-06
Iteration 5 Termination Criterion: 1.591316e-08
Iteration 6 Termination Criterion: 7.715577e-09
Using optimizer nlm
[1] 31.29 0.05 31.34 0.00 0.00
> summarv(mB2)
Generalized Linear Mixed Model
Family: binomial family with logit link
Fixed: use ~ urban + age + livch
Data: Contraception
     AIC
             BIC
                     logLik
 2417.616 2428.750 -1206.808
Random effects:
                     Variance Std.Dev.
Groups Name
 district (Intercept) 0.21239 0.46086
Estimated scale (compare to 1) 0.9859618
Fixed effects:
             Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
(Intercept) -1.6897106 0.1459307 -11.5789 < 2.2e-16
            0.7329915 0.1192198 6.1482 7.835e-10
urbanY
age
           -0.0265950 0.0078773 -3.3762 0.000735
                                  7.0339 2.009e-12
            1.1091842 0.1576922
livch1
livch2
            1.3763954 0.1743349
                                   7.8951 2.900e-15
            1.3452344 0.1787129 7.5274 5.178e-14
livch3+
Correlation of Fixed Effects:
       (Intr) urbanY age livch1 livch2
urbanY -0.301
        0.448 -0.046
age
livch1 -0.589 0.059 -0.210
livch2 -0.631 0.094 -0.378 0.487
livch3+ -0.749 0.099 -0.674 0.538 0.618
Number of Observations: 1934
Number of Groups: 60
> system.time(mB3 <- GLMM(use ~ urban + age + livch, family = binomial,
     data = Contraception, random = ~urban | district))
Iteration 1 Termination Criterion: 0.4616156
Iteration 2 Termination Criterion: 0.07803401
Iteration 3 Termination Criterion: 0.00324362
Iteration 4 Termination Criterion: 7.447095e-05
Iteration 5 Termination Criterion: 1.521883e-06
Iteration 6 Termination Criterion: 1.870136e-07
Iteration 7 Termination Criterion: 8.472963e-08
Iteration 8 Termination Criterion: 4.508101e-08
Iteration 9 Termination Criterion: 3.593155e-08
Iteration 10 Termination Criterion: 2.878334e-08
Iteration 11 Termination Criterion: 2.312839e-08
Iteration 12 Termination Criterion: 1.862046e-08
```

```
Iteration 13 Termination Criterion: 1.501004e-08
Iteration 14 Termination Criterion: 1.211791e-08
[1] 0.72 0.00 0.72 0.00 0.00
> summary(mB3)
Generalized Linear Mixed Model
Family: binomial family with logit link
Fixed: use ~ urban + age + livch
Data: Contraception
      AIC
              BIC
                      logLik
 2225.720 2281.394 -1102.860
Random effects:
Groups Name
                     Variance Std.Dev. Corr
district (Intercept) 0.38774 0.62269
                     0.66745 0.81698 -0.793
Estimated scale (compare to 1) 0.9759564
Fixed effects:
              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
(Intercept) -1.6665200 0.1572532 -10.5977 < 2.2e-16
urbanY
            0.7914232 0.1681257 4.7073 2.510e-06
            -0.0258502 0.0079082 -3.2688 0.00108
livch1
            1.0987723 0.1580051 6.9540 3.550e-12
            1.3342511 0.1745854 7.6424 2.132e-14
1.3227367 0.1795440 7.3672 1.743e-13
livch2
livch3+
Correlation of Fixed Effects:
       (Intr) urbanY age livch1 livch2
urbany -0.481
        0.416 -0.036
age
livch1 -0.548 0.038 -0.211
livch2 -0.586 0.068 -0.378 0.487
livch3+ -0.695 0.062 -0.674 0.537 0.616
Number of Observations: 1934
Number of Groups: 60
```

5 Growth curve model for repeated measures data

```
.. .. - attr(*, ".Environment")=length 28 <environment>
  ..@ outer :Class 'formula' length 2 ~0
  .. .. - attr(*, ".Environment")=length 3 <environment>
  ..@ inner :Class 'formula' length 2 ~0
  .. .. - attr(*, ".Environment")=length 3 <environment>
  ..@ labels :List of 2
  .. .. $ y: chr "Height"
  .. ..$ x: chr "Centered age"
  ..@ units :List of 1
  .. ..$ y: chr "(cm)"
> system.time(mX1 <- lme(height ~ age + I(age^2) + I(age^3) +
     I(age^4), Oxboys, ~age + I(age^2) | Subject), gc = TRUE
[1] 0.19 0.00 0.19 0.00 0.00
> summary(mX1)
Linear mixed-effects model fit by REML
Fixed: height \sim age + I(age<sup>2</sup>) + I(age<sup>3</sup>) + I(age<sup>4</sup>)
Data: Oxboys
     AIC BIC
                     logLik
 651.9081 693.372 -313.9541
Random effects:
                     Variance Std.Dev. Corr
Groups Name
Subject (Intercept) 64.03464 8.00216
                      2.86418 1.69239 0.614
         age
                      0.67429 0.82115 0.215 0.658
          I(age^2)
                     0.21737 0.46623
Residual
Fixed effects:
            Estimate Std. Error DF t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 149.01887
                        1.57036 229 94.8946 < 2.2e-16
            6.17418
                        0.35650 229 17.3187 < 2.2e-16
age
I(age^2)
             1.12823
                       0.35144 229 3.2103 0.001516
I(age^3)
             0.45385
                        0.16246 229 2.7937 0.005653
I(age^4)
            -0.37690
                        0.30018 229 -1.2556 0.210552
Correlation of Fixed Effects:
         (Intr) age I(g^2) I(g^3)
         0.572
age
I(age^2) 0.076 0.264
I(age<sup>3</sup>) -0.001 -0.340 0.025
I(age<sup>4</sup>) 0.021 0.016 -0.857 -0.021
Number of Observations: 234
Number of Groups: 26
> system.time(mX2 <- lme(height ~ poly(age, 4), Oxboys, ~age +
     I(age^2) | Subject), gc = TRUE)
[1] 0.11 0.00 0.11 0.00 0.00
> summary(mX2)
Linear mixed-effects model fit by REML
Fixed: height ~ poly(age, 4)
Data: Oxboys
     AIC
              BIC
640.8686 682.3324 -308.4343
```

Random effects:

```
2.86418 1.69239 0.614
         age
         I(age^2)
                     0.67429 0.82115 0.215 0.658
                     0.21737 0.46623
Residual
Fixed effects:
              Estimate Std. Error DF t value Pr(>|t|)
             149.51976
                         1.59031 229 94.0194 < 2.2e-16
(Intercept)
poly(age, 4)1 64.54095
                          3.32787 229 19.3941 < 2.2e-16
poly(age, 4)2
              4.20322
                        1.02361 229 4.1063 5.597e-05
poly(age, 4)3 1.29077
                          0.46628 229 2.7682 0.006098
poly(age, 4)4 -0.58547
                         0.46630 229 -1.2556 0.210552
Correlation of Fixed Effects:
           (Intr) p(4)1 p(4)2 p(4)3
poly(ag,4)1 0.631
poly(ag,4)2 0.230 0.583
poly(ag,4)3 0.000 0.000 0.000
poly(ag,4)4 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000
Number of Observations: 234
Number of Groups: 26
      Cross-classification model
> data(ScotsSec)
> str(ScotsSec)
`data.frame':
                    3435 obs. of 6 variables:
 $ verbal : num 11 0 -14 -6 -30 -17 -17 -11 -9 -19 ...
 $ attain : num 10 3 2 3 2 2 4 6 4 2 ...
 $ primary: Factor w/ 148 levels "1","2","3","4",..: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
       : Factor w/ 2 levels "M", "F": 1 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 ...
 $ sex
 $ social : num 0 0 0 20 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ second : Factor w/ 19 levels "1","2","3","4",..: 9 9 9 9 9 1 1 9 9 ...
> system.time(mS1 <- lme(attain ~ sex, ScotsSec, ~1 | primary +
     second))
[1] 0.07 0.00 0.07 0.00 0.00
> summary(mS1)
Linear mixed-effects model fit by REML
Fixed: attain ~ sex
Data: ScotsSec
     AIC
          BIC
                    logLik
 17137.91 17168.62 -8563.956
```

Variance Std.Dev. Corr

Groups Name

Random effects:

Groups Name

Fixed effects:

Residual

primary (Intercept) 1.10962 1.0534 second (Intercept) 0.36966 0.6080

Subject (Intercept) 64.03464 8.00216

Variance Std.Dev.

8.0551 2.8382

(Intercept) 5.2552e+00 1.8432e-01 3433 28.5108 < 2.2e-16

Estimate Std. Error DF t value Pr(>|t|)

sexF 4.9851e-01 9.8255e-02 3433 5.0737 4.109e-07

Correlation of Fixed Effects: (Intr) sexF -0.264

Number of Observations: 3435 Number of Groups: primary second 148 19