Examples from Multilevel Software Comparative Reviews

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Abstract

The Center for Multilevel Modelling at the Institute of Education, London maintains a web site of "Software reviews of multilevel modeling packages". The data sets discussed in the reviews are available at this web site. We have incorporated these data sets in the lme4 package for R and, in this vignette, provide the results of fitting several models to these data sets.

Loading required package: lme4
Loading required package: Matrix
Loading required package: latticeExtra

1 Introduction

2 Two-level normal models

The Exam data set is used in fitting examples of two-level normal multilevel models.

```
> str(Exam)

`data.frame': 4059 obs. of 10 variables:
$ school : Factor w/ 65 levels "1","2","3","4",..: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
$ normexam: num 0.261 0.134 -1.724 0.968 0.544 ...
$ schgend : Factor w/ 3 levels "mixed","boys",..: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
$ schavg : num 0.166 0.166 0.166 0.166 ...
$ vr : Factor w/ 3 levels "bottom 25%","mid 50%",..: 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
$ intake : Factor w/ 3 levels "bottom 25%","mid 50%",..: 1 2 3 2 2 1 3 2 2 3 ...
```

```
$ standLRT: num 0.619 0.206 -1.365 0.206 0.371 ...
          : Factor w/ 2 levels "F", "M": 1 1 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 2 ...
           : Factor w/ 2 levels "Mxd", "Sngl": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
$ type
 $ student : Factor w/ 650 levels "1","2","3","4",...: 143 145 142 141 138 155 158 115 117 113 ...
> system.time(Em1 <- lmer(normexam ~ standLRT + sex + schgend +
      (1 | school), Exam), gc = TRUE)
[1] 0.13 0.00 0.13 0.00 0.00
> summary(Em1)
Linear mixed-effects model fit by REML
Formula: normexam ~ standLRT + sex + schgend + (1 | school)
   Data: Exam
     ATC
              BTC
                      logLik MLdeviance REMLdeviance
9361.673 9405.834 -4673.837 9325.501
                                            9347.673
Random effects:
Groups Name
                      Variance Std.Dev.
        (Intercept) 0.085829 0.29297
school
                     0.562534 0.75002
# of obs: 4059, groups: school, 65
Fixed effects:
                Estimate Std. Error DF t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) -1.0493e-03 5.5569e-02 4054 -0.0189
             5.5975e-01 1.2450e-02 4054 44.9601 < 2.2e-16
standLRT
            -1.6739e-01 3.4100e-02 4054 -4.9089 9.519e-07 1.7769e-01 1.1347e-01 4054 1.5659 0.11745
schgendboys
schgendgirls 1.5900e-01 8.9403e-02 4054 1.7784
                                                    0.07541
Correlation of Fixed Effects:
            (Intr) stnLRT sexM
                                 schgndb
standLRT
            -0.014
            -0.316 0.061
schgendboys -0.395 -0.003 -0.145
schgendgrls -0.622 0.009 0.197 0.245
```

There are some interesting aspects of data management that show up in the analysis of these data. The **student** variable is an identifier of the student within the **school**. It would be best to combine the indicators of school and student to get a unique identifier of the student.

Notice that there are 4059 observations but only 4055 unique levels of student within school. We can check the ones that are duplicated

```
> Exam$ids[which(duplicated(Exam$ids))]
[1] 43:86 50:39 52:2 52:21
4055 Levels: 1:1 1:4 1:6 1:7 1:13 1:14 1:16 1:17 1:19 1:22 1:27 ... 65:155
```

One of these duplicated cases is particularly interesting. One of the students with the duplicated student id 86 in school 43 is the only male student in this mixed school. This is probably a case of a misrecorded school.

3 Three-level Normal Models

Data from the 1997 A-level Chemistry exam are available as Chem97.

```
`data.frame':
                    31022 obs. of 8 variables:
          : Factor w/ 131 levels "1","2","3","4",..: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
 $ lea
           : Factor w/ 2410 levels "1","2","3","4",..: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
 $ school
 $ student : Factor w/ 31022 levels "1","2","3","4",..: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
           : num 4 10 10 10 8 10 6 8 4 10 ..
$ gender : Factor w/ 2 levels "M","F": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
 $ age
          : num 3 -3 -4 -2 -1 4 1 4 3 0 ...
 $ gcsescore: num 6.62 7.62 7.25 7.50 6.44 ...
 $ gcsecnt : num 0.339 1.339 0.964 1.214 0.158 ...
> system.time(mC2 <- lmer(score ~ gcsecnt + (1 | school) +
     (1 \mid lea), Chem97), gc = TRUE
[1] 1.36 0.03 1.40 0.00 0.00
> summary(mC2)
Linear mixed-effects model fit by REML
Formula: score ~ gcsecnt + (1 | school) + (1 | lea)
  Data: Chem97
     AIC
             BIC
                     logLik MLdeviance REMLdeviance
141708.7 141750.4 -70849.33 141687.0
                                        141698.7
Random effects:
Groups Name
                     Variance
                               Std.Dev.
school (Intercept) 1.1709e+00 1.0821e+00
lea
        (Intercept) 5.1564e-10 2.2708e-05
                     5.1564e+00 2.2708e+00
Residual
# of obs: 31022, groups: school, 2410; lea, 131
Fixed effects:
             Estimate Std. Error
                                  DF t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 5.6280e+00 2.7995e-02 31020 201.04 < 2.2e-16
           2.4724e+00 1.6893e-02 31020 146.36 < 2.2e-16
Correlation of Fixed Effects:
       (Intr)
gcsecnt 0.061
```

4 Two-level models for binary data

The data frame Contraception provides data from the Bangladesh fertility survey.

```
> str(Contraception)
                     1934 obs. of 6 variables:
`data.frame':
 $ woman : Factor w/ 1934 levels "1","2","3","4",..: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
 $ district: Factor w/ 60 levels "1","2","3","4",..: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
         : Factor w/ 2 levels "N", "Y": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
          : Factor w/ 4 levels "0","1","2","3+": 4 1 3 4 1 1 4 4 2 4 ...
 $ livch
          : num 18.44 -5.56 1.44 8.44 -13.56 ...
 $ age
 $ urban : Factor w/ 2 levels "N", "Y": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
> summary(Contraception[, -1])
   district
                        livch
               use
                        0:530
                                 Min. :-13.560000
       : 118
               N:1175
              Y: 759 1:356 1st Qu.: -7.559900
1
        : 117
                                                       Y: 562
       : 86
                        2:305 Median: -1.559900
 25
        : 67
                         3+:743 Mean : 0.002198
       : 65
                                  3rd Qu.: 6.440000
 6
 30
                                  Max.
                                        : 19.440000
 (Other):1420
> system.time(mB1 <- GLMM(use ~ urban + age + livch, binomial,
      Contraception, ~1 | district))
[1] 1.06 0.01 1.10 0.00 0.00
> summary(mB1)
Generalized Linear Mixed Model
Family: binomial family with logit link
Fixed: use ~ urban + age + livch
Data: Contraception
     AIC
            BIC
 2429.664 2474.203 -1206.832
Random effects:
     Groups
                  Name
                           Variance
                                       Std.Dev.
   district (Intercept)
                          0.21518
                                        0.46387
# of obs: 1934, groups: district, 60
Estimated scale (compare to 1) 0.9844111
Fixed effects:
             Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
(Intercept) -1.6606460 0.1452147 -11.4358 < 2.2e-16
urbanY
            0.7193097 0.1183317 6.0788 1.211e-09
            -0.0261558 0.0078152 -3.3468 0.0008176
1.0921026 0.1565011 6.9782 2.989e-12
age
livch1
           1.3545533 0.1729641
livch2
                                   7.8314 4.824e-15
livch3+
           1.3241531 0.1773558 7.4661 8.262e-14
Correlation of Fixed Effects:
        (Intr) urbanY age
                            livch1 livch2
urbanY -0.300
        0.446 -0.046
livch1 -0.589 0.059 -0.211
livch2 -0.631 0.094 -0.378 0.488
livch3+ -0.748 0.098 -0.674 0.539 0.619
```

```
> system.time(mB2 <- GLMM(use ~ urban + age + livch, binomial,
     Contraception, ~1 | district, method = "Laplace"))
[1] 35.51 0.10 35.67 0.00 0.00
> summary(mB2)
Generalized Linear Mixed Model
Family: binomial family with logit link
Fixed: use ~ urban + age + livch
Data: Contraception
     AIC BIC
                     logLik
 2417.616 2428.750 -1206.808
Random effects:
    Groups
                  Name
                          Variance
                                     Std.Dev.
   district (Intercept)
                         0.21239
                                      0.46086
# of obs: 1934, groups: district, 60
Estimated scale (compare to 1) 0.9859619
Fixed effects:
             Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
(Intercept) -1.6897122 0.1459423 -11.5779 < 2.2e-16
urbanY
            0.7329916 0.1192199 6.1482 7.835e-10
           -0.0265952 0.0078781 -3.3758 0.000736
age
livch1
           1.1091850 0.1576953 7.0337 2.011e-12
livch2
            1.3763970 0.1743426 7.8948 2.908e-15
livch3+
            1.3452373 0.1787274
                                  7.5268 5.202e-14
Correlation of Fixed Effects:
       (Intr) urbanY age livch1 livch2
urbanY -0.301
age
       0.448 -0.046
livch1 -0.589 0.059 -0.211
livch2 -0.631 0.094 -0.378 0.487
livch3+ -0.749 0.099 -0.674 0.538 0.618
> system.time(mB3 <- GLMM(use ~ urban + age + livch, family = binomial,
     data = Contraception, random = ~urban | district))
[1] 1.44 0.01 1.44 0.00 0.00
> summary(mB3)
Generalized Linear Mixed Model
Family: binomial family with logit link
Fixed: use ~ urban + age + livch
Data: Contraception
     AIC BIC
                     logLik
 2225.720 2281.394 -1102.860
Random effects:
Groups Name
                     Variance Std.Dev. Corr
district (Intercept) 0.38774 0.62269
                   0.66745 0.81698 -0.793
         urbanY
# of obs: 1934, groups: district, 60
Estimated scale (compare to 1) 0.9759564
```

```
Fixed effects:
            Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
(Intercept) -1.6665200 0.1572532 -10.5977 < 2.2e-16
          0.7914232 0.1681257 4.7073 2.510e-06
           -0.0258502 0.0079082 -3.2688 0.00108
age
          1.0987723 0.1580051 6.9540 3.550e-12
livch1
livch2
          1.3342511 0.1745854 7.6424 2.132e-14
livch3+
           1.3227367 0.1795440 7.3672 1.743e-13
Correlation of Fixed Effects:
      (Intr) urbanY age livch1 livch2
urbanY -0.481
       0.416 -0.036
age
livch1 -0.548 0.038 -0.211
livch2 -0.586 0.068 -0.378 0.487
livch3+ -0.695 0.062 -0.674 0.537 0.616
```

5 Growth curve model for repeated measures data

```
> str(Oxboys)
                    234 obs. of 4 variables:
 $ Subject : Factor w/ 26 levels "1","10","11",...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 ...
 $ age : num -1.0000 -0.7479 -0.4630 -0.1643 -0.0027 ...
 $ height : num 140 143 145 147 148 ...
 $ Occasion: Factor w/ 9 levels "1","2","3","4",..: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 ...
 - attr(*, "ginfo")=List of 7
  ..$ formula :Class 'formula' length 3 height ~ age | Subject
  .. .. - attr(*, ".Environment")=length 6 <environment>
  ..$ order.groups: logi TRUE
  ..$ FUN
                 :function (x)
  ...- attr(*, "source")= chr "function (x) max(x, na.rm = TRUE)"
  ..$ outer
                 : NULL
                : NULL
  ..$ inner
  ..$ labels
                 :List of 2
             : chr "Centered age"
  .. ..$ age
  .. .. $ height: chr "Height"
  ..$ units
              :List of 1
  .. .. $ height: chr "(cm)"
> system.time(mX1 <- lmer(height ~ age + I(age^2) + I(age^3) +
     I(age^4) + (age + I(age^2) | Subject), Oxboys), gc = TRUE)
[1] 0.39 0.00 0.39 0.00 0.00
> summary(mX1)
Linear mixed-effects model fit by REML
Formula: height \sim age + I(age^2) + I(age^3) + I(age^4) + (age + I(age^2) | Subject)
  Data: Oxboys
     AIC
           BIC
                    logLik MLdeviance REMLdeviance
 651.9081 693.372 -313.9541 625.3593
                                          627.9081
Random effects:
Groups Name
                     Variance Std.Dev. Corr
 Subject (Intercept) 64.03165 8.00198
                    2.86409 1.69236 0.614
0.67428 0.82115 0.215 0.658
         age
          I(age^2)
```

```
Residual
                      0.21738 0.46624
# of obs: 234, groups: Subject, 26
Fixed effects:
            Estimate Std. Error DF t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 149.01887    1.57033 229 94.8968 < 2.2e-16
             6.17418
                        0.35650 229 17.3189 < 2.2e-16
I(age^2)
             1.12823
                        0.35144 229 3.2103 0.001516
                        0.16246 229 2.7937 0.005653
I(age^3)
             0.45385
I(age^4)
            -0.37690
                        0.30018 229 -1.2556 0.210554
Correlation of Fixed Effects:
         (Intr) age
                     I(g^2) I(g^3)
         0.572
I(age^2) 0.076 0.264
I(age<sup>3</sup>) -0.001 -0.340 0.025
I(age<sup>4</sup>) 0.021 0.016 -0.857 -0.021
> system.time(mX2 <- lmer(height ~ poly(age, 4) + (age + I(age^2) |
     Subject), Oxboys), gc = TRUE)
[1] 0.38 0.00 0.38 0.00 0.00
> summary(mX2)
Linear mixed-effects model fit by REML
Formula: height ~ poly(age, 4) + (age + I(age^2) | Subject)
   Data: Oxboys
     AIC
              BIC
                     logLik MLdeviance REMLdeviance
 640.8686 682.3324 -308.4343 625.3593
                                          616.8686
Random effects:
Groups Name
                     Variance Std.Dev. Corr
 Subject (Intercept) 64.03118 8.00195
         age
                      2.86407 1.69236 0.614
         I(age^2)
                      0.67428 0.82115 0.215 0.658
Residual
                      0.21738 0.46624
# of obs: 234, groups: Subject, 26
Fixed effects:
              Estimate Std. Error DF t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept)
            149.51976    1.59026 229 94.0221 < 2.2e-16
poly(age, 4)1 64.54095
                          3.32781 229 19.3944 < 2.2e-16
poly(age, 4)2 4.20322
                          1.02361 229 4.1063 5.597e-05
poly(age, 4)3 1.29077
                        0.46628 229 2.7682 0.006098
poly(age, 4)4 -0.58547
                        0.46630 229 -1.2556 0.210554
Correlation of Fixed Effects:
            (Intr) p(,4)1 p(,4)2 p(,4)3
poly(ag,4)1 0.631
poly(ag,4)2 0.230 0.583
poly(ag,4)3 0.000 0.000 0.000
poly(ag,4)4 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000
```

6 Cross-classification model

> str(ScotsSec)

```
`data.frame':
                   3435 obs. of 6 variables:
$ verbal : num 11 0 -14 -6 -30 -17 -17 -11 -9 -19 ...
$ attain : num 10 3 2 3 2 2 4 6 4 2 ...
 $ primary: Factor w/ 148 levels "1","2","3","4",..: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
$ sex : Factor w/ 2 levels "M", "F": 1 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 ...
$ social : num 0 0 0 20 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ second : Factor w/ 19 levels "1","2","3","4",..: 9 9 9 9 9 9 1 1 9 9 ...
> system.time(mS1 <- lmer(attain ~ sex + (1 | primary) + (1 |
     second), ScotsSec), gc = TRUE)
[1] 0.32 0.00 0.31 0.00 0.00
> summary(mS1)
Linear mixed-effects model fit by REML
Formula: attain ~ sex + (1 | primary) + (1 | second)
  Data: ScotsSec
     AIC BIC
                     logLik MLdeviance REMLdeviance
17137.91 17168.62 -8563.956 17123.49
                                          17127.91
Random effects:
                     Variance Std.Dev.
Groups Name
primary (Intercept) 1.10962 1.0534 second (Intercept) 0.36966 0.6080
Residual 8.05511 2.8382
# of obs: 3435, groups: primary, 148; second, 19
Fixed effects:
             Estimate Std. Error DF t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 5.2552e+00 1.8432e-01 3433 28.5107 < 2.2e-16
           4.9851e-01 9.8255e-02 3433 5.0737 4.109e-07
Correlation of Fixed Effects:
    (Intr)
sexF -0.264
```