mkin -
Routines for fitting kinetic models with one or more state variables to chemical degradation data

Johannes Ranke

Product Safety

Harlan Laboratories Ltd.

Zelgliweg 1, CH–4452 Itingen, Switzerland

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Abstract

In the regulatory evaluation of chemical substances like plant protection products (pesticides), biocides and other chemicals, degradation data play an important role. For the evaluation of pesticide degradation experiments, detailed guidance has been developed, based on nonlinear optimisation. The R add-on package **mkin** implements fitting some of the models recommended in this guidance from within R and calculates some statistical measures for data series within one or more compartments, for parent and metabolites.

Contents

Key words: Kinetics, FOCUS, nonlinear optimisation

1 Introduction

Many approaches are possible regarding the evaluation of chemical degradation data. The **kinfit** package (Ranke, 2010a) in R (R Development Core Team, 2010) implements the approach recommended in the kinetics report provided by the FOrum for Co-ordination of pesticide fate models and their USe (FOCUS Work Group on Degradation Kinetics, 2006) for simple data series for one parent compound in one compartment.

The **mkin** package (Ranke, 2010b) extends this approach to data series with metabolites and more than one compartment and includes the possibility for back reactions.

2 Example

In the following, requirements for data formatting are explained. Then the procedure for fitting the four kinetic models recommended by the FOCUS group to an example dataset for parent only given in the FOCUS kinetics report is illustrated. The explanations are kept rather verbose in order to lower the barrier for R newcomers.

2.1 Data format

The following listing shows example dataset C from the FOCUS kinetics report as distributed with the **kinfit** package

```
R> library("mkin")
```

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```
R> FOCUS_2006_C
    name time value
1 parent    0  85.1
2 parent    1  57.9
3 parent    3  29.9
4 parent    7  14.6
5 parent   14   9.7
6 parent   28   6.6
7 parent   63   4.0
8 parent   91   3.9
9 parent  119   0.6
```

Note that the data needs to be in the format of a data frame containing a variable `name` specifying the observed variable, indicating the compound name and, if applicable, the compartment, a variable `time` containing sampling times, and a numeric variable `value` specifying the observed value of the variable. If a further variable `error` is present, this will be used to give different weights to the data points (the higher the error, the lower the weight, see the help page of the `modCost` function of the **FME** package (Soetaert and Petzoldt, 2010)). Replicate measurements are not recorded in extra columns but simply appended, leading to multiple occurrences of the sampling times `time`.

Small to medium size dataset can be conveniently entered directly as R code as shown in the following listing

```
R> example_data <- data.frame(
+   time = c(0, 1, 3, 7, 14, 28, 63, 91, 119),
+   parent = c(85.1, 57.9, 29.9, 14.6, 9.7, 6.6, 4, 3.9, 0.6)
+ )
```

2.2 Model definition

The next task is to define the model to be fitted to the data. In order to facilitate this task, a convenience function `mkinmod` is available.

```
R> SFO <- mkinmod(parent = list(type = "SFO"))
R> SFORB <- mkinmod(parent = list(type = "SFORB"))
R> SFO_SFO <- mkinmod(
+   parent = list(type = "SFO", to = "m1", sink = TRUE),
+   m1 = list(type = "SFO"))
R> SFORB_SFO <- mkinmod(
+   parent = list(type = "SFORB", to = "m1", sink = TRUE),
+   m1 = list(type = "SFO"))
```

2.3 Fitting the model

Then the model parameters should be fitted to the data. The function `mkinfit` internally creates a cost function using `modCost` from the **FME** package and the produces a fit using `modFit` from the same package.

```
R> # Do not show significance stars as they interfere with vignette generation
R> options(show.signif.stars = FALSE)
R> SFO.fit <- mkinfit(SFO, FOCUS_2006_C)
```

```
Model cost at call   1 :   4718.97
Model cost at call   4 :   4718.97
Model cost at call   5 :   572.411
Model cost at call   7 :   572.4109
Model cost at call   8 :   236.2073
Model cost at call   9 :   236.2073
Model cost at call  11 :   198.9360
Model cost at call  12 :   198.9360
Model cost at call  14 :   196.6777
Model cost at call  15 :   196.6777
Model cost at call  16 :   196.6777
Model cost at call  17 :   196.5422
Model cost at call  18 :   196.5422
Model cost at call  19 :   196.5422
Model cost at call  20 :   196.5341
Model cost at call  21 :   196.5341
Model cost at call  22 :   196.5341
Model cost at call  23 :   196.5336
Model cost at call  25 :   196.5336
Model cost at call  26 :   196.5336
Model cost at call  28 :   196.5336
Model cost at call  29 :   196.5336
Model cost at call  33 :   196.5336
```

```
R> summary(SFO.fit)
```

```
Equations:
[1] d_parent = - k_parent_sink * parent

Starting values for optimised parameters:
             initial   type lower upper
parent_0        100.0  state     0   Inf
k_parent_sink     0.1 deparm     0   Inf

Fixed parameter values:
None

Optimised parameters:
             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
```

```
parent_0        82.4919     4.7402  17.402 5.09e-07
k_parent_sink   0.3061      0.0459   6.668 0.000286


Residual standard error: 5.299 on 7 degrees of freedom


Chi2 error levels in percent:
        err.min n.optim df
All data  15.84       2  7
parent    15.84       2  7


Estimated disappearance times
       DT50  DT90
parent 2.265 7.523


Data:
 time variable observed        predicted residual
    0   parent     85.1 82.491918964177    2.608
    1   parent     57.9 60.742411633568   -2.842
    3   parent     29.9 32.934530029534   -3.035
    7   parent     14.6  9.682173180746    4.918
   14   parent      9.7  1.136403227206    8.564
   28   parent      6.6  0.015654900288    6.584
   63   parent      4.0  0.000000361297    4.000
   91   parent      3.9 -0.000000014466    3.900
  119   parent      0.6 -0.000000001821    0.600
```

R> SFORB.fit <- mkinfit(SFORB, FOCUS_2006_C)

```
Model cost at call  1 :  7044.136
Model cost at call  4 :  7044.136
Model cost at call  7 :  3460.066
Model cost at call  9 :  3460.066
Model cost at call  11 :  3460.066
Model cost at call  13 :  309.8375
Model cost at call  15 :  309.8375
Model cost at call  17 :  309.8375
Model cost at call  18 :  27.19125
Model cost at call  20 :  27.19124
Model cost at call  23 :  4.43924
Model cost at call  25 :  4.43924
Model cost at call  28 :  4.362922
Model cost at call  31 :  4.362922
Model cost at call  33 :  4.362712
Model cost at call  38 :  4.36271
Model cost at call  43 :  4.36271
Model cost at call  47 :  4.36271
Model cost at call  49 :  4.36271
```

R> summary(SFORB.fit)

```
Equations:
[1] d_parent_free = - k_parent_free_sink * parent_free - k_parent_free_bound * parent_fr
[2] d_parent_bound = + k_parent_free_bound * parent_free - k_parent_bound_free * parent_

Starting values for optimised parameters:
                    initial   type lower upper
parent_free_0        100.0  state     0   Inf
k_parent_free_sink     0.1 deparm     0   Inf
k_parent_free_bound    0.1 deparm     0   Inf
k_parent_bound_free    0.1 deparm     0   Inf

Fixed parameter values:
             value  type
parent_bound     0 state

Optimised parameters:
                    Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
parent_free_0      85.002720   0.890669  95.437 2.39e-09
k_parent_free_sink  0.395043   0.014308  27.610 1.17e-06
k_parent_free_bound 0.061599   0.007289   8.451 0.000381
k_parent_bound_free 0.020764   0.003752   5.533 0.002644

Residual standard error: 0.9341 on 5 degrees of freedom

Chi2 error levels in percent:
         err.min n.optim df
All data   2.662       4  5
parent     2.662       4  5

Estimated disappearance times
        DT50  DT90
parent 1.887 21.25

Data:
 time variable observed predicted residual
    0   parent     85.1    85.003  0.09728
    1   parent     57.9    58.039 -0.13912
    3   parent     29.9    30.054 -0.15358
    7   parent     14.6    13.866  0.73388
   14   parent      9.7     9.787 -0.08655
   28   parent      6.6     7.532 -0.93201
   63   parent      4.0     4.033 -0.03265
   91   parent      3.9     2.446  1.45351
  119   parent      0.6     1.484 -0.88421
```

```
R> SFO_SFO.fit <- mkinfit(SFO_SFO, FOCUS_2006_D)
```

```
Model cost at call  1 :  18994.29
Model cost at call  3 :  18994.29
```

```
Model cost at call  7 :  10641.39
Model cost at call  8 :  10641.39
Model cost at call  12 :  7145.459
Model cost at call  14 :  7145.458
Model cost at call  17 :  411.9739
Model cost at call  18 :  411.9738
Model cost at call  22 :  371.2194
Model cost at call  23 :  371.2194
Model cost at call  27 :  371.2127
Model cost at call  28 :  371.2127
Model cost at call  29 :  371.2127
Model cost at call  31 :  371.2127
Model cost at call  32 :  371.2127
Model cost at call  34 :  371.2127
Model cost at call  37 :  371.2127
Model cost at call  39 :  371.2127
```

R> summary(SFO_SFO.fit)

```
Equations:
[1] d_parent = - k_parent_sink * parent - k_parent_m1 * parent
[2] d_m1 = - k_m1_sink * m1 + k_parent_m1 * parent

Starting values for optimised parameters:
                initial   type lower upper
parent_0         100.0  state      0   Inf
k_parent_sink      0.1 deparm      0   Inf
k_m1_sink          0.1 deparm      0   Inf
k_parent_m1        0.1 deparm      0   Inf


Fixed parameter values:
    value  type
m1      0 state


Optimised parameters:
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
parent_0       9.960e+01  1.614e+00  61.720  < 2e-16
k_parent_sink  4.792e-02  3.750e-03  12.778 6.10e-15
k_m1_sink      5.261e-03  7.159e-04   7.349 1.15e-08
k_parent_m1    5.078e-02  2.094e-03  24.248  < 2e-16


Residual standard error: 3.211 on 36 degrees of freedom

Chi2 error levels in percent:
          err.min n.optim df
All data    6.565       4 16
parent      6.827       3  6
m1          4.748       1 10
```

```
Estimated disappearance times
         DT50   DT90
parent   7.023  23.33
m1     131.760 437.70

Data:
 time variable observed  predicted    residual
    0   parent    99.46 99.5984955  -0.1384955
    0   parent   102.04 99.5984955   2.4415045
    1   parent    93.50 90.2378767   3.2621233
    1   parent    92.50 90.2378767   2.2621233
    3   parent    63.23 74.0731772 -10.8431772
    3   parent    68.99 74.0731772  -5.0831772
    7   parent    52.32 49.9120561   2.4079439
    7   parent    55.13 49.9120561   5.2179439
   14   parent    27.27 25.0125879   2.2574121
   14   parent    26.64 25.0125879   1.6274121
   21   parent    11.50 12.5346040  -1.0346040
   21   parent    11.64 12.5346040  -0.8946040
   35   parent     2.85  3.1478595  -0.2978595
   35   parent     2.91  3.1478595  -0.2378595
   50   parent     0.69  0.7162355  -0.0262355
   50   parent     0.63  0.7162355  -0.0862355
   75   parent     0.05  0.0607374  -0.0107374
   75   parent     0.06  0.0607374  -0.0007374
  100   parent       NA  0.0051506          NA
  100   parent       NA  0.0051506          NA
  120   parent       NA  0.0007155          NA
  120   parent       NA  0.0007155          NA
    0       m1     0.00  0.0000000   0.0000000
    0       m1     0.00  0.0000000   0.0000000
    1       m1     4.84  4.8029613   0.0370387
    1       m1     5.64  4.8029613   0.8370387
    3       m1    12.91 13.0240164  -0.1140164
    3       m1    12.96 13.0240164  -0.0640164
    7       m1    22.97 25.0447743  -2.0747743
    7       m1    24.47 25.0447743  -0.5747743
   14       m1    41.69 36.6900224   4.9999776
   14       m1    33.21 36.6900224  -3.4800224
   21       m1    44.37 41.6531097   2.7168903
   21       m1    46.44 41.6531097   4.7868903
   35       m1    41.22 43.3131256  -2.0931256
   35       m1    37.95 43.3131256  -5.3631256
   50       m1    41.19 41.2183070  -0.0283070
   50       m1    40.01 41.2183070  -1.2083070
   75       m1    40.09 36.4470161   3.6429839
   75       m1    33.85 36.4470161  -2.5970161
  100       m1    31.04 31.9815991  -0.9415991
  100       m1    33.13 31.9815991   1.1484009
```

```
120        m1     25.15 28.7898086  -3.6398086
120        m1     33.31 28.7898086   4.5201914
```

References

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