probemapper (pm) Package

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We'll first need to setup our environment and establish a connection.

```
> library(probemapper)
```

> conn <- pm.connect("http://qbrc.swmed.edu/ProbeMapper/")</pre>

1 Getting Gene or Probe Information

The probemapper package can be used to get information from the Entrez databse about a Gene, or to convert between Vendor probe annotations and our internal probeIDs.

1.1 Get Information on a Gene

To lookup information on a gene, you must specify the EntrezID of that gene.

```
> gene780 <- pm.getGene(conn, entrezID = 780)
> gene780
$`780`$name
[1] "discoidin domain receptor tyrosine kinase 1"

$`780`$description
[1] "discoidin domain receptor tyrosine kinase 1"

$`780`$symbols
[1] "DDR1,CAK,CD167,DDR,EDDR1,HGK2,MCK10,NEP,NTRK4,PTK3,PTK3A,RTK6,TRKE"

$`780`$accessions
```

[1] "AL805917.3,CR753093.2,CR936875.3,X99031.1,AAC50917.1,U48705.1,BAB63318.1,BA000025.2,B

1.2 List the Available Platforms

All functions that references a platform require that you reference the platform by its numerical ID. In order to lookup that ID, you can list out all the available platforms and find the one in which you're interested:

```
> platforms <- pm.getPlatforms(conn)
> platforms
```

```
name manufacturer
1
                               AffyU133A Affymetrix
2
                           AffyU133Plus2
                                           Affymetrix
3
                AffyHG-FocusTargetArray
                                           Affymetrix
4
                AffyHumanExon1.OSTArray
                                           Affymetrix
                                AffyU95A
5
                                            Affymetrix
6
                              AffyHu6800
                                            Affymetrix
7
                        IlluminaHuman6v1
                                              Illumina
8
                        IlluminaHuman6v2
                                              Illumina
9
                      AgilentHumanG4112F
                                               Agilent
10
     AgilentHomosapiens21.6Kcustomarray
                                               Agilent
                                               Agilent
11
                      {\tt AgilentHumanG4112A}
12 Agilent44Kwholegenomelowdensityarray
                                               Agilent
13
               Agilent-UNC-custom-4X44K
                                               Agilent
14
                              AffyU95Av2
                                            Affymetrix
15
                               AffyU133B
                                            Affymetrix
    PRHU05-S1-0006(PCHumanOperonv2_21k)
16
17
                               cDNAarray
18
                        IlluminaHuman6v3
                                              Illumina
```

1.3 Get Information on a Probe

To lookup information on a probe, you can either specify the probe ID which we've created internally:

```
> probe <- pm.getProbe(conn, probeID = 1000008)
> probe

$`1000008`
$`1000008`$name
[1] "1320_at"

$`1000008`$platform
[1] 1
```

Or you can reference it by its platform ID plus the name assigned to this probeset by the vendor.

```
> probe <- pm.getProbe(conn, platformID = 1, probeName = "1007_s_at")
> probe

$`1000001`
$`1000001`$name
[1] "1007_s_at"

$`1000001`$platform
[1] 1
```

2 Mapping Between Genes and Probes

> genes <- pm.getGenesByProbe(conn, probeID = 2043812)</pre>

2.1 Probe To Genes

You can use this package to find out which genes are associated with a certain probe. To see all of the associations, you can reference the probe by its probeID, or by the platform ID + probe name as specified earlier:

```
> genes <- pm.getGenesByProbe(conn, platformID = 2, probeName = "234562_x_at")
> genes
$probe
$probe$id
[1] 2043812
$probe$name
[1] "234562_x_at"
$probe$platform
[1] 2
$genes
                                                             name
8647
       ATP-binding cassette, sub-family B (MDR/TAP), member 11
57188
                                                    ADAMTS-like 3
63827
                                                         brevican
387535
                                                                NA
                                                               NA
645644
728678
                                                                NA
                                                      description
       ATP-binding cassette, sub-family B (MDR/TAP), member 11
8647
57188
                                                    ADAMTS-like 3
63827
                                                         brevican
387535
                         hepatocellular carcinoma-related HCRP1
645644
                                          hypothetical LOC645644
728678
                                                               NA
                                                 symbols
       ABCB11, ABC16, BRIC2, BSEP, PFIC-2, PFIC2, PGY4, SPGP
8647
                ADAMTSL3, KIAA1233, MGC150716, MGC150717
57188
63827
                             BCAN, BEHAB, CSPG7, MGC13038
387535
645644
                    FLJ42627,FLJ12913,FLJ44722,MGC4278
728678
                                                      NΑ
8647
57188
63827
       CAI13056.1, AL365181.24, CAI13057.1, AL365181.24, CAI13058.1, AL365181.24, CAI13059.1, AL3
387535
645644
```

728678

	BLAST	Vendor	${\tt Bioconductor}$
8647	0.0302727	0	0
57188	0.0757273	0	0
63827	0.0909091	0	0
387535	0.712091	0	0
645644	0.0909091	0	0
728678	0	1	0

You can also filter to a certain authority. "Authority" here means the source of the association. For instance, our 3 current authorities are BLAST (=1), Vendor's Annotations (=2), and Bioconductor (=3).

So to find the genes associated with this probe according to the vendor and BLAST, you would run:

```
> genes <- pm.getGenesByProbe(conn, probeID = 2043812, authorityID = c(1,
+ 2))
> genes

$probe
$probe$id
[1] 2043812

$probe$name
[1] "234562_x_at"
```

\$probe\$platform

[1] 2

\$genes

4002202	
	name
8647	ATP-binding cassette, sub-family B (MDR/TAP), member 11
57188	ADAMTS-like 3
63827	brevican
387535	NA NA
645644	
728678	NA
	description
8647	ATP-binding cassette, sub-family B (MDR/TAP), member 11
57188	ADAMTS-like 3
63827	brevican
	= 2 · = 2
387535	hepatocellular carcinoma-related HCRP1
645644	hypothetical LOC645644
728678	NA
	symbols
8647	ABCB11, ABC16, BRIC2, BSEP, PFIC-2, PFIC2, PGY4, SPGP
57188	ADAMTSL3, KIAA1233, MGC150716, MGC150717
63827	BCAN, BEHAB, CSPG7, MGC13038
	• • • •
387535	HCRP1
645644	FLJ42627,FLJ12913,FLJ44722,MGC4278

728678 NA

```
57188
      CAI13056.1, AL365181.24, CAI13057.1, AL365181.24, CAI13058.1, AL365181.24, CAI13059.1, AL3
63827
387535
645644
728678
           BLAST Vendor
8647
       0.0302727
57188 0.0757273
                       0
       0.0909091
63827
                       0
387535 0.712091
                      0
645644 0.0909091
                       0
728678
                       1
```

You'll notice that the "Bioconductor" column disappears, since we're not interested in it according to the query we ran.

2.2 Gene to Probes

You can also specify a gene and find the relevant probes.

```
> probes <- pm.getProbesByGene(conn, entrezID = 780)
> probes
```

\$gene

8647

\$gene\$id

[1] 780

\$gene\$name

[1] "discoidin domain receptor tyrosine kinase 1"

\$gene\$description

[1] "discoidin domain receptor tyrosine kinase 1"

\$gene\$symbols

[1] "DDR1,CAK,CD167,DDR,EDDR1,HGK2,MCK10,NEP,NTRK4,PTK3,PTK3A,RTK6,TRKE"

\$gene\$accessions

[1] "AL805917.3,CR753093.2,CR936875.3,X99031.1,AAC50917.1,U48705.1,BAB63318.1,BA000025.2,B

\$probes

	name	platform	BLAST	Vendor	Bioconductor
1000001	1007_s_at	1	1	1	1
1006695	207169_x_at	1	1	1	1
1008274	208779_x_at	1	1	1	1
1010210	210749_x_at	1	1	1	1
1030008	1007_s_at	5	1	1	1
1036697	36643_at	5	0.9375	1	1

1123984	A_24_P367289	11	1	1	1
1132175	A_24_P123601	11	1	1	1
1142784	A_23_P93311	11	0	1	1
1220552	A_23_P93311	9	0	1	NA
1228705	A_24_P367289	9	1	1	NA
1233864	A_24_P123601	9	1	1	NA
1306237	ILMN_1812262	18	1	1	1
1312855	ILMN_2290547	18	1	1	1
1337400	ILMN_2360054	18	1	1	1
2000001	1007_s_at	2	1	1	1
2016616	207169_x_at	2	1	1	1
2018195	208779_x_at	2	1	1	1
2020131	210749_x_at	2	1	1	1
7001071	3360594	7	1	NA	0
7004647	6620193	7	1	NA	0
8020216	ILMN_1812262	8	1	1	1

Again you can filter by authority, but you can also filter by platform. To see only the probes associated with Affymetrix U133A (platform #1), you would run:

```
> probes <- pm.getProbesByGene(conn, entrezID = 780, authorityID = 2,
+ platformID = 1)$probes</pre>
```

> probes

Vendor	platform	name	
1	1	1007_s_at	1000001
1	1	207169_x_at	1006695
1	1	208779_x_at	1008274
1	1	210749_x_at	1010210

2.3 Missing Data

You may notice some values of NA while mapping between genes and probes. This is because not all information is available from every authority. For instance, Agilent G4112F is not available on Bioconductor, and Illumina did not give an Entrez ID in their v1 platform. Thus you'll find results like:

> pm.getProbesByGene(conn, 57188)\$probes

	name	platform	BLAST	Vendor	${\tt Bioconductor}$
1013353	213974_at	1	1	1	1
1038932	38856_at	5	1	1	1
1130747	A_23_P43940	11	1	1	1
1143930	A_23_P308974	11	1	1	1
1155476	A_24_P400842	11	1	1	1
1201213	A_24_P400842	9	1	1	NA
1202372	A_23_P308974	9	1	1	NA
1212826	A_23_P43940	9	1	1	NA
1300959	ILMN_1798690	18	1	1	1
2004979	1559748_at	2	1	1	1

2023274	213974_at	2	1	1	1
2043812	234562_x_at	2	0.0757273	0	0
7031005	3130403	7	1	NA	0
8021599	ILMN_1798690	8	1	1	1

with rows such as:

> pm.getProbesByGene(conn, 57188)\$probes[6,]

which produces an ${\tt NA}$ value for Bioconductor because that information is not available.